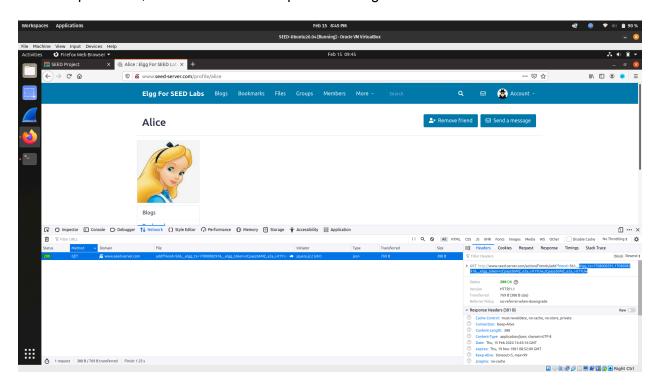
At first I checked that the site had XSS script vulnerabilities as I was able to run in the profile input part.

Type - 1: Becoming the Victim's Friend

To implement it, I first checked what api it was using when I click add friend.

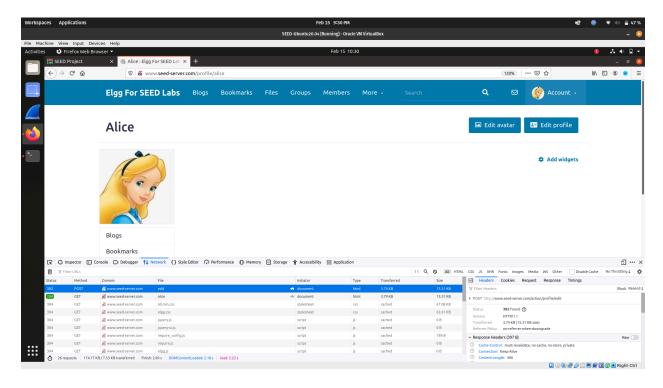


When I saw this, my next question was how to know Samy's id. So, I went to another user account and saw the id of Samy while sending request. And then I just used that route in the about me of Samy's profile in a script.

Type - 2: Modifying the Victim's Profile

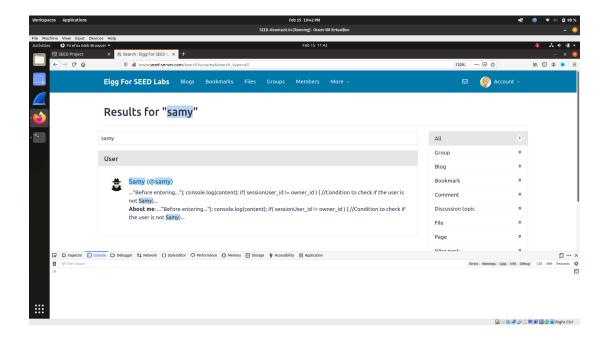
For this part, I saw which api it was hitting when editing. It is a post method:

http://www.seed-server.com/action/profile/edit

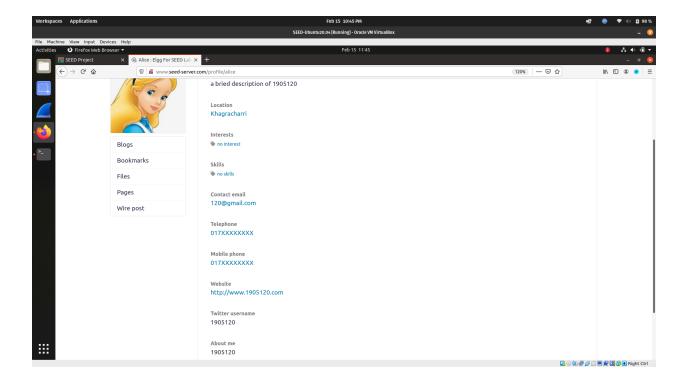


Then, I looked into the fields of the edit profile and added them in the content with encodeURIComponent. That way I built the script and added it in the Samy's description.

Now, if Alice visits Samy's profile the script will run and Alice's profile info will get updated:



Alice's updated info:

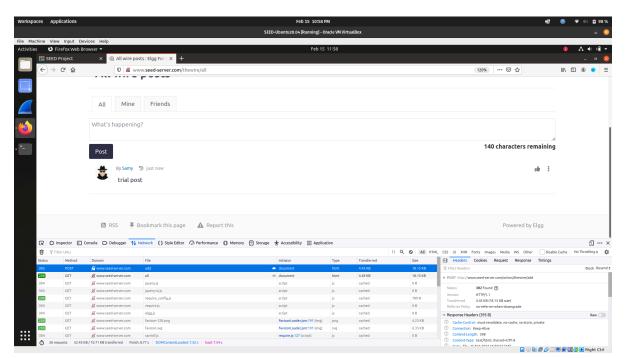


Task 3: Posting on the Wire on Behalf of the Victim

It's almost same as task 2.

For this, I first tried to find the api which was used while posting on the wire.

The api: http://www.seed-server.com/action/thewire/add



This route takes body property and post it in the wire. So, I included that link in the body while posting:

```
"Body": "To earn 12 USD/HOUR(!), visit now: http://www.seed-server.com/profile/Samy"
```

Task 4: Design a Self-Propagating Worm

This is just a combination of the first three tasks. The only difference is that instead of writing roll in the description I am adding **wormCode** instead of my student id in task2. This will make it self propagating worm.

Another change is in the fact that we used the user's own profile link instead Samy's link as we did in task 3.

```
"Body": "To earn 12 USD/HOUR(!), visit now: http://www.seed-server.com/profile/user name"
```

Here, user name = elgg.session.user.name

Another thing I did in every task is ensuring that attacker is not affected by the attack when he visits his own profile.

```
var sessionUser_id = elgg.session.user.guid; \v
var owner_id = elgg.page_owner.guid;
```

I just checked whether sessionUser_id is the same as owner_id. If they are same, the attack won't happen