

# Unity Time Rewinder

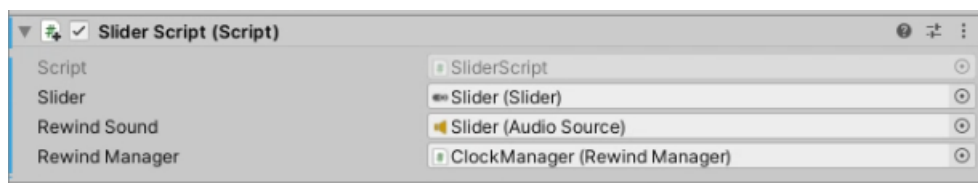
Unity Time Rewinder lets you rewind defined object states and move freely on time axis. It supports custom trackers with custom variable tracking that is easy to setup. System uses highly efficient circular buffer implementation to store and retrieve the values.

## Downloading Time Rewinder and importing to custom Unity Project

You can either download the whole Unity example project from Github or download the prepared Unity package on Github page in releases. To use the Time Rewinder, only TimeRewinderImplementation folder is required, but i highly suggest checking the demoscene with prepared examples.

## Start using Time Rewinder in your own project

To start using Time Rewinder, each scene must contain **Rewind Manager** script, that is essential. In prepared example, there is **Slider Script**, that is precisely set for Time Rewinding purposes. If you dont like the slider, you can set up your own logic of rewinding time and then call appropriate methods from **Rewind Manager** (more on that in last chapter of this document).



**Rewind Manager** also contains definition of how many seconds should be tracked, you can change this value, although provided Slider is setup with animations to 12 seconds by default, so you would have to also update the slider settings.

For straight from the box use, import the **Clock** prefab to the scene from prefab folder. Clock prefab already contains **Rewind Manager** and **Slider Script**. On desired object that you want to rewind you can use prepared script

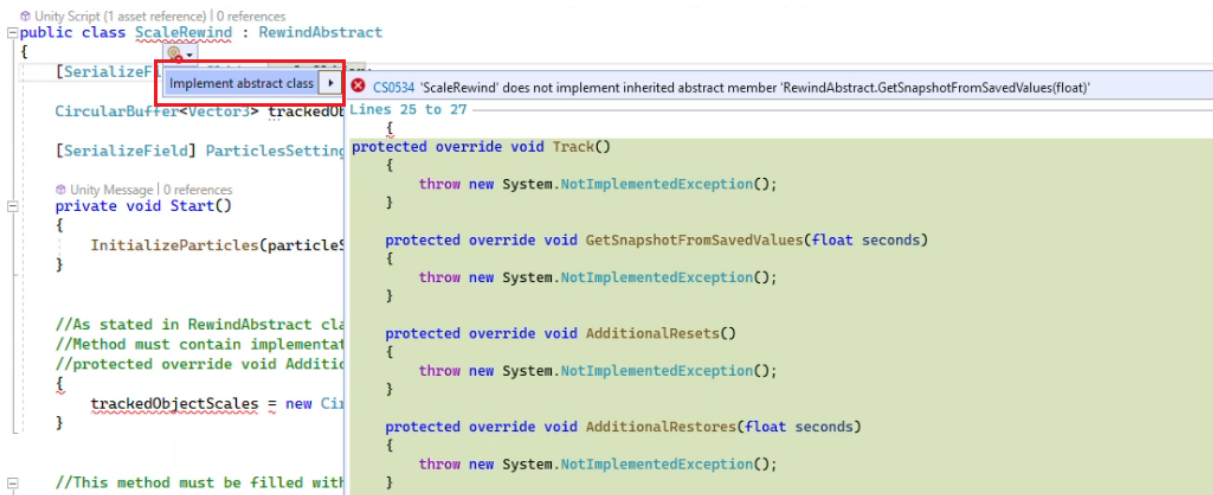
**GenericRewinds**, that you attach to the object and then check what properties you want to track.



Currently straight from the box you can track object position, rotations, velocity, animator states, audio states and particle effects. Adding custom variable is easy, and i will show you how to do it in next section. To start rewinding, play the scene. And grab the slider handle, you can move on time axis freely and see preview of historic snapshots. When you release the slider, active object values will be overwritten with preview values.

## Adding custom tracker with custom variables tracking

In Scripts folder you can find **ScaleRewinds.cs** and **TimerRewinds.cs** which are examples of implemented custom trackers. The first thing when doing custom tracker is implementing **RewindAbstract** abstract class, which contains all needed things for custom tracker. Simply inherit this class and let the editor implement all its methods.



To add custom variable tracking, add **CircularBuffer** (**CircularBuffer** is in **CircularBuffer.cs**) with data structure you want to track. In our case, in **Scale** rewind, we want to track **Vector3** values

```
//This script is showing setup of simple one custom variable tracking
// Unity Script (1 asset reference) | 0 references
public class ScaleRewind : RewindAbstract
{
    [SerializeField] Slider scaleSlider;
    CircularBuffer<Vector3> trackedObjectScales; //For storing data, use this CircularBuffer class
}
```

Now you can implement what values will be tracked and restored. I advise you to add 2 own separate methods for clarity (Tracking method and Rewind method). In these methods you simply tell what values will be tracked and then how it will be restored. Use **CircularBuffer.WriteLastValue()** and **CircularBuffer.ReadFromBuffer()** to write and restore from buffer positions

```
// This is an example of custom variable tracking
1 reference
public void TrackObjectScale()
{
    trackedObjectScales.WriteLastValue(transform.localScale);
}

// This is an example of custom variable restoring
1 reference
public void RestoreObjectScale(float position)
{
    transform.localScale = trackedObjectScales.ReadFromBuffer(position);

    //While we are at it, we can also additionally restore slider value to match the object scale
    scaleSlider.value = transform.localScale.x;
}
```

Now define what you really want to track in **Track** method override. You can tell it to track your own variables also with combination of already implemented tracking solutions (eg. Tracking position, rotation, velocity, animator...). This is the place where you should add your implemented tracking method.

```
//In this method define what will be tracked. In our case we want to track already implemented audio tracking, particle tracking + new custom added variable scale tracking
2 references
protected override void Track()
{
    TrackParticles();
    TrackAudio();
    TrackObjectScale();
}
```

Similarly to **Track** method, you must also fill **GetSnapshotFromSavedValues** method override, where is defined what will be restored on rewind. This is the place where you should add you own implemented rewind method.

```
//In this method define, what will be restored on time rewinding. In our case we want to restore previous audio state, particles + object scale state
3 references
protected override void GetSnapshotFromSavedValues(float seconds)
{
    float position = seconds * howManyRecordsPerSecond; //For time rewinding purposes, use this calculation to restore correct position value (seconds*howManyRecordsPerSecond)
    RestoreParticles(position);
    RestoreAudio(position);
    RestoreObjectScale(position);
}
```

The last thing you have to do for your own custom variable rewinding is to fill **AdditionalResets** and **AdditionalRestores** overrides method.

**Additional reset** method must contain implementation of resetting the custom buffers. Method is being triggered on actions like scene reload or **RewindManager** reenabling, where in certain phase of the game you might want to turn off tracking and enable it later

**Additional restores** must contain buffers restoration after rewind, to correctly set next buffer write position.

Implement these two methods similarly as shown in example here

```
//As stated in RewindAbstract class, this method must be filled with circular buffer that is used for custom variable tracking
//Method must contain implementation of reset of the circular buffer to work correctly
2 references
protected override void AdditionalResets()
{
    trackedObjectScales = new CircularBuffer<Vector3>(howManyItemsFit); //For time rewinding purposes, give the CircularBuffer constructor this variable (howManyItemsFit)
}

//After rewinding the time, values that were previously stored in buffer are obsolete.
//This method must contain implementation of moving bufferPosition for next write to correct position in regards to time rewind
2 references
protected override void AdditionalRestores(float seconds)
{
    trackedObjectScales.MoveLastBufferPosition(seconds * howManyRecordsPerSecond); //For time rewinding purposes, use these attributes (seconds*howManyRecordsPerSecond)
}
```

## General mindset

Time rewind system is implemented with **RewindManager** and scripts that implement **RewindAbstract** abstract class that subscribes to **RewindManager** events. Each tracked object that you want to track, then must have implementation of **RewindAbstract** class as its component. Custom tracker implementation is described in chapter above. Being component of specified object also means, that tracking cannot be done, when object that you want to track is disabled. So while rewinding time, do not disable objects you want to track. Use other techniques as for example moving the object from visible area or disable its mesh renderer. This rewind mindset applies to all kinds of tracking, except for Particles tracking, where you can disable specified particle systems. Particle system tracking is implemented slightly differently from other types of tracking, due to internal Unity reasons. Particle system caviats will be described in next chapter.

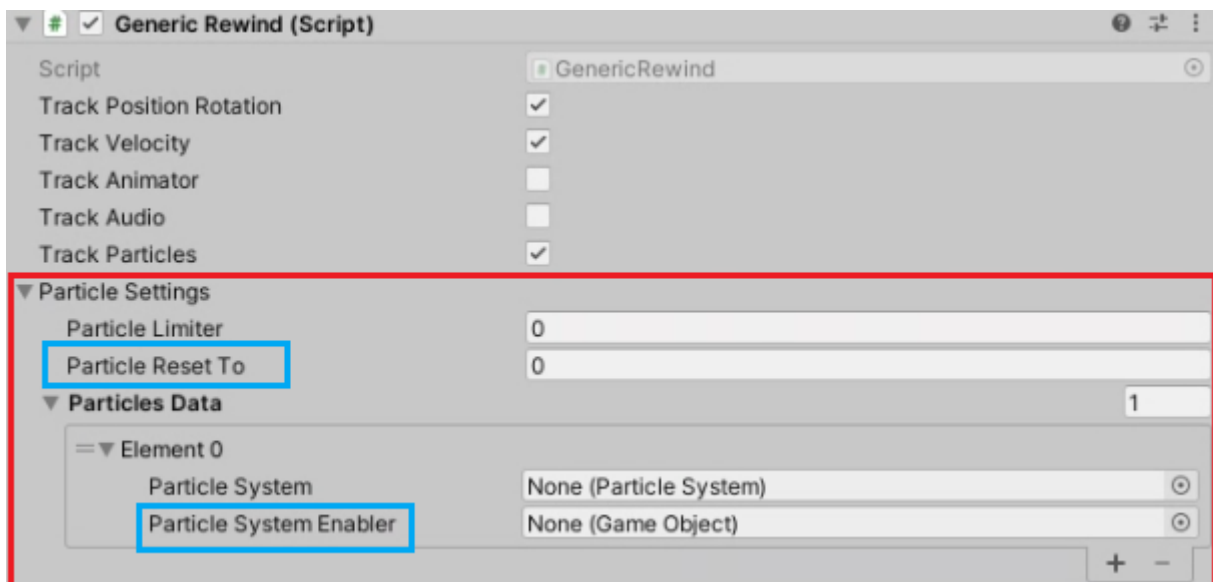
## Particles System Rewinds

The only option that i have found to rewind particle systems is to use use unity Particle.Simulate() method, which comes with huge performance hit if the particle system is running for long time especially in loop. Because of that i added limiter option for particle system tracking, that will reset the tracking after limit is hit. This will save a ton of performance in long particle systems. Although limiting particle system means that the rewind for long particle effects will not be so smooth everytime, it can be usually set up well enough to not see obvious jump transition. Short particle systems, dont need limiter and will rewind smoothly.

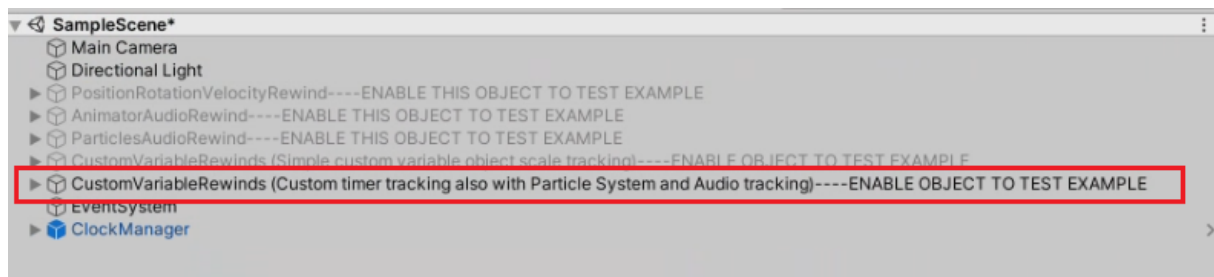
To start rewinding particles, you need to set up **Particle Settings**. When using **Generic Rewind** you only need to set it up in Unity Editor.

**Particle Reset To** shown on picture below is variable containing the time the Particle System will reset to after the Particle Limiter is hit. Try different values in this variable, to reach the smoothest possible transitions.

**Particle System enabler** shown also below is here to track particle active states, because Particle Systems are designed to be enabled or disabled during tracking. Particle System enabler should be GameObject of single Particle System that you want to track, or in case of many many Particle Systems and Sub-Particle Systems, it should be their Parent GameObject (also note that every sub Particle System must be included as one element of Particles Data).



Special example with enabling and disabling particle system is setup in last showcase in demoscene.



If you also want to setup your own custom tracker with Particle Tracking (similarly shown in **TimerRewind.cs** example), you must call **InitializeParticles()** in Start method of your own custom tracker. Initialization of particles is shown on example below.

```
public class TimerRewind : RewindAbstract
{
    CircularBuffer<float> trackedTime; //For storing data, use this CircularBuffer class
    [SerializeField] ParticleTimer particleTimer;

    [SerializeField] ParticleSettings particleSettings;

    @ Unity Message | 0 references
    private void Start()
    {
        InitializeParticles(particleSettings); //When choosing to track particles in custom tracking script, you need to first initialize these particles in start method
    }
}
```

## Rewinding time thru code

Time slider that let you rewind time is prepared for you, you can iterate on it and visually enhance it in your game, but if your game doesn't need the slider you can also rewind the time manually by calling methods from **RewindManager.cs**. For this I recommend you to look how is the **SliderScript.cs** implemented, so you get the idea how rewinding works. You can rewind the time by two ways.

There are 4 main methods in **RewindManager.cs** that are important for you.

```
Public void RewindTimeBySeconds(float seconds)
```

```
Public void StartRewindTimeBySeconds(float seconds)
```

```
Public void SetTimeSecondsInRewind(float seconds)
```

```
Public void StopRewindTimeBySeconds()
```

First way to rewind the time is with **RewindTimeBySeconds** that is used for instant rewind, where you don't need rewind previews and you know you just want to rewind time by specified amount of seconds.

Second way of rewinding is with rewind previews (this way of doing rewinds is also shown in demo scene examples). Start rewinding time by calling **StartRewindTimeBySeconds** method. In demo scene example you can see that you are previewing these states with prepared Slider.

To update the preview when rewinding, use **SetTimeSecondsInRewing** method to update the time of the preview you want to see.

After you are satisfied with currently shown preview and you want to return time to the shown preview, call method **StopRewindTimeBySeconds**, which will stop the rewind all stats shown in preview will be set to current objects, so game can continue from this point.