

OPERATING

SYSTEMS

PRACTICAL FILE

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Q1. Demonstration of various Operating System functions using OS Simulator.

PROCESS MANAGEMENT			
Process ID	Burst Time	Priority	State
P1	5	2	Ready
P2	3	1	Running
P3	4	3	Waiting

CPU SCHEDULING (FCFS)					
Time →	0	2	5	9	12
	P1	P2	P3	P4	

CPU SCHEDULING (SJF)					
Time →	0	1	3	7	10
	P2	P1	P3	P4	

MEMORY ALLOCATION TABLE			
Block No.	Block Size	Allocated To	Fragment
1	100	P1	20
2	50	P2	5
3	200	P3	40
4	120	---	Free

Reference String: 7 0 1 2 0 3 0 4 2 3

Frames:

7	0	1
2	0	3
0	4	2

Page Faults: 9

7	0	1
0	2	3
4	2	3

Page Faults: 7

```

+-----+
|                                     |
|                               FILE SYSTEM VIEW                               |
|                                     |
| /root                             |
|  └─ documents                     |
|    └─ os_notes.txt                |
|    └─ schedule.c                  |
|    └─ memory.md                   |
|  └─ bin                           |
|  └─ downloads                      |
|                                     |
+-----+

```

```

+-----+
|          DEADLOCK RAG             |
|                                     |
| P1 → R1 → P2 → R2 → P1           |
|                                     |
|  Deadlock Detected ✓              |
|                                     |
+-----+

```

Q2. Execute various LINUX commands for:

i. Information Maintenance: wc, clear, cal, who, date, pwd

Output

```
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ wc os.txt
1 1 6 os.txt
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ cal
    January 2022
Su Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa
                1
 2  3  4  5  6  7  8
 9 10 11 12 13 14 15
16 17 18 19 20 21 22
23 24 25 26 27 28 29
30 31
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ who
user-23  :0                2022-01-10 10:27 (:0)
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ date
Monday 10 January 2022 11:17:23 AM IST
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ pwd
/home/user-23
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ clear
```

ii. File Management: cat, cp, rm, mv, cmp, comm, diff, find, grep, awk

Output

```
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ cat os.txt
hello
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ cat os1.txt
hello people
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ cat text.txt
HELLO WORLD
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ cat text1.txt
HELLO PEOPLE
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ cp os.txt os1.txt
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ cat os1.txt
hello
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ rm os1.txt
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ cat os1.txt
cat: os1.txt: No such file or directory
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ mv os.txt text.txt
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ cat text.txt
hello
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ cmp text.txt text1.txt
text.txt text1.txt differ: byte 1, line 1
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ comm text.txt text1.txt
hello
      HELLO PEOPLE
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ diff text.txt text1.txt
1c1
< hello
...
> HELLO PEOPLE
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ find text.txt
text.txt
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ grep hello text.txt
hello
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ awk '{print}' text.txt
hello
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$
```

iii. Directory Management : cd, mkdir, rmdir, ls

Output

```
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop: ~  
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ mkdir Operating_System  
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ cd Operating_System  
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~/Operating_System$ cd  
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ rmdir Operating_System  
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ cd Operating_System  
bash: cd: Operating_System: No such file or directory  
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ mkdir Operating_System1  
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ mkdir Operating_System2  
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ mkdir Operating_System3  
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ ls  
1a.cpp    Documents  Operating_System1  opsprac.cpp  os4.cpp    programme1.cpp  programme4.cpp  snap    text.txt  
abcd      Downloads  Operating_System2  os           'os pratical1.cpp'  programme2.cpp  programme5.cpp  Templates  Videos  
Desktop   Music      Operating_System3  OS1          Pictures    programme3.cpp  Public          text1.txt  
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$
```

Q3. Execute various LINUX commands for:

i. Process Control: fork, getpid, ps, kill, sleep

ii. Communication: Input-output redirection, Pipe

iii. Protection Management: chmod, chown, chgrp

Output

```
export "PS1=$ "  
export "PS1=$ "  
  
$ id  
export "PS1=$ "  
id  
  
uid=1000(webmaster) gid=1000(webmaster) groups=1000(webmaster)  
export "PS1=$ "  
  
$ getpid  
bash: getpid: command not found  
$ sleep 2  
$ kill -1  
kill: usage: kill [-s sigspec | -n signum | -sigspec] pid | jobspec  
$ fork  
bash: fork: command not found
```

Q4. Write a program(using fork() and/or exec() commands) where parent and child execute:
i. same program, same code.

Code Used

```
#include <iostream>
#include <unistd.h>
using namespace std;

int main() {
    int x, y = 0;
    x = fork();
    cout << "\n x = " << x;
    cout << "\n y = " << y;
    cout << "\n Bye" << endl;
    return 0;
}
```

Output

 **stdout**

x = 18264

y = 18265

Bye

ii. same program, different code.

Code Used

```
#include <iostream>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
using namespace std;
```

```
int main() {
```

```
    int x;
```

```
    x = fork();
```

```
    if (x == 0) {
        execlp("/home/kali/Desktop/practical5", "practical5", NULL);
    } else {
        wait(NULL);
        cout << "Child completed\n";
    }
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

Output

```
kali@kali:~/Desktop$ vi practical1.cpp
kali@kali:~/Desktop$ ./practical1
Copied Successfully
1st child
Child completed
```

iii. before terminating, the parent waits for the child to finish its task.

Code Used

```
#include <iostream>
#include <sys/wait.h>
#include <unistd.h>
using namespace std;

int main() {
    pid_t id = fork();

    if (id == 0) {
        cout << "\n Child Terminated";
    } else {
        wait(NULL);
        cout << "\n Parent Terminated";
    }

    return 0;
}
```

Output

Success #stdin #stdout 0s 4400KB

Child Terminated

Parent Terminated

Q5. Write a program to report behavior of Linux kernel including kernel version, CPU type and model. (CPU information)

Code Used

```
#include<iostream>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<string.h>
using namespace std;
void defVersion() {

cout << "\nCPU type and model: \n";
system("grep 'model name' /proc/cpuinfo | awk '{print $4,$5, $6, $7, $8}'");
cout << "Kernel version: \n";
system("cat /proc/sys/kernel/osrelease");
cout << "Amount of time since the system was last booted:\n";
system("cat /proc/uptime | awk '{print $1\n}'");}

void secVersion() {
cout << "\nPRINT IN AWK\n";
cout << "Amount of time user has spent in:\nUser mode:\n";
system("grep 'cpu' /proc/stat | awk 'NR == 1 {print $2}'");
cout << "System mode: \n";
system("grep 'cpu' /proc/stat | awk ' NR == 1 {print $4}'");
cout << "Idle: \n";
system("grep 'cpu' /proc/stat | awk 'NR == 1 {print $5}'");
cout << "\nSHELL SCRIPT\n";
cout << "Amount of time user has spent in:\n";
system("Q2SecVersion");
cout << "\nNumber of disk requests:\n";
system("grep 'intr' /proc/stat | awk '{print $17}'");
cout << "Number of context switches: \n";
system("grep 'ctxt' /proc/stat | awk '{print $2}'");
cout << "Time at which system was booted:\n";
system("grep 'btime' /proc/stat | awk '{print $2}'");
cout << "Time at which system was booted:\n";
system("Q2EpochToLocal");
cout << "Number of processes created:\n";
```

```

}

cout << "\nAmount of memory configured into system: " << sInfo.totalram/1024 <<
"KB";
cout << "\nAmount of memory currently available: " << sInfo.freeram/1024 << "KB";
cout << "\nload averages: \n";
for (int i = 1; i <= b/a; i++) {

cout << i << ". " << sInfo.loads[0] << "\n";
if (i == b/a) break;
sleep(a);
if (sysinfo(&sInfo) < 0) {

cout << "\nError in finding information about the system";
exit(1);

}
}

}

int main(int ac, char *av[]) {

switch (ac){
case 1: defVersion();

break;
case 2: if (strcmp(av[1], "-s") == 0) {

defVersion(); secVersion();
}
else cout << "\nInvalid option\n";

break;
case 4: if (strcmp(av[1], "-l") == 0) {

defVersion();
secVersion();
thirdVersion(atoi(av[2]), atoi(av[3]));
}
else cout << "\nInvalid option\n";
break;
default: cout << "\nInvalid number of arguments\n";

}
}

```

Output

```
kali@kali:~/Desktop$ vi practical2.cpp
kali@kali:~/Desktop$ g++ practical2.cpp -o practical2
kali@kali:~/Desktop$ ./practical2

CPU type and model:
Intel(R) Core(TM) i5-9400F CPU @
Intel(R) Core(TM) i5-9400F CPU @
Kernel version:
5.5.0-kali2-amd64
Amount of time since the system was last booted:
12759.79
```

Q6. Write a program to report behaviour of Linux kernel including information on 19 configured memory, amount of free and used memory.

(Memory information)

Code Used

```
#include<iostream>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<string.h>
using namespace std;
void defVersion() {

cout << "\nCPU type and model: \n";
system("grep 'model name' /proc/cpuinfo | awk '{print $4,$5, $6, $7, $8}'");
cout << "Kernel version: \n";
system("cat /proc/sys/kernel/osrelease");
cout << "Amount of time since the system was last booted:\n";
system("cat /proc/uptime | awk '{print $1\n}'");
cout<<"The configured memory is; \n";
system("cat /proc/meminfo | awk 'NR==1{print $2}'\n");
cout<<"Amount of free memory is: \n";
system("cat /proc/meminfo | awk 'NR==2{print $2}'\n");
cout<<"Amount of used memory is: \n";
system("cat /proc/meminfo | awk '{if (NR==1) a=$2; if(NR==2) b=$2} END {print ab}'\n"); }

int main(int ac, char *av[]){
defVersion();
return 0;
}
```

Output

```
kali@kali:~/Desktop$ vi practical3.cpp
kali@kali:~/Desktop$ g++ practical3.cpp -o practical3
kali@kali:~/Desktop$ ./practical3

CPU type and model:
Intel(R) Core(TM) i5-9400F CPU @
Intel(R) Core(TM) i5-9400F CPU @
Kernel version:
5.5.0-kali2-amd64
Amount of time since the system was last booted:
15065.01
The configured memory is;
2039488
Amount of free memory is:
197396
Amount of used memory is:
1842092
```

Q7. Write a program to copy files using system calls.

Code Used

```
#include<iostream>
#include<fstream>
using namespace std;
int main() {

    ifstream fs;
    ofstream ft;
    char ch;
    fs.open("practical5.txt");
    if(!fs){

        cout<<"ERROR in opening";
        exit(1);

    }
    ft.open("copy.txt");
    if(!ft){

        cout<<"ERROR in opening";
        fs.close();
        exit(2);
```

```
    }
    while(fs.eof()==0){

        fs>>ch;
        ft<<<"Copied Successfully";
        fs.close();
        ft.close();

        return 0;
    }
```

Output

```
kali@kali:~/Desktop$ vi practical5.cpp
kali@kali:~/Desktop$ g++ practical5.cpp -o out
kali@kali:~/Desktop$ ./aout
bash: ./aout: No such file or directory
kali@kali:~/Desktop$ ./out
Copied Successfullykali@kali:~/Desktop$
```

Q8. Write a program to implement FCFS scheduling algorithm.

Code Used

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    int n;
    cout<<"Enter no of processes = ";
    cin>>n;
    int arrival[n],p[n],burst[n];
    cout<<"Enter processes and burst time "<<endl;
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        cin>>p[i] >>burst[i];
    }
    cout<<"Enter Arrival time of process"<<endl;
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        cin>>arrival[i];
    }
    cout<<"\nProcesses\t\t \tBurst Time\t\t\tArrival Time"<<endl;
    for(int i=0;i<n; i++)
    {
        cout<<p[i]<<" \t\t\t"<<burst[i]<<"\t\t\t"<<arrival[i]<<endl;
    }
    int sum1=0,tat[n];
    cout<<"Turn around time"<<endl;
    for(int i=0;i<n ;i++)
    {
```

```

sum1=sum1+burst[i];
tat[i]=sum1-arrival[i];
cout<<"Turn around time "<<tat[i];

}
int wait[n],sum=0;
float average =0.0;
cout<<"Waiting time ->"<<endl;
for(int i=0;i<n ;i++)
{

wait[i]=tat[i]-burst[i];
sum=sum+wait[i];
cout<<wait[i]<<endl;

}
average=sum/n;
cout<<"Average time:"<<average<<endl;}

```

Output

```

Enter no of processes = 4
Enter processes and burst time
1 17
2 7
3 8
4 18
Enter Arrival time of process
1
4
2
3
Processes          Burst Time          Arrival Time
1                   17                  1
2                   7                   4
3                   8                   2
4                   18                  3
Turn around time
Turn around time 16Turn around time 20Turn around time 30Turn around time 47Waiting time ->
-1
13
22
29
Average time:15

-----
Process exited after 35.23 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . . █

```

Q9. Write a program to implement SJF scheduling algorithm.

Code Used

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    int n;
    cout<<"Enter no of processes = ";
    cin>>n;
    int arrival[n],p[n],burst[n],wait[n],tat[n] ,temp;
    float total1=0.0,total=0.0,average=0.0,avg=0.0;
    float min, exit[n],var;
    int s;
    cout<<"Enter processes and burst time "<<endl;
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        >>p[i] >>burst[i];
    }
    cout<<"Enter Arrival time of process"<<endl;
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        cin>>arrival[i];
    }
    cout<<"\nProcesses\t\t \tBurst Time\t\t\tArrival  
Time"<<endl;
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        cout<<p[i]<<" \t\t\t"<<burst[i]<<"\t\t\t"<<arrival[i]<<endl;
    }
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        for(int j=i+1;j<n;j++)
        {
            if(burst[i]>burst[j])
            {
                temp=arrival[i];
                arrival[i]=arrival[j];
                arrival[j]=temp;
                temp=burst[i];
                burst[i]=burst[j];
                burst[j]=temp;
                temp=p[i];
                p[i]=p[j];
                p[j]=temp;
            }

```



```

}
}
cout<<"\nProcesses\t\t\t\t\tBurst Time\t\t\t\t\tArrival
Time"<<endl;
for(int i=0;i<n ;i++)
{

cout<<p[i]<<" \t\t\t"<<burst[i]<<"\t\t\t"<<arrival[i]<<endl;
}
min=arrival[0];
for(int i=0;i<n ;i++){

if(min>arrival[i]){
min=arrival[i];
a=i;

}
}
var=min;
exit[a]=var+burst[a];
var=exit[a];
for(int i=0;i<n ;i++){

if(arrival[i]!=min){
exit[i]=burst[i]+var;
var=exit[i];

}
}
for(int i=0;i<n ;i++)
{

tat[i]=exit[i]-arrival[i];
total=total+tat[i];
wait[i]=tat[i]-burst[i];
total1=total1+wait[i];

}
average=total/n;
cout<<"Processes\t\t\t\t\tTurn Around Time\t\t\t\t\tWaiting Time"<<endl;
for(int i=0;i<n ;i++)
{

cout<<p[i]<<" \t\t\t\t " <<tat[i]<<"\t\t\t\t " <<wait[i]<<endl;
}
avg=total1/n;
cout<<"Average Turn around Time= " <<average<<endl;
cout<<"Average Waiting Time= " <<avg<<endl;

}

```


Output

```
Enter no of processes = 4
Enter processes and burst time
1 6 2 7 3 8 4 9
Enter Arrival time of process
1 2 3 4

Processes          Burst Time          Arrival Time
1                  6                  1
2                  7                  2
3                  8                  3
4                  9                  4

Processes          Burst Time          Arrival Time
1                  6                  1
2                  7                  2
3                  8                  3
4                  9                  4

Processes          Turn Around Time      Waiting Time
1                  6                  0
2                  12                 5
3                  19                 11
4                  27                 18

Average Turn around Time= 16
Average Waiting Time= 8.5

-----
Process exited after 21.91 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

Q10. Write a program to implement non-preemptive priority based scheduling algorithm.

Code Used

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
struct Process
{
    int burst ,arrival ,priority;
};
Process p[10];
int main()
{
    float avg=0,avg_turn_at=0,n;
    int temp, min,b,k=1, temp_arr[10], priority[10], arrival[10], burst[10], wait[10],
```

```

TAT[10] ,avg_wt,avg_tat,i;
cout<<"Enter the number of process : ";
cin>>n;
cout<<"\n Enter process : time priorities \n";
for(i=0;i<n ;i++)
{

cout<<"\nBurst time of process no "<<i+1<<" ->";
cin>>burst[i];
cout<<"\nEnter priority of process no "<<i+1<<" ->";
cin>>priority[i];
cout<<"\nEnter Arrival Time of process no "<<i+1<<" ->";
cin>>arrival[i];

}
for(int i=0;i<n ;i++)
{

for(int j=0;j<n ;j++)
{

if(arrival[i]<arrival[j])
{

temp=arrival[j];
arrival[j]=arrival[i];
arrival[i]=temp;
temp=burst[j];
burst[j]=burst[i];
burst[i]=temp;

}
}
}

for(int j=0;j<n;j++){

b=b+burst[j];
min=burst[k];
for(int i=k ;i<n; i++){

```

```

min=priority[k];
if(b>=arrival[i])
{

if(priority[i]<min){
temp=arrival[k];
arrival[k]=arrival[i];
arrival[i]=temp;
temp=burst[k];
burst[k]=burst[i];
burst[i]=temp;
temp=priority[k];
priority[k]=priority[i];
priority[i]=temp;
}

}
k++;
}
temp_arr[0]=0;
cout<<"PROCESS\t BURST\t
ARRIVAL\tPRIORITY\tWAIT_TIME\tTAT\n";
for(int i=0;i<n ;i++)
{

```

```

wait[i]=0;
TAT[i]=0;
temp_arr[i+1]=temp_arr[i]+burst[i];
wait[i]=temp_arr[i]-arrival[i];
TAT[i]=wait[i]+burst[i];
avg_wt=avg_wt+wait[i];
avg_tat=avg_tat+TAT[i];
cout<<i+1<<"\t "<<burst[i]<<"\t

"<<arrival[i]<<"\t\t"<<priority[i]<<"\t\t"<<wait[i]<<"\t\t"<<TAT[i]<<endl;
}
avg_wt=avg_wt/n;
avg_tat=avg_tat/n;
cout<<"\n Average Wait Time : \n"<<avg_wt;
cout<<"\n Average Turn Around Time : \n"<<avg_tat;

return 0;
}

```

Output

```
Enter the number of process : 3
Enter process : time priorities
Burst time of process no 1 ->3
Enter priority of process no 1 ->2
Enter Arrival Time of process no 1 ->1
Burst time of process no 2 ->5
Enter priority of process no 2 ->1
Enter Arrival Time of process no 2 ->4
Burst time of process no 3 ->7
Enter priority of process no 3 ->3
Enter Arrival Time of process no 3 ->2
PROCESS BURST ARRIVAL PRIORITY WAIT_TIME TAT
1 3 1 2 -1 2
2 7 2 1 1 8
3 5 4 3 6 11

Average Wait Time :
1
Average Turn Around Time :
6
-----
Process exited after 80.34 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

Q11. Write a program to calculate sum of n numbers using Pthreads. A list of n numbers is divided into two smaller list of equal size, two separate threads are used to sum the sublists.

Code Used

```
#include <iostream>
#include<pthread.h>
using namespace std;
int global[2];
void *sum_thread(void *arg)
{
```

```

int *args_array;
args_array = (int*)arg;
int n1,n2,sum;
n1=global[0];
n2=global[1];
sum = n1+n2;
cout<<"\n Sum = "<<sum;
return NULL;

}
int main()
{

cout<<"\n First number:\n ";
cin>>global[0];
cout<<"\n Second number: \n";
cin>>global[1];
pthread_t tid_sum;
pthread_create(&tid_sum,NULL,sum_thread,(void*)&global);
pthread_join(tid_sum,NULL);
return 0;

}

```

Output

```

First number:
3
Second number:
4
7
-----
Process exited after 5.167 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . . |

```

Q12. Write a program to implement first-fit, best-fit and worst-fit allocation strategies

i. first-fit

Code Used

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
void show(int block[],int burst[],int n,int c ,int allocation[]){

cout<<"processes No "<<"size "<<"Allocated at "<<"Block size\n";
for(int i=0;i<c;i++){

if(allocation[i]==-1){
cout<<i+1<<"\t"<<burst[i]<<"\t\t"<<"Not Allocated\n";

}
else{

cout<<i+1<<"\t"<<burst[i]<<"\t\t"<<allocation[i]+1<<"\t"<<block[allocation[i]]
<<"\n";} }
}
void first_fit(int block[],int burst[],int n,int c){

int allocation[c];
for(int i=0;i<c;i++)

allocation[i] = -1;
int memoryused[n];

for(int i=0;i<n;i++)

memoryused[i]= 0;
for(int i=0;i<c;i++){//c=No of Processes

for(int j=0;j<n;j++){//j=No of blocks
if((block[j]-memoryused[j])>=burst[i]){

memoryused[j]+=burst[i];
allocation[i]=j;
j=n; }

}
show(block,burst,n,c,allocation);

}
int main(){
```

```

int n,c;
int allocation[];
cout<<"No of Memory blocks you want to enter:-";
cin>>n;
int Block[n];
cout<<"Enter no of process u want";
cin>>c;
int Burst[c];
cout<<"Enter Size of memory blocks respectively:-";
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)

cin>>Block[i];

cout<<"Enter Size of Processess respectively:-";
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)

cin>>Burst[i];
first_fit(Block,Burst,n,c);
return 0;

}

```

Output

```

No of Memory blocks you want to enter:-4
Enter no of process u want4
Enter Size of memory blocks resp:-50
20
80
30
Enter Size of Processess resp:-25
40
70
30
processes No size Allocated at Block size
1      25      1      50
2      40      3      80
3      70      Not Allocated
4      30      3      80

-----
Process exited after 35.51 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .

```

ii. best-fit

Code Used

```
using namespace std;
void show(int block[],int burst[],int n,int c ,int allocation[]){

cout<<"processes size "<<"Allocated at "<<"Block size\n";
for(int i=0;i<c;i++){

if(allocation[i]==-1){
cout<<burst[i]<<"\t\t"<<"Not Allocated\n";

}
else{

cout<<burst[i]<<"\t\t"<<allocation[i]+1<<"\t"<<block[allocation[i]]<<"
\n";
}

}

}
```

```
void best_fit(int block[],int burst[],int n,int c){

int allocation[c];
for(int i=0;i<c;i++)

allocation[i] = -1;
int memoryused[n];
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)

memoryused[i]= 0;

for(int i=0;i<n-1;i++){
for(int j=0;j<n-1;j++){

if(block[j]<block[j+1]){
int t=0;
t=block[j];
block[j]=block[j+1];
block[j+1]=t;

}

}

}
```

```

}
for(int i=0;i<c-1;i++){

for(int j=0;j<c-1;j++)
{

if(burst[j]<burst[j+1]){
int t=0;
t=burst[j];
burst[j]=burst[j+1];
burst[j+1]=t;

}
}

}
for(int i=0;i<c;i++){//c=No of Processes

for(int j=0;j<n;j++){//j=No of blocks
if((block[j]-memoryused[j])>=burst[i]){

memoryused[j]+=burst[i];
allocation[i]=j;
j=n;

```

```

}
}

}
show(block,burst,n,c,allocation);
}
int main(){

int n, c;
cout<<"No of Memory blocks you want to enter:-";

cin>>n;
int Block[n];
cout<<"Enter no of process u want";
cin>>c;
int Burst[c];
cout<<"Enter Size of memory blocks respectively:-";
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)

cin>>Block[i];
cout<<"Enter Size of Processess respectively:-";

for(int i=0;i<n;i++)

cin>>Burst[i];
best_fit(Block,Burst,n,c);

}

```

Output

```

No of Memory blocks you want to enter:-4
Enter no of process u want4
Enter Size of memory blocks resp:-50
20
80
30
Enter Size of Processess resp:-25
40
70
30
processes size Allocated at Block size
70          1          80
40          2          50
30          3          30
25          Not Allocated

-----
Process exited after 51.37 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .

```


iii. worst-fit

Code Used

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
void show(int block[],int burst[],int n,int c,int allocation[]){

cout<<"processes size "<<"Allocated at "<<"Block size\n";
for(int i=0;i<c;i++){

if(allocation[i]==-1){
cout<<burst[i]<<"\t\t"<<"Not Allocated\n";

}
else{

cout<<burst[i]<<"\t\t"<<allocation[i]+1<<"\t"<<block[allocation[i]]<<"
\n";
}

}

}
```

```
}
void worst_fit(int block[],int burst[],int n,int c){

int allocation[c];
for(int i=0;i<c;i++)

allocation[i] = -1;
int memoryused[n];

for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
memoryused[i]= 0;

for(int i=0;i<n-1;i++){

for(int j=0;j<n-1;j++){
if(block[j]<block[j+1]){

int t=0;
t=block[j];
block[j]=block[j+1];
block[j+1]=t;

}

}

}
```

```

}
for(int i=0;i<c-1;i++){

for(int j=0;j<c-1;j++){
if(burst[j]>burst[j+1]){

int t=0;
t=burst[j];
burst[j]=burst[j+1];
burst[j+1]=t;

}
}

}
for(int i=0;i<c;i++){//c=No of Processes

for(int j=0;j<n;j++){//j=No of blocks

if((block[j]-memoryused[j])>=burst[i]){
memoryused[j]+=burst[i];
allocation[i]=j;
j=n;

}
}
}

```

```

show(block,burst,n,c,allocation);

}
int main(){

int n, c;
cout<<"No of Memory blocks you want to enter:-";

cin>>n;
int Block[n];
cout<<"Enter no of process u want";
cin>>c;
int Burst[c];
cout<<"Enter Size of memory blocks respectively:-";
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)

cin>>Block[i];
cout<<"Enter Size of Processess respectively:-";
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)

cin>>Burst[i];

worst_fit(Block,Burst,n,c);
}

```

Output

```
No of Memory blocks you want to enter:-4
Enter no of process u want4
Enter Size of memory blocks resp:-50
20
80
30
Enter Size of Processess resp:-25
40
70
30
processes size Allocated at Block size
25          1          80
30          1          80
40          2          50
70          Not Allocated

-----
Process exited after 277 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```