

CONTRIBUTING TO THE F# COMPILER

AVI AVNI

WHO I AM?

- Consultant at SELA
- 8 years experience
- .NET, Cloud, Big Data
- Neo4j Certified Professional
- Contributor to several open source projects

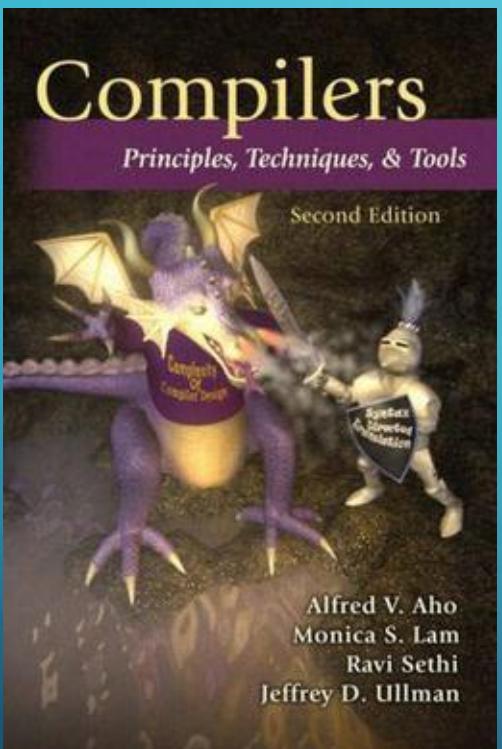


MILESTONE

DREAM



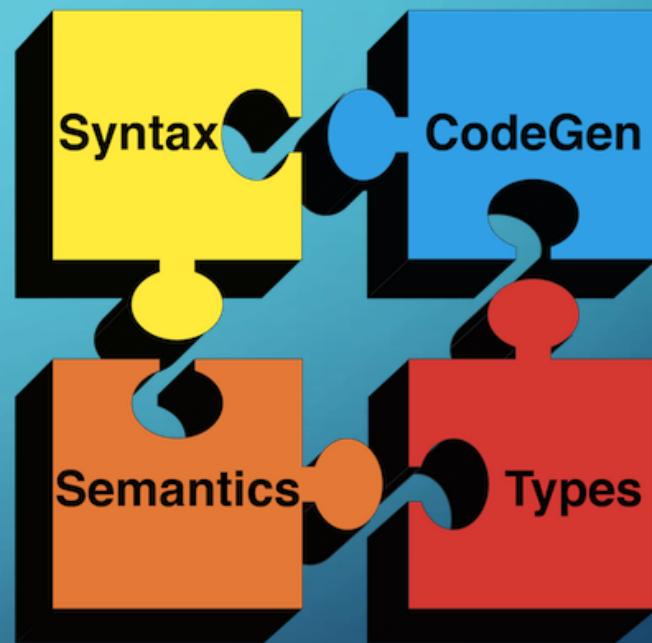
LEARNING RESOURCES



<https://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?curid=11248852>



<https://www.springer.com/gp/book/978319607887>

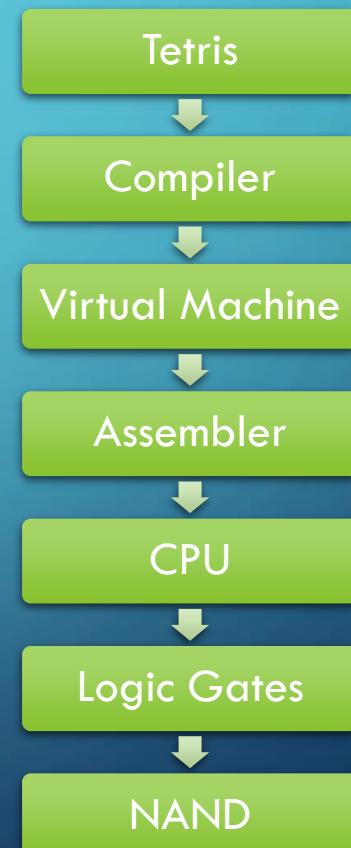
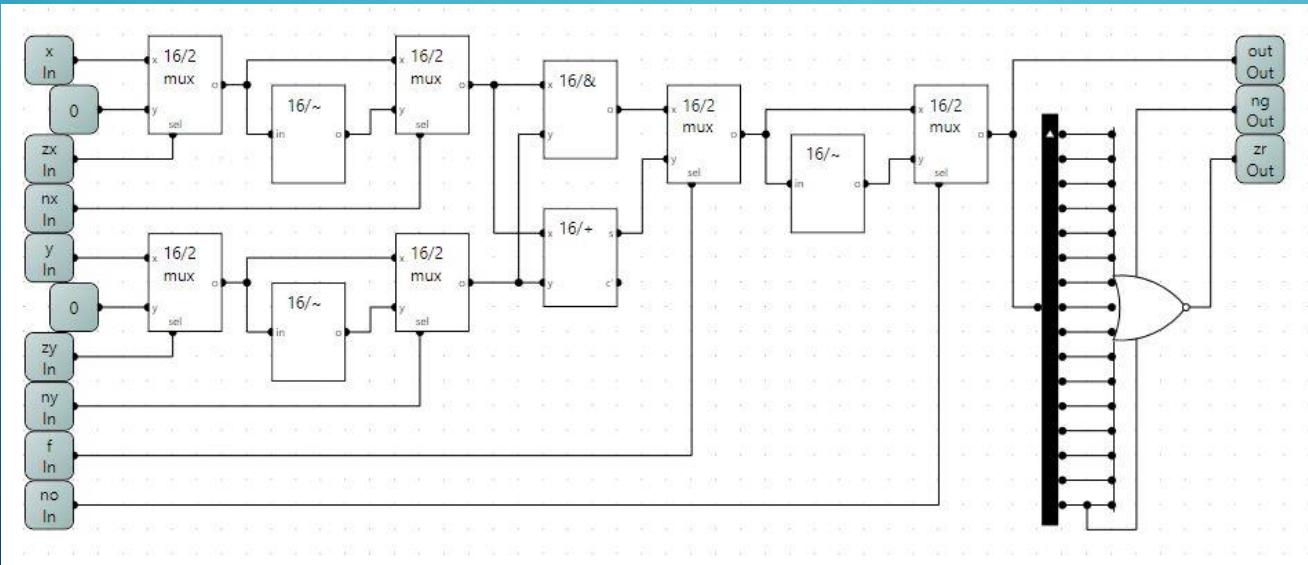


<http://openclassroom.stanford.edu/MainFolder/CoursePage.php?course=Compilers>



LEARNING RESOURCES

- Nand2Tetris project
- Created by Professor Shimon Schocken



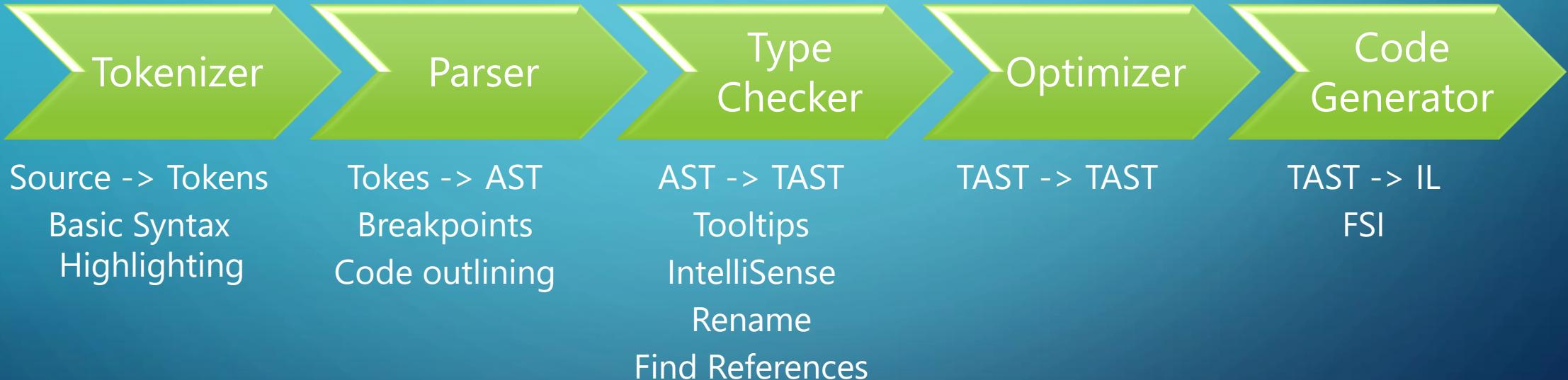
COMPILER SUMMARY



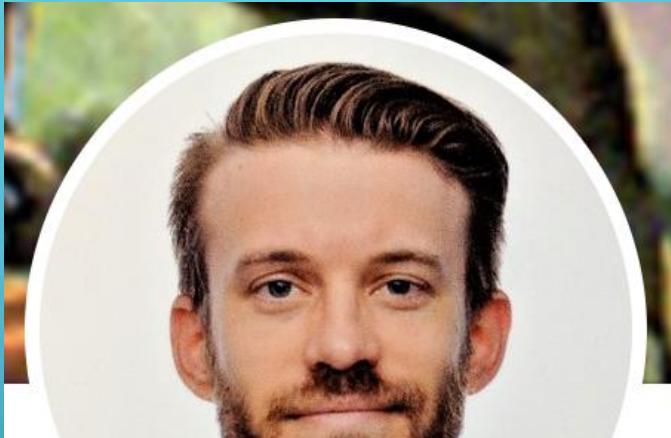
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COMPILER EDITOR FEATURES



MENTORSHIP PROGRAM



Lincoln Atkinson

@LincolnAtkinson

DEVELOPMENT PROCESS - WIN

- How to compile the F# compiler?
 - Fork and Clone the repository
 - Install prerequisite software (DEVGUIDE.md)
 - Run “build.cmd debug” in CLI
- How to debug the compiler?
 - Write some test code
 - Run “fsc.exe test.fs --pause” in CLI
 - Open VisualFSharp.sln in Visual Studio 2017
 - Attach the debugger to fsc.exe process
 - Add breakpoint

DEVELOPMENT PROCESS



VisualFSharp (Debugging) - Microsoft Visual Studio

File Edit View Project Build Debug Team Tools Architecture Test AI Tools R Tools Analyze Window Help

Quick Launch (Ctrl+Q)

Share Avi Avni

Process: [8040] fsc.exe Lifecycle Events Thread: [18420] Main Thread Stack Frame: Microsoft.FSharp.Compiler.Driver.mainCo

Diagnostic Tools

Diagnostics session: 12 seconds (12.919 s selected)

Events

Process Memory (MB)

CPU (% of all processors)

Solution Explorer Team Explorer Properties

Summary Events Memory Usage CPU Usage

Events

Exceptions (0)

IntelliTrace (0)

Memory Usage

CPU Usage

Record CPU

fs.fs

```
2103 |> main4 dynamicAssemblyCreator
2104
2105
2106 let compileOfAst (ctok, legacyReferenceResolver, reduceMemoryUsage, assemblyName, target, outFile, pdbFile, dllReferences,
2107 main1OfAst (ctok, legacyReferenceResolver, reduceMemoryUsage, assemblyName, target, outFile, pdbFile, dllReferences, no
2108 |> main2a
2109 |> main2b (tcImportsCapture, dynamicAssemblyCreator)
2110 |> main3
2111 |> main4 dynamicAssemblyCreator
2112
2113 let mainCompile (ctok, argv, legacyReferenceResolver, bannerAlreadyPrinted, reduceMemoryUsage, defaultCopyFSharpCore, exitc
2114 //System.Runtime.GCSettings.LatencyMode <- System.Runtime.GCLatencyMode.Batch
2115 typecheckAndCompile(ctok, argv, legacyReferenceResolver, bannerAlreadyPrinted, reduceMemoryUsage, defaultCopyFSharpCore
2116
2117
```



DEVELOPMENT PROCESS - LINUX

- How to compile the F# compiler?
 - Fork and Clone the repository
 - Install prerequisite software (DEVGIDE.md)
 - Run "scr/buildfromsource.sh" in CLI
 - Copy fsc.deps.json and fsc.runtimeconfig.json from sdk folder to binaries folder
- How to debug the compiler?
 - Write some test code
 - Run "dotnet fsc.exe test.fs --pause" in CLI
 - Open VisualFSharp folder with Visual Studio Code
 - Attach the debugger to fsc.exe process
 - Add breakpoint

DEVELOPMENT PROCESS

- F# compiler source code is approximately 200K LOC
- No need to learn all code at once
- Focus on small task each time
- Where is the right place to change something?
- Don't forget to write some tests

DEVELOPMENT PROCESS

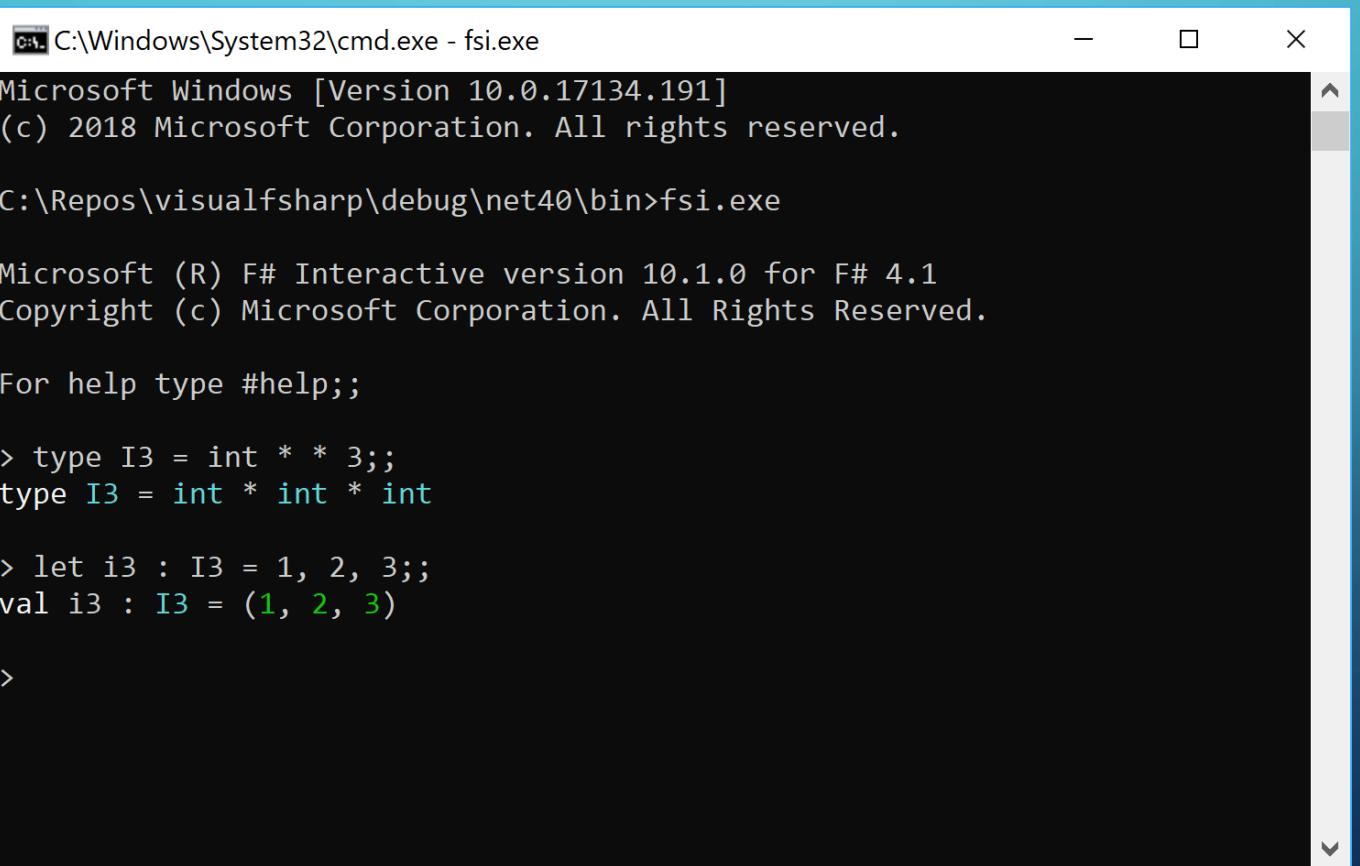
- Improving performance
- More readable error message
- Fixing bugs
- Implement new features

F# COMPILER - DEMO





1ST TASK



C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe - fsi.exe

Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.17134.191]
(c) 2018 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Repos\visualfsharp\debug\net40\bin>fsi.exe

Microsoft (R) F# Interactive version 10.1.0 for F# 4.1
Copyright (c) Microsoft Corporation. All Rights Reserved.

For help type #help;;

```
> type I3 = int * * 3;;
type I3 = int * int * int

> let i3 : I3 = 1, 2, 3;;
val i3 : I3 = (1, 2, 3)

>
```

WHERE THIS FEATURE BELONG?



1ST TASK - PARSING

- Open ast.fs and look at SynType.Tuple discriminated union
- Open pars.fsy and locate tupleType parsing rule
- Add a rule to parse type like: int * * 3 and transform it to : int, int, int
- Build the compiler
- Try in fsi



COMMUNITY FEEDBACK

forki commented on Jun 3, 2016

Contributor +

added few comments. apart from that:

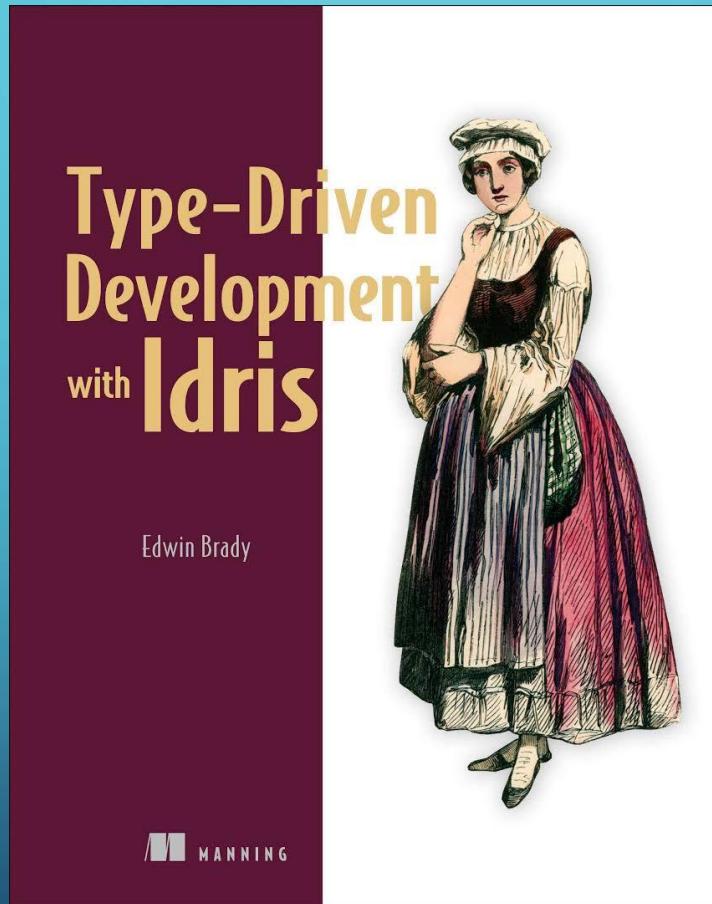


1 1

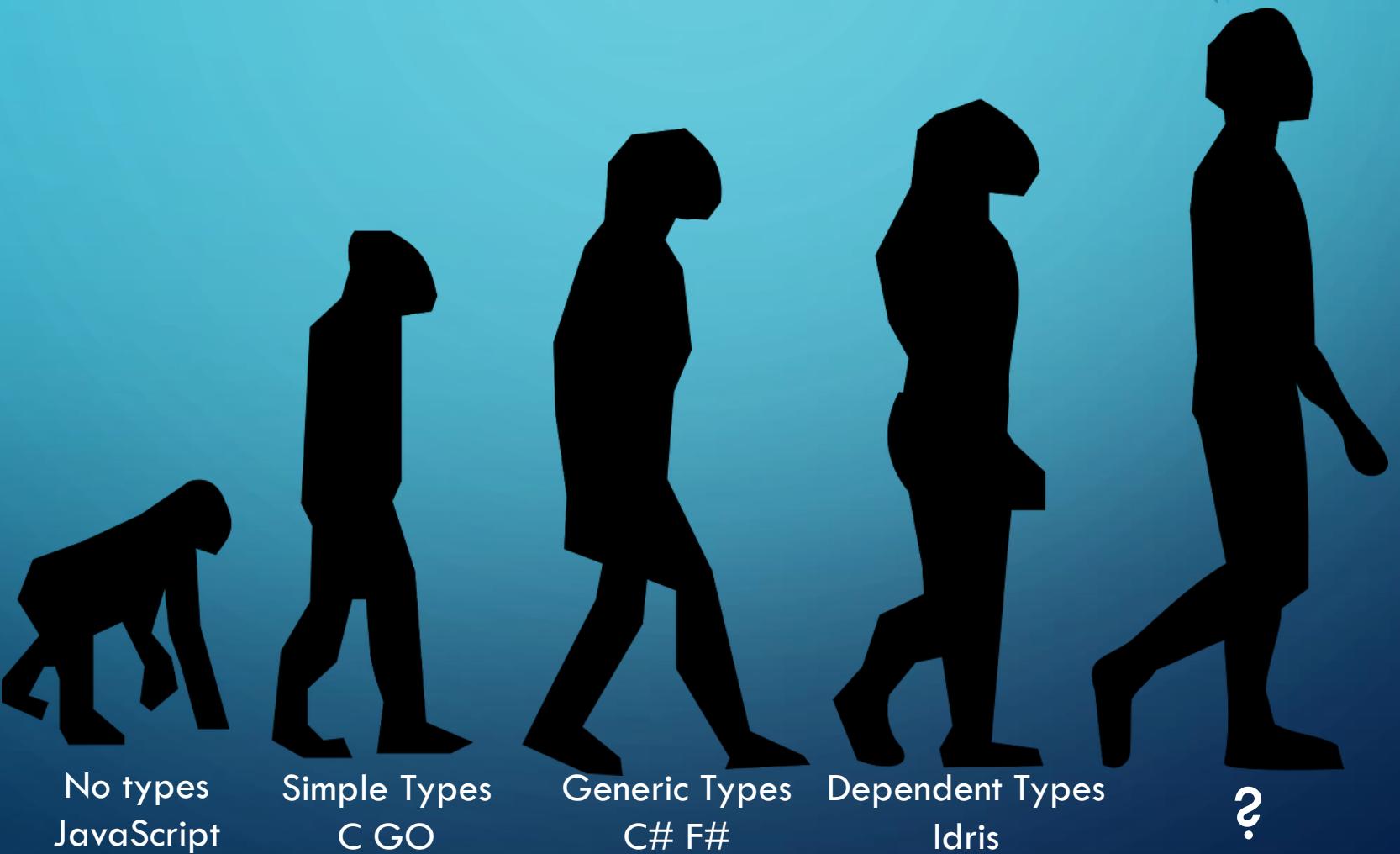




DEPENDENT TYPE



LANGUAGE EVOLUTION - DEMO



CAUTION



2ND TASK

```
C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe - fsi.exe
C:\Repos\visualfsharp\debug\net40\bin>fsi.exe

Microsoft (R) F# Interactive version 10.1.0 for F# 4.1
Copyright (c) Microsoft Corporation. All Rights Reserved.

For help type #help;;
> type I3 = int * 3;;
type I3 = int * int * int

> let i3 : I3 = 1, 2, 3;;
val i3 : I3 = (1, 2, 3)

> type I33 = int * 3 * 3;;
type I33 = int * int

> let i33 : I33 = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9;;
val i33 : I33 = (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9)
>
```



WHERE THIS FEATURE BELONG?



2ND TASK – PARSING

- Open `ast.fs` locate the `SynType` discriminated union add the `Nat` option and implement the `Range` property
- Open `pars.fsy` locate `atomType` rule change the result of parsing `rawConstant` to to return `SynType.Nat` in case that `rawConstant` is `SynConst.Int32`

2ND TASK – TYPE CHECKING

- Open `tast.fs` locate `TTyype` discriminated union add `TTyype_nat` option and implement `GetAssemblyName` and `ToSString` methods
- Open `TypeChecker.fs` locate `TcTypeOrMeasure` function and implement the conversion between `SynType.Nat` to `TTyype_nat`
- Then locate `TcTyconDefnCore_CheckForCyclicAbbreviations` function and implement that `TTyype_nat` is ignored in checking cycles in abbreviations
- Then locate `TcTypesAsTuple` function and implement multiplication of types



2ND TASK – FIX ERRORS

- Open the following files and check how I changed them
 - TastOps.fs
 - TastPickle.fs
 - NicePrint.fs
 - ConstraintSolver.fs
 - PostInferenceChecks.fs
 - IlxGen.fs
 - Symbol.fs

3RD TASK

```
C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe - fsi.exe
C:\Repos\visualfsharp\debug\net40\bin>fsi.exe

Microsoft (R) F# Interactive version 10.1.0 for F# 4.1
Copyright (c) Microsoft Corporation. All Rights Reserved.

For help type #help;;
> type Vect<'n, 'a> = 'a * 'n;;
type Vect<'n, 'a> = 'a * 'n

> type I3 = Vect<3, int>;
type I3 = Vect<3,int>

> let i3 : I3 = 1, 2, 3;;
val i3 : I3 = (1, 2, 3)
>
```



WHERE THIS FEATURE BELONG?



3RD TASK – TYPE CHECKING



- Open ConstraintSolver.fs locate SolveTypeEqualsType debug around this code
- Refactor the multiplication of types and call it when a tuple with generic type parameter inferred





WHAT IS THE PROBLEM?

4TH TASK



```
C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe - fsi.exe
C:\Repos\openfsharp\visualfsharp\debug\net40\bin>fsi.exe

Microsoft (R) F# Interactive version 10.1.0 for F# 4.1
Copyright (c) Microsoft Corporation. All Rights Reserved.

For help type #help;;

> type Vect<'n, 'a> = | Nil | Cons of 'a * Vect<'n - 1, 'a>;;
type Vect<'n,'a> =
| Nil
| Cons of 'a * Vect<'n - 1,'a>

> let v2 : Vect<2, int> = Cons(1, Cons(2, Nil));;
val v2 : Vect<2,int> = Cons (1,Cons (2,Nil))

> let v2 : Vect<2, int> = Cons(1, Cons(2, Cons(3, Nil)));;
let v2 : Vect<2, int> = Cons(1, Cons(2, Cons(3, Nil)));;
-----^

stdin(3,49): error FS0001: Nat can't be less than 0

> -
```



WHERE THIS FEATURE BELONG?



4TH TASK

- Based on 2nd task implement parsing of types like ‘n - 1
- Refactor the logic for calculating multiplication to support additional operations
- Implement type checking
- Raise error when nat is less than 0

5TH TASK



```
C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe - fsi.exe
Microsoft (R) F# Interactive version 10.1.0 for F# 4.1
Copyright (c) Microsoft Corporation. All Rights Reserved.

For help type #help;;

> type Vect<'n, 'a> = | Nil | Cons of 'a * Vect<'n - 1, 'a>;;
type Vect<'n,'a> =
| Nil
| Cons of 'a * Vect<('n - 1),'a>

> let nil<'a> : Vect<0, 'a> = Nil;;
val nil<'a> : Vect<0,'a>

> let v1 = Cons(1, nil<_>);;
val v1 : Vect<1,int> = Cons (1,Nil)

> let v2 = Cons(1, Cons(2, nil<_>));;
val v2 : Vect<2,int> = Cons (1,Cons (2,Nil))

> let v3 = Cons(1, Cons(2, Cons(3, nil<_>)));;
val v3 : Vect<3,int> = Cons (1,Cons (2,Cons (3,Nil)))
```



6TH TASK



```
C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe - fsi.exe

> type Vect<'n, 'a> = | Nil | Cons of 'a * Vect<'n - 1, 'a>;;
type Vect<'n, 'a> =
| Nil
| Cons of 'a * Vect<('n - 1), 'a>

> let rec map<'n, 'a, 'b> (f:'a -> 'b) (v:Vect<'n, 'a>) : Vect<'n, 'b> =
-   match v with
-   | Nil -> Nil
-   | Cons(a, v) -> Cons(f a, map<'n - 1, 'a, 'b> f v);;
val map : f:('a -> 'b) -> v:Vect<'n, 'a> -> Vect<'n, 'b>

> let nil<'a> : Vect<0, 'a> = Nil;;
val nil<'a> : Vect<0, 'a>

> let v2 = Cons(1, Cons(2, nil));;
val v2 : Vect<2,int> = Cons (1,Cons (2,Nil))

> let add1 x = x + 1;;
val add1 : x:int -> int

> map add1 v2;;
val it : Vect<2,int> = Cons (2,Cons (3,Nil))
```



BONUS

```
let rec append<'n, 'm, 'a> (xs:Vect<'n, 'a>) (ys:Vect<'m, 'a>) : Vect<'n + 'm, 'a> =  
  match xs, ys with  
  | Nil, ys -> ys  
  | Cons(x, xs), ys -> Cons(x, append<'n - 1, 'm, 'a> xs ys)
```



INSIGHTS FROM MY EXPERIENCE

- It's fun 😊
- Easier than you think (for some tasks)
- Makes you a better programmer
- Any contribution is great
- Thanks to Phillip Carter and Channel9 for the promotion

