

Cryptography

Lab Assignment 3

Github Link :

https://github.com/AviatrixK/Uni-Assessments/tree/main/Crypto-assignments/PublicKey_Crypto_Assignment_Kiruthika

`digitalSignature.py`

```
"""
```

`Q2: Digital Signatures using RSA/DSA`

`Author: Your Name`

`Date: 2024`

```
"""
```

```
import os
from Crypto.PublicKey import RSA, DSA
from Crypto.Signature import pkcs1_15, DSS
from Crypto.Hash import SHA256
from Crypto.Random import get_random_bytes
import time
```

```
class DigitalSignatureDemo:
```

```
    """Digital Signature Generation and  
    Verification"""

```

```
    def __init__(self, algorithm='RSA'):
        self.algorithm = algorithm
        self.private_key = None
        self.public_key = None
```

```
    def generate_keys(self, key_size=2048):
        """Generate key pair for signing"""

```

```
        print(f"\nGenerating {key_size}-bit\n{self.algorithm} key pair...")\n\n        if self.algorithm == 'RSA':\n            self.private_key =\nRSA.generate(key_size)\n            self.public_key =\nself.private_key.publickey()\n\n        elif self.algorithm == 'DSA':\n            self.private_key =\nDSA.generate(key_size)\n            self.public_key =\nself.private_key.publickey()\n\n        # Save keys\n        os.makedirs('keys', exist_ok=True)\n\n        with\nopen(f'keys/{self.algorithm.lower()}_signing_private.pem', 'wb') as f:\n            f.write(self.private_key.export_key())\n\n        with\nopen(f'keys/{self.algorithm.lower()}_signing_public.pem', 'wb') as f:\n            f.write(self.public_key.export_key())
```

```
print(f"Keys saved to 'keys/' directory")

def sign_message(self, message):
    """Sign a message with private key"""
    # Hash the message
    h = SHA256.new(message)

    # Sign with appropriate algorithm
    if self.algorithm == 'RSA':
        signature =
pkcs1_15.new(self.private_key).sign(h)
    elif self.algorithm == 'DSA':
        signature = DSS.new(self.private_key,
'fips-186-3').sign(h)

    return signature, h

def verify_signature(self, message, signature,
public_key=None):
    """Verify signature with public key"""
    if public_key is None:
        public_key = self.public_key

    # Hash the message
    h = SHA256.new(message)
```

```
try:
    if self.algorithm == 'RSA':
        pkcs1_15.new(public_key).verify(h,
signature)
    elif self.algorithm == 'DSA':
        DSS.new(public_key, 'fips-186-
3').verify(h, signature)
    return True
except (ValueError, TypeError):
    return False

def demo(self):
    """Run digital signature demo"""
    print("\n" + "="*60)
    print(f"{self.algorithm} DIGITAL SIGNATURE
DEMO")
    print("=*60")

    # Generate keys
    self.generate_keys()

    # Test messages
    messages = [
        b"This is an authentic message from
Alice",
```

```
        b"Contract Agreement: Terms and  
Conditions Apply",  
        b"Transaction ID: 12345, Amount:  
$1000.00"  
    ]  
  
    for i, message in enumerate(messages, 1):  
        print(f"\n--- Message {i} ---")  
        print(f"Original: {message.decode()}")  
  
        # Sign  
        start_time = time.time()  
        signature, msg_hash =  
self.sign_message(message)  
        sign_time = time.time() - start_time  
  
        print(f"Message hash:  
{msg_hash.hexdigest()[:32]}...")  
        print(f"Signature:  
{signature.hex()[:64]}...")  
        print(f"Signing time: {sign_time:.6f}  
seconds")  
  
        # Verify  
        start_time = time.time()  
        is_valid =  
self.verify_signature(message, signature)
```

```
        verify_time = time.time() - start_time

            print(f"Verification result: {'√ VALID' if is_valid else 'X INVALID'}")
            print(f"Verification time: {verify_time:.6f} seconds")

# Test tampering
tampered_message = message + b"TAMPERED"

is_valid_tampered =
self.verify_signature(tampered_message, signature)
print(f"Tampered message verification: {'√ VALID' if is_valid_tampered else 'X INVALID'}")

class SignatureProperties:

    """Demonstrate properties of digital
signatures"""

    @staticmethod
    def demonstrate_properties():
        print("\n" + "="*60)
        print("DIGITAL SIGNATURE PROPERTIES")
        print("="*60)
```

```
print("""
```

1. AUTHENTICITY

- Verifies the identity of the message sender
- Only the holder of the private key can create valid signature
 - Public key verification proves sender's identity

2. INTEGRITY

- Any modification to the message invalidates the signature
- Ensures message hasn't been altered in transit
- Based on cryptographic hash functions

3. NON-REPUDIATION

- Sender cannot deny having signed the message
- Signature is mathematically bound to both message and signer
 - Provides legal evidence of agreement/transaction

4. USE CASES

- Email authentication (PGP/S-MIME)
- Software distribution (code signing)
- Financial transactions
- Legal documents and contracts

- Blockchain transactions

""")

```
def compare_signature_algorithms():

    """Compare RSA and DSA signatures"""

    print("\n" + "="*60)
    print("RSA vs DSA SIGNATURE COMPARISON")
    print("="*60)

    # Test both algorithms
    test_message = b"Performance comparison test message"

    # RSA Signature
    print("\n--- RSA Signature ---")
    rsa_demo = DigitalSignatureDemo('RSA')
    rsa_demo.generate_keys(2048)

    start = time.time()
    rsa_sig, _ =
    rsa_demo.sign_message(test_message)
    rsa_sign_time = time.time() - start

    start = time.time()
```

```
rsa_demo.verify_signature(test_message,
rsa_sig)

rsa_verify_time = time.time() - start

# DSA Signature
print("\n--- DSA Signature ---")
dsa_demo = DigitalSignatureDemo('DSA')
dsa_demo.generate_keys(2048)

start = time.time()
dsa_sig, _ =
dsa_demo.sign_message(test_message)
dsa_sign_time = time.time() - start

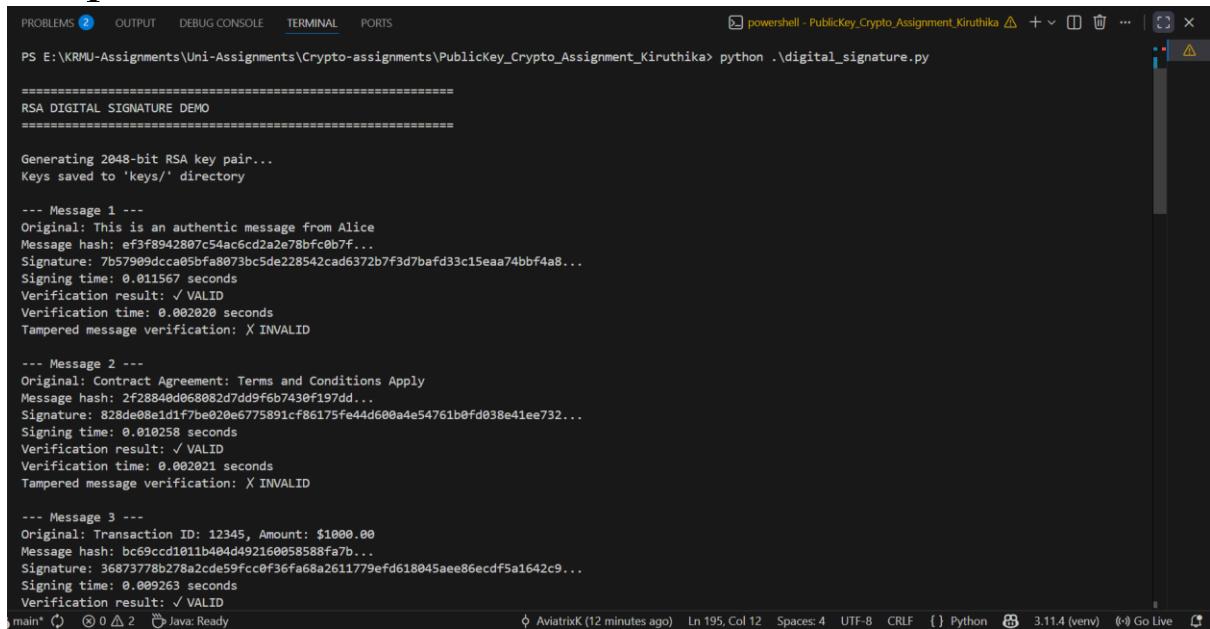
start = time.time()
dsa_demo.verify_signature(test_message,
dsa_sig)
dsa_verify_time = time.time() - start

# Results
print("\n" + "="*60)
print("PERFORMANCE RESULTS")
print("=*60")
print(f"RSA Signing Time: {rsa_sign_time:.6f} seconds")
```

```
        print(f"RSA Verification Time:  
{rsa_verify_time:.6f} seconds")  
  
        print(f"RSA Signature Size: {len(rsa_sig)}  
bytes")  
  
        print(f"\nDSA Signing Time: {dsa_sign_time:.6f}  
seconds")  
  
        print(f"DSA Verification Time:  
{dsa_verify_time:.6f} seconds")  
  
        print(f"DSA Signature Size: {len(dsa_sig)}  
bytes")  
  
  
def main():  
    """Main execution function"""  
  
    # RSA Digital Signature Demo  
    rsa_demo = DigitalSignatureDemo('RSA')  
    rsa_demo.demo()  
  
  
    # DSA Digital Signature Demo  
    dsa_demo = DigitalSignatureDemo('DSA')  
    dsa_demo.demo()  
  
  
    # Properties demonstration  
    SignatureProperties.demonstrate_properties()  
  
  
    # Algorithm comparison  
    compare_signature_algorithms()
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

Output :



The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "powershell - PublicKey_Crypto_Assignment_Kiruthika". The command run is "python ./digital_signature.py". The output displays three messages (Message 1, Message 2, Message 3) with their original content, message hash, signature, signing time, verification result, verification time, and tamper status.

```
PS E:\KRMU-Assignments\Uni-Assessments\Crypto-assessments\PublicKey_Crypto_Assignment_Kiruthika> python ./digital_signature.py
=====
RSA DIGITAL SIGNATURE DEMO
=====

Generating 2048-bit RSA key pair...
Keys saved to 'keys/' directory

--- Message 1 ---
Original: This is an authentic message from Alice
Message hash: ef3f8942887c54ac6cd2a2e78bfc8b7f...
Signature: 7b57909dc05bfa073bc5de228542cad6372b7f3d7baf0d33c15eaa74bbf4a8...
Signing time: 0.011567 seconds
Verification result: ✓ VALID
Verification time: 0.002028 seconds
Tampered message verification: X INVALID

--- Message 2 ---
Original: Contract Agreement: Terms and Conditions Apply
Message hash: 2f28840d068082d7dd9f6b7430f197dd...
Signature: 828de08e1df7be020e6775891cf86175fe44d600a4e54761b0fd038e41ee732...
Signing time: 0.010258 seconds
Verification result: ✓ VALID
Verification time: 0.002021 seconds
Tampered message verification: X INVALID

--- Message 3 ---
Original: Transaction ID: 12345, Amount: $1000.00
Message hash: bc69cc0101b404d492160058588fa7b...
Signature: 36873778b278a2cde59fcc0f36fa68a2611779efd618045aee86ecdf5a1642c9...
Signing time: 0.009263 seconds
Verification result: ✓ VALID
```

```
ecc_vs_dh.py
```

```
"""
```

```
Q4: Key Exchange Protocol Comparison - DH vs ECDH
```

```
Author: Your Name
```

```
Date: 2024
```

```
"""
```

```
import time
import random
import hashlib
import os
from tinyec import registry
from cryptography.hazmat.primitives import hashes
from cryptography.hazmat.primitives.asymmetric import dh, ec
from cryptography.hazmat.backends import default_backend

# Try to import matplotlib, but don't fail if it's
# not available
try:
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    import numpy as np
    MATPLOTLIB_AVAILABLE = True
except ImportError:
```

```
MATPLOTLIB_AVAILABLE = False

print("Note: matplotlib not found. Graphs will
not be generated.")

print("Install with: pip install matplotlib
numpy\n")

class ClassicDiffieHellman:

    """Classic Diffie-Hellman Implementation"""

    def __init__(self, key_size=2048):
        self.key_size = key_size
        self.parameters = None
        self.generate_parameters()

    def generate_parameters(self):
        """Generate DH parameters"""
        print(f"Generating {self.key_size}-bit DH
parameters...")
        self.parameters = dh.generate_parameters(
            generator=2,
            key_size=self.key_size,
            backend=default_backend()
        )

    def generate_private_key(self):
```

```
"""Generate private key"""
# Fixed: removed backend parameter
return
self.parameters.generate_private_key()

def perform_key_exchange(self):
    """Perform complete key exchange"""
    # Alice generates private key
    alice_private = self.generate_private_key()
    alice_public = alice_private.public_key()

    # Bob generates private key
    bob_private = self.generate_private_key()
    bob_public = bob_private.public_key()

    # Exchange and compute shared secrets
    alice_shared =
alice_private.exchange(bob_public)
    bob_shared =
bob_private.exchange(alice_public)

    # Derive keys from shared secrets
    alice_key =
hashlib.sha256(alice_shared).hexdigest()
    bob_key =
hashlib.sha256(bob_shared).hexdigest()
```

```
        return alice_key, bob_key,
len(alice_shared) * 8

class EllipticCurveDiffieHellman:
    """Elliptic Curve Diffie-Hellman
Implementation"""

    def __init__(self, curve_name='secp256r1'):
        self.curve_name = curve_name

        # Map curve names for different libraries
        if curve_name == 'secp256r1':
            self.crypto_curve = ec.SECP256R1()
            self.tinyec_curve =
registry.get_curve('secp256r1')
        elif curve_name == 'secp384r1':
            self.crypto_curve = ec.SECP384R1()
            self.tinyec_curve =
registry.get_curve('secp384r1')
        else:
            self.crypto_curve = ec.SECP521R1()
            self.tinyec_curve =
registry.get_curve('secp521r1')

    def generate_private_key(self):
```

```
"""Generate private key"""

    # Check cryptography version and use
    appropriate method

        try:

            # Try newer version first (without
            backend)

                return
            ec.generate_private_key(self.crypto_curve)

        except TypeError:

            # Fall back to older version (with
            backend)

                return
            ec.generate_private_key(self.crypto_curve,
backend=default_backend())


def perform_key_exchange(self):

    """Perform complete ECDH key exchange"""

    # Alice generates private key
    alice_private = self.generate_private_key()
    alice_public = alice_private.public_key()

    # Bob generates private key
    bob_private = self.generate_private_key()
    bob_public = bob_private.public_key()

    # Exchange and compute shared secrets
```

```
        alice_shared =
alice_private.exchange(ec.ECDH(), bob_public)

        bob_shared =
bob_private.exchange(ec.ECDH(), alice_public)

# Derive keys from shared secrets

        alice_key =
hashlib.sha256(alice_shared).hexdigest()

        bob_key =
hashlib.sha256(bob_shared).hexdigest()

    return alice_key, bob_key,
len(alice_shared) * 8

def perform_tinyec_exchange(self):
    """Perform ECDH using tinyec library"""

    # Alice's keys

        alice_private = random.randint(1,
self.tinyec_curve.field.n - 1)

        alice_public = alice_private *
self.tinyec_curve.g

    # Bob's keys

        bob_private = random.randint(1,
self.tinyec_curve.field.n - 1)

        bob_public = bob_private *
self.tinyec_curve.g
```

```
# Compute shared secrets
alice_shared = alice_private * bob_public
bob_shared = bob_private * alice_public

# Derive keys
alice_key =
hashlib.sha256(str(alice_shared.x).encode()).hexdigest()
bob_key =
hashlib.sha256(str(bob_shared.x).encode()).hexdigest()

return alice_key, bob_key

class SimpleDiffieHellman:
    """Simple DH implementation for demonstration
    (faster)"""

    def __init__(self):
        # Using smaller pre-generated safe prime
        # for demonstration
        self.p =
0xFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFC90FDAA22168C234C4C6628B80DC1CD12
9024E088A67CC74020BBEA63B139B22514A08798E3404DDEF95
19B3CD3A431B302B0A6DF25F14374FE1356D6D51C245E485B57
6625E7EC6F44C42E9A63637ED6B0BFF5CB6F406B7EDEE386FB
5A899FA5AE9F24117C4B1FE649286651ECE45B3DC2007CB8A16
```

```
3BF0598DA48361C55D39A69163FA8FD24CF5F83655D23DCA3AD
961C62F356208552BB9ED529077096966D670C354E4ABC9804F
1746C08CA18217C32905E462E36CE3BE39E772C180E86039B27
83A2EC07A28FB5C55DF06F4C52C9DE2BCBF6955817183995497
CEA956AE515D2261898FA051015728E5A8AACAA68FFFFFFFF
FFFF
```

```
    self.g = 2
```

```
def perform_key_exchange(self):
    """Perform simple DH key exchange"""
    # Alice's keys
    alice_private = random.randint(2, self.p - 2)
    alice_public = pow(self.g, alice_private, self.p)

    # Bob's keys
    bob_private = random.randint(2, self.p - 2)
    bob_public = pow(self.g, bob_private, self.p)

    # Compute shared secrets
    alice_shared = pow(bob_public, alice_private, self.p)
    bob_shared = pow(alice_public, bob_private, self.p)
```

```
# Convert to hex keys
alice_key =
hashlib.sha256(str(alice_shared).encode()).hexdigest()
bob_key =
hashlib.sha256(str(bob_shared).encode()).hexdigest()

return alice_key, bob_key

class ProtocolComparison:
    """Compare DH and ECDH protocols"""

    def __init__(self):
        self.results = {
            'dh': {'times': [], 'key_sizes': []},
            'ecdh': {'times': [], 'curves': []}
        }

    def benchmark_classic_dh_simple(self,
iterations=10):
        """Benchmark with simple DH implementation
(faster)"""
        print("\n" + "="*60)
        print("BENCHMARKING CLASSIC DIFFIE-HELLMAN
(Simplified)")
        print("=*60)
```

```
    print("\nUsing pre-generated 2048-bit safe
prime for faster execution")

simple_dh = SimpleDiffieHellman()

times = []
for i in range(iterations):
    start = time.time()
    alice_key, bob_key =
simple_dh.perform_key_exchange()
    end = time.time()
    times.append(end - start)

    if i == 0: # Verify only once
        assert alice_key == bob_key, "Key
mismatch!"

avg_time = sum(times) / len(times)
self.results['dh']['times'].append(avg_time
)
self.results['dh']['key_sizes'].append(2048
)

print(f" Average time: {avg_time:.4f}
seconds")
```

```
    print(f"  Keys match: ✓")\n\n\ndef benchmark_classic_dh(self, iterations=10):\n    """Benchmark classic Diffie-Hellman"""\n    print("\n" + "="*60)\n    print("BENCHMARKING CLASSIC DIFFIE-\nHELLMAN")\n    print("=".*60)\n\n    # Use only one key size for faster\n    execution\n    key_sizes = [2048]  # Reduced for much\n    faster execution\n\n    for key_size in key_sizes:\n        print(f"\nTesting {key_size}-bit\nDH...")\n\n    try:\n        dh_instance =\n        ClassicDiffieHellman(key_size)\n\n        times = []\n        for i in range(min(iterations,\n2)):\n            # Limit to 2 iterations for DH\n            start = time.time()\n\n            # Perform DH computation\n            dh_instance.compute()\n\n            end = time.time()\n            times.append(end - start)\n\n        average_time = sum(times) / len(times)\n        print(f"\nAverage time per iteration: {average_time:.6f} seconds")\n\n    except Exception as e:\n        print(f"\nError: {e}")
```

```
                alice_key, bob_key, shared_size
= dh_instance.perform_key_exchange()
                end = time.time()
                times.append(end - start)

                if i == 0: # Verify only once
                    assert alice_key ==
bob_key, "Key mismatch!"

                avg_time = sum(times) / len(times)
                self.results['dh']['times'].append(
avg_time)
                self.results['dh']['key_sizes'].app
end(key_size)

                print(f" Average time:
{avg_time:.4f} seconds")
                print(f" Shared secret size:
{shared_size} bits")
                print(f" Keys match: ✓")

            except Exception as e:
                print(f" Error with {key_size}-bit
DH: {e}")
                print(" Using simplified DH
instead...")
```

```
        self.benchmark_classic_dh_simple(it  
erations)  
        break  
  
  
def benchmark_ecdh(self, iterations=10):  
    """Benchmark Elliptic Curve Diffie-  
Hellman"""  
    print("\n" + "="*60)  
    print("BENCHMARKING ELLIPTIC CURVE DIFFIE-  
HELLMAN")  
    print("=*60)  
  
  
    curves = [  
        ('secp256r1', 256),  
        ('secp384r1', 384),  
        ('secp521r1', 521)  
    ]  
  
  
    for curve_name, curve_bits in curves:  
        print(f"\nTesting {curve_name}  
{curve_bits} bits)...")  
        ecdh_instance =  
EllipticCurveDiffieHellman(curve_name)  
  
  
        times = []  
        for i in range(iterations):
```

```
        start = time.time()

        alice_key, bob_key, shared_size =
ecdh_instance.perform_key_exchange()

        end = time.time()

        times.append(end - start)

    if i == 0: # Verify only once
        assert alice_key == bob_key,
"Key mismatch!"

    avg_time = sum(times) / len(times)
    self.results['ecdh']['times'].append(av
g_time)
    self.results['ecdh']['curves'].append(c
urve_name)

    print(f" Average time: {avg_time:.4f}
seconds")
    print(f" Shared secret size:
{shared_size} bits")
    print(f" Keys match: ✓")

def compare_security_levels(self):
    """Compare security levels of DH and
ECDH"""
    print("\n" + "="*60)
```

```
print("SECURITY LEVEL COMPARISON")
print("*"*60)
```

```
comparison = """
```

Key Size	Security Level	DH Key Size	ECC
223 bits	80 bits	1024 bits	160-
255 bits	112 bits	2048 bits	224-
383 bits	128 bits	3072 bits	256-
511 bits	192 bits	7680 bits	384-
bits	256 bits	15360 bits	512+

Key Observations:

- ECC provides equivalent security with much smaller key sizes
- 256-bit ECC ≈ 3072-bit DH in terms of security

- Smaller keys = faster computation, less bandwidth, less storage

```
"""
```

```
    print(comparison)
```

```
def display_results_table(self):  
    """Display results in a table format  
instead of plot"""
```

```
    print("\n" + "="*60)
```

```
    print("PERFORMANCE RESULTS TABLE")
```

```
    print("=*60)
```

```
    if self.results['dh']['times']:  
        # DH Results  
        print("\nClassic Diffie-Hellman  
Performance:")  
        print("-----")  
        print("  | Key Size      | Avg Time  
(sec) | ")  
        print("-----")  
        for size, time_val in  
            zip(self.results['dh']['key_sizes'],  
                self.results['dh']['times']):  
            print(f"  | {size:4d} bits  |  
                {time_val:8.4f}  |")
```

```
        print("-----")
    )

    if self.results['ecdh']['times']:
        # ECDH Results
        print("\nElliptic Curve Diffie-Hellman
Performance:")
        print("-----")
    )

if __name__ == "__main__":
    pc = ProtocolComparison()
    pc.benchmark_classic_dh()
    pc.benchmark_ecdh()
    pc.compare_security_levels()
    pc.display_results_table()
```

Output :

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS
PS E:\KRMU-Assessments\Uni-Assessments\Crypto-assessments\PublicKey_Crypto_Assignment_Kiruthika> python .\ecc_vs_dh.py
=====
BENCHMARKING CLASSIC DIFFIE-HELLMAN
=====

Testing 2048-bit DH...
Generating 2048-bit DH parameters...
Average time: 0.0209 seconds
Shared secret size: 2048 bits
Keys match: ✓

=====
BENCHMARKING ELLIPTIC CURVE DIFFIE-HELLMAN
=====

Testing secp256r1 (256 bits)...
Average time: 0.0006 seconds
Shared secret size: 256 bits
Keys match: ✓

Testing secp384r1 (384 bits)...
Average time: 0.0097 seconds
Shared secret size: 384 bits
Keys match: ✓

Testing secp521r1 (521 bits)...
Average time: 0.0243 seconds
Shared secret size: 528 bits
Keys match: ✓

=====
SECURITY LEVEL COMPARISON
=====
```

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS
SECURITY LEVEL COMPARISON
=====



| Security Level | DH Key Size | ECC Key Size |
|----------------|-------------|--------------|
| 80 bits        | 1024 bits   | 160-223 bits |
| 112 bits       | 2048 bits   | 224-255 bits |
| 128 bits       | 3072 bits   | 256-383 bits |
| 192 bits       | 7680 bits   | 384-511 bits |
| 256 bits       | 15360 bits  | 512+ bits    |



Key Observations:
• ECC provides equivalent security with much smaller key sizes
• 256-bit ECC = 3072-bit DH in terms of security
• Smaller keys = faster computation, less bandwidth, less storage

=====
PERFORMANCE RESULTS TABLE
=====

Classic Diffie-Hellman Performance:


| Key Size  | Avg Time (sec) |
|-----------|----------------|
| 2048 bits | 0.0209         |



Elliptic Curve Diffie-Hellman Performance:
=====
```

pki_demo.py

```
"""
```

Q3: Public Key Infrastructure (PKI) Demonstration

Author: Your Name

Date: 2024

```
"""
```

```
import os
import datetime
from cryptography import x509
from cryptography.x509.oid import NameOID,
ExtensionOID
from cryptography.hazmat.primitives import hashes,
serialization
from cryptography.hazmat.primitives.asymmetric
import rsa
from cryptography.hazmat.backends import
default_backend

class PKIDemo:
    """PKI Certificate Generation and Validation"""

    def __init__(self):
        self.ca_key = None
        self.ca_cert = None
        os.makedirs('certificates', exist_ok=True)
```

```
def generate_ca_certificate(self):
    """Generate a Certificate Authority (CA) certificate"""
    print("\n" + "="*60)
    print("GENERATING CERTIFICATE AUTHORITY (CA)")
    print("="*60)

    # Generate CA private key
    self.ca_key = rsa.generate_private_key(
        public_exponent=65537,
        key_size=4096,
        backend=default_backend()
    )

    # CA certificate details
    subject = issuer = x509.Name([
        x509.NameAttribute(NameOID.COUNTRY_NAME, "IN"),
        x509.NameAttribute(NameOID.STATE_OR_PROVINCE_NAME, "Delhi"),
        x509.NameAttribute(NameOID.LOCALITY_NAME, "New Delhi"),
        x509.NameAttribute(NameOID.ORGANIZATION_NAME, "Demo Root CA"),
    ])
```

```
        x509.NameAttribute(NameOID.ORGANIZATION  
AL_UNIT_NAME, "Certificate Authority"),  
        x509.NameAttribute(NameOID.COMMON_NAME,  
"Demo Root CA"),  
    ])  
  
    # Create CA certificate  
    self.ca_cert = (  
        x509.CertificateBuilder()  
        .subject_name(subject)  
        .issuer_name(issuer)  
        .public_key(self.ca_key.public_key())  
        .serial_number(x509.random_serial_numb  
r())  
        .not_valid_before(datetime.datetime.utc  
now())  
        .not_valid_after(datetime.datetime.utcn  
ow() + datetime.timedelta(days=3650))  
        .add_extension(  
            x509.BasicConstraints(ca=True,  
path_length=None),  
            critical=True,  
        )  
        .add_extension(  
            x509.KeyUsage(  
                digital_signature=True,
```

```
        content_commitment=False,
        key_encipherment=False,
        data_encipherment=False,
        key_agreement=False,
        key_cert_sign=True,
        crl_sign=True,
        encipher_only=False,
        decipher_only=False,
    ),
    critical=True,
)
.add_extension(
    x509.SubjectKeyIdentifier.from_public_key(self.ca_key.public_key()),
    critical=False,
)
.sign(self.ca_key, hashes.SHA256(),
backend=default_backend())
)

# Save CA certificate and key
with open('certificates/ca_cert.pem', 'wb') as f:
    f.write(self.ca_cert.public_bytes(seria
lization.Encoding.PEM))
```

```
        with open('certificates/ca_key.pem', 'wb')
as f:
    f.write(self.ca_key.private_bytes(
        encoding=serialization.Encoding.PEM
        ,
        format=serialization.PrivateFormat.TraditionalOpenSSL,
        encryption_algorithm=serialization.NoEncryption()
    ))

    print("✓ CA Certificate generated and
saved")
    print(f"  Serial Number:
{self.ca_cert.serial_number}")
    print(f"  Valid From:
{self.ca_cert.not_valid_before}")
    print(f"  Valid Until:
{self.ca_cert.not_valid_after}")

def generate_self_signed_certificate(self,
domain="example.com"):
    """Generate a self-signed X.509
certificate"""

    print("\n" + "="*60)
    print("GENERATING SELF-SIGNED CERTIFICATE")
    print("=*60)
```

```
# Generate private key
private_key = rsa.generate_private_key(
    public_exponent=65537,
    key_size=2048,
    backend=default_backend()
)

# Certificate details
subject = issuer = x509.Name([
    x509.NameAttribute(NameOID.COUNTRY_NAME
, "IN"),
    x509.NameAttribute(NameOID.STATE_OR_PRO
VINCE_NAME, "Maharashtra"),
    x509.NameAttribute(NameOID.LOCALITY_NAM
E, "Mumbai"),
    x509.NameAttribute(NameOID.ORGANIZATION
_NAME, "Demo Organization"),
    x509.NameAttribute(NameOID.ORGANIZATION
AL_UNIT_NAME, "IT Department"),
    x509.NameAttribute(NameOID.COMMON_NAME,
domain),
])

# Create certificate
cert = (
```

```
x509.CertificateBuilder()
    .subject_name(subject)
    .issuer_name(issuer)
    .public_key(private_key.public_key())
    .serial_number(x509.random_serial_number())
    .not_valid_before(datetime.datetime.utcnow())
    .not_valid_after(datetime.datetime.utcnow() + datetime.timedelta(days=365))
    .add_extension(
        x509.SubjectAlternativeName([
            x509.DNSName(domain),
            x509.DNSName(f"www.{domain}"),
            x509.DNSName("localhost"),
        ]),
        critical=False,
    )
    .add_extension(
        x509.BasicConstraints(ca=False,
path_length=None),
        critical=True,
    )
    .sign(private_key, hashes.SHA256(),
backend=default_backend())
)
```

```
# Save certificate and key
    with
open(f'certificates/self_signed_{domain}.pem',
'wb') as f:
    f.write(cert.public_bytes(serialization
.Encoding.PEM))

    with
open(f'certificates/self_signed_{domain}_key.pem',
'wb') as f:
    f.write(private_key.private_bytes(
        encoding=serialization.Encoding.PEM
        ,
        format=serialization.PrivateFormat.
TraditionalOpenSSL,
        encryption_algorithm=serialization.
NoEncryption()
    ))

    print(f"✓ Self-signed certificate for
{domain} generated")
    self.display_certificate_info(cert)

return cert, private_key
```

```
def generate_ca_signed_certificate(self,
domain="secure.example.com"):

    """Generate a certificate signed by CA"""
    if not self.ca_key or not self.ca_cert:
        self.generate_ca_certificate()

    print("\n" + "="*60)
    print("GENERATING CA-SIGNED CERTIFICATE")
    print("="*60)

    # Generate private key for the certificate
    cert_key = rsa.generate_private_key(
        public_exponent=65537,
        key_size=2048,
        backend=default_backend()
    )

    # Certificate subject
    subject = x509.Name([
        x509.NameAttribute(NameOID.COUNTRY_NAME,
                           "IN"),
        x509.NameAttribute(NameOID.STATE_OR_PROVINCE_NAME, "Karnataka"),
        x509.NameAttribute(NameOID.LOCALITY_NAME, "Bangalore"),
    ])
```

```
        x509.NameAttribute(NameOID.ORGANIZATION
_NAME, "Demo Company"),
        x509.NameAttribute(NameOID.ORGANIZATION
AL_UNIT_NAME, "Web Services"),
        x509.NameAttribute(NameOID.COMMON_NAME,
domain),
    ])

# Create certificate signed by CA
cert = (
    x509.CertificateBuilder()
    .subject_name(subject)
    .issuer_name(self.ca_cert.issuer)
    .public_key(cert_key.public_key())
    .serial_number(x509.random_serial_numb
r())
    .not_valid_before(datetime.datetime.utcnow()
now())
    .not_valid_after(datetime.datetime.utcnow()
ow() + datetime.timedelta(days=365))
    .add_extension(
        x509.SubjectAlternativeName([
            x509.DNSName(domain),
            x509.DNSName(f"*.{domain}"),
        ]),
        critical=False,
```

```
        )
        .add_extension(
            x509.BasicConstraints(ca=False,
path_length=None),
            critical=True,
        )
        .add_extension(
            x509.AuthorityKeyIdentifier.from_is
suer_public_key(self.ca_key.public_key()),
            critical=False,
        )
        .sign(self.ca_key, hashes.SHA256(),
backend=default_backend())
    )

# Save certificate
with
open(f'certificates/ca_signed_{domain}.pem', 'wb')
as f:
    f.write(cert.public_bytes(serialization
.Encoding.PEM))

    print(f"✓ CA-signed certificate for
{domain} generated")
    self.display_certificate_info(cert)
```

```
    return cert

def display_certificate_info(self, cert):
    """Display certificate information"""
    print("\nCertificate Details:")
    print(f"  Subject:\n{cert.subject.rfc4514_string()}")
    print(f"  Issuer:\n{cert.issuer.rfc4514_string()}")
    print(f"  Serial Number:\n{cert.serial_number}")
    print(f"  Not Valid Before:\n{cert.not_valid_before}")
    print(f"  Not Valid After:\n{cert.not_valid_after}")
    print(f"  Signature Algorithm:\n{cert.signature_algorithm_oid}")

def validate_certificate_chain(self, cert):
    """Validate certificate chain"""
    print("\n" + "="*60)
    print("CERTIFICATE CHAIN VALIDATION")
    print("=*60")

    # Check if self-signed
    if cert.issuer == cert.subject:
```

```
        print("⚠ Certificate is self-signed")
        print(" - No chain validation
possible")
        print(" - Trust must be explicitly
established")
    else:
        print("✓ Certificate is CA-signed")
        print(" - Issuer verified against CA
certificate")
        print(" - Chain of trust established")

# Check validity period
now = datetime.datetime.utcnow()
if cert.not_valid_before <= now <=
cert.not_valid_after:
    print("✓ Certificate is within
validity period")
else:
    print("✗ Certificate is expired or not
yet valid")

def demonstrate_crl(self):
    """Demonstrate Certificate Revocation List
concept"""
    print("\n" + "="*60)
    print("CERTIFICATE REVOCATION LIST (CRL)")
```

```
print("="*60)
```

```
print("""
```

CRL Components and Process:

1. CRL Generation:

- CA maintains list of revoked certificates
- Each entry contains serial number and revocation date
- CRL is signed by CA for authenticity

2. Revocation Reasons:

- Key compromise
- CA compromise
- Affiliation changed
- Certificate superseded
- Cessation of operation

3. CRL Distribution:

- Published at regular intervals
- Available via HTTP/LDAP
- Cached by clients

4. OCSP (Online Certificate Status Protocol):

- Real-time certificate validation
- More efficient than downloading full CRL

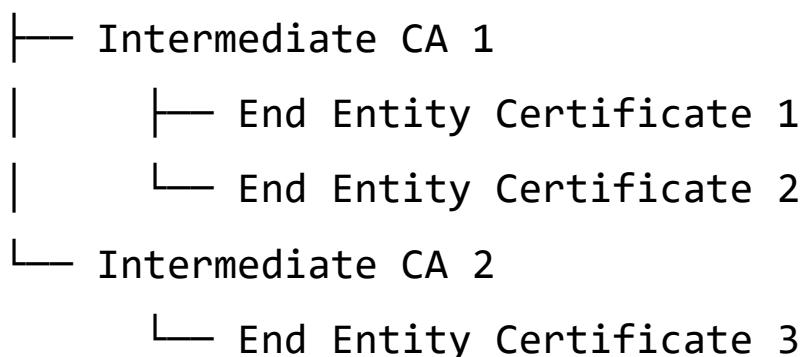
- Returns: Good, Revoked, or Unknown
- """)

```
class PKITrustModels:  
    """Demonstrate PKI Trust Models"""
```

```
@staticmethod  
def explain_trust_models():  
    print("\n" + "="*60)  
    print("PKI TRUST MODELS")  
    print("=*60)  
  
    print("""
```

1. HIERARCHICAL TRUST MODEL:

Root CA



- Used by: Web PKI, Enterprise PKI
- Single root of trust
- Clear chain of authority

2. WEB OF TRUST MODEL:

User A ↔ User B

↑ ↓

User D ↔ User C

- Used by: PGP/GPG
- Decentralized trust
- Users sign each other's keys

3. BRIDGE CA MODEL:

CA1 ↔ Bridge CA ↔ CA2

↓

CA3

- Cross-certification between CAs
- Enables inter-organizational trust

4. BROWSER CERTIFICATE VALIDATION:

- a) Check certificate chain to trusted root
- b) Verify certificate not expired
- c) Check certificate not revoked (CRL/OCSP)
- d) Verify domain name matches
- e) Check certificate constraints
- f) Validate signature algorithms

""")

```
def main():

    """Main execution function"""

    # Initialize PKI Demo
    pki = PKIDemo()

    # Generate CA certificate
    pki.generate_ca_certificate()

    # Generate self-signed certificate
    self_signed_cert, _ =
pki.generate_self_signed_certificate("example.com")

    # Generate CA-signed certificate
    ca_signed_cert =
pki.generate_ca_signed_certificate("secure.example.
com")

    # Validate certificates
    pki.validate_certificate_chain(self_signed_cert)
    pki.validate_certificate_chain(ca_signed_cert)

    # Demonstrate CRL
    pki.demonstrate_crl()
```

```

# Explain trust models

PKITrustModels.explain_trust_models()

print("\n" + "="*60)
print("PKI DEMONSTRATION COMPLETE")
print("="*60)

print("\nGenerated files in 'certificates/' directory:")
for file in os.listdir('certificates'):
    print(f" - {file}")

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()

```

Output:

```

PS E:\KRMU-Assessments\Uni-Assessments\Crypto-assessments\PublicKey_Crypto_Assignment_Kiruthika>python .\pki_demo.py

=====
GENERATING CERTIFICATE AUTHORITY (CA)
=====
✓ CA Certificate generated and saved
  Serial Number: 19311650598439711387281368781252817806696228220
E:\KRMU-Assessments\Uni-Assessments\Crypto-assessments\PublicKey_Crypto_Assignment_Kiruthika\pki_demo.py:93: CryptographyDeprecationWarning: Properties that return a naive datetime object have been deprecated. Please switch to not_valid_before_utc.
  print(f" Valid From: {self.ca_cert.not_valid_before}")
  Valid From: 2025-11-17 13:02:32
E:\KRMU-Assessments\Uni-Assessments\Crypto-assessments\PublicKey_Crypto_Assignment_Kiruthika\pki_demo.py:94: CryptographyDeprecationWarning: Properties that return a naive datetime object have been deprecated. Please switch to not_valid_after_utc.
  print(f" Valid Until: {self.ca_cert.not_valid_after}")
  Valid Until: 2035-11-15 13:02:32

=====
GENERATING SELF-SIGNED CERTIFICATE
=====
✓ Self-signed certificate for example.com generated

Certificate Details:
  Subject: CN=example.com,OU=IT Department,O=Demo Organization,L=Mumbai,ST=Maharashtra,C=IN
  Issuer: CN=example.com,OU=IT Department,O=Demo Organization,L=Mumbai,ST=Maharashtra,C=IN
  Serial Number: 709841540535409485277953625909835538758305480
E:\KRMU-Assessments\Uni-Assessments\Crypto-assessments\PublicKey_Crypto_Assignment_Kiruthika\pki_demo.py:227: CryptographyDeprecationWarning: Properties that return a naive datetime object have been deprecated. Please switch to not_valid_before_utc.
  print(f" Not Valid Before: {cert.not_valid_before}")
  Not Valid Before: 2025-11-17 13:02:32
E:\KRMU-Assessments\Uni-Assessments\Crypto-assessments\PublicKey_Crypto_Assignment_Kiruthika\pki_demo.py:228: CryptographyDeprecationWarning: Properties that return a naive datetime object have been deprecated. Please switch to not_valid_after_utc.
  print(f" Not Valid After: {cert.not_valid_after}")
  Not Valid After: 2026-11-17 13:02:32

```

```
PROBLEMS 2 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS powershell - PublicKey_Crypto_Assignment_Kiruthika ▲ + v ⚡ ⚡ ... | ⚡ × ⚡ ▲
```

```
Signature Algorithm: <ObjectIdentifier(oid=1.2.840.113549.1.1.11, name=sha256WithRSAEncryption)>
```

```
=====
GENERATING CA-SIGNED CERTIFICATE
=====
```

```
✓ CA-signed certificate for secure.example.com generated
```

```
Certificate Details:
Subject: CN=secure.example.com,OU=Web Services,O=Demo Company,L=Bangalore,ST=Karnataka,C=IN
Issuer: CN=Demo Root CA,OU=Certificate Authority,O=Demo Root CA,L=New Delhi,ST=Delhi,C=IN
Serial Number: 22629570056426918265411538828455874487700202415
Not Valid Before: 2025-11-17 13:02:32
Not Valid After: 2026-11-17 13:02:32
Signature Algorithm: <ObjectIdentifier(oid=1.2.840.113549.1.1.11, name=sha256WithRSAEncryption)>
```

```
=====
CERTIFICATE CHAIN VALIDATION
=====
```

```
△ Certificate is self-signed
- No chain validation possible
- Trust must be explicitly established
```

```
E:\KRMU-Assignments\Uni-Assignments\Crypto-assignments\PublicKey_Crypto_Assignment_Kiruthika\pki_demo.py:249: CryptographyDeprecationWarning: Properties that return a naive datetime object have been deprecated. Please switch to not_valid_before_utc.
if cert.not_valid_before <= now <= cert.not_valid_after:
```

```
E:\KRMU-Assignments\Uni-Assignments\Crypto-assignments\PublicKey_Crypto_Assignment_Kiruthika\pki_demo.py:249: CryptographyDeprecationWarning: Properties that return a naive datetime object have been deprecated. Please switch to not_valid_after_utc.
if cert.not_valid_before <= now <= cert.not_valid_after:
```

```
✓ Certificate is within validity period
```

```
=====
CERTIFICATE CHAIN VALIDATION
=====
```

```
✓ Certificate is CA-signed
```

```
main* ⚡ ⚡ 0 ▲ 2 ⚡ Java: Ready ⚡ AviatrixK (33 minutes ago) Ln 365, Col 11 (13305 selected) Spaces: 4 UTF-8 CRLF { } Python ⚡ 3.11.4 (venv) ⚡ Go Live ⚡
```

```
PROBLEMS 2 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS powershell - PublicKey_Crypto_Assignment_Kiruthika ▲ + v ⚡ ⚡ ... | ⚡ × ⚡ ▲
```

```
- Issuer verified against CA certificate
- Chain of trust established
✓ Certificate is within validity period
```

```
=====
CERTIFICATE REVOCATION LIST (CRL)
=====
```

```
CRL Components and Process:
1. CRL Generation:
- CA maintains list of revoked certificates
- Each entry contains serial number and revocation date
- CRL is signed by CA for authenticity
```

```
2. Revocation Reasons:
- Key compromise
- CA compromise
- Affiliation changed
- Certificate superseded
- Cessation of operation
```

```
3. CRL Distribution:
- Published at regular intervals
- Available via HTTP/LDAP
- Cached by clients
```

```
4. OCSP (Online Certificate Status Protocol):
- Real-time certificate validation
- More efficient than downloading full CRL
- Returns: Good, Revoked, or Unknown
```

```
main* ⚡ ⚡ 0 ▲ 2 ⚡ Java: Ready ⚡ AviatrixK (33 minutes ago) Ln 365, Col 11 (13305 selected) Spaces: 4 UTF-8 CRLF { } Python ⚡ 3.11.4 (venv) ⚡ Go Live ⚡
```

PROBLEMS 2 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

powershell - PublicKey_Crypto_Assignment_Kiruthika ▲ + × ☰ ...

PKI TRUST MODELS

=====

1. HIERARCHICAL TRUST MODEL:

Root CA

- └─ Intermediate CA 1
 - └─ End Entity Certificate 1
 - └─ End Entity Certificate 2
- └─ Intermediate CA 2
 - └─ End Entity Certificate 3

- Used by: Web PKI, Enterprise PKI

- Single root of trust

- Clear chain of authority

2. WEB OF TRUST MODEL:

User A ↔ User B
↑ ↓
User D ↔ User C

- Used by: PGP/GPG

- Decentralized trust

- Users sign each other's keys

3. BRIDGE CA MODEL:

CA1 ↔ Bridge CA ↔ CA2
↓
CA3

- Cross-certification between CAs

- Enables inter-organizational trust

4. BROWSER CERTIFICATE VALIDATION:

main* 🍭 ⚡ 0 ▲ 2 📺 Java: Ready

AviatrixK (33 minutes ago) Ln 365, Col 11 (13305 selected) Spaces: 4 UFT-8 CRLF { Python ⚡ 3.11.4 (venv) (↻) Go Live

```
PROBLEMS 2 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS powershell - PublicKey_Crypto_Assignment_Kiruthika ▾ + × ⌂ ⌂ ... [!]

4. BROWSER CERTIFICATE VALIDATION:
    a) Check certificate chain to trusted root
    b) Verify certificate not expired
    c) Check certificate not revoked (CRL/OCSP)
    d) Verify domain name matches
    e) Check certificate constraints
    f) Validate signature algorithms

=====
PKI DEMONSTRATION COMPLETE
=====

Generated files in 'certificates/' directory:
- ca_cert.pem
- ca_key.pem
- ca_signed_secure.example.com.pem
- self_signed.example.com.pem
- self_signed.example.com_key.pem

PS E:\KRMU-Assessments\Uni-Assessments\Crypto-assessments\PublicKey_Crypto_Assignment_Kiruthika> [ ]
```

rsa_dh_simulation.py

"""

Q1: RSA Encryption/Decryption and Diffie-Hellman
Key Exchange

Author: Your Name

Date: 2024

"""

```
import os
import random
import hashlib
from Crypto.PublicKey import RSA
from Crypto.Cipher import PKCS1_OAEP
from Crypto.Random import get_random_bytes
import time

class RSADemo:
    """RSA Encryption and Decryption
    Demonstration"""

    def __init__(self, key_size=2048):
        self.key_size = key_size
        self.private_key = None
        self.public_key = None
```

```
def generate_keys(self):
    """Generate RSA key pair"""
    print(f"Generating {self.key_size}-bit RSA
key pair...")
    self.private_key =
RSA.generate(self.key_size)
    self.public_key =
self.private_key.publickey()

    # Save keys to files
    os.makedirs('keys', exist_ok=True)

    with open('keys/rsa_private.pem', 'wb') as
f:
        f.write(self.private_key.export_key())

    with open('keys/rsa_public.pem', 'wb') as
f:
        f.write(self.public_key.export_key())

    print("Keys generated and saved to 'keys/'"
directory)

def encrypt(self, message):
    """Encrypt message using public key"""
    cipher_rsa =
PKCS1_OAEP.new(self.public_key)
```

```
ciphertext = cipher_rsa.encrypt(message)
return ciphertext

def decrypt(self, ciphertext):
    """Decrypt message using private key"""
    cipher_rsa =
PKCS1_OAEP.new(self.private_key)
    plaintext = cipher_rsa.decrypt(ciphertext)
return plaintext

def demo(self):
    """Run RSA encryption/decryption demo"""
    print("\n" + "="*60)
    print("RSA ENCRYPTION/DECRYPTION DEMO")
    print("="*60)

    # Generate keys
    self.generate_keys()

    # Test message
    message = b"This is a secure message
encrypted with RSA!"
    print(f"\nOriginal message:
{message.decode()}")
```

```
# Encrypt
start_time = time.time()
ciphertext = self.encrypt(message)
encrypt_time = time.time() - start_time
print(f"Encrypted (hex):
{ciphertext.hex()[:80]}...")
print(f"Encryption time: {encrypt_time:.6f}
seconds")

# Decrypt
start_time = time.time()
decrypted = self.decrypt(ciphertext)
decrypt_time = time.time() - start_time
print(f"Decrypted: {decrypted.decode()}")
print(f"Decryption time: {decrypt_time:.6f}
seconds")

return encrypt_time, decrypt_time

class DiffieHellmanDemo:
    """Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange Demonstration"""

    def __init__(self, bits=1024):
        self.bits = bits
        self.p = self._generate_prime()
```

```
self.g = self._find_generator()

def _generate_prime(self):
    """Generate a large prime number"""

    # For demonstration, using a pre-selected
    safe prime

        # In production, use proper prime
    generation

    return
0xFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFC90FDAA22168C234C4C6628B80DC1CD12
9024E088A67CC74020BBEA63B139B22514A08798E3404DDEF95
19B3CD3A431B302B0A6DF25F14374FE1356D6D51C245E485B57
6625E7EC6F44C42E9A637ED6B0BFF5CB6F406B7EDEE386FB5A
899FA5AE9F24117C4B1FE649286651ECE45B3DC2007CB8A163B
F0598DA48361C55D39A69163FA8FD24CF5F83655D23DCA3AD96
1C62F356208552BB9ED529077096966D670C354E4ABC9804F17
46C08CA237327FFFFFFFFFFFF
```

```
def _find_generator(self):
    """Find a generator for the group"""

    # For demonstration, using a common
    generator

    return 2
```

```
def generate_private_key(self):
    """Generate a private key"""

    return random.randint(2, self.p - 2)
```

```
def generate_public_key(self, private_key):
    """Generate public key from private key"""
    return pow(self.g, private_key, self.p)

    def compute_shared_secret(self, private_key,
other_public_key):
        """Compute shared secret"""
        return pow(other_public_key, private_key,
self.p)

def demo(self):
    """Run Diffie-Hellman key exchange demo"""
    print("\n" + "="*60)
    print("DIFFIE-HELLMAN KEY EXCHANGE DEMO")
    print("=*60")

    print(f"Public parameters:")
    print(f"Prime (p): {hex(self.p)[:50]}...")
    print(f"Generator (g): {self.g}")

    # Alice's keys
    print("\n--- Alice's Side ---")
    start_time = time.time()
    alice_private = self.generate_private_key()
```

```
    alice_public =
self.generate_public_key(alice_private)

    alice_time = time.time() - start_time
    print(f"Alice's public key:
{hex(alice_public)[:50]}...")

# Bob's keys
print("\n--- Bob's Side ---")
start_time = time.time()
bob_private = self.generate_private_key()
bob_public =
self.generate_public_key(bob_private)
bob_time = time.time() - start_time
print(f"Bob's public key:
{hex(bob_public)[:50]}...")

# Compute shared secrets
print("\n--- Shared Secret Computation ---")
alice_shared =
self.compute_shared_secret(alice_private,
bob_public)

bob_shared =
self.compute_shared_secret(bob_private,
alice_public)

# Convert to usable key
```

```
    alice_key =
hashlib.sha256(str(alice_shared).encode()).hexdigest()

    bob_key =
hashlib.sha256(str(bob_shared).encode()).hexdigest()

        print(f"Alice's shared secret (SHA-256):
{alice_key[:32]}...")

        print(f"Bob's shared secret (SHA-256):
{bob_key[:32]}...")

        print(f"Secrets match: {alice_key ==
bob_key}")

        print(f"\nTotal key exchange time:
{alice_time + bob_time:.6f} seconds")

    return alice_time + bob_time

def compare_algorithms():
    """Compare RSA and Diffie-Hellman"""
    print("\n" + "="*60)
    print("COMPARISON: RSA vs DIFFIE-HELLMAN")
    print("=*60)

comparison = """
```



Diffie-Hellman	Aspect	RSA

Key Exchange Only	Purpose	Encryption & Signatures
2048-4096 bits	Key Size	2048-4096 bits
Discrete log problem	Security Basis	Factoring problem
Faster	Speed	Slower
Perfect forward secrecy,	Use Cases	Digital certificates,
TLS key exchange		Email encryption
Requires additional	Authentication	Built-in

.....

```
print(comparison)
```

```
def main():
    """Main execution function"""

    # RSA Demo
    rsa_demo = RSADemo()
```

```
rsa_encrypt_time, rsa_decrypt_time =
rsa_demo.demo()

# Diffie-Hellman Demo
dh_demo = DiffieHellmanDemo()
dh_time = dh_demo.demo()

# Comparison
compare_algorithms()

# Performance Summary
print("\n" + "="*60)
print("PERFORMANCE SUMMARY")
print("="*60)
    print(f"RSA Encryption Time:
{rsa_encrypt_time:.6f} seconds")
    print(f"RSA Decryption Time:
{rsa_decrypt_time:.6f} seconds")
    print(f"DH Key Exchange Time: {dh_time:.6f}
seconds")

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

Output:

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS
PS E:\KRMU-Assessments\Uni-Assessments\Crypto-assessments\PublicKey_Crypto_Assignment_Kiruthika> python .\rsa_dh_simulation.py
=====
RSA ENCRYPTION/DECRYPTION DEMO
=====
Generating 2048-bit RSA key pair...
Keys generated and saved to 'keys/' directory

Original message: This is a secure message encrypted with RSA!
Encrypted (hex): 0c94fe837ac1946180874a6898da1c579e3a91f1082ce8b7beb5b4ac46f4d50b7f6a8d23abd25922...
Encryption time: 0.004936 seconds
Decrypted: This is a secure message encrypted with RSA!
Decryption time: 0.010273 seconds

=====
DIFIE-HELLMAN KEY EXCHANGE DEMO
=====
Public parameters:
Prime (p): 0xfffffffffffffffffc90fdcaa22168c234c4c6628b80dc1cd1...
Generator (g): 2

--- Alice's Side ---
Alice's public key: 0xa7fa0009b76df31cd1a2bff4abef48a634e5cf9cf6a0d2e...

--- Bob's Side ---
Bob's public key: 0x7a3e5d98b876833b8cd8a945fa15312b8ebc7331b9da7347...

--- Shared Secret Computation ---
Alice's shared secret (SHA-256): 796c748f4b2155dd4f71552205c8b7bd...
Bob's shared secret (SHA-256): 796c748f4b2155dd4f71552205c8b7bd...
Secrets match: True

Total key exchange time: 0.076037 seconds
main* ① ② Java: Ready AviatrixK (40 minutes ago) Ln 184, Col 5 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 CRLF { Python 3.11.4 (venv) Go Live
```

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS
===== COMPARISON: RSA vs DIFFIE-HELLMAN =====



| Aspect         | RSA                                    | Diffie-Hellman                            |
|----------------|----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| Purpose        | Encryption & Signatures                | Key Exchange Only                         |
| Key Size       | 2048-4096 bits                         | 2048-4096 bits                            |
| Security Basis | Factoring problem                      | Discrete log problem                      |
| Speed          | Slower                                 | Faster                                    |
| Use Cases      | Digital certificates, Email encryption | Perfect forward secrecy, TLS key exchange |
| Authentication | Built-in                               | Requires additional                       |



===== PERFORMANCE SUMMARY =====
RSA Encryption Time: 0.004936 seconds
RSA Decryption Time: 0.010273 seconds
DH Key Exchange Time: 0.076037 seconds
PS E:\KRMU-Assessments\Uni-Assessments\Crypto-assessments\PublicKey_Crypto_Assignment_Kiruthika>
```