



OPERATING SYSTEMS

PRACTICAL FILE

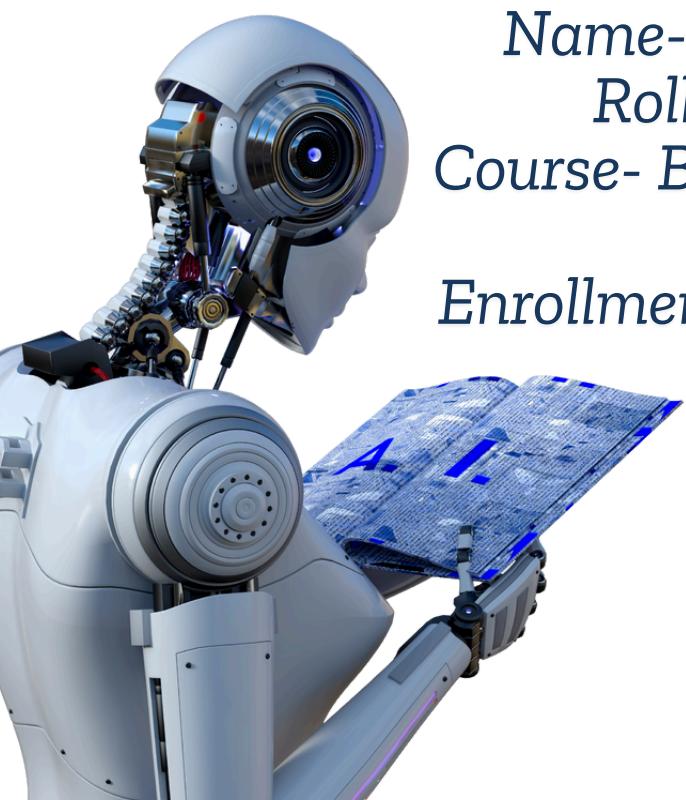
Submitted to-
DR. PARUL JAIN

Name- Aaradhya Sharma

Roll no.- 24/48009

Course- Bsc. Computer science
hons.

Enrollment No.- 24003570019



Q1. Demonstration of various Operating System functions using OS Simulator.

PROCESS MANAGEMENT				
Process ID	Burst Time	Priority	State	
P1	5	2	Ready	
P2	3	1	Running	
P3	4	3	Waiting	

CPU SCHEDULING (FCFS)					
Time →	0	2	5	9	12
	P1 P2 P3 P4				
CPU SCHEDULING (SJF)					
Time →	0	1	3	7	10
	P2 P1 P3 P4				

MEMORY ALLOCATION TABLE				
Block No.	Block Size	Allocated To	Fragment	
1	100	P1	20	
2	50	P2	5	
3	200	P3	40	
4	120	---	Free	

Reference String: 7 0 1 2 0 3 0 4 2 3

Frames:

7	0	1	
2	0	3	
0	4	2	

Page Faults: 9

7	0	1	
0	2	3	
4	2	3	

Page Faults: 7

+-----+
| FILE SYSTEM VIEW |
+-----+
| /root
| +-- documents
| | +-- os_notes.txt
| | +-- schedule.c
| | +-- memory.md
| +-- bin
| +-- downloads
+-----+

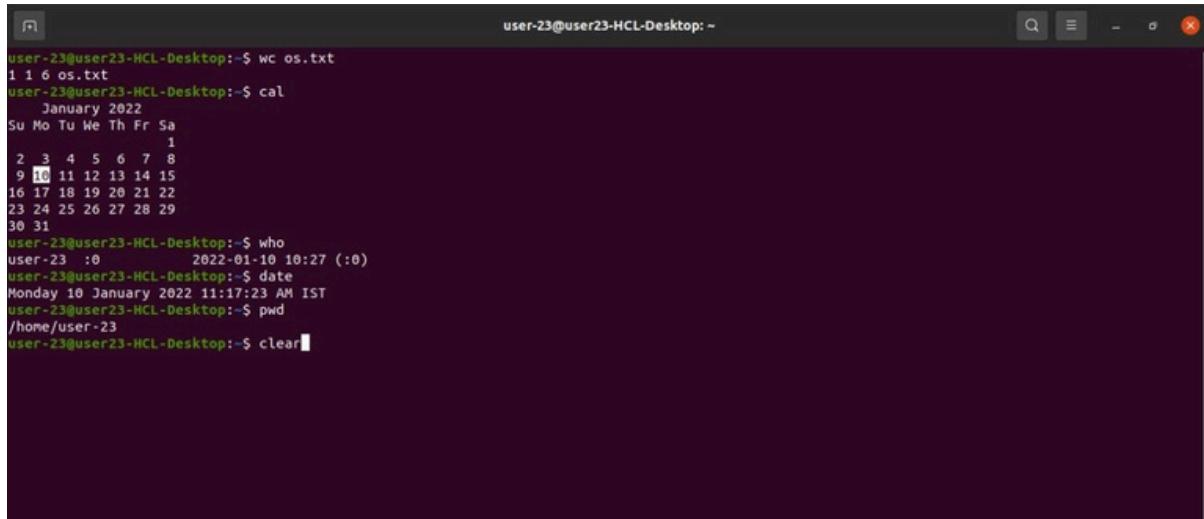
+-----+
| DEADLOCK RAG |
+-----+
| P1 → R1 → P2 → R2 → P1 |
| |
| Deadlock Detected ✓ |
+-----+

Q2. Execute various LINUX commands for:

- i. Information Maintenance: wc, clear, cal, who, date, pwd
- ii. File Management: cat, cp, rm, mv, cmp, comm, diff, find, grep, awk
- iii. Directory Management : cd, mkdir, rmdir, ls

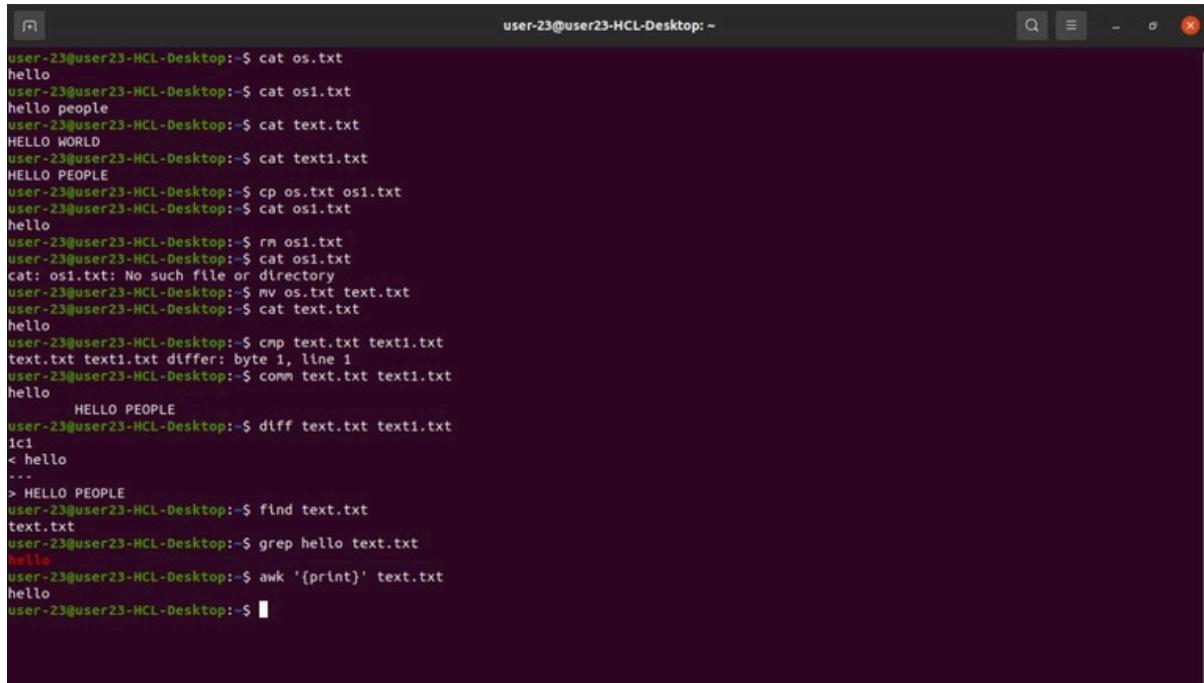
Output-

i.



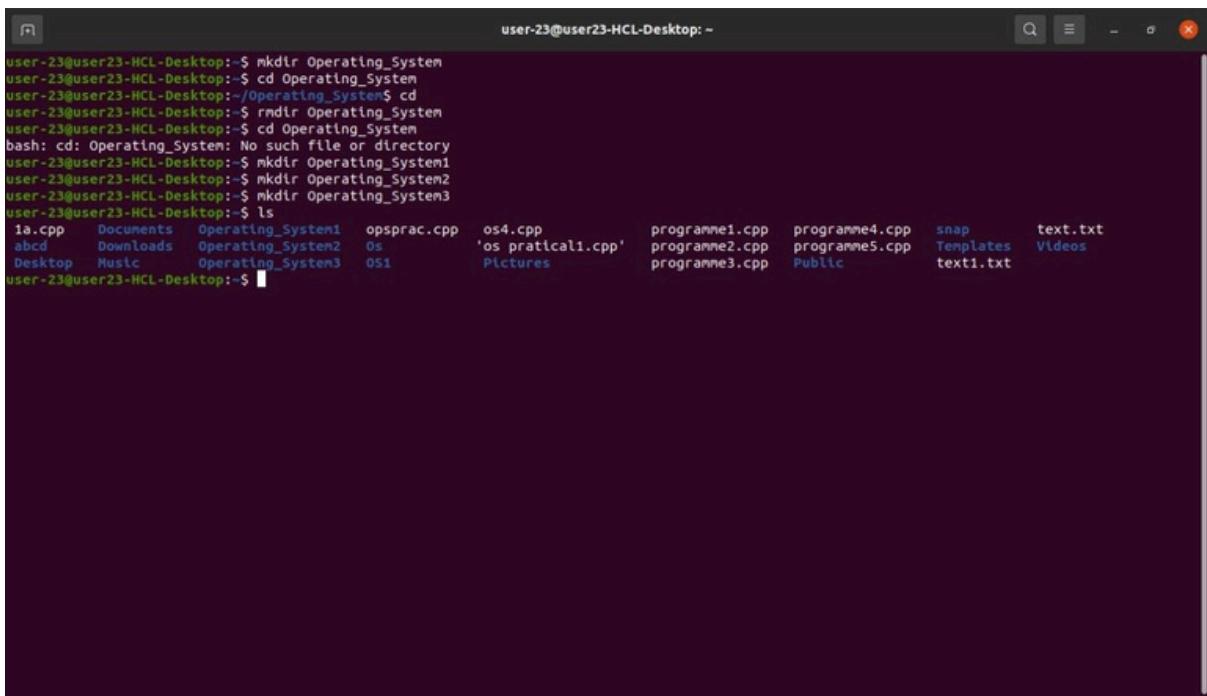
```
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ wc os.txt
1 1 6 os.txt
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ cal
January 2022
Su Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa
      1
 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
 9 10 11 12 13 14 15
16 17 18 19 20 21 22
23 24 25 26 27 28 29
30 31
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ who
user-23 :0 2022-01-10 10:27 (:0)
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ date
Monday 10 January 2022 11:17:23 AM IST
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ pwd
/home/user-23
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ clear
```

ii.



```
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ cat os.txt
hello
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ cat os1.txt
hello people
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ cat text.txt
HELLO WORLD
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ cat text1.txt
HELLO PEOPLE
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ cp os.txt os1.txt
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ cat os1.txt
hello
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ rm os1.txt
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ cat os1.txt
cat: os1.txt: No such file or directory
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ mv os.txt text.txt
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ cat text.txt
hello
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ cmp text.txt text1.txt
text.txt text1.txt differ: byte 1, line 1
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ comm text.txt text1.txt
hello
      HELLO PEOPLE
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ diff text.txt text1.txt
1c1
< hello
...
> HELLO PEOPLE
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ find text.txt
text.txt
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ grep hello text.txt
hello
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ awk '{print}' text.txt
hello
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$
```

iii.



The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop: ~". The user is navigating through a directory structure related to operating systems. They first attempt to create a directory "Operating_System" at the root level, which fails because it already exists. They then change into the "Operating_System" directory. Inside, they try to remove the directory again, but it fails because they are still inside it. Finally, they successfully create a new directory "Operating_System3" and list its contents. The terminal output is as follows:

```
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ mkdir Operating_System
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~$ cd Operating_System
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~/Operating_System$ cd
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~/Operating_System$ rmkdir Operating_System
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~/Operating_System$ cd Operating_System
bash: cd: Operating_System: No such file or directory
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~/Operating_System$ mkdir Operating_System1
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~/Operating_System$ mkdir Operating_System2
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~/Operating_System$ mkdir Operating_System3
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~/Operating_System$ ls
1a.cpp    Documents    Operating_System1  opsprac.cpp    os4.cpp      programme1.cpp  programme4.cpp  snap       text.txt
abcd     Downloads    Operating_System2  Os          'os pratical1.cpp' programme2.cpp  programme5.cpp  Templates   Videos
Desktop   Music       Operating_System3  Os1         Pictures     programme3.cpp  Public      text1.txt
user-23@user23-HCL-Desktop:~/Operating_System$
```

Q3.Execute various LINUX commands for:

- i. Process Control: fork, getpid, ps, kill, sleep
- ii. Communication: Input-output redirection, Pipe
- iii. Protection Management: chmod, chown, chgrp

Output-

i.

```
export "PS1=\"$ "
export "PS1=\"$ "

$ id
export "PS1=\"$ "
id

uid=1000(webmaster) gid=1000(webmaster) groups=1000(webmaster)
export "PS1=\"$ "

$ getpid
bash: getpid: command not found
$ sleep 2
$ kill -1
kill: usage: kill [-s sigspec | -n signum | -sigspec] pid | jobspec
$ fork
bash: fork: command not found
```

Q4. Write a program(using fork() and/or exec() commands) where parent and child execute:

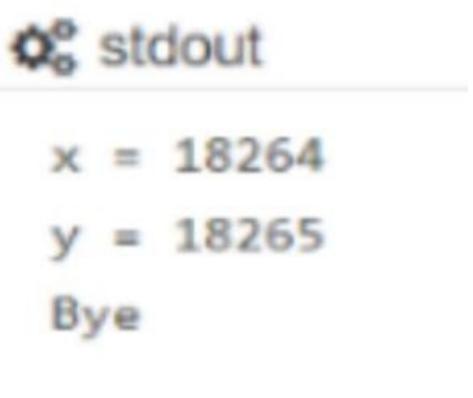
- i. same program, same code.
- ii. same program, different code.
- iii. before terminating, the parent waits for the child to finish its task.

i)

```
#include <iostream>
#include <unistd.h>
using namespace std;

int main() {
    int x, y = 0;
    x = fork();
    cout << "\n x = " << x;
    cout << "\n y = " << y;
    cout << "\n Bye" << endl;
    return 0;
}
```

Output:



```
x = 18264
y = 18265
Bye
```

ii)

```
#include <iostream>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
using namespace std;

int main() {

    int x;
    x = fork();
```

```
if (x == 0) {
    execvp("/home/kali/Desktop/practical5", "practical5", NULL);
} else {
    wait(NULL);
    cout << "Child completed\n";
}

return 0;
}
```

Output:

```
kali㉿kali:~/Desktop$ vi practical1.cpp
kali㉿kali:~/Desktop$ ./practical1
Copied Successfully
1st child
Child completed
```

iii.

```
#include <iostream>
#include <sys/wait.h>
#include <unistd.h>
using namespace std;

int main() {
    pid_t id = fork();

    if (id == 0) {
        cout << "\n Child Terminated";
    } else {
        wait(NULL);
        cout << "\n Parent Terminated";
    }

    return 0;
}
```

```
Success #stdin #stdout 0s 4400KB
```

```
Child Terminated
Parent Terminated
```

Q5. Write a program to report behavior of Linux kernel including kernel version, CPU type and model. (CPU information)

```
#include<iostream>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<string.h>
using namespace std;
void defVersion() {

    cout << "\nCPU type and model: \n";
    system("grep 'model name' /proc/cpuinfo | awk '{print $4,$5, $6, $7, $8}'");
    cout << "Kernel version: \n";
    system("cat /proc/sys/kernel/osrelease");
    cout << "Amount of time since the system was last booted:\n";
    system("cat /proc/uptime | awk '{print $1\n}'");

    void secVersion() {
        cout << "\nPRINT IN AWK\n";
        cout << "Amount of time user has spent in:\nUser mode:\n";
        system("grep 'cpu' /proc/stat | awk 'NR == 1 {print $2}'");
        cout << "System mode: \n";
        system("grep 'cpu' /proc/stat | awk ' NR == 1 {print $4}'");
        cout << "Idle: \n";
        system("grep 'cpu' /proc/stat | awk 'NR == 1 {print $5}'");
        cout << "\nSHELL SCRIPT\n";
        cout << "Amount of time user has spent in:\n";
        system("Q2SecVersion");
        cout << "\nNumber of disk requests:\n";
        system("grep 'intr' /proc/stat | awk '{print $17}'");
        cout << "Number of context switches: \n";
        system("grep 'ctxt' /proc/stat | awk '{print $2}'");
        cout << "Time at which system was booted:\n";
        system("grep 'btme' /proc/stat | awk '{print $2}'");
        cout << "Time at which system was booted:\n";
        system("Q2EpochToLocal");
        cout << "Number of processes created:\n";
```

```
}

cout << "\nAmount of memory configured into system: " <<sInfo.totalram/1024 <<
"KB";
cout << "\nAmount of memory currently available: " <<sInfo.freeram/1024 << "KB";
cout << "\nLoad averages: \n";
for (int i = 1; i <= b/a; i++) {

    cout << i << ". " << sInfo.loads[i] << "\n";
    if (i == b/a) break;
    sleep(a);
    if (sysinfo(&sInfo) < 0) {

        cout << "\nError in finding information about the system";
        exit(1);
    }
}
}

int main(int ac, char *av[]) {

switch (ac){
case 1: defVersion();

break;
case 2: if (strcmp(av[1], "-s") == 0) {

defVersion(); secVersion();
}
else cout << "\nInvalid option\n";

break;
case 4: if (strcmp(av[1], "-l") == 0) {

defVersion();
secVersion();
thirdVersion(atoi(av[2]), atoi(av[3]));
}
else cout << "\nInvalid option\n";
break;
default: cout << "\nInvalid number of arguments\n";
}

}
```

Output:

```
kali㉿kali:~/Desktop$ vi practical2.cpp
kali㉿kali:~/Desktop$ g++ practical2.cpp -o practical2
kali㉿kali:~/Desktop$ ./practical2

CPU type and model:
Intel(R) Core(TM) i5-9400F CPU @
Intel(R) Core(TM) i5-9400F CPU @
Kernel version:
5.5.0-kali2-amd64
Amount of time since the system was last booted:
12759.79
```

Q6. Write a program to report behaviour of Linux kernel including information on 19 configured memory, amount of free and used memory. (Memory information)

```
#include<iostream>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<string.h>
using namespace std;
void defVersion() {

    cout << "\nCPU type and model: \n";
    system("grep 'model name' /proc/cpuinfo | awk '{print $4,$5, $6, $7, $8}'");
    cout << "Kernel version: \n";
    system("cat /proc/sys/kernel/osrelease");
    cout << "Amount of time since the system was last booted:\n";
    system("cat /proc/uptime | awk '{print $1\n}'");
    cout<<"The configured memory is; \n";
    system("cat /proc/meminfo | awk 'NR==1{print $2}'\n");
    cout<<"Amount of free memory is: \n";
    system("cat /proc/meminfo | awk 'NR==2{print $2}'\n");
    cout<<"Amount of used memory is: \n";
    system("cat /proc/meminfo | awk '{if (NR==1) a=$2;
    if(NR==2) b=$2} END {print ab}'\n"); }

int main(int ac, char *av[]){
    defVersion();
    return 0;

}
```

Output-

```
kali@kali:~/Desktop$ vi practical3.cpp
kali@kali:~/Desktop$ g++ practical3.cpp -o practical3
kali@kali:~/Desktop$ ./practical3

CPU type and model:
Intel(R) Core(TM) i5-9400F CPU @
Intel(R) Core(TM) i5-9400F CPU @
Kernel version:
5.5.0-kali2-amd64
Amount of time since the system was last booted:
15065.01
The configured memory is;
2039488
Amount of free memory is:
197396
Amount of used memory is:
1842092
```

Q7. Write a program to copy files using system calls.

```
#include<iostream>
#include<fstream>
using namespace std;
int main() {

    ifstream fs;
    ofstream ft;
    char ch;
    fs.open("practical5.txt");
    if(!fs){

        cout<<"ERROR in opening";
        exit(1);

    }
    ft.open("copy.txt");
    if(!ft){

        cout<<"ERROR in opening";
        fs.close();
        exit(2);

    }
    while(fs.eof()==0){

        fs>>ch;
        ft<<<"Copied Successfully";
        fs.close();
        ft.close();

    }
    return 0;
}
```

Output:

```
kali㉿kali:~/Desktop$ vi practical5.cpp
kali㉿kali:~/Desktop$ g++ practical5.cpp -o out
kali㉿kali:~/Desktop$ ./aout
bash: ./aout: No such file or directory
kali㉿kali:~/Desktop$ ./out
Copied Successfullykali㉿kali:~/Desktop$
```

/home/kali/Desktop/practical5.txt - Mousepad
File Edit Search View Document Help
"programm has been completed SuccessFully!!!"

/home/kali/Desktop/copy.txt - Mousepad
File Edit Search View Document Help
programm has been completed SuccessFully!!!|

Q8. Write a program to implement FCFS scheduling algorithm.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    int n;
    cout<<"Enter no of processes = ";
    cin>>n;
    int arrival[n],p[n],burst[n];
    cout<<"Enter processes and burst time "<<endl;
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        cin>>p[i] >>burst[i];
    }
    cout<<"Enter Arrival time of process"<<endl;
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        cin>>arrival[i];
    }
    cout<<"\nProcesses\t\t\tBurst Time\t\t\tArrival
Time"<<endl;
    for(int i=0;i<n; i++)
    {
        cout<<p[i]<<"\t\t\t"<<burst[i]<<"\t\t\t"<<arrival[i]<<endl;
    }
    int sum1=0,tat[n];
    cout<<"Turn around time"<<endl;
    for(int i=0;i<n ;i++)
    {
        sum1=sum1+burst[i];
        tat[i]=sum1-arrival[i];
        cout<<"Turn around time "<<tat[i];
    }
    int wait[n],sum=0;
    float average =0.0;
    cout<<"Waiting time ->"<<endl;
    for(int i=0;i<n ;i++)
    {
        wait[i]=tat[i]-burst[i];
        sum=sum+wait[i];
        cout<<wait[i]<<endl;
    }
    average=sum/n;
    cout<<"Average time:"<<average<<endl;}
```

Output:

```
Enter no of processes = 4
Enter processes and burst time
1 17
2 7
3 8
4 18
Enter Arrival time of process
1
4
2
3

Processes           Burst Time          Arrival Time
1                  17                   1
2                  7                    4
3                  8                    2
4                  18                   3

Turn around time
Turn around time 16Turn around time 20Turn around time 30Turn around time 47Waiting time ->
-1
13
22
29
Average time:15

-----
Process exited after 35.23 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . . ■
```

Q9. Write a program to implement SJF scheduling algorithm.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    int n;
    cout<<"Enter no of processes = ";
    cin>>n;
    int arrival[n],p[n],burst[n],wait[n],tat[n] ,temp;
    float total1 = 0.0,total=0.0,average=0.0,avg=0.0;
    float min, exit[n],var;
    int a;
    cout<<"Enter processes and burst time "<<endl;
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        >>p[i] >>burst[i];
    }
    cout<<"Enter Arrival time of process"<<endl;
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        cin>>arrival[i];
    }
    cout<<"\nProcesses\t\t\tBurst Time\t\tArrival
Time"<<endl;
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        cout<<p[i]<<"\t\t\t"<<burst[i]<<"\t\t\t"<<arrival[i]<<endl;
    }
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        for(int j=i+1;j<n;j++)
        {
            if(burst[i]>burst[j])
            {
                temp=arrival[i];
                arrival[i]=arrival[j];
                arrival[j]=temp;
                temp=burst[i];
                burst[i]=burst[j];
                burst[j]=temp;
                temp=p[i];
                p[i]=p[j];
                p[j]=temp;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```

    }
}

cout<<"\nProcesses\t\t \tBurst Time\t\tArrival
Time"<<endl;
for(int i=0;i<n ;i++)
{
    cout<<p[i]<<" \t\t\t"<<burst[i]<<"\t\t\t"<<arrival[i]<<endl;
}

min=arrival[0];
for(int i=0;i<n ;i++){

    if(min>arrival[i]){
        min=arrival[i];
        a=i;
    }
}
var=min;
exit[a]=var+burst[a];
var=exit[a];
for(int i=0;i<n ;i++){

    if(arrival[i]!=min){
        exit[i]=burst[i]+var;
        var=exit[i];
    }
}
for(int i=0;i<n ;i++)
{

    tat[i]=exit[i]-arrival[i];
    total=total+tat[i];
    wait[i]=tat[i]-burst[i];
    total1=total1+wait[i];
}

average=total/n;
cout<<"Processes\t\t\tTurn Around Time\t\t\tWaiting Time"<<endl;
for(int i=0;i<n ;i++)
{
    cout<<p[i]<<" \t\t\t "<<tat[i]<<"\t\t\t "<<wait[i]<<endl;
}
avg=total1/n;
cout<<"Average Turn around Time= "<<average<<endl;
cout<<"Average Waiting Time= "<<avg<<endl;
}

```

Output:

```
Enter no of processes = 4
Enter processes and burst time
1 6 2 7 3 8 4 9
Enter Arrival time of process
1 2 3 4
```

Processes	Burst Time	Arrival Time
1	6	1
2	7	2
3	8	3
4	9	4

Processes	Burst Time	Arrival Time
1	6	1
2	7	2
3	8	3
4	9	4

Processes	Turn Around Time	Waiting Time
1	6	0
2	12	5
3	19	11
4	27	18

Average Turn around Time= 16
Average Waiting Time= 8.5

Process exited after 21.91 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .

Q10. Write a program to implement non-preemptive priority based scheduling algorithm.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
struct Process
{
    int burst ,arrival ,priority;
};

Process p[10];
int main()
{
    float avg=0,avg_turn_at=0,n;
    int temp, min,b,k=1, temp_arr[10], priority[10], arrival[10], burst[10], wait[10],
        TAT[10] ,avg_wt,avg_tat,i;
    cout<<"Enter the number of process : ";
    cin>>n;
    cout<<"\n Enter process : time priorities \n";
    for(i=0;i<n ;i++)
    {
        cout<<"\nEnter burst time of process no "<<i+1<<" ->";
        cin>>burst[i];
        cout<<"\nEnter priority of process no "<<i+1<<" ->";
        cin>>priority[i];
        cout<<"\nEnter Arrival Time of process no "<<i+1<<" ->";
        cin>>arrival[i];
    }

    for(int i=0;i<n ;i++)
    {
        for(int j=0;j<n ;j++)
        {
            if(arrival[i]<arrival[j])
            {

                temp=arrival[j];
                arrival[j]=arrival[i];
                arrival[i]=temp;
                temp=burst[j];
                burst[j]=burst[i];
                burst[i]=temp;

            }
        }
    }

    for(int j=0;j<n;j++){

        b=b+burst[j];
        min=burst[k];
        for(int i=k ;i<n; i++){

```

```

min=priority[k];
if(b>=arrival[i])
{
    if(priority[i]<min){
        temp=arrival[k];
        arrival[k]=arrival[i];
        arrival[i]=temp;
        temp=burst[k];
        burst[k]=burst[i];
        burst[i]=temp;
        temp=priority[k];
        priority[k]=priority[i];
        priority[i]=temp;
    }
}

}
k++;
}
temp_arr[0]=0;
cout<<"PROCESS\t BURST\t
ARRIVAL\tPRIORITY\tWAIT_TIME\tTAT\n";
for(int i=0;i<n ;i++)
{
    wait[i]=0;
    TAT[i]=0;
    temp_arr[i+1]=temp_arr[i]+burst[i];
    wait[i]=temp_arr[i]-arrival[i];
    TAT[i]=wait[i]+burst[i];
    avg_wt=avg_wt+wait[i];
    avg_tat=avg_tat+TAT[i];
    cout<<i+1<<"\t "<<burst[i]<<"\t
"<<arrival[i]<<"\t\t"<<priority[i]<<"\t\t"<<wait[i]<<"\t\t"<<TAT[i]<<endl;
}
avg_wt=avg_wt/n;
avg_tat=avg_tat/n;
cout<<"\n Average Wait Time : \n"<<avg_wt;
cout<<"\n Average Turn Around Time : \n"<<avg_tat;

return 0;
}

```

Output:

```
Enter the number of process : 3

Enter process : time priorities

Burst time of process no 1 ->3

Enter priority of process no 1 ->2

Enter Arrival Time of process no 1 ->1

Burst time of process no 2 ->5

Enter priority of process no 2 ->1

Enter Arrival Time of process no 2 ->4

Burst time of process no 3 ->7

Enter priority of process no 3 ->3

Enter Arrival Time of process no 3 ->2
PROCESS    BURST     ARRIVAL      PRIORITY      WAIT_TIME      TAT
1          3          1            2              -1             2
2          7          2            1              1             8
3          5          4            3              6            11

Average Wait Time :
1
Average Turn Around Time :
6
-----
Process exited after 80.34 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

Q11. Write a program to calculate sum of n numbers using Pthreads. A list of n numbers is divided into two smaller list of equal size, two separate threads are used to sum the sublists.

```
#include <iostream>
#include<pthread.h>
using namespace std;
int global[2];
void *sum_thread(void *arg)
{
    int *args_array;
    args_array = (int*)arg;
    int n1,n2,sum;
    n1=global[0];
    n2=global[1];
    sum = n1+n2;
    cout<<"\n Sum = "<<sum;
    return NULL;
}

int main()
{
    cout<<"\n First number:\n ";
    cin>>global[0];
    cout<<"\n Second number: \n";
    cin>>global[1];
    pthread_t tid_sum;
    pthread_create(&tid_sum,NULL,sum_thread,(void*)&global);
    pthread_join(tid_sum,NULL);
    return 0;
}
```

Output:

```
First number:  
3  
Second number:  
4  
7  
-----  
Process exited after 5.167 seconds with return value 0  
Press any key to continue . . . |
```

Q12. Write a program to implement first-fit, best-fit and worst-fit allocation strategies

i.first fit

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
void show(int block[],int burst[],int n,int c ,int allocation[]){

cout<<"processes No "<<"size " <<"Allocated at " <<"Block size\n";
for(int i=0;i<c;i++){

if(allocation[i]==-1){
cout<<i+1<<"\t"<<burst[i]<<"\t\t" <<"Not Allocated\n";

}
else{

cout<<i+1<<"\t"<<burst[i]<<"\t\t" <<allocation[i]+1<<"\t" <<block[allocation[i]]
<<"\n"; } }
}

void first_fit(int block[],int burst[],int n,int c){

int allocation[c];
for(int i=0;i<c;i++)

allocation[i] = -1;
int memoryused[n];

for(int i=0;i<n;i++)

memoryused[i]= 0;
for(int i=0;i<c;i++){//c=No of Processes

for(int j=0;j<n;j++){//j=No of blocks
if((block[j]-memoryused[j])>=burst[i]){

memoryused[j]+=burst[i];
allocation[i]=j;
j=n; }

}
show(block,burst,n,c,allocation);

}
int main(){
```

```

int n,c;
int allocation[];
cout<<"No of Memory blocks you want to enter:-";
cin>>n;
int Block[n];
cout<<"Enter no of process u want";
cin>>c;
int Burst[c];
cout<<"Enter Size of memory blocks respectively:-";
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)

{

    cin>>Block[i];

    cout<<"Enter Size of Processess respectively:-";
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)

        cin>>Burst[i];
    first_fit(Block,Burst,n,c);
    return 0;

}

```

Output:

```

No of Memory blocks you want to enter:-4
Enter no of process u want4
Enter Size of memory blocks resp:-50
20
80
30
Enter Size of Processess resp:-25
40
70
30
processes No size Allocated at Block size
1      25            1      50
2      40            3      80
3      70            Not Allocated
4      30            3      80

-----
Process exited after 35.51 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . . =

```

ii. best fit

```

#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
void show(int block[],int burst[],int n,int c ,int allocation[]){
    cout<<"processes size "<<"Allocated at "<<"Block size\n";
    for(int i=0;i<c;i++){
        if(allocation[i]==-1){
            cout<<burst[i]<<"\t\t"<<"Not Allocated\n";
        }
        else{
            cout<<burst[i]<<"\t\t"=<<allocation[i]+1<<"\t"=<<block[allocation[i]]<<
            "\n";
        }
    }
}

```

```
void best_fit(int block[],int burst[],int n,int c){

    int allocation[c];
    for(int i=0;i<c;i++){

        allocation[i] = -1;
        int memoryused[n];
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++){

            memoryused[i]= 0;

            for(int i=0;i<n-1;i++){
                for(int j=0;j<n-1;j++){

                    if(block[j]<block[j+1]){
                        int t=0;
                        t=block[j];
                        block[j]=block[j+1];
                        block[j+1]=t;

                    }
                }
            }

            for(int i=0;i<c-1;i++){

                for(int j=0;j<c-1;j++)
                {

                    if(burst[j]<burst[j+1]){
                        int t=0;
                        t=burst[j];
                        burst[j]=burst[j+1];
                        burst[j+1]=t;

                    }
                }
            }

            for(int i=0;i<c;i++){//c=No of Processes

                for(int j=0;j<n;j++){//j=No of blocks
                    if((block[j]-memoryused[j])>=burst[i]){

                        memoryused[j]+=burst[i];
                        allocation[i]=j;
                        j=n;
                    }
                }
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```

    }
}

}

show(block,burst,n,c,allocation);
}
int main(){

int n, c;
cout<<"No of Memory blocks you want to enter:-";

cin>>n;
int Block[n];
cout<<"Enter no of process u want";
cin>>c;
int Burst[c];
cout<<"Enter Size of memory blocks respectively:-";
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)

cin>>Block[i];
cout<<"Enter Size of Processess respectively:-";

for(int i=0;i<n;i++)

cin>>Burst[i];
best_fit(Block,Burst,n,c);

}

```

Output:

```

No of Memory blocks you want to enter:-4
Enter no of process u want4
Enter Size of memory blocks resp:-50
20
80
30
Enter Size of Processess resp:-25
40
70
30
processes size Allocated at Block size
70           1      80
40           2      50
30           3      30
25           Not Allocated

-----
Process exited after 51.37 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .

```

iii. worst fit

```

#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
void show(int block[],int burst[],int n,int c,int allocation[]){
cout<<"processes size "<<"Allocated at "<<"Block size\n";
for(int i=0;i<c;i++){

if(allocation[i]==-1){
cout<<burst[i]<<"\t\t"Not Allocated\n";

}
else{

cout<<burst[i]<<"\t\t"<<allocation[i]+1<<"\t"<<block[allocation[i]]<<
"\n";
}
}

```

```

}
void worst_fit(int block[],int burst[],int n,int c){

int allocation[c];
for(int i=0;i<c;i++)

allocation[i] = -1;
int memoryused[n];

for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
memoryused[i]= 0;

for(int i=0;i<n-1;i++){

for(int j=0;j<n-1;j++){
if(block[j]<block[j+1]){

int t=0;
t=block[j];
block[j]=block[j+1];
block[j+1]=t;

}
}

}

for(int i=0;i<c-1;i++){

for(int j=0;j<c-1;j++){
if(burst[j]>burst[j+1]){


int t=0;
t=burst[j];
burst[j]=burst[j+1];
burst[j+1]=t;

}
}

}

for(int i=0;i<c;i++){//c=No of Processes

for(int j=0;j<n;j++){//j=No of blocks

if((block[j]-memoryused[j])>=burst[i]){
memoryused[j]+=burst[i];
allocation[i]=j;
j=n;

}
}
}

```

```

show(block,burst,n,c,allocation);

}

int main(){

    int n, c;
    cout<<"No of Memory blocks you want to enter:-";

    cin>>n;
    int Block[n];
    cout<<"Enter no of process u want";
    cin>>c;
    int Burst[c];
    cout<<"Enter Size of memory blocks respectively:-";
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)

        cin>>Block[i];
    cout<<"Enter Size of Processess respectively:-";
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)

        cin>>Burst[i];

    worst_fit(Block,Burst,n,c);
}

```

Output:

```

No of Memory blocks you want to enter:-4
Enter no of process u want4
Enter Size of memory blocks resp:-50
20
80
30
Enter Size of Processess resp:-25
40
70
30
processes size Allocated at Block size
25          1      80
30          1      80
40          2      50
70          Not Allocated

-----
Process exited after 277 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .

```