

React .JS-1

Objectives:

Q1>Define SPA and its benefits.

Ans: A single page application is a type of web application that loads and updates content dynamically without refreshing the entire page. SPA is a modern technology that enhance user experience by minimizing interruptions and providing a smooth interface. When clicked on something in a SPA, it only send the necessary information to the browser and the browser renders it.

Benefits: Dynamic Interactions; Real time updates;

Mobile friendly; Rich user interface; Minimized server load; Single page content; Cross platform consistency

Q2>Define React and identify its working.

Ans: React is a powerful JS library for building fast, scalable front-end applications. React is known for component based structure, SPA's, virtual DOM, enabling efficient UI updates and seamless user experience. Allows for the creation of reusable UI components.

Working:-

>Initially there is an actual DOM (Real DOM) containing a DIV with 2 child elements: h1 and h2

>React maintains a previous virtual DOM to track the UI state before any updates

>When a change occurs (eg: adding a h3 element) react generates a new virtual DOM.

>React compares the previous virtual DOM with the new virtual DOM using a process called reconciliation.

>React identifies the difference (in this case the h3 element)

>Instead of updating the entire DOM, react updates only the changed part in the actual DOM, making the update process more efficient.

Q3>Identify the differences between SPA and MPA

Ans:

SPA:- A single page application (SPA) is a type of web application that loads and updates content dynamically without refreshing the entire page. SPA's is a modern technology that enhance user experience by minimizing interruptions and providing a smooth interface. Full page reload is the main advantage.

MPA:- A multi page application (MPA) loads a new HTML page from the server for each user interaction and request. It comes with full page reload. Slower since each request reloads the entire page. Faster initial loads, but slower navigation between pages. Suitable for heavy content heavy website.

Q4>Explain Pros & Cons of Single-Page Application

Ans:

Pros: Dynamic Interactions, Real time updates, Mobile friendly, Rich user interfaces, Minimized Server Loads, Single Page content.

Cons: Slow first load, SEO challenges, Limited browser support, Security risks, Dependency on javascript, Complex development.

Q5>Explain about React

Ans:

React is a powerful JS library for building fast, scalable front end applications.

React is known for component based structure, SPA's, Virtual Dom, Enabling efficient UI updates and seamless user experience.

Used to create SPA's.

Allows for the creation of reusable UI components.

Choosing react because it offers virtual DOM, One way data binding, Component based architecture.

Before react front end development struggles with- Manual DOM manipulation, Complex state management, Tight coupling in frameworks.

Q6>Define virtual DOM

Ans:

The Virtual DOM (VDOM) is a lightweight, in-memory representation of the real DOM (Document Object Model). It helps React manage UI updates more efficiently by keeping a virtual version of the UI in memory. When changes occur, React updates only the necessary parts of the real DOM, instead of re-rendering everything.

Q7>Explain Features of React

Ans:

>Virtual DOM:- Real updates only the changed parts of the DOM, resulting in a faster rendering

>One way data binding:- ensures predictable and easy to debug data flow

>Component based architecture- Breaks UI into reusable pieces, improving the code reusability and scalability.

```
PS C:\Users\Lenovo\myfirstreact> npm start

> myfirstreact@0.1.0 start
> react-scripts start

(node:13840) [DEP_WEBPACK_DEV_SERVER_ON_AFTER_SETUP_MIDDLEWARE] DeprecationWarning: 'onAfterSetupMiddleware' option is deprecated. Please use the 'setupMiddlewares' option.
(Use `node --trace-deprecation ...` to show where the warning was created)
(node:13840) [DEP_WEBPACK_DEV_SERVER_ON_BEFORE_SETUP_MIDDLEWARE] DeprecationWarning: 'onBeforeSetupMiddleware' option is deprecated. Please use the 'setupMiddlewares' option.
Starting the development server...
Compiled successfully!

You can now view myfirstreact in the browser.

  Local:            http://localhost:3000
  On Your Network:  http://10.6.90.206:3000

Note that the development build is not optimized.
To create a production build, use npm run build.

webpack compiled successfully
```

```
src > JS App.js > ...
1  import React from 'react';
2
3  function App() {
4    return (
5      <div>
6        <h1>Welcome to the first session of React</h1>
7      </div>
8    );
9  }
10
11  export default App;
12  |
```

Welcome to the first session of React

React.JS-2

Q1>Explain React components.

Ans:These are independent,reusable building blocks in a react application that defines what gets displayed on the UI.They accept inputs called props and return react elements describing the UI.

Q2>Identify the differences between components and JavaScript functions.

Ans:

>Components:-A component is a building block that encapsulated a piece of UI.It defines the structure and behaviour of the UI,either by managing it's own state or by receiving data through props and rendering content accordingly .Components are reusable and can be composed together to build complex UI's in a modular way.

>JS functions:-At its core, a **JavaScript function** is a block of code designed to perform a particular task. It's a fundamental building block of JavaScript programming, enabling you to write modular, reusable, and organized code.

Q3>Identify the types of components.

Ans:

>Functional components:-These are simpler and preferred for most use cases.They are JS functions that return react elements.With intro of react hooks,functional components can also manage state and lifecycle events.

>Class components:-These are ES6 classes that extend React.Component.Including additional features like state management and lifecycle methods.

Q4>Explain class component.

Ans:These are ES6 classes that extend React.Component.Including additional features like state management and lifecycle methods.

Q5>Explain function component.

Ans:These are simpler and preferred for most use cases.They are JS functions that return react elements.With intro of react hooks,functional components can also manage state and lifecycle events.

Q6>Define component constructor.

Ans:

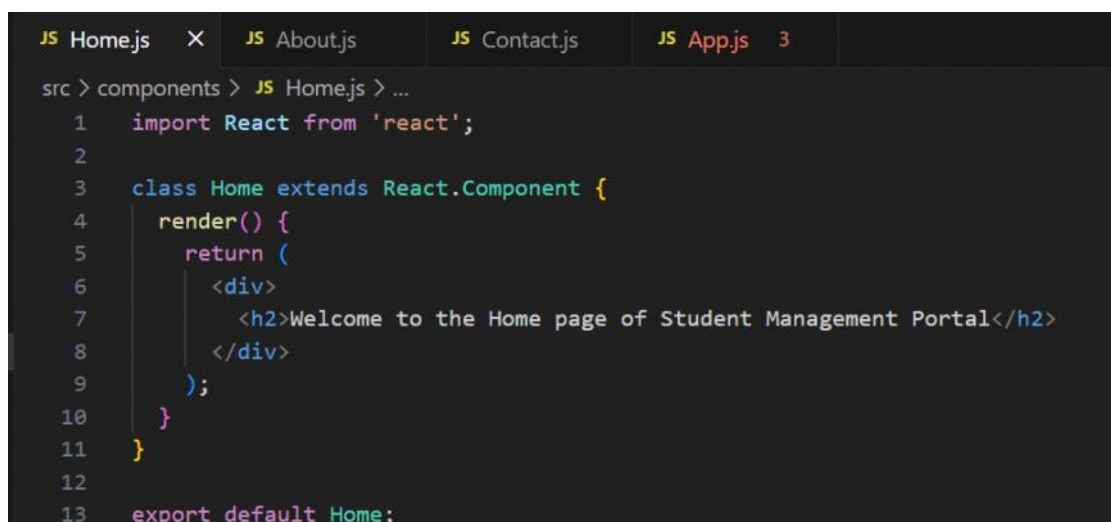
In React, applications are built using isolated, reusable pieces of code called **components**. Think of them as custom, self-contained HTML elements that encapsulate their own logic, state, and UI.

The fundamental structure of a React component can be understood through two primary types: **Functional Components** and **Class Components**. While Class Components were historically prevalent, **Functional Components with Hooks** are now the recommended and dominant way to write React components.

Q7>Define render() function.

Ans:The render() function is a **core and essential method in React class components**. It's the heart of what a class component displays on the screen.

Its primary purpose is to **describe what should be rendered to the browser's DOM (Document Object Model)**. It returns a description of the UI, which React then efficiently translates into actual DOM changes.



The screenshot shows a code editor with four tabs: 'JS Home.js', 'JS About.js', 'JS Contact.js', and 'JS App.js' (which is active and has a count of 3). The editor content shows the following code:

```
src > components > JS Home.js > ...
1  import React from 'react';
2
3  class Home extends React.Component {
4    render() {
5      return (
6        <div>
7          <h2>Welcome to the Home page of Student Management Portal</h2>
8        </div>
9      );
10   }
11 }
12
13 export default Home;
```

```
src > components > JS Contact.js > ...
1  import React from 'react';
2
3  class Contact extends React.Component {
4    render() {
5      return (
6        <div>
7          <h2>Welcome to the Contact page of the Student Management Portal</h2>
8        </div>
9      );
10   }
11 }
12
13 export default Contact;
```

```
JS Home.js  JS About.js  X  JS Contact.js  JS App.js  3
src > components > JS About.js > ...
1  import React from 'react';
2
3  class About extends React.Component {
4    render() {
5      return (
6        <div>
7          <h2>Welcome to the About page of the Student Management Portal</h2>
8        </div>
9      );
10   }
11 }
12
13 export default About;
```

You can now view studentapp in the browser.

Local: http://localhost:3000
On Your Network: http://10.6.90.206:3000

Note that the development build is not optimized.
To create a production build, use `npm run build`.

webpack compiled **successfully**

React.JS-3

```
src > JS App.js > ...
1  import React from 'react';
2  import './App.css';
3  import CalculateScore from './Components/CalculateScore';
4
5  function App() {
6    return (
7      <div className="App">
8        <h1>Student Score Calculator</h1>
9        <CalculateScore name="Ayush Raj" school="DAV" total={450} goal={5} />
10     </div>
11   );
12 }
13
14 export default App;
15
```

```
src > Stylesheets > # mystyle.css > ...
1  .score-card {
2    border: 2px solid #007bff;
3    padding: 20px;
4    border-radius: 10px;
5    width: 300px;
6    background-color: #f0f8ff;
7    margin: 20px auto;
8    text-align: center;
9    font-family: Arial, sans-serif;
10 }
11
```

```
src > JS App.js > ...
1  import React from 'react';
2  import './App.css';
3  import CalculateScore from './Components/CalculateScore';
4
5  function App() {
6    return (
7      <div className="App">
8        <h1>Student Score Calculator</h1>
9        <CalculateScore name="Ayush Raj" school="DAV" total={450} goal={5} />
10      </div>
11    );
12  }
13
14  export default App;
15
```

Student Score Calculator

Ayush Raj

School: DAV

Total Marks: 450

Goal: 5

Average Score: 90.00

React.JS-4

```
src > JS Posts > Posts > constructor
1 import React, { Component } from 'react';
2 import Post from './Post';
3
4 class Posts extends Component {
5   constructor(props) {
6     super(props);
7     this.state = {
8       posts: [],
9       hasError: false
10    };
11  }
12
13  loadPosts = async () => {
14    try {
15      const response = await fetch('https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.com/posts');
16      const data = await response.json();
17      const posts = data.map(item => new Post(item.id, item.title, item.body));
18      this.setState({ posts });
19    } catch (error) {
20      this.setState({ hasError: true });
21    }
22  };
23
24  componentDidMount() {
25    this.loadPosts();
26  }
27
28  componentDidCatch(error, info) {
29    alert('An error occurred: ' + error.toString());
30  }
31
32  render() {
33    if (this.state.hasError) {
34      return <h2>Something went wrong while loading posts.</h2>;
35    }
36
37    return (
38      <div>
39        {this.state.posts.map(post => (
40          <div key={post.id}>
41            <h3>{post.title}</h3>
42            <p>{post.body}</p>
43          </div>
44        ))}
45      </div>
46    );
47  }
48 }
49
50 export default Posts;
51
```

```
src > JS Apps > -
1 import React from 'react';
2 import Posts from './Posts';
3
4 function App() {
5   return (
6     <div className="App">
7       <h1>Blog Posts</h1>
8       <Posts />
9     </div>
10   );
11 }
12
13 export default App;
14
```

```
src > JS Posts > Post
1 class Post {
2   constructor(id, title, body) {
3     this.id = id;
4     this.title = title;
5     this.body = body;
6   }
7 }
8
9 export default Post;
10
```


React.JS-5

```
src > JS App.js > ...
1  import logo from './logo.svg';
2  import './App.css';
3  import { CohortsData } from './Cohort'
4  import CohortDetails from './CohortDetails';
5
6  function App() {
7
8      return (
9          <div>
10             <h1>Cohorts Details</h1>
11             {CohortsData.map(cohort => <CohortDetails cohort={cohort}/>)}
12          </div>
13      );
14  }
15
16  export default App;
17
```

```
src > JS Cohort.js > Cohort
1  class Cohort {
2      constructor(cohortCode,
3          startDate,
4          technology,
5          trainerName,
6          coachName,
7          currentStatus) {
8          this.cohortCode = cohortCode;
9          this.coachName = coachName;
10         this.trainerName = trainerName;
11         this.technology = technology;
12         this.startDate = startDate;
13         this.currentStatus = currentStatus;
14     }
15 }
16 const CohortsData =[
17     new Cohort('INTADMDF10','22-Feb-2022', '.NET FSD', 'Jojo Jose','Aathma', 'Scheduled'),
18     new Cohort('ADM21JF014','10-Sep-2021', 'Java FSD', 'Elisa Smith','Apoorv', 'Ongoing'),
19     new Cohort('CDBJF21025','24-Dec-2021', 'Java FSD', 'John Doe','Aathma', 'Ongoing'),
20     new Cohort('INTADMJF12','22-Feb-2022', 'Java FSD', 'To Be Assigned','Ibrahim', 'Scheduled'),
21     new Cohort('CDE22JF011','24-Dec-2021', 'Java FSD', 'Emma Swan','Apoorv', 'Ongoing'),
22     new Cohort('INTADMDF09','22-Feb-2022', 'Dataware Housing', 'Babjee Rao','Aathma', 'Scheduled'),
23     new Cohort('ADM22DF001','10-Sep-2021', '.NET FSD', 'Marie Curie','Ibrahim', 'Ongoing'),
24 ];
25 export {Cohort, CohortsData};
```

```

JS CohortDetails.js X JS Cohort.js # CohortDetails.module.css
src > JS CohortDetails.js > CohortDetails
1  import styles from './CohortDetails.module.css';
2
3  function CohortDetails(props) {
4      return (
5          <div>
6              <h3 style={{ color: props.status === 'ongoing' ? 'green' : 'blue' }}>
7                  {props.title}
8              </h3>
9
10             <dl>
11                 <dt>Started On</dt>
12                 <dd>{props.cohort.startDate}</dd>
13                 <dt>Current Status</dt>
14                 <dd>{props.cohort.currentStatus}</dd>
15                 <dt>Coach</dt>
16                 <dd>{props.cohort.coachName}</dd>
17                 <dt>Trainer</dt>
18                 <dd>{props.cohort.trainerName}</dd>
19             </dl>
20         </div>
21     );
22 }
23
24 export default CohortDetails;

```

Cohorts Details

Started On
 22-Feb-2022
 Current Status
 Scheduled
 Coach
 Authma
 Trainer
 Jojo Jose
 Started On
 10-Sep-2021
 Current Status
 Ongoing
 Coach
 Apoorv
 Trainer
 Eliza Smith
 Started On
 24-Dec-2021
 Current Status
 Ongoing
 Coach
 Authma
 Trainer
 John Doe
 Started On
 22-Feb-2022
 Current Status
 Scheduled
 Coach
 Ibrahim
 Trainer
 To Be Assigned
 Started On
 24-Dec-2021
 Current Status
 Ongoing
 Coach
 Apoorv
 Trainer
 Emma Swan
 Started On
 22-Feb-2022
 Current Status
 Scheduled
 Coach
 Authma
 Trainer
 Baljire Rao
 Started On
 10-Sep-2021
 Current Status
 Ongoing
 Coach
 Ibrahim
 Trainer
 Marie Curie