Total No. of Questions: 12]		SEAT No.:
P9479	[6182]-798	[Total No. of Pages : 2

M.E. (Computer Engg.)/(Data Science)/(Artificial Intelligence and Data Science)

MATHEMATICAL FOUNDATION FOR DATA SCIENCE (2017 Pattern) (Semester - I) (510301)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Solve Q.1 or Q.2, Q.3 or Q.4,Q.5 or Q.6, Q.7 or Q.8, Q.9 or Q.10, Q.11 or .Q.12.
- 2) Assume Suitable data if necessary.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right side indicate full marks.
- Q1) Write Difference between B tree & B+tree. Explain B + tree with example.[8]

OR

Q2) Represent given graph using adjacency list. Explain any shortest path algorithm and using same find the shortest path from vertex S to Vertex T using shortest path algorithm.[8]



- Q3) a) Compare Poisson distribution and Binomial distribution. [5]
 - b) Explain two central tendency and dispersion measures of numerical data with example. [4]

OR

- Q4) Bag A contains 10 marbles of which 2 are red and 8 are black. Bag B contains 12 marbles of which 4 are red and 8 are black. A ball is drawn at random from each bag. Find the probability that:[9]
 - a) both are red
 - b) both are black
 - c) one black and one red
 - d) at least one red

Q5) Explain Chi-Square Tests and t-test with example.

[9]

OR

Q6) Explain ANOVA Coefficient with example.

[9]

Q7) Discuss different methods of to calculate Karl Pearson's Coefficient of Correlation.

OR

- **Q8)** a) Use these methods to normalize the following group of data: [4] 200, 300, 400, 600, 1000
 - i) z-score normalization
 - ii) z-score normalization using the mean absolute deviation instead of standard deviation.
 - b) Find covariance for following data set $x = \{2, 5, 6, 8, 9\}$ $y = \{4, 3, 7, 5, 6\}$ Comment on the movement of X and Y values with respect to covariance. [4]
- **Q9)** What is Jacobian? Let $x(u, v) = u^2 v^2$, y(u, v) = 2 uv. [8] Find the Jacobian J (u, v).

OR

- **Q10)** Solve the system of equation $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 1$, $3x_1 + x_2 3x_3 = 5$ and $x_1 2x_2 5x_3 = 10$ by LU decomposition method. [8]
- *Q11)* Suppose we have the following dataset with one response variable y and two predictor variables X1 and X2. Fit a multiple linear regression model to this dataset.

X1	60	62	67	70	71	72	75	78
X2	22	25	24	20	15	14	14	11
Y	140	155	159	179	192	200	212	215

OR

Q12) Explain any one probabilistic model with example.

[8]

