```
import RPi.GPIO as GPIO #library for Raspberry Pi GPIOs
import time #library to use sleep function
import board
import digitalio
import adafruit_character_lcd.character_lcd as characterlcd
#GPIO Mode (BOARD / BCM)
GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BCM)
# Modify this if you have a different sized character LCD
lcd_columns = 16
lcd_rows = 2
# Raspberry Pi Pin Config:
lcd_rs = digitalio.DigitalInOut(board.D5)
lcd_en = digitalio.DigitalInOut(board.D6)
lcd_d4 = digitalio.DigitalInOut(board.D12)
lcd_d5 = digitalio.DigitalInOut(board.D13)
lcd_d6 = digitalio.DigitalInOut(board.D16)
lcd_d7 = digitalio.DigitalInOut(board.D17)
# Initialise the lcd class
lcd = characterlcd.Character_LCD_Mono(
  lcd_rs, lcd_en, lcd_d4, lcd_d5, lcd_d6, lcd_d7, lcd_columns, lcd_rows)
#set GPIO Pins
TRIGGER = 19 # board pin as trigger
ECHO = 20 # board pin as echo
#set GPIO direction (IN / OUT)
```

#Libraries

```
GPIO.setup(TRIGGER, GPIO.OUT)
GPIO.setup(ECHO, GPIO.IN)
lcd.clear()
#function distance will use 2 GPIOs to trigger and echo to calculate distance using the distance
formula
def distance():
  # set Trigger to HIGH
  GPIO.output(TRIGGER, True)
  # set Trigger after 0.01ms to LOW
  time.sleep(0.00001)
  GPIO.output(TRIGGER, False)
  StartTime = time.time()
  StopTime = time.time()
  # save StartTime
  while GPIO.input(ECHO) == 0:
    StartTime = time.time()
  # save time of arrival
  while GPIO.input(ECHO) == 1:
    StopTime = time.time()
  # time difference between start and arrival
  TimeElapsed = StopTime - StartTime
  # multiply with the sonic speed (34300 cm/s)
  # and divide by 2, because there and back
  distance = (TimeElapsed * 34300) / 2
```

return distance

```
#simple if statement
if __name__ == '__main__':
    #simple try exception programming
try:
    while True:
        dist = distance()#we accept the value in a variable dist
        print ("Measured Distance = %.1f cm" % dist)#display dist
        lcd.clear()
        lcd.message = ("Dist.:%.1f cm" % dist)
        time.sleep(2)

# Reset by pressing CTRL + C
except KeyboardInterrupt:
    print("Measurement stopped by User")
GPIO.cleanup()#finally GPIO cleanup to flush all the buffers of the GPIOs used in this code
```