

Training Python-Django - 1 Librairies

Summary: Today, we're gonna learn how to handle some librairies that might come handy in Python.

Version: 1.1

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Chapter I

Preamble

Geohashing From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

Geohashing is an outdoor recreational activity inspired by the xkcd webcomic, in which participants have to reach a random location (chosen by a computer algorithm), prove their achievement by taking a picture of a Global Positioning System (GPS) receiver or another mobile device and then tell the story of their trip online. Proof based on non-electronic navigation is also acceptable.

Whereas other outdoor recreational activities like geocaching have a precise goal, geo-hashing is mainly fueled by its pointlessness, which is deemed funny by its players. The resulting geohashing community and culture is thus extremely tongue-in-cheek, supporting any kind of humorous behavior during the practice of geohashing and resulting in a parody of traditional outdoor activities. Navigating to a random point need not be pointless. Some geohashers document new mapping features they find on the OpenStreetMap project.

Source Wikipedia

Chapter II

General rules

- Your project must be realized in a virtual machine.
- Your virtual machine must have all the necessary software to complete your project.
 These softwares must be configured and installed.
- You can choose the operating system to use for your virtual machine.
- You must be able to use your virtual machine from a cluster computer.
- You must use a shared folder between your virtual machine and your host machine.
- During your evaluations you will use this folder to share with your repository.
- Your functions should not quit unexpectedly (segmentation fault, bus error, double free, etc) apart from undefined behaviors. If this happens, your project will be considered non functional and will receive a 0 during the evaluation.
- We encourage you to create test programs for your project even though this work won't have to be submitted and won't be graded. It will give you a chance to easily test your work and your peers' work. You will find those tests especially useful during your defence. Indeed, during defence, you are free to use your tests and/or the tests of the peer you are evaluating.
- Submit your work to your assigned git repository. Only the work in the git repository will be graded. If Deepthought is assigned to grade your work, it will be done after your peer-evaluations. If an error happens in any section of your work during Deepthought's grading, the evaluation will stop.

Chapter III

Today's specific rules

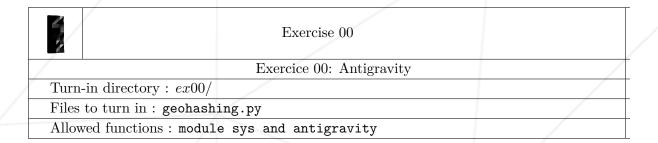
- No code in the global scope. Make functions!
- Each turned-in file must end with a function call in a condition identical to:

```
if __name__ == '__main__':
    your_function( whatever, parameter, is, required )
```

- You can set up an error management in this condition.
- Imports are prohibited, except for the ones specified in the "Authorized Functions" section in each exercise's header.
- You will use the python3 interpreter.

Chapter IV

Exercise 00



This is a little warm up exercise echoing today's preamble. Nothing too complicated.

Create a little program named geohashing.py that will take as many parameters as necessary to calculate a typical geohash and should obviously calculate this geohash before displaying it on the standard output.

In case of an error, the program must show a relevant message that you'll have chosen before quitting properly.

This schematics might help: Geohashing algorithm.

Chapter V

Exercice 01

Exercise 01	
Exercice 01: Pip	/
Turn-in directory : $ex01/$	
Files to turn in : my_script.sh my_program.py	/
Allowed functions: module path (Previously called path.py)	/

path is a library that implements a Path object around the Python's os.path module, making its use very intuitive.

In this exercise, you will create a bash script that installs this library, as well as a Python program that uses it.

The Shell Script must fit this description:

- Its name must have a .sh extension because it's a Shell script.
- It must display which pip version it uses.
- It must install the path.py development version from its GitHub repo, in a folder that must be named local_lib, located in the repo folder. If the library has already been installed in the folder, the install must crush it.
- It must write path install logs in a file with a .log extension.
- If the library has been properly installed, it must execute the small program you have created.

The Python program you must create is a composition of your choice that must however observe these constrainsts:

- Its extension must be .py because it's a Python.
- It must import the path module from the location where this library has been installed thanks to the previous script.
- It must create a folder and a file inside this folder, write something in this file and then read and display its content.
- It must respect the specific rules of the day.

Chapter VI

Exercise 02

	Exercise 02	
/	Exercice 02: request an API	/
Turn-in directory : $ex02/$		
Files to turn in : request	_wikipedia.py requirement.txt	
Allowed functions: modul	es requests, json, dewiki and sys	

Wikipedia is an amazing shared tool you necessarily known. It's available in your favorite browser and as a mobile application. You're invited to create a tool that will allow your to request this now essential website, straight from your terminal.

To do so, you must design a program named request_wikipedia.py which takes a string in parameter and makes a search via the Wikipedia's API before writing the result in the file. You can request the French or English API.

- The program must write a result, even if the request is misspelled. Take the original website for an example: if it finds a result for a given request, you program also should.
- The result must not be formatted in JSON or Wiki Markup before being written in the file.
- The name of the file must be formatted like this: name_of_the_search.wiki and must not contain any space.
- In case of parameter absence, wrong parameter, invalid request, information not found, server problem or any other problem: no file should be created and a relevant error message must be displayed on the console.
- Include requirement.txt file in your repo. It will be used during your evaluation to install the libraries necessary to your VirtualEnv program or on the system.



The dewiki library is not perfect. We're not looking for the best result, this is not the goal of this exercise.



Carefully read the API documentation. Watch the structure that is sent back to you.

Here is an example of what's expected:

\$>python3 request_wikipedia.py "chocolatine" \$>cat chocolatine.wiki Une chocolatine designe : st une viennoiserie au chocolat, aussi appelee pain au chocolat ou couque au chocolat ; st une viennoiserie a la creme patissiere et au chocolat, aussi appelee suisse ; * une sorte de bonbon au chocolat ; * un ouvrage d'Anna Rozen Malgre son usage ancien, le mot n'est entre dans le dictionnaire Petit Robert qu'en 2007 et dans le Petit Larousse qu'en 2011. L'utilisation du terme "Chocolatine" se retrouve egalement au Quebec, dont la langue a evolue a partir du vieux francais differemment du francais employe en Europe, mais cet usage ne prouve ni n' infirme aucune anteriorite, dependant du hasard de l'usage du premier commercant l'ayant introduit au Quebec. References Categorie:Patisserie Categorie:Chocolat

Chapter VII exercise 03

	Exercise 03	
	Exercise 03: HTML parser	/
Turn-in directory : $ex03/$		
Files to turn in : roads_to_r	ohilosophy.py, requirement.txt	/
Allowed functions : modules	sys, requests and BeautifulSoup	

Legend has it that if you start from any Wikipedia article, that you click on the first link in this article introduction that neither in italic nor between brackets, and repeat the process ad lib, you will always end up on the article about Philosopy.

Well, this is not a legend! (please, look astounded). As can testify this ... Wikipedia article.

But since you only believe what you see with your own eyes, you **must** create a program that tests this phenomenon listing and counting all the articles between your request and the wikipedia article: the **roads to philosophy**.

This program must be named roads to philosophy.py and behave as follows:

- The program must take a string in parameter that is a word or a group of words matching only one Wikipedia search.
- The program must request an **English** Wikipedia URL identical to a standard search on a browser. In other words: you **cannot** use the site's API.

- It must parse the html page thanks to the BeautifulSoup library to:
 - Find the eventual redirection and take it into account in the **roads to philosophy**. Beware, it's not a URL redirection.
 - Find the main title of the page and add it to the **roads to philosophy**.
 - Find (if it exists) the first link of the introduction's paragraph leading to another Wikipedia article. Rather than ignoring what's in italic or between brackets, the program must carefully **ignore** the links that don't direct to a new article, like the ones leading to the help section of Wikipédia.
- The program must start again from **step 2** starting from the link obtained during the previous step until getting to one of those occurrences:
 - The link leads to the philosophy page. If so, it must print the visited articles as well as the total count of these articles in the following format <number> roads from <request> to philosophy on the standard output.
 - The page didn't include any valid link. The program must display: It leads to a dead end !.
 - The link leads to a page that's already been visited, which means the program
 is about to loop indefinitely. If so, the displayed message must be: It leads
 to an infinite loop!
- At this stage, after displaying the necessary messages on the standard output, the program must quit properly.



If, anytime during the execution of the program, an error like a a connection, server, parameter, request error or any other kind of error occurs, the program must quit properly with a relevant error message.

Like the previous exercise, you must provide a requirement.txt file with your program to facilitate the libraries install.

Your program's output must look like this:

```
$> python3 roads_to_philosophy.py "42 (number)"
42 (number)
Natural number
Mathematics
Ancient Greek
Greek language
Modern Greek
 Colloquialism
Word
Linguistics
Science
Knowledge
Awareness
 Conscious
Consciousness
Quality (philosophy)
Philosophy
17 roads from 42 (number) to philosophy!
$> python3 roads_to_philosophy.py Accuvio
It's a dead end !
```



The Wikipedia community often updates the articles. It is highly probable that between the creation of this subject and the day you take it, the roads to philosophy have changed and the accuvio example is not a dead end anymore.

Chapter VIII

Exercise 04

	Exercise 04	
	Exercice 04: Virtualenv	
Turn-in directory : ϵ	$\overline{x04/}$	
Files to turn in : rec	quirement.txt my_script.sh	
Allowed functions:	everything	

Tomorrow, you'll start your Django framework training. You must lay the foundation configuring an easy little installation.

TO do so, you will create two elements:

- A requirement.txt file that must include the latest stable versions of django and psycopg2.
- A script with the following behavior:
 - Have the .sh extension.
 - Create a virtualenv on python3 named django_venv.
 - Install the requirement.txt file that you've created in the VirtualEnv.
 - The virtualenv must be activated when quitting.

Chapter IX

Exercise 05

	Exercise 05	
	Exercise 05: Hello World	
Turn-in directory : ϵ	x05/	
Files to turn in : an	necessary file	/
Allowed functions:	everything	

It must be frustrating to simply install Django. We feel you.

This is why you will end this day about libraries with a bang, designing your first Hello World with Django.

In this final exercise, you must follow and adapt the official tutorial to make a web page that simply displays the text Hello World! in the browser at the following address: http://localhost:8000/helloworld.

Your repo must be a folder containing the Django project.

Chapter X

Submission and peer-evaluation

Turn in your assignment in your Git repository as usual. Only the work inside your repository will be evaluated during the defense. Don't hesitate to double check the names of your folders and files to ensure they are correct.



The evaluation process will happen on the computer of the evaluated group.