

2) Using  $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{1+x^2}$  prove  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} n \left( \frac{1}{n^2+1^2} + \frac{1}{n^2+2^2} + \dots + \frac{1}{n^2+n^2} \right) = \frac{\pi}{4}$

Proof: consider  $f(x) = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$  on  $[0, 1]$  and a partition  $[0, 1]$  by points with mesh width  $\frac{1}{n}$ :

$$0 = \frac{0}{n} < \frac{1}{n} < \frac{2}{n} < \dots < \frac{n}{n} = 1 \Rightarrow \xi_i = \frac{i}{n}$$

$$f(\xi_i) = \frac{1}{1+\left(\frac{i}{n}\right)^2} = \frac{n^2}{n^2+i^2} \Rightarrow \sum_{i=1}^n f(\xi_i) \frac{1}{n} =$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{n}{n^2+i^2} \Rightarrow \int_0^1 \frac{dx}{1+x^2} = \arctan x \Big|_0^1 = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

3) Find  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} \left( \sin \frac{\sqrt{n}}{n} + \sin \frac{2\sqrt{n}}{n} + \dots + \sin \frac{(n-1)\sqrt{n}}{n} \right)$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} \frac{1}{n} \left( \sin \frac{i\sqrt{n}}{n} \right) \Rightarrow \Delta x = \frac{1}{n} \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_0^1 \sin(x\sqrt{n}) = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \cos \pi x \Big|_0^1 = \frac{2}{\sqrt{n}}$$

5) Prove:

$$\frac{2}{3} < \int_0^1 \sqrt{x} e^x dx < e-1$$

Since  $x^{\frac{2}{3}} \leq \sqrt{x} e^x \leq e^x$

$$\int_0^1 \sqrt{x} dx < \int_0^1 \sqrt{x} e^x dx < \int_0^1 e^x dx$$

$$\frac{2}{3} < \int_0^1 \sqrt{x} e^x dx < e-1$$

Prove:

$$\ln 2 < \int_0^{3/4} \frac{2^x}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx < \frac{1}{\ln 2}$$

Since:  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} \leq \frac{2^x}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} \leq 2^x$

$$\int_0^{3/4} \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} < \int_0^{3/4} \frac{2^x}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx < \int_0^{3/4} 2^x dx$$

$$\ln 2 < \int_0^{3/4} \frac{2^x}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx < \frac{2^{3/4} - 1}{\ln 2} < \frac{1}{\ln 2}$$

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \left( \frac{\sin 5x}{\sin x} \right)^2 dx = \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\sin^2 5x}{\sin^2 x} = 5x \Big|_0^{\pi/2} = \frac{5\pi}{2}$$