

Experiment No. : 8

Create and manage NoSQL Databases with Cassandra

Problem Statement:

1. Create keyspace : employee

```
cqlsh> CREATE KEYSPACE employee WITH replication = {'class': 'SimpleStrategy', 'replication_factor': 1};
cqlsh> CREATE TABLE employee.emp_table (
...     emp_id int PRIMARY KEY,
...     name text,
...     city text,
...     designation text,
...     experience float
... );
```

2. Create : emp_table (... emp_id int, ... name text, ... city text, ... designation text, ... experience float, ... primary key(emp_id));

```
cqlsh> CREATE KEYSPACE employee WITH replication = {'class': 'SimpleStrategy', 'replication_factor': 1};
cqlsh> CREATE TABLE employee.emp_table (
...     emp_id int PRIMARY KEY,
...     name text,
...     city text,
...     designation text,
...     experience float
... );
```

3. Perform following operations on created table:

a. Insert rows

```
cqlsh> INSERT INTO employee.emp_table1 (emp_id, name, city, designation, experience) VALUES (1, 'Alice', 'New York', 'Software Engineer', 5.0);
cqlsh> SELECT * FROM employee.emp_table1;
```

emp_id	city	designation	experience	name
1	New York	Software Engineer	5	Alice

(1 rows)

```
cqlsh> INSERT INTO employee.emp_table1 (emp_id, name, city, designation, experience)
... VALUES (2, 'Bob', 'San Francisco', 'Data Scientist', 3.5);
cqlsh> SELECT * FROM employee.emp_table1;
```

emp_id	city	designation	experience	name
1	New York	Software Engineer	5	Alice
2	San Francisco	Data Scientist	3.5	Bob

b. Update rows

```
cqlsh> UPDATE employee.emp_table1 SET city = 'Boston' WHERE emp_id = 2;
cqlsh> INSERT INTO employee.emp_table1 (emp_id, name, city, designation, experience)
... VALUES (4, 'David', 'Chicago', 'Project Manager', 6.0);
cqlsh> SELECT * FROM employee.emp_table1;
```

emp_id	city	designation	experience	name
1	New York	Software Engineer	5	Alice
2	Boston	Data Scientist	3.5	Bob
4	Chicago	Project Manager	6	David
3	Los Angeles	DevOps Engineer	4	Charlie

c. Update rows with upsert

```
cqlsh> UPDATE employee.emp_table1 SET city = 'Boston' WHERE emp_id = 2;
cqlsh> INSERT INTO employee.emp_table1 (emp_id, name, city, designation, experience)
... VALUES (4, 'David', 'Chicago', 'Project Manager', 6.0);
cqlsh> SELECT * FROM employee.emp_table1;
```

emp_id	city	designation	experience	name
1	New York	Software Engineer	5	Alice
2	Boston	Data Scientist	3.5	Bob
4	Chicago	Project Manager	6	David
3	Los Angeles	DevOps Engineer	4	Charlie

d. Retrieve data from table

```
cqlsh> SELECT * FROM employee.emp_table1;
```

emp_id	city	designation	experience	name
1	New York	Software Engineer	5	Alice
2	Boston	Data Scientist	3.5	Bob
4	Chicago	Project Manager	6	David
3	Los Angeles	DevOps Engineer	4	Charlie

e. Alter table add columns ((email set<text>, expertise list<text>, prev_jobs map<text, int>)

```
cqlsh> ALTER TABLE employee.emp_table1 ADD email set<text>;
cqlsh> ALTER TABLE employee.emp_table1 ADD expertise list<text>;
cqlsh> ALTER TABLE employee.emp_table1 ADD prev_jobs map<text, int>;
```

f. Insert new rows

```
cqlsh> INSERT INTO employee.emp_table1 (emp_id, name, city, designation, experience, email, expertise, prev_jobs)
... VALUES (
... 5,
... 'Emma',
... 'Seattle',
... 'UI/UX Designer',
... 4.5,
... {'emma@gmail.com', 'emma.doe@company.com'},
... ['UI Design', 'Frontend Development'],
... {'Company A': 2, 'Company B': 3}
... );
```

g. Delete rows and values

```
cqlsh> DELETE FROM employee.emp_table1 WHERE emp_id = 3;  
cqlsh> DELETE email['emma@gmail.com'] FROM employee.emp_table1 WHERE emp_id = 5;
```

4. create table product(

... id uuid,
... name text,
... price float,
... quan int,
... primary key(id));

```
cqlsh> CREATE TABLE employee.product (  
...     id uuid PRIMARY KEY,  
...     name text,  
...     price float,  
...     quan int  
... );
```

5. Perform following operations on created table:

a. Insert rows

```
cqlsh> INSERT INTO employee.product (id, name, price, quan)  
... VALUES (uuid(), 'Laptop', 1500.00, 10);  
cqlsh> INSERT INTO employee.product (id, name, price, quan)  
... VALUES (uuid(), 'Smartphone', 800.00, 50);  
cqlsh> INSERT INTO employee.product (id, name, price, quan)  
... VALUES (uuid(), 'Headphones', 200.00, 100);
```

b. Alter table product add (inv_date timestamp, available boolean);

```
cqlsh> ALTER TABLE employee.product ADD inv_date timestamp;  
cqlsh> ALTER TABLE employee.product ADD available boolean;  
cqlsh> INSERT INTO employee.product (id, name, price, quan, inv_date, available)  
... VALUES (uuid(), 'Tablet', 300.00, 25, toTimestamp(now()), true);  
cqlsh> INSERT INTO employee.product (id, name, price, quan, inv_date, available)  
... VALUES (uuid(), 'Smartwatch', 250.00, 15, toTimestamp(now()), false);
```

c. Insert new rows

```
cqlsh> SELECT * FROM employee.product;
```

id	name	price	quan	available	inv_date
1426c416-cb64-4caa-a68e-a06897dd0898				False	2024-11-23 04:33:45+0000
3ee31249-4b46-4228-be9b-f8e3fbc5cf0b				null	
92dbb20c-d0df-455d-a79f-d3b73349330b				null	
f93fe752-592c-4f43-a16a-0a1e034e6b46				True	2024-11-23 04:33:33+0000
b47aed49-efc2-4b84-92ee-767b63b874f1				null	