

$$2) \int \cos^5(4x+3) dx \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} u=4x+3 \\ du=4dx \\ dx=\frac{du}{4} \end{array} \right| = \frac{1}{4} \int \cos^5 u du =$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \int \cos^4 u \cdot \underbrace{\cos u}_{d(\sin u)} du = \frac{1}{4} \int (1 - \sin^2 u)^2 d(\sin u) \quad | t = \sin u =$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \int (1 - t^2)^2 dt = \frac{1}{4} \int (1 - 2t^2 + t^4) dt = \frac{t}{4} - \frac{2}{21} t^3 + \frac{t^5}{35} + C =$$

$$\frac{\sin(4x+3)}{4} - \frac{2}{21} \sin^3(4x+3) + \frac{\sin^5(4x+3)}{35} + C$$

$$b) \int \cosh^4 x dx = \int \left(\frac{\cosh 2x + 1}{2} \right)^2 dx = \frac{1}{4} \int (\cosh 2x + 1)^2 dx =$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \int (\cosh^2 2x + 2 \cosh 2x + 1) dx = \frac{1}{4} \int \cosh^2 2x + \frac{1}{2} \int \cosh 2x + \int dx =$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{\cosh^2 t}{2} dt + \frac{1}{4} \sinh 2x + x + C = \frac{1}{8} \int \frac{\cosh^2 t + 1}{2} dt + \frac{1}{4} \sinh 2x + \frac{x}{4} + C =$$

$$= \frac{1}{16} \int (\cosh^2 t + 1) dt + \frac{1}{4} \sinh 2x + \frac{x}{4} + C =$$

$$= \frac{1}{32} \sinh 4x + \frac{1}{8} x + \frac{1}{4} \sinh 2x + \frac{x}{4} + C$$

$$c) \int \sin^4(2x) \cos^2(2x) dx \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} u=2x \\ du=2dx \\ dx=\frac{du}{2} \end{array} \right| = \frac{1}{2} \int \sin^4 u \cos^2 u du =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int \left(\frac{1 - \cos 2u}{2} \right)^2 \left(\frac{1 + \cos 2u}{2} \right) du = \frac{1}{16} \int (1 - 2\cos 2u + \cos^2 2u) \cdot$$

$$\cdot (1 + \cos 2u) du = \frac{1}{16} \int (1 + \cos 2u - 2\cos 2u - 2\cos^2 2u +$$

$$+ \cos^2 2u + \cos^3 2u) du = \frac{1}{16} \int (1 - \cos 2u - \cos^2 2u + \cos^3 2u) du =$$

$$= \frac{u}{16} - \frac{\sin 2u}{32} - \frac{1}{16} \int \cos^2 2u du + \frac{1}{16} \int \cos^3 2u du =$$

$$\int \cos^2 2u \, du = \frac{1}{2} \int (1 + \cos 4u) \, du = \frac{u}{2} + \frac{\sin 4u}{8}$$

$$\int \cos^3 2u \, du = \int (1 - \sin^2 2u) \cos 2u \, du \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} t = \sin 2u \\ dt = 2 \cos 2u \, du \\ du = \frac{dt}{2 \cos 2u} \end{array} \right. =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int (1 - t^2) \, dt = \frac{t}{2} - \frac{t^3}{6} = \frac{\sin 2u}{2} - \frac{\sin^3 2u}{6}$$

$$= \frac{u}{16} - \frac{\sin 2u}{32} - \frac{u}{32} - \frac{\sin 4u}{128} + \frac{\sin 2u}{32} - \frac{\sin^3 2u}{96} + C =$$

$$= \frac{x}{16} - \frac{\sin 8x}{128} - \frac{\sin^3 4x}{96} + C$$

$$4) \quad a) \quad \int \frac{\cos^3 x}{\sqrt{\sin x}} \, dx = \int \frac{\cos x (1 - \sin^2 x)}{\sqrt{\sin x}} \, dx \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} u = \sin x \\ du = \cos x \, dx \end{array} \right. =$$

$$= \int \frac{1 - u^2}{\sqrt{u}} \, du = \int \frac{du}{\sqrt{u}} - \int u^{\frac{3}{2}} \, du = 2\sqrt{u} - \frac{2}{5} u^{\frac{5}{2}} + C =$$

$$= 2\sqrt{\sin x} - \frac{2}{5} \sin^{\frac{5}{2}} x + C$$

$$b) \quad \int \coth^3(2x+3) \, dx \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} u = 2x+3 \\ du = 2 \, dx \end{array} \right. = \frac{1}{2} \int \coth^3 u \, du =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int \coth u \cdot \left(\frac{1}{\sinh^2 u} + 1 \right) \, du = \frac{1}{2} \left[\int \frac{\coth u}{\sinh^2 u} \, du + \int \coth u \, du \right] =$$

$$\int \frac{\coth u}{\sinh^2 u} \, du = \int \frac{\cosh u}{\sinh^3 u} \, du \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} v = \sinh u \\ dv = \cosh u \, du \end{array} \right. = \int \frac{dv}{v^3} = -\frac{1}{2v^2} =$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2\sinh^2 u} + C$$

$$\int \coth u \, du = \int \frac{\cosh u}{\sinh u} \, du \left| \begin{array}{l} v = \sinh u \\ dv = \cosh u \, du \end{array} \right. = \int \frac{dv}{v} = \ln |\sinh u| + C$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \ln |\sinh(2x+3)| - \frac{1}{4 \sinh^2(2x+3)} + C$$

$$\begin{aligned} c) \int \cot^4(2-x) \, dx & \left| \begin{array}{l} u = 2-x \\ du = -dx \end{array} \right. = - \int \cot^4 u \, du = \\ & = - \left[\int \left(\frac{1}{\sin^2 u} - 1 \right) \cot^2 u \, du \right] = - \int \frac{\cot^2 u}{\sin^2 u} \, du + \int \cot^2 u \, du = \end{aligned}$$

$$\int \frac{\cot^2 u}{\sin^2 u} \, du \left| \begin{array}{l} v = \cot u \\ dv = -\frac{dx}{\sin^2 x} \end{array} \right. = - \int v^2 \, dv = -\frac{v^3}{3} + C$$

$$\int \cot^2 u \, du = -\cot u - u + C$$

$$= \frac{\cot^3(2-x)}{3} - \cot(2-x) - (2-x) + C$$

$$d) \int \sin 5x \sin 7x \, dx = \int \frac{\cos(-2x) - \cos(12x)}{2} \, dx =$$

$$= \int \frac{\cos 2x}{2} \, dx - \int \frac{\cos 12x}{2} \, dx = \frac{\sin 2x}{4} - \frac{\sin 12x}{24} + C$$

$$e) \int \frac{\sin x}{1+5\cos x} \, dx \left| \begin{array}{l} u = 1+5\cos x \\ du = -5\sin x \, dx \end{array} \right. = -\frac{1}{5} \int \frac{du}{u} =$$

$$= -\frac{1}{5} \ln |1+5\cos x|$$

$$6. a) \int \frac{dx}{2\sin x + \cos x + 3} \left| \begin{array}{l} x = 2 \arctan t \\ dx = \frac{2 \, dt}{1+t^2} \\ \cos x = \frac{1-t^2}{1+t^2} \\ \sin x = \frac{2t}{1+t^2} \end{array} \right. =$$

$$= \int \frac{\frac{2dt}{1+t^2}}{\frac{4t}{1+t^2} + \frac{1-t^2}{1+t^2} + 3} = \int \frac{2dt}{1+t^2} \cdot \frac{1+t^2}{2t^2+4t+4} = \int \frac{dt}{t^2+2t+2} =$$

$$= \int \frac{dt}{(t+1)^2+1} = \arctan(t+1) + C = \arctan(\tan \frac{x}{2} + 1) + C$$

$$b) \int \frac{dx}{3\sin x - 4\cos x} \Big| \text{same stuff} = \int \frac{\frac{2dt}{1+t^2}}{\frac{6t}{1+t^2} - \frac{4-4t^2}{1+t^2}} =$$

$$= \int \frac{2dt}{1+t^2} \cdot \frac{1+t^2}{4t^2+6t-4} = \int \frac{dt}{2t^2+3t-2} = -\frac{1}{5} \int \frac{dt}{t+2} + \frac{2}{5} \int \frac{dt}{2t-1} =$$

$$= -\frac{\ln|t+2|}{5} + \frac{\ln|2t-1|}{5} + C = -\frac{\ln|\tan \frac{x}{2} + 2|}{5} + \frac{\ln|2\tan \frac{x}{2} - 1|}{5} + C$$

$$7) a) \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1-x^2} \cdot \sqrt[6]{\arcsin x}} \Big| \begin{matrix} u = \arcsin x \\ du = \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \end{matrix} = \int \frac{du}{\sqrt[6]{u}} =$$

$$= \frac{7}{6} (\arcsin x)^{6/7}$$

$$b) \int \frac{\cos(\log_8 5x+8)}{x} dx \Big| \begin{matrix} u = \log_8 5x+8 \\ du = \frac{dx}{x \ln 8} \end{matrix} =$$

$$= \int \cos u \cdot \ln 8 du = \ln 8 \int \cos u du = \ln 8 \cdot \sin(\log_8 5x+8) + C$$

$$c) \int \frac{2x+3}{\sqrt{15-6x-x^2}} dx = \int \frac{-(-2x-6)-3}{\sqrt{15-6x-x^2}} dx =$$

$$= - \int \frac{-2x-6}{\sqrt{15-6x-x^2}} \left| \begin{array}{l} u=15-6x-x^2 \\ du=(-2x-6)dx \end{array} \right| - 3 \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{24-(x+3)^2}} =$$

$$= - \int \frac{du}{\sqrt{u}} - 3 \arcsin\left(\frac{x+3}{\sqrt{24}}\right) + C = -2\sqrt{15-6x-x^2} - 3 \arcsin\left(\frac{x+3}{\sqrt{24}}\right) + C$$