

# Cryptography

## Lab Assignment 3

Github Link :

[https://github.com/AviatrixK/Uni-Assignments/tree/main/Crypto-assignments/PublicKey\\_Crypto\\_Assignment\\_Kiruthika](https://github.com/AviatrixK/Uni-Assignments/tree/main/Crypto-assignments/PublicKey_Crypto_Assignment_Kiruthika)

digitalSignature.py

"""

Q2: Digital Signatures using RSA/DSA

Author: Your Name

Date: 2024

"""

import os

from Crypto.PublicKey import RSA, DSA

from Crypto.Signature import pkcs1\_15, DSS

from Crypto.Hash import SHA256

from Crypto.Random import get\_random\_bytes

import time

class DigitalSignatureDemo:

"""Digital Signature Generation and  
Verification"""

def \_\_init\_\_(self, algorithm='RSA'):

self.algorithm = algorithm

self.private\_key = None

self.public\_key = None

def generate\_keys(self, key\_size=2048):

"""Generate key pair for signing"""

```

        print(f"\nGenerating {key_size}-bit
{self.algorithm} key pair...")

        if self.algorithm == 'RSA':
            self.private_key =
RSA.generate(key_size)
            self.public_key =
self.private_key.publickey()
        elif self.algorithm == 'DSA':
            self.private_key =
DSA.generate(key_size)
            self.public_key =
self.private_key.publickey()

        # Save keys
        os.makedirs('keys', exist_ok=True)

        with
open(f'keys/{self.algorithm.lower()}_signing_privat
e.pem', 'wb') as f:
            f.write(self.private_key.export_key())

        with
open(f'keys/{self.algorithm.lower()}_signing_public
.pem', 'wb') as f:
            f.write(self.public_key.export_key())

```

```

        print(f"Keys saved to 'keys/' directory")

def sign_message(self, message):
    """Sign a message with private key"""
    # Hash the message
    h = SHA256.new(message)

    # Sign with appropriate algorithm
    if self.algorithm == 'RSA':
        signature =
pkcs1_15.new(self.private_key).sign(h)
    elif self.algorithm == 'DSA':
        signature = DSS.new(self.private_key,
'fips-186-3').sign(h)

    return signature, h

def verify_signature(self, message, signature,
public_key=None):
    """Verify signature with public key"""
    if public_key is None:
        public_key = self.public_key

    # Hash the message
    h = SHA256.new(message)

```

```

        try:
            if self.algorithm == 'RSA':
                pkcs1_15.new(public_key).verify(h,
signature)

            elif self.algorithm == 'DSA':
                DSS.new(public_key, 'fips-186-
3').verify(h, signature)
            return True
        except (ValueError, TypeError):
            return False

```

```

def demo(self):
    """Run digital signature demo"""
    print("\n" + "="*60)
    print(f"{self.algorithm} DIGITAL SIGNATURE
DEMO")
    print("="*60)

    # Generate keys
    self.generate_keys()

    # Test messages
    messages = [
        b"This is an authentic message from
Alice",

```

```
        b"Contract Agreement: Terms and  
Conditions Apply",  
        b"Transaction ID: 12345, Amount:  
$1000.00"  
    ]
```

```
    for i, message in enumerate(messages, 1):  
        print(f"\n--- Message {i} ---")  
        print(f"Original: {message.decode()}")  
  
        # Sign  
        start_time = time.time()  
        signature, msg_hash =  
self.sign_message(message)  
        sign_time = time.time() - start_time  
  
        print(f"Message hash:  
{msg_hash.hexdigest()[:32]}...")  
        print(f"Signature:  
{signature.hex()[:64]}...")  
        print(f"Signing time: {sign_time:.6f}  
seconds")  
  
        # Verify  
        start_time = time.time()  
        is_valid =  
self.verify_signature(message, signature)
```

```

        verify_time = time.time() - start_time

        print(f"Verification result: {'✓ VALID' if is_valid else '✗ INVALID'}")

        print(f"Verification time: {verify_time:.6f} seconds")

    # Test tampering
    tampered_message = message + b"
TAMPERED"

    is_valid_tampered =
self.verify_signature(tampered_message, signature)

    print(f"Tampered message verification:
{'✓ VALID' if is_valid_tampered else '✗
INVALID'}")

class SignatureProperties:
    """Demonstrate properties of digital
signatures"""

    @staticmethod
    def demonstrate_properties():
        print("\n" + "="*60)
        print("DIGITAL SIGNATURE PROPERTIES")
        print("="*60)

```

```
print("""
```

## 1. AUTHENTICITY

- Verifies the identity of the message sender
- Only the holder of the private key can create valid signature
- Public key verification proves sender's identity

## 2. INTEGRITY

- Any modification to the message invalidates the signature
- Ensures message hasn't been altered in transit
- Based on cryptographic hash functions

## 3. NON-REPUDIATION

- Sender cannot deny having signed the message
- Signature is mathematically bound to both message and signer
- Provides legal evidence of agreement/transaction

## 4. USE CASES

- Email authentication (PGP/S-MIME)
- Software distribution (code signing)
- Financial transactions
- Legal documents and contracts



- Blockchain transactions

""")

```
def compare_signature_algorithms():
    """Compare RSA and DSA signatures"""
    print("\n" + "="*60)
    print("RSA vs DSA SIGNATURE COMPARISON")
    print("="*60)

    # Test both algorithms
    test_message = b"Performance comparison test message"

    # RSA Signature
    print("\n--- RSA Signature ---")
    rsa_demo = DigitalSignatureDemo('RSA')
    rsa_demo.generate_keys(2048)

    start = time.time()
    rsa_sig, _ =
rsa_demo.sign_message(test_message)
    rsa_sign_time = time.time() - start

    start = time.time()
```

```

        rsa_demo.verify_signature(test_message,
rsa_sig)
        rsa_verify_time = time.time() - start

# DSA Signature
print("\n--- DSA Signature ---")
dsa_demo = DigitalSignatureDemo('DSA')
dsa_demo.generate_keys(2048)

start = time.time()
dsa_sig, _ =
dsa_demo.sign_message(test_message)
dsa_sign_time = time.time() - start

start = time.time()
dsa_demo.verify_signature(test_message,
dsa_sig)
dsa_verify_time = time.time() - start

# Results
print("\n" + "="*60)
print("PERFORMANCE RESULTS")
print("="*60)
print(f"RSA Signing Time: {rsa_sign_time:.6f}
seconds")

```

```
    print(f"RSA Verification Time:
{rsa_verify_time:.6f} seconds")

    print(f"RSA Signature Size: {len(rsa_sig)}
bytes")

    print(f"\nDSA Signing Time: {dsa_sign_time:.6f}
seconds")

    print(f"DSA Verification Time:
{dsa_verify_time:.6f} seconds")

    print(f"DSA Signature Size: {len(dsa_sig)}
bytes")

def main():
    """Main execution function"""
    # RSA Digital Signature Demo
    rsa_demo = DigitalSignatureDemo('RSA')
    rsa_demo.demo()

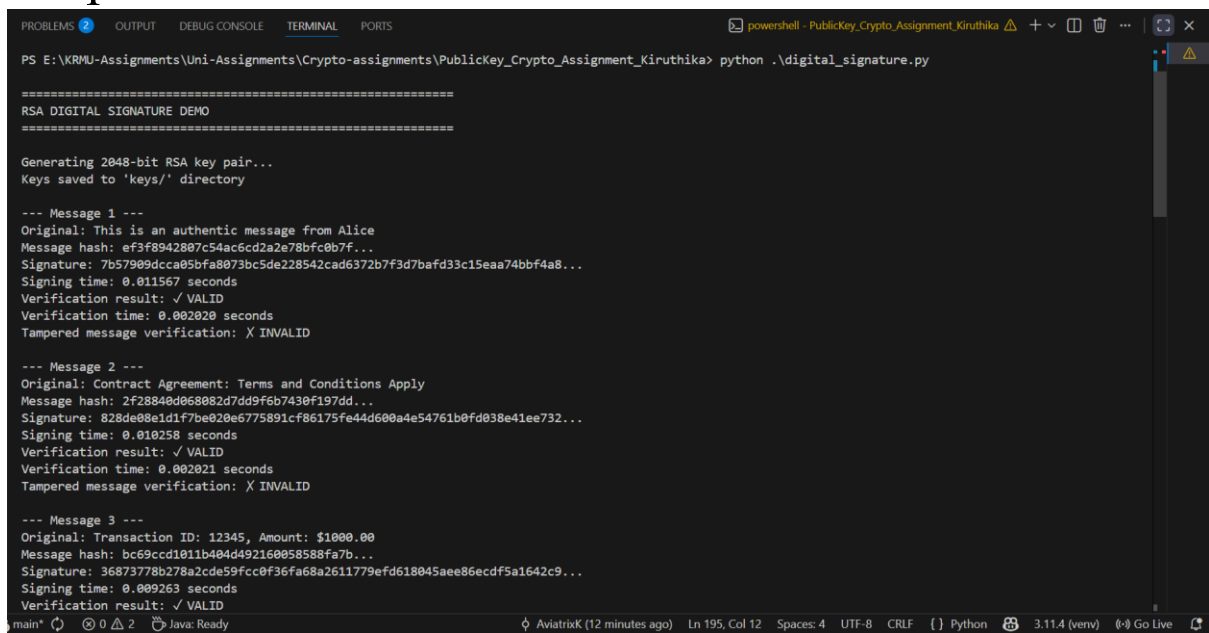
    # DSA Digital Signature Demo
    dsa_demo = DigitalSignatureDemo('DSA')
    dsa_demo.demo()

    # Properties demonstration
    SignatureProperties.demonstrate_properties()

    # Algorithm comparison
    compare_signature_algorithms()
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":  
    main()
```

Output :



```
PS E:\KRMU-Assignments\Uni-Assignments\Crypto-assignments\PublicKey_Crypto_Assignment_Kiruthika> python .\digital_signature.py  
  
===== RSA DIGITAL SIGNATURE DEMO =====  
  
Generating 2048-bit RSA key pair...  
Keys saved to 'keys/' directory  
  
--- Message 1 ---  
Original: This is an authentic message from Alice  
Message hash: ef3f8942807c54ac6cd2a2e78bfc0b7f...  
Signature: 7b57909dcca05bfa8073bc5de228542cad6372b7f3d7bafd33c15eaa74bbf4a8...  
Signing time: 0.011567 seconds  
Verification result: ✓ VALID  
Verification time: 0.002020 seconds  
Tampered message verification: ✗ INVALID  
  
--- Message 2 ---  
Original: Contract Agreement: Terms and Conditions Apply  
Message hash: 2f28840d068082d7dd9f6b7430f197dd...  
Signature: 828de08e1d1f7be020e6775891cf86175fe44d600a4e54761b0fd038e41ee732...  
Signing time: 0.010258 seconds  
Verification result: ✓ VALID  
Verification time: 0.002021 seconds  
Tampered message verification: ✗ INVALID  
  
--- Message 3 ---  
Original: Transaction ID: 12345, Amount: $1000.00  
Message hash: bc69ccd1011b404d492160058588fa7b...  
Signature: 36873778b278a2cde59fcc0f36fa68a2611779efd618045aee86ecdf5a1642c9...  
Signing time: 0.009263 seconds  
Verification result: ✓ VALID
```

`ecc_vs_dh.py`

`"""`

`Q4: Key Exchange Protocol Comparison - DH vs ECDH`

`Author: Your Name`

`Date: 2024`

`"""`

`import time`

`import random`

`import hashlib`

`import os`

`from tinyec import registry`

`from cryptography.hazmat.primitives import hashes`

`from cryptography.hazmat.primitives.asymmetric`

`import dh, ec`

`from cryptography.hazmat.backends import`

`default_backend`

`# Try to import matplotlib, but don't fail if it's  
not available`

`try:`

`import matplotlib.pyplot as plt`

`import numpy as np`

`MATPLOTLIB_AVAILABLE = True`

`except ImportError:`

```
MATPLOTLIB_AVAILABLE = False

print("Note: matplotlib not found. Graphs will
not be generated.")

print("Install with: pip install matplotlib
numpy\n")
```

```
class ClassicDiffieHellman:
    """Classic Diffie-Hellman Implementation"""

    def __init__(self, key_size=2048):
        self.key_size = key_size
        self.parameters = None
        self.generate_parameters()

    def generate_parameters(self):
        """Generate DH parameters"""
        print(f"Generating {self.key_size}-bit DH
parameters...")
        self.parameters = dh.generate_parameters(
            generator=2,
            key_size=self.key_size,
            backend=default_backend()
        )

    def generate_private_key(self):
```

```

        """Generate private key"""
        # Fixed: removed backend parameter
        return
self.parameters.generate_private_key()

def perform_key_exchange(self):
    """Perform complete key exchange"""
    # Alice generates private key
    alice_private = self.generate_private_key()
    alice_public = alice_private.public_key()

    # Bob generates private key
    bob_private = self.generate_private_key()
    bob_public = bob_private.public_key()

    # Exchange and compute shared secrets
    alice_shared =
alice_private.exchange(bob_public)
    bob_shared =
bob_private.exchange(alice_public)

    # Derive keys from shared secrets
    alice_key =
hashlib.sha256(alice_shared).hexdigest()
    bob_key =
hashlib.sha256(bob_shared).hexdigest()

```

```
        return alice_key, bob_key,  
len(alice_shared) * 8
```

```
class EllipticCurveDiffieHellman:
```

```
    """Elliptic Curve Diffie-Hellman  
Implementation"""
```

```
    def __init__(self, curve_name='secp256r1'):
```

```
        self.curve_name = curve_name
```

```
        # Map curve names for different libraries
```

```
        if curve_name == 'secp256r1':
```

```
            self.crypto_curve = ec.SECP256R1()
```

```
            self.tinyec_curve =
```

```
registry.get_curve('secp256r1')
```

```
        elif curve_name == 'secp384r1':
```

```
            self.crypto_curve = ec.SECP384R1()
```

```
            self.tinyec_curve =
```

```
registry.get_curve('secp384r1')
```

```
        else:
```

```
            self.crypto_curve = ec.SECP521R1()
```

```
            self.tinyec_curve =
```

```
registry.get_curve('secp521r1')
```

```
    def generate_private_key(self):
```



```

        """Generate private key"""
        # Check cryptography version and use
        appropriate method
        try:
            # Try newer version first (without
            backend)

            return
            ec.generate_private_key(self.crypto_curve)
        except TypeError:
            # Fall back to older version (with
            backend)

            return
            ec.generate_private_key(self.crypto_curve,
            backend=default_backend())

def perform_key_exchange(self):
    """Perform complete ECDH key exchange"""
    # Alice generates private key
    alice_private = self.generate_private_key()
    alice_public = alice_private.public_key()

    # Bob generates private key
    bob_private = self.generate_private_key()
    bob_public = bob_private.public_key()

    # Exchange and compute shared secrets

```

```
        alice_shared =
alice_private.exchange(ec.ECDH(), bob_public)

        bob_shared =
bob_private.exchange(ec.ECDH(), alice_public)
```

```
        # Derive keys from shared secrets

        alice_key =
hashlib.sha256(alice_shared).hexdigest()

        bob_key =
hashlib.sha256(bob_shared).hexdigest()
```

```
        return alice_key, bob_key,
len(alice_shared) * 8
```

```
def perform_tinyec_exchange(self):
    """Perform ECDH using tinyec library"""

    # Alice's keys

    alice_private = random.randint(1,
self.tinyec_curve.field.n - 1)

    alice_public = alice_private *
self.tinyec_curve.g

    # Bob's keys

    bob_private = random.randint(1,
self.tinyec_curve.field.n - 1)

    bob_public = bob_private *
self.tinyec_curve.g
```

```

    # Compute shared secrets
    alice_shared = alice_private * bob_public
    bob_shared = bob_private * alice_public

    # Derive keys
    alice_key =
hashlib.sha256(str(alice_shared.x).encode()).hexdigest()

    bob_key =
hashlib.sha256(str(bob_shared.x).encode()).hexdigest()

    return alice_key, bob_key

```

```

class SimpleDiffieHellman:
    """Simple DH implementation for demonstration
(faster)"""

    def __init__(self):
        # Using smaller pre-generated safe prime
for demonstration

        self.p =
0xFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFC90FDAA22168C234C4C6628B80DC1CD12
9024E088A67CC74020BBEA63B139B22514A08798E3404DDEF95
19B3CD3A431B302B0A6DF25F14374FE1356D6D51C245E485B57
6625E7EC6F44C42E9A63637ED6B0BFF5CB6F406B7EDEE386BFB
5A899FA5AE9F24117C4B1FE649286651ECE45B3DC2007CB8A16

```

```
3BF0598DA48361C55D39A69163FA8FD24CF5F83655D23DCA3AD
961C62F356208552BB9ED529077096966D670C354E4ABC9804F
1746C08CA18217C32905E462E36CE3BE39E772C180E86039B27
83A2EC07A28FB5C55DF06F4C52C9DE2BCBF6955817183995497
CEA956AE515D2261898FA051015728E5A8AACAA68FFFFFFFFFFFF
FFFFFF
```

```
self.g = 2
```

```
def perform_key_exchange(self):
    """Perform simple DH key exchange"""
    # Alice's keys
    alice_private = random.randint(2, self.p -
2)
    alice_public = pow(self.g, alice_private,
self.p)

    # Bob's keys
    bob_private = random.randint(2, self.p - 2)
    bob_public = pow(self.g, bob_private,
self.p)

    # Compute shared secrets
    alice_shared = pow(bob_public,
alice_private, self.p)
    bob_shared = pow(alice_public, bob_private,
self.p)
```

```

        # Convert to hex keys
        alice_key =
hashlib.sha256(str(alice_shared).encode()).hexdigest()

        bob_key =
hashlib.sha256(str(bob_shared).encode()).hexdigest()

```

```

    return alice_key, bob_key

```

```

class ProtocolComparison:

```

```

    """Compare DH and ECDH protocols"""

```

```

    def __init__(self):

```

```

        self.results = {

```

```

            'dh': {'times': [], 'key_sizes': []},

```

```

            'ecdh': {'times': [], 'curves': []}

```

```

        }

```

```

    def benchmark_classic_dh_simple(self,
iterations=10):

```

```

        """Benchmark with simple DH implementation
(faster)"""

```

```

        print("\n" + "="*60)

```

```

        print("BENCHMARKING CLASSIC DIFFIE-HELLMAN
(Simplified)")

```

```

        print("="*60)

```

```
        print("\nUsing pre-generated 2048-bit safe  
prime for faster execution")
```

```
        simple_dh = SimpleDiffieHellman()
```

```
        times = []
```

```
        for i in range(iterations):
```

```
            start = time.time()
```

```
            alice_key, bob_key =  
simple_dh.perform_key_exchange()
```

```
            end = time.time()
```

```
            times.append(end - start)
```

```
        if i == 0: # Verify only once
```

```
            assert alice_key == bob_key, "Key  
mismatch!"
```

```
        avg_time = sum(times) / len(times)
```

```
        self.results['dh']['times'].append(avg_time  
)
```

```
        self.results['dh']['key_sizes'].append(2048  
)
```

```
        print(f"    Average time: {avg_time:.4f}  
seconds")
```

```

        print(f"    Keys match: ✓")

    def benchmark_classic_dh(self, iterations=10):
        """Benchmark classic Diffie-Hellman"""
        print("\n" + "="*60)
        print("BENCHMARKING CLASSIC DIFFIE-
HELLMAN")
        print("="*60)

        # Use only one key size for faster
        execution

        key_sizes = [2048] # Reduced for much
        faster execution

        for key_size in key_sizes:
            print(f"\nTesting {key_size}-bit
            DH...")

            try:
                dh_instance =
                ClassicDiffieHellman(key_size)

                times = []
                for i in range(min(iterations,
                2)): # Limit to 2 iterations for DH
                    start = time.time()

```

```

        alice_key, bob_key, shared_size
= dh_instance.perform_key_exchange()
        end = time.time()
        times.append(end - start)

        if i == 0: # Verify only once
            assert alice_key ==
bob_key, "Key mismatch!"

        avg_time = sum(times) / len(times)
        self.results['dh']['times'].append(
avg_time)
        self.results['dh']['key_sizes'].app
end(key_size)

        print(f"    Average time:
{avg_time:.4f} seconds")
        print(f"    Shared secret size:
{shared_size} bits")
        print(f"    Keys match: ✓")

    except Exception as e:
        print(f"    Error with {key_size}-bit
DH: {e}")
        print("    Using simplified DH
instead...")

```



```
        self.benchmark_classic_dh_simple(it
erations)

        break
```

```
def benchmark_ecdh(self, iterations=10):
    """Benchmark Elliptic Curve Diffie-
Hellman"""
    print("\n" + "="*60)
    print("BENCHMARKING ELLIPTIC CURVE DIFFIE-
HELLMAN")
    print("="*60)
```

```
    curves = [
        ('secp256r1', 256),
        ('secp384r1', 384),
        ('secp521r1', 521)
    ]
```

```
    for curve_name, curve_bits in curves:
        print(f"\nTesting {curve_name}
({curve_bits} bits)...")
        ecdh_instance =
EllipticCurveDiffieHellman(curve_name)
```

```
        times = []
        for i in range(iterations):
```

```

        start = time.time()
        alice_key, bob_key, shared_size =
ecdh_instance.perform_key_exchange()
        end = time.time()
        times.append(end - start)

        if i == 0: # Verify only once
            assert alice_key == bob_key,
"Key mismatch!"

        avg_time = sum(times) / len(times)
        self.results['ecdh']['times'].append(av
g_time)
        self.results['ecdh']['curves'].append(c
urve_name)

        print(f"    Average time: {avg_time:.4f}
seconds")

        print(f"    Shared secret size:
{shared_size} bits")

        print(f"    Keys match: ✓")

    def compare_security_levels(self):
        """Compare security levels of DH and
ECDH"""
        print("\n" + "="*60)

```

```
print("SECURITY LEVEL COMPARISON")
print("="*60)
```

```
comparison = """
```

	Security Level	DH Key Size	ECC
Key Size			
223 bits	80 bits	1024 bits	160-
255 bits	112 bits	2048 bits	224-
383 bits	128 bits	3072 bits	256-
511 bits	192 bits	7680 bits	384-
bits	256 bits	15360 bits	512+

#### Key Observations:

- ECC provides equivalent security with much smaller key sizes
- 256-bit ECC  $\approx$  3072-bit DH in terms of security

- Smaller keys = faster computation, less bandwidth, less storage

```
"""
print(comparison)

def display_results_table(self):
    """Display results in a table format
    instead of plot"""
    print("\n" + "="*60)
    print("PERFORMANCE RESULTS TABLE")
    print("="*60)

    if self.results['dh']['times']:
        # DH Results
        print("\nClassic Diffie-Hellman
Performance:")
        print("┌──────────────────┴──────────────────┐")
        print("│ Key Size          │ Avg Time")
        print("└──────────────────┴──────────────────┘")

        for size, time_val in
zip(self.results['dh']['key_sizes'],
self.results['dh']['times']):
            print(f"│ {size:4d} bits          │
{time_val:8.4f} │")
```

```
    print("┌──────────────────┐  
└─┘")
```

```
        if self.results['ecdh']['times']:  
            # ECDH Results  
            print("\nElliptic Curve Diffie-Hellman  
Performance:")  
            print("┌──────────────────┐  
└─┘")
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":  
    pc = ProtocolComparison()  
    pc.benchmark_classic_dh()  
    pc.benchmark_ecdh()  
    pc.compare_security_levels()  
    pc.display_results_table()
```

# Output :

```
PS E:\KRMU-Assignments\Uni-Assignments\Crypto-assignments\PublicKey_Crypto_Assignment_Kiruthika> python .\ecc_vs_dh.py

=====
BENCHMARKING CLASSIC DIFFIE-HELLMAN
=====

Testing 2048-bit DH...
Generating 2048-bit DH parameters...
Average time: 0.0209 seconds
Shared secret size: 2048 bits
Keys match: ✓

=====
BENCHMARKING ELLIPTIC CURVE DIFFIE-HELLMAN
=====

Testing secp256r1 (256 bits)...
Average time: 0.0006 seconds
Shared secret size: 256 bits
Keys match: ✓

Testing secp384r1 (384 bits)...
Average time: 0.0097 seconds
Shared secret size: 384 bits
Keys match: ✓

Testing secp521r1 (521 bits)...
Average time: 0.0243 seconds
Shared secret size: 528 bits
Keys match: ✓

=====
SECURITY LEVEL COMPARISON
=====
```

```
=====
SECURITY LEVEL COMPARISON
=====



| Security Level | DH Key Size | ECC Key Size |
|----------------|-------------|--------------|
| 80 bits        | 1024 bits   | 160-223 bits |
| 112 bits       | 2048 bits   | 224-255 bits |
| 128 bits       | 3072 bits   | 256-383 bits |
| 192 bits       | 7680 bits   | 384-511 bits |
| 256 bits       | 15360 bits  | 512+ bits    |



Key Observations:
• ECC provides equivalent security with much smaller key sizes
• 256-bit ECC = 3072-bit DH in terms of security
• Smaller keys = faster computation, less bandwidth, less storage

=====
PERFORMANCE RESULTS TABLE
=====

Classic Diffie-Hellman Performance:



| Key Size  | Avg Time (sec) |
|-----------|----------------|
| 2048 bits | 0.0209         |



Elliptic Curve Diffie-Hellman Performance:
```

pki\_demo.py

"""

Q3: Public Key Infrastructure (PKI) Demonstration

Author: Your Name

Date: 2024

"""

import os

import datetime

from cryptography import x509

from cryptography.x509.oid import NameOID,  
ExtensionOID

from cryptography.hazmat.primitives import hashes,  
serialization

from cryptography.hazmat.primitives.asymmetric  
import rsa

from cryptography.hazmat.backends import  
default\_backend

class PKIDemo:

"""PKI Certificate Generation and Validation"""

def \_\_init\_\_(self):

self.ca\_key = None

self.ca\_cert = None

os.makedirs('certificates', exist\_ok=True)

```

def generate_ca_certificate(self):
    """Generate a Certificate Authority (CA)
    certificate"""
    print("\n" + "="*60)
    print("GENERATING CERTIFICATE AUTHORITY
(CA)")
    print("="*60)

    # Generate CA private key
    self.ca_key = rsa.generate_private_key(
        public_exponent=65537,
        key_size=4096,
        backend=default_backend()
    )

    # CA certificate details
    subject = issuer = x509.Name([
        x509.NameAttribute(NameOID.COUNTRY_NAME
, "IN"),
        x509.NameAttribute(NameOID.STATE_OR_PRO
VINCE_NAME, "Delhi"),
        x509.NameAttribute(NameOID.LOCALITY_NAM
E, "New Delhi"),
        x509.NameAttribute(NameOID.ORGANIZATION
_NAME, "Demo Root CA"),

```



```

        x509.NameAttribute(NameOID.ORGANIZATION
AL_UNIT_NAME, "Certificate Authority"),
        x509.NameAttribute(NameOID.COMMON_NAME,
"Demo Root CA"),
    ])

```

```

# Create CA certificate
self.ca_cert = (
    x509.CertificateBuilder()
        .subject_name(subject)
        .issuer_name(issuer)
        .public_key(self.ca_key.public_key())
        .serial_number(x509.random_serial_numbe
r())
        .not_valid_before(datetime.datetime.utcnow())
        .not_valid_after(datetime.datetime.utcnow() + datetime.timedelta(days=3650))
        .add_extension(
            x509.BasicConstraints(ca=True,
path_length=None),
            critical=True,
        )
        .add_extension(
            x509.KeyUsage(
                digital_signature=True,

```

```

        content_commitment=False,
        key_encipherment=False,
        data_encipherment=False,
        key_agreement=False,
        key_cert_sign=True,
        crl_sign=True,
        encipher_only=False,
        decipher_only=False,
    ),
    critical=True,
)
.add_extension(
    x509.SubjectKeyIdentifier.from_public_key(self.ca_key.public_key()),
    critical=False,
)
.sign(self.ca_key, hashes.SHA256(),
backend=default_backend())
)

# Save CA certificate and key
with open('certificates/ca_cert.pem', 'wb')
as f:
    f.write(self.ca_cert.public_bytes(serialization.Encoding.PEM))

```

```

        with open('certificates/ca_key.pem', 'wb')
as f:
            f.write(self.ca_key.private_bytes(
                encoding=serialization.Encoding.PEM
            ,
                format=serialization.PrivateFormat.
TraditionalOpenSSL,
                encryption_algorithm=serialization.
NoEncryption()
            ))

        print("✓ CA Certificate generated and
saved")

        print(f"  Serial Number:
{self.ca_cert.serial_number}")
        print(f"  Valid From:
{self.ca_cert.not_valid_before}")
        print(f"  Valid Until:
{self.ca_cert.not_valid_after}")

    def generate_self_signed_certificate(self,
domain="example.com"):
        """Generate a self-signed X.509
certificate"""
        print("\n" + "="*60)
        print("GENERATING SELF-SIGNED CERTIFICATE")
        print("="*60)

```

```

# Generate private key
private_key = rsa.generate_private_key(
    public_exponent=65537,
    key_size=2048,
    backend=default_backend()
)

# Certificate details
subject = issuer = x509.Name([
    x509.NameAttribute(NameOID.COUNTRY_NAME, "IN"),
    x509.NameAttribute(NameOID.STATE_OR_PROVINCE_NAME, "Maharashtra"),
    x509.NameAttribute(NameOID.LOCALITY_NAME, "Mumbai"),
    x509.NameAttribute(NameOID.ORGANIZATION_NAME, "Demo Organization"),
    x509.NameAttribute(NameOID.ORGANIZATIONAL_UNIT_NAME, "IT Department"),
    x509.NameAttribute(NameOID.COMMON_NAME, domain),
])

# Create certificate
cert = (

```

```

x509.CertificateBuilder()
    .subject_name(subject)
    .issuer_name(issuer)
    .public_key(private_key.public_key())
    .serial_number(x509.random_serial_number())
    .not_valid_before(datetime.datetime.utcnow())
    .not_valid_after(datetime.datetime.utcnow() + datetime.timedelta(days=365))
    .add_extension(
        x509.SubjectAlternativeName([
            x509.DNSName(domain),
            x509.DNSName(f"www.{domain}"),
            x509.DNSName("localhost"),
        ]),
        critical=False,
    )
    .add_extension(
        x509.BasicConstraints(ca=False,
            path_length=None),
        critical=True,
    )
    .sign(private_key, hashes.SHA256(),
        backend=default_backend())
)

```

```

        # Save certificate and key
        with
open(f'certificates/self_signed_{domain}.pem',
'wb') as f:
            f.write(cert.public_bytes(serialization
.Encoding.PEM))

        with
open(f'certificates/self_signed_{domain}_key.pem',
'wb') as f:
            f.write(private_key.private_bytes(
                encoding=serialization.Encoding.PEM
,
                format=serialization.PrivateFormat.
TraditionalOpenSSL,
                encryption_algorithm=serialization.
NoEncryption()
            ))

        print(f"✓ Self-signed certificate for
{domain} generated")
        self.display_certificate_info(cert)

    return cert, private_key

```

```

def generate_ca_signed_certificate(self,
domain="secure.example.com"):
    """Generate a certificate signed by CA"""
    if not self.ca_key or not self.ca_cert:
        self.generate_ca_certificate()

    print("\n" + "="*60)
    print("GENERATING CA-SIGNED CERTIFICATE")
    print("="*60)

    # Generate private key for the certificate
    cert_key = rsa.generate_private_key(
        public_exponent=65537,
        key_size=2048,
        backend=default_backend()
    )

    # Certificate subject
    subject = x509.Name([
        x509.NameAttribute(NameOID.COUNTRY_NAME
, "IN"),
        x509.NameAttribute(NameOID.STATE_OR_PRO
VINCE_NAME, "Karnataka"),
        x509.NameAttribute(NameOID.LOCALITY_NAM
E, "Bangalore"),

```

```

        x509.NameAttribute(NameOID.ORGANIZATION
_NAME, "Demo Company"),
        x509.NameAttribute(NameOID.ORGANIZATION
AL_UNIT_NAME, "Web Services"),
        x509.NameAttribute(NameOID.COMMON_NAME,
domain),
    ])

```

```

# Create certificate signed by CA
cert = (
    x509.CertificateBuilder()
        .subject_name(subject)
        .issuer_name(self.ca_cert.issuer)
        .public_key(cert_key.public_key())
        .serial_number(x509.random_serial_numbe
r())
        .not_valid_before(datetime.datetime.utcnow())
        .not_valid_after(datetime.datetime.utcnow() + datetime.timedelta(days=365))
        .add_extension(
            x509.SubjectAlternativeName([
                x509.DNSName(domain),
                x509.DNSName(f"*.{domain}"),
            ]),
            critical=False,

```



```

        )
        .add_extension(
            x509.BasicConstraints(ca=False,
path_length=None),
            critical=True,
        )
        .add_extension(
            x509.AuthorityKeyIdentifier.from_issuer_public_key(self.ca_key.public_key()),
            critical=False,
        )
        .sign(self.ca_key, hashes.SHA256(),
backend=default_backend())
    )

```

```

    # Save certificate
    with
open(f'certificates/ca_signed_{domain}.pem', 'wb')
as f:

    f.write(cert.public_bytes(serialization
.Encoding.PEM))

```

```

    print(f"✓ CA-signed certificate for
{domain} generated")
    self.display_certificate_info(cert)

```

```
return cert
```

```
def display_certificate_info(self, cert):  
    """Display certificate information"""  
    print("\nCertificate Details:")  
    print(f"  Subject:  
{cert.subject.rfc4514_string()}")  
    print(f"  Issuer:  
{cert.issuer.rfc4514_string()}")  
    print(f"  Serial Number:  
{cert.serial_number}")  
    print(f"  Not Valid Before:  
{cert.not_valid_before}")  
    print(f"  Not Valid After:  
{cert.not_valid_after}")  
    print(f"  Signature Algorithm:  
{cert.signature_algorithm_oid}")
```

```
def validate_certificate_chain(self, cert):  
    """Validate certificate chain"""  
    print("\n" + "="*60)  
    print("CERTIFICATE CHAIN VALIDATION")  
    print("="*60)
```

```
# Check if self-signed
```

```
if cert.issuer == cert.subject:
```

```

        print("⚠ Certificate is self-signed")
        print("  - No chain validation
possible")
        print("  - Trust must be explicitly
established")
    else:
        print("✓ Certificate is CA-signed")
        print("  - Issuer verified against CA
certificate")
        print("  - Chain of trust established")

    # Check validity period
    now = datetime.datetime.utcnow()
    if cert.not_valid_before <= now <=
cert.not_valid_after:
        print("✓ Certificate is within
validity period")
    else:
        print("X Certificate is expired or not
yet valid")

def demonstrate_crl(self):
    """Demonstrate Certificate Revocation List
concept"""
    print("\n" + "="*60)
    print("CERTIFICATE REVOCATION LIST (CRL)")

```

```
print("="*60)
```

```
print("""
```

## CRL Components and Process:

### 1. CRL Generation:

- CA maintains list of revoked certificates
- Each entry contains serial number and revocation date
- CRL is signed by CA for authenticity

### 2. Revocation Reasons:

- Key compromise
- CA compromise
- Affiliation changed
- Certificate superseded
- Cessation of operation

### 3. CRL Distribution:

- Published at regular intervals
- Available via HTTP/LDAP
- Cached by clients

### 4. OCSP (Online Certificate Status Protocol):

- Real-time certificate validation
- More efficient than downloading full CRL

- Returns: Good, Revoked, or Unknown  
 """)

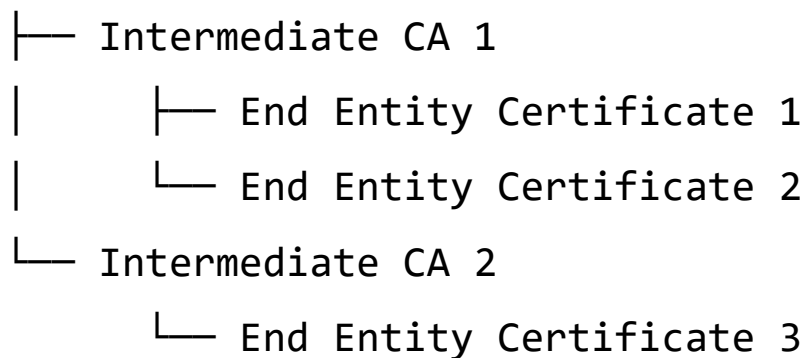
```
class PKITrustModels:
    """Demonstrate PKI Trust Models"""

    @staticmethod
    def explain_trust_models():
        print("\n" + "="*60)
        print("PKI TRUST MODELS")
        print("="*60)

        print("""
```

## 1. HIERARCHICAL TRUST MODEL:

Root CA



- Used by: Web PKI, Enterprise PKI
- Single root of trust
- Clear chain of authority

## 2. WEB OF TRUST MODEL:

User A ↔ User B

↑

↓

User D ↔ User C

- Used by: PGP/GPG
- Decentralized trust
- Users sign each other's keys

## 3. BRIDGE CA MODEL:

CA1 ↔ Bridge CA ↔ CA2

↓

CA3

- Cross-certification between CAs
- Enables inter-organizational trust

## 4. BROWSER CERTIFICATE VALIDATION:

- a) Check certificate chain to trusted root
- b) Verify certificate not expired
- c) Check certificate not revoked (CRL/OCSP)
- d) Verify domain name matches
- e) Check certificate constraints
- f) Validate signature algorithms

""")

```
def main():
    """Main execution function"""
    # Initialize PKI Demo
    pki = PKIDemo()

    # Generate CA certificate
    pki.generate_ca_certificate()

    # Generate self-signed certificate
    self_signed_cert, _ =
pki.generate_self_signed_certificate("example.com")

    # Generate CA-signed certificate
    ca_signed_cert =
pki.generate_ca_signed_certificate("secure.example.
com")

    # Validate certificates
    pki.validate_certificate_chain(self_signed_cert
)
    pki.validate_certificate_chain(ca_signed_cert)

    # Demonstrate CRL
    pki.demonstrate_crl()
```

```

# Explain trust models

PKITrustModels.explain_trust_models()

print("\n" + "="*60)

print("PKI DEMONSTRATION COMPLETE")

print("="*60)

print("\nGenerated files in 'certificates/'
directory:")

for file in os.listdir('certificates'):
    print(f"    - {file}")

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()

```

Output:

```

PS E:\KRMU-Assignments\Uni-Assignments\Crypto-assignments\PublicKey_Crypto_Assignment_Kiruthika>python .\pki_demo.py

=====
GENERATING CERTIFICATE AUTHORITY (CA)
=====
✓ CA Certificate generated and saved
Serial Number: 19311659598439711387281368781252817806696228228
E:\KRMU-Assignments\Uni-Assignments\Crypto-assignments\PublicKey_Crypto_Assignment_Kiruthika\pki_demo.py:93: CryptographyDeprecationWarning: Properties that
return a naive datetime object have been deprecated. Please switch to not_valid_before_utc.
    print(f" Valid From: {self.ca_cert.not_valid_before}")
    Valid From: 2025-11-17 13:02:32
E:\KRMU-Assignments\Uni-Assignments\Crypto-assignments\PublicKey_Crypto_Assignment_Kiruthika\pki_demo.py:94: CryptographyDeprecationWarning: Properties that
return a naive datetime object have been deprecated. Please switch to not_valid_after_utc.
    print(f" Valid Until: {self.ca_cert.not_valid_after}")
    Valid Until: 2035-11-15 13:02:32

=====
GENERATING SELF-SIGNED CERTIFICATE
=====
✓ Self-signed certificate for example.com generated

Certificate Details:
Subject: CN=example.com,OU=IT Department,O=Demo Organization,L=Mumbai,ST=Maharashtra,C=IN
Issuer: CN=example.com,OU=IT Department,O=Demo Organization,L=Mumbai,ST=Maharashtra,C=IN
Serial Number: 709841540535409485277953625909835538758305480
E:\KRMU-Assignments\Uni-Assignments\Crypto-assignments\PublicKey_Crypto_Assignment_Kiruthika\pki_demo.py:227: CryptographyDeprecationWarning: Properties that
return a naive datetime object have been deprecated. Please switch to not_valid_before_utc.
    print(f" Not Valid Before: {cert.not_valid_before}")
    Not Valid Before: 2025-11-17 13:02:32
E:\KRMU-Assignments\Uni-Assignments\Crypto-assignments\PublicKey_Crypto_Assignment_Kiruthika\pki_demo.py:228: CryptographyDeprecationWarning: Properties that
return a naive datetime object have been deprecated. Please switch to not_valid_after_utc.
    print(f" Not Valid After: {cert.not_valid_after}")
    Not Valid After: 2026-11-17 13:02:32

```



```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS powershell - PublicKey_Crypto_Assignment_Kiruthika

Signature Algorithm: <ObjectIdentifier(oid=1.2.840.113549.1.1.11, name=sha256WithRSAEncryption)>

=====
GENERATING CA-SIGNED CERTIFICATE
=====
✓ CA-signed certificate for secure.example.com generated

Certificate Details:
Subject: CN=secure.example.com,OU=Web Services,O=Demo Company,L=Bangalore,ST=Karnataka,C=IN
Issuer: CN=Demo Root CA,OU=Certificate Authority,O=Demo Root CA,L=New Delhi,ST=Delhi,C=IN
Serial Number: 226295709056426918265411538828455874487700202415
Not Valid Before: 2025-11-17 13:02:32
Not Valid After: 2026-11-17 13:02:32
Signature Algorithm: <ObjectIdentifier(oid=1.2.840.113549.1.1.11, name=sha256WithRSAEncryption)>

=====
CERTIFICATE CHAIN VALIDATION
=====
⚠ Certificate is self-signed
- No chain validation possible
- Trust must be explicitly established
E:\KRMU-Assignments\Uni-Assignments\Crypto-assignments\PublicKey_Crypto_Assignment_Kiruthika\pki_demo.py:249: CryptographyDeprecationWarning: Properties that
return a naive datetime object have been deprecated. Please switch to not_valid_before_utc.
if cert.not_valid_before <= now <= cert.not_valid_after:
E:\KRMU-Assignments\Uni-Assignments\Crypto-assignments\PublicKey_Crypto_Assignment_Kiruthika\pki_demo.py:249: CryptographyDeprecationWarning: Properties that
return a naive datetime object have been deprecated. Please switch to not_valid_after_utc.
if cert.not_valid_before <= now <= cert.not_valid_after:
✓ Certificate is within validity period

=====
CERTIFICATE CHAIN VALIDATION
=====
✓ Certificate is CA-signed

main* 0 2 Java: Ready AviatixK (33 minutes ago) Ln 365, Col 11 (13305 selected) Spaces: 4 UTF-8 CRLF Python 3.11.4 (venv) Go Live
```

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS powershell - PublicKey_Crypto_Assignment_Kiruthika

- Issuer verified against CA certificate
- Chain of trust established
✓ Certificate is within validity period

=====
CERTIFICATE REVOCATION LIST (CRL)
=====

CRL Components and Process:
1. CRL Generation:
- CA maintains list of revoked certificates
- Each entry contains serial number and revocation date
- CRL is signed by CA for authenticity

2. Revocation Reasons:
- Key compromise
- CA compromise
- Affiliation changed
- Certificate superseded
- Cessation of operation

3. CRL Distribution:
- Published at regular intervals
- Available via HTTP/LDAP
- Cached by clients

4. OCSP (Online Certificate Status Protocol):
- Real-time certificate validation
- More efficient than downloading full CRL
- Returns: Good, Revoked, or Unknown

=====

main* 0 2 Java: Ready AviatixK (33 minutes ago) Ln 365, Col 11 (13305 selected) Spaces: 4 UTF-8 CRLF Python 3.11.4 (venv) Go Live
```

```
PROBLEMS 2 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS powershell - PublicKey_Crypto_Assignment_Kiruthika + v [] ... | [x] x

PKI TRUST MODELS
=====

1. HIERARCHICAL TRUST MODEL:
Root CA
├── Intermediate CA 1
│   ├── End Entity Certificate 1
│   └── End Entity Certificate 2
└── Intermediate CA 2
    └── End Entity Certificate 3

- Used by: Web PKI, Enterprise PKI
- Single root of trust
- Clear chain of authority

2. WEB OF TRUST MODEL:
User A ↔ User B
  ↑       ↓
User D ↔ User C

- Used by: PGP/GPG
- Decentralized trust
- Users sign each other's keys

3. BRIDGE CA MODEL:
CA1 ↔ Bridge CA ↔ CA2
      ↓
      CA3

- Cross-certification between CAs
- Enables inter-organizational trust

4. BROWSER CERTIFICATE VALIDATION:
main* 0 2 Java: Ready AviatixK (33 minutes ago) Ln 365, Col 11 (13305 selected) Spaces: 4 UTF-8 CRLF Python 3.11.4 (venv) Go Live
```

```
PROBLEMS 2 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS powershell - PublicKey_Crypto_Assignment_Kiruthika + v [] ... | [x] x

4. BROWSER CERTIFICATE VALIDATION:
a) Check certificate chain to trusted root
b) Verify certificate not expired
c) Check certificate not revoked (CRL/OCSP)
d) Verify domain name matches
e) Check certificate constraints
f) Validate signature algorithms

=====
PKI DEMONSTRATION COMPLETE
=====

Generated files in 'certificates/' directory:
- ca_cert.pem
- ca_key.pem
- ca_signed_secure.example.com.pem
- self_signed_example.com.pem
- self_signed_example.com_key.pem
PS E:\KRMU-Assignments\Uni-Assignments\Crypto-assignments\PublicKey_Crypto_Assignment_Kiruthika>
```

rsa\_dh\_simulation.py

"""

Q1: RSA Encryption/Decryption and Diffie-Hellman  
Key Exchange

Author: Your Name

Date: 2024

"""

import os

import random

import hashlib

from Crypto.PublicKey import RSA

from Crypto.Cipher import PKCS1\_OAEP

from Crypto.Random import get\_random\_bytes

import time

class RSADemo:

"""RSA Encryption and Decryption  
 Demonstration"""

def \_\_init\_\_(self, key\_size=2048):

self.key\_size = key\_size

self.private\_key = None

self.public\_key = None

```

def generate_keys(self):
    """Generate RSA key pair"""
    print(f"Generating {self.key_size}-bit RSA
key pair...")
    self.private_key =
RSA.generate(self.key_size)
    self.public_key =
self.private_key.publickey()

    # Save keys to files
    os.makedirs('keys', exist_ok=True)

    with open('keys/rsa_private.pem', 'wb') as
f:
        f.write(self.private_key.export_key())

    with open('keys/rsa_public.pem', 'wb') as
f:
        f.write(self.public_key.export_key())

    print("Keys generated and saved to 'keys/'
directory")

def encrypt(self, message):
    """Encrypt message using public key"""
    cipher_rsa =
PKCS1_OAEP.new(self.public_key)

```

```

        ciphertext = cipher_rsa.encrypt(message)
        return ciphertext

    def decrypt(self, ciphertext):
        """Decrypt message using private key"""
        cipher_rsa =
PKCS1_OAEP.new(self.private_key)
        plaintext = cipher_rsa.decrypt(ciphertext)
        return plaintext

    def demo(self):
        """Run RSA encryption/decryption demo"""
        print("\n" + "="*60)
        print("RSA ENCRYPTION/DECRYPTION DEMO")
        print("="*60)

        # Generate keys
        self.generate_keys()

        # Test message
        message = b"This is a secure message
encrypted with RSA!"

        print(f"\nOriginal message:
{message.decode()}")

```

```

    # Encrypt
    start_time = time.time()
    ciphertext = self.encrypt(message)
    encrypt_time = time.time() - start_time
    print(f"Encrypted (hex):
{ciphertext.hex()[:80]}...")
    print(f"Encryption time: {encrypt_time:.6f}
seconds")

    # Decrypt
    start_time = time.time()
    decrypted = self.decrypt(ciphertext)
    decrypt_time = time.time() - start_time
    print(f"Decrypted: {decrypted.decode()}")
    print(f"Decryption time: {decrypt_time:.6f}
seconds")

    return encrypt_time, decrypt_time

```

```

class DiffieHellmanDemo:

```

```

    """Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange Demonstration"""

```

```

    def __init__(self, bits=1024):

```

```

        self.bits = bits

```

```

        self.p = self._generate_prime()

```

```

        self.g = self._find_generator()

def _generate_prime(self):
    """Generate a large prime number"""
    # For demonstration, using a pre-selected
safe prime
    # In production, use proper prime
generation
    return
0xFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFC90FDAA22168C234C4C6628B80DC1CD12
9024E088A67CC74020BBEA63B139B22514A08798E3404DDEF95
19B3CD3A431B302B0A6DF25F14374FE1356D6D51C245E485B57
6625E7EC6F44C42E9A637ED6B0BFF5CB6F406B7EDEE386BFB5A
899FA5AE9F24117C4B1FE649286651ECE45B3DC2007CB8A163B
F0598DA48361C55D39A69163FA8FD24CF5F83655D23DCA3AD96
1C62F356208552BB9ED529077096966D670C354E4ABC9804F17
46C08CA237327FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF

def _find_generator(self):
    """Find a generator for the group"""
    # For demonstration, using a common
generator
    return 2

def generate_private_key(self):
    """Generate a private key"""
    return random.randint(2, self.p - 2)

```

```

def generate_public_key(self, private_key):
    """Generate public key from private key"""
    return pow(self.g, private_key, self.p)

def compute_shared_secret(self, private_key,
other_public_key):
    """Compute shared secret"""
    return pow(other_public_key, private_key,
self.p)

def demo(self):
    """Run Diffie-Hellman key exchange demo"""
    print("\n" + "="*60)
    print("DIFFIE-HELLMAN KEY EXCHANGE DEMO")
    print("="*60)

    print(f"Public parameters:")
    print(f"Prime (p): {hex(self.p)[:50]}...")
    print(f"Generator (g): {self.g}")

    # Alice's keys
    print("\n--- Alice's Side ---")
    start_time = time.time()
    alice_private = self.generate_private_key()

```



```

        alice_public =
self.generate_public_key(alice_private)
        alice_time = time.time() - start_time
        print(f"Alice's public key:
{hex(alice_public)[:50]}...")

# Bob's keys
print("\n--- Bob's Side ---")
start_time = time.time()
bob_private = self.generate_private_key()
bob_public =
self.generate_public_key(bob_private)
        bob_time = time.time() - start_time
        print(f"Bob's public key:
{hex(bob_public)[:50]}...")

# Compute shared secrets
print("\n--- Shared Secret Computation ---
")
        alice_shared =
self.compute_shared_secret(alice_private,
bob_public)
        bob_shared =
self.compute_shared_secret(bob_private,
alice_public)

# Convert to usable key

```

```

        alice_key =
hashlib.sha256(str(alice_shared).encode()).hexdigest()

```

```

        bob_key =
hashlib.sha256(str(bob_shared).encode()).hexdigest()

```

```

        print(f"Alice's shared secret (SHA-256):
{alice_key[:32]}...")

```

```

        print(f"Bob's shared secret (SHA-256):
{bob_key[:32]}...")

```

```

        print(f"Secrets match: {alice_key ==
bob_key}")

```

```

        print(f"\nTotal key exchange time:
{alice_time + bob_time:.6f} seconds")

```

```

        return alice_time + bob_time

```

```

def compare_algorithms():

```

```

    """Compare RSA and Diffie-Hellman"""

```

```

    print("\n" + "="*60)

```

```

    print("COMPARISON: RSA vs DIFFIE-HELLMAN")

```

```

    print("="*60)

```

```

    comparison = """

```

```

        |-----|-----|
|-----|

```

Diffie-Hellman	Aspect	RSA	
	Purpose	Encryption & Signatures	
Key Exchange Only			
	Key Size	2048-4096 bits	
2048-4096 bits			
	Security Basis	Factoring problem	
Discrete log problem			
	Speed	Slower	
Faster			
	Use Cases	Digital certificates,	
Perfect forward secrecy,			
		Email encryption	
TLS key exchange			
	Authentication	Built-in	
Requires additional			

"""

print(comparison)

def main():

"""Main execution function"""

# RSA Demo

rsa\_demo = RSADemo()

```
    rsa_encrypt_time, rsa_decrypt_time =  
rsa_demo.demo()
```

```
# Diffie-Hellman Demo
```

```
dh_demo = DiffieHellmanDemo()
```

```
dh_time = dh_demo.demo()
```

```
# Comparison
```

```
compare_algorithms()
```

```
# Performance Summary
```

```
print("\n" + "="*60)
```

```
print("PERFORMANCE SUMMARY")
```

```
print("="*60)
```

```
    print(f"RSA Encryption Time:  
{rsa_encrypt_time:.6f} seconds")
```

```
    print(f"RSA Decryption Time:  
{rsa_decrypt_time:.6f} seconds")
```

```
    print(f"DH Key Exchange Time: {dh_time:.6f}  
seconds")
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
```

```
    main()
```

# Output:

```
PROBLEMS 2 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS powershell - PublicKey_Crypto_Assignment_Kiruthika
PS E:\KRMU-Assignments\Uni-Assignments\Crypto-assignments\PublicKey_Crypto_Assignment_Kiruthika> python .\rsa_dh_simulation.py

=====
RSA ENCRYPTION/DECRYPTION DEMO
=====
Generating 2048-bit RSA key pair...
Keys generated and saved to 'keys/' directory

Original message: This is a secure message encrypted with RSA!
Encrypted (hex): 0c94f6837ac1946180874a6898da1c579e3a91f1082ce8b7beb5b4ac46f4d50b7f6a8d23abd25922...
Encryption time: 0.004936 seconds
Decrypted: This is a secure message encrypted with RSA!
Decryption time: 0.010273 seconds

=====
DIFFIE-HELLMAN KEY EXCHANGE DEMO
=====
Public parameters:
Prime (p): 0xffffffffffffffffc90fdaa22168c234c4c6628b80dc1cd1...
Generator (g): 2

--- Alice's Side ---
Alice's public key: 0xa7fa0009b76df31cd1a2bff4abeaf48a634e5cf9cf6a0d2e...

--- Bob's Side ---
Bob's public key: 0x7a3e5d98b876833b8cd8a945fa15312b8ebc7331b9da7347...

--- Shared Secret Computation ---
Alice's shared secret (SHA-256): 796c748f4b2155dd4f71552205c8b7bd...
Bob's shared secret (SHA-256): 796c748f4b2155dd4f71552205c8b7bd...
Secrets match: True

Total key exchange time: 0.076037 seconds

=====
COMPARISON: RSA vs DIFFIE-HELLMAN
=====



| Aspect         | RSA                                    | Diffie-Hellman                            |
|----------------|----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| Purpose        | Encryption & Signatures                | Key Exchange Only                         |
| Key Size       | 2048-4096 bits                         | 2048-4096 bits                            |
| Security Basis | Factoring problem                      | Discrete log problem                      |
| Speed          | Slower                                 | Faster                                    |
| Use Cases      | Digital certificates, Email encryption | Perfect forward secrecy, TLS key exchange |
| Authentication | Built-in                               | Requires additional                       |



=====
PERFORMANCE SUMMARY
=====
RSA Encryption Time: 0.004936 seconds
RSA Decryption Time: 0.010273 seconds
DH Key Exchange Time: 0.076037 seconds
PS E:\KRMU-Assignments\Uni-Assignments\Crypto-assignments\PublicKey_Crypto_Assignment_Kiruthika>
```