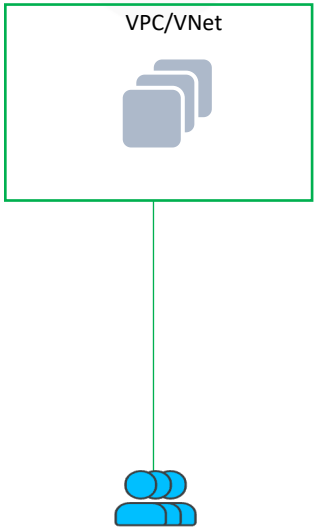
User VPN

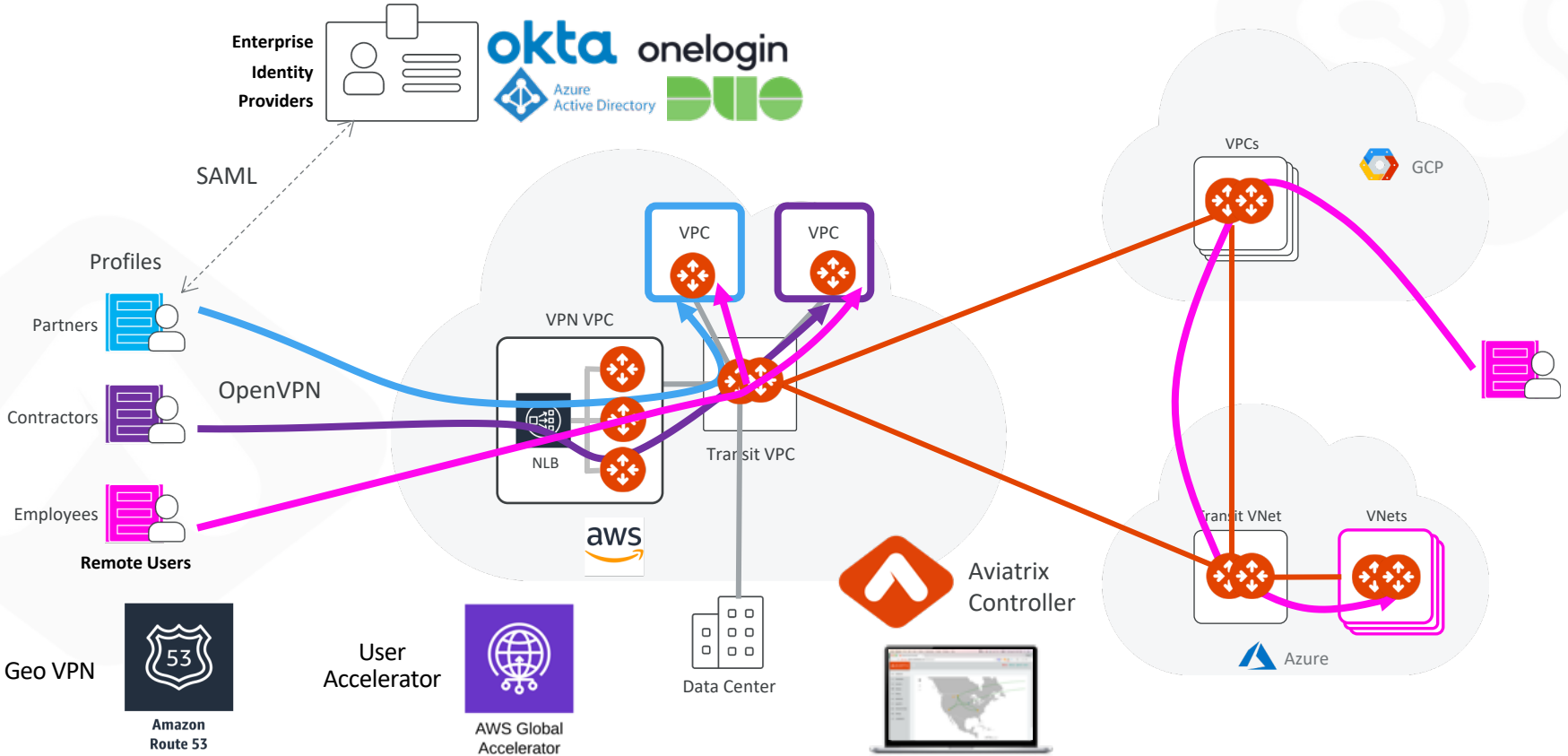
Solutions Engineering

Problem Statement

- Connect users securely and seamlessly to public cloud resources
- Least latency accessing the cloud resources
- Cloud-native: should not backhaul to on-premises Data Center first
- Enterprise-grade: Identity Provider integration
- Multicloud repeatability

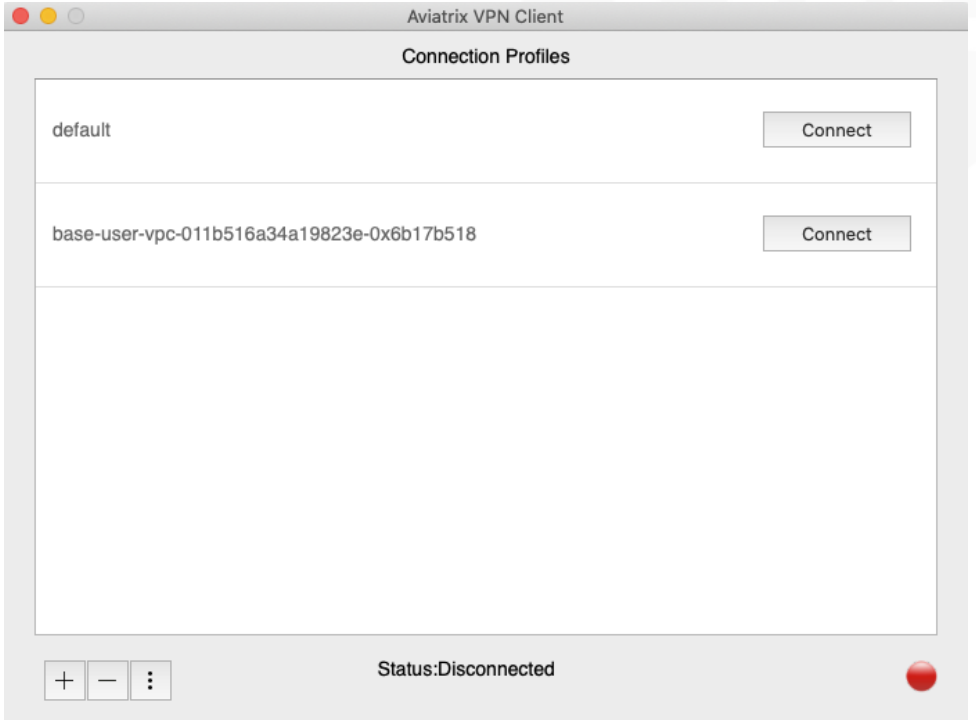


User VPN Overview



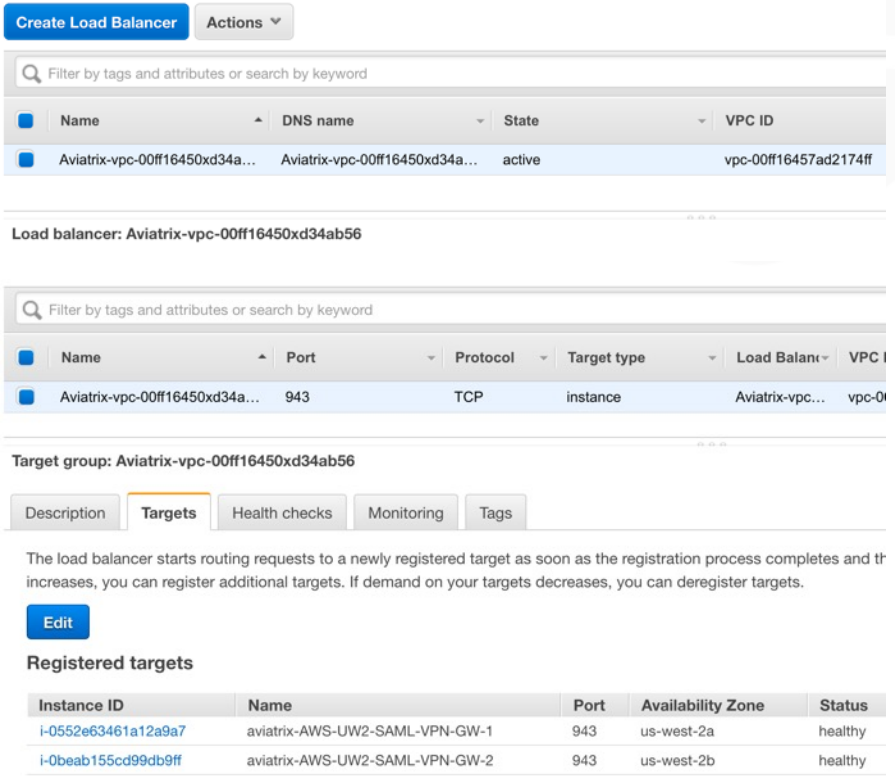
Client Software

- OpenVPN Client
  - All OpenVPN client software are supported. The supported clients are macOS, Windows iOS, Android, Chromebook, Linux and BSD
- Aviatrix VPN Client
  - Aviatrix VPN Client supports macOS, Windows, Linux Debian distribution, and BSD distribution
  - Choose Aviatrix VPN Client if you require SAML authentication directly from VPN client software



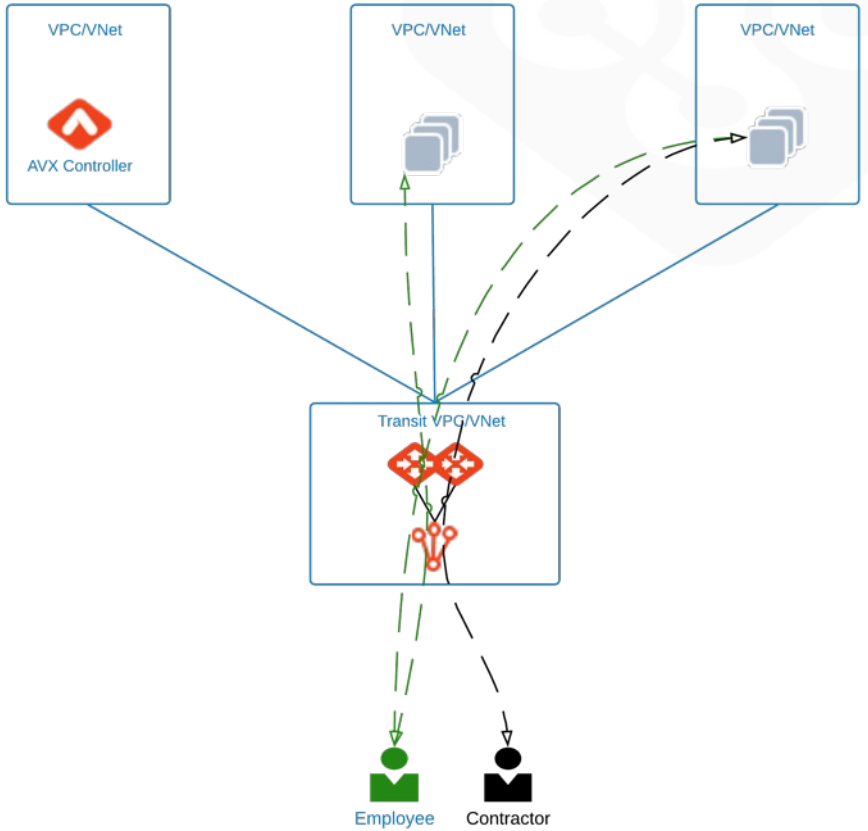
Automated Load Balancer

- The controller automatically launches a cloud-native load balancer based on the cloud type
- Automates target groups to attach Aviatrix VPN gateways to the LB
- The domain name of the cloud provider's load balancer, such as AWS ELB, will be the connection when a VPN user connects to the VPN gateway
- Seamless relaunch of VPN Gateways after deletion without reissuing a new .ovpn cert file



Profile-Based Security Policies

- A user is dynamically assigned a virtual IP address when connected to a gateway
- Isolation between employees, contractors, partners, or developers
- Supports multiple profiles
- Automated firewall rules
- Security based on user not source IP
- The security policy is dynamically pushed to the landing Aviatrix VPN gateway when a VPN user connects
- It is only active when a VPN user is connected
- When a VPN user disconnects, the security policy is deleted from the VPN gateway

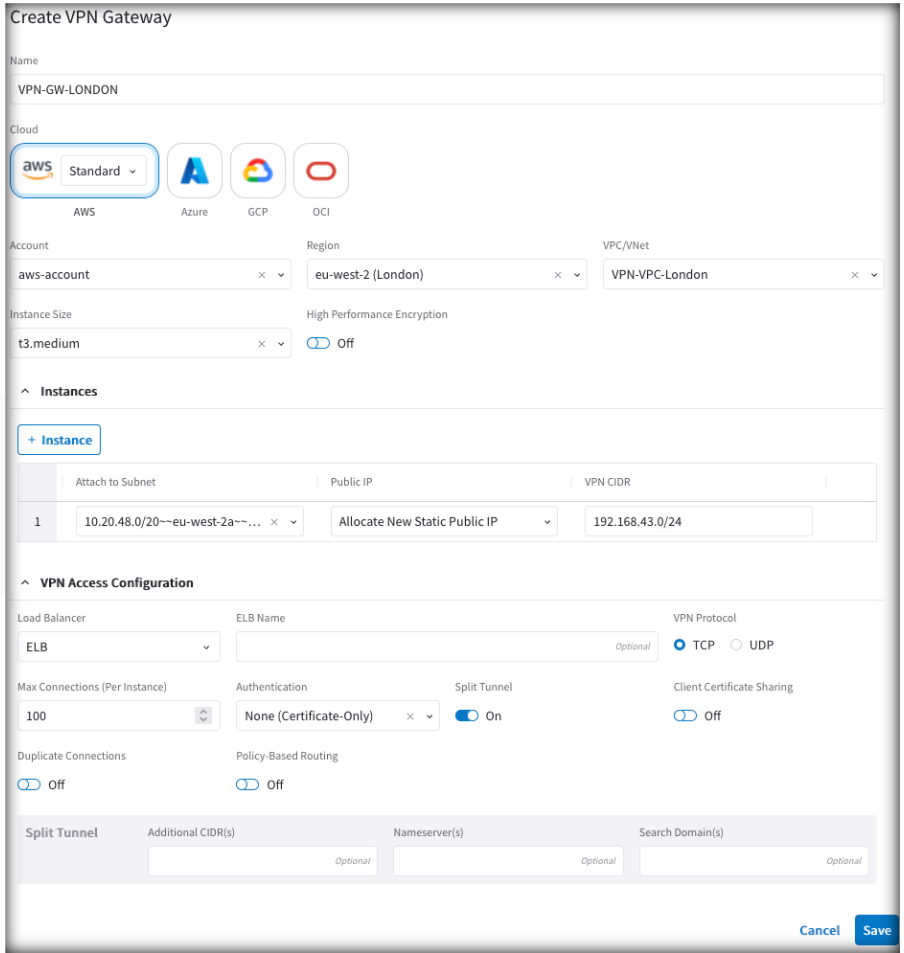


Secure Assertion Markup Language

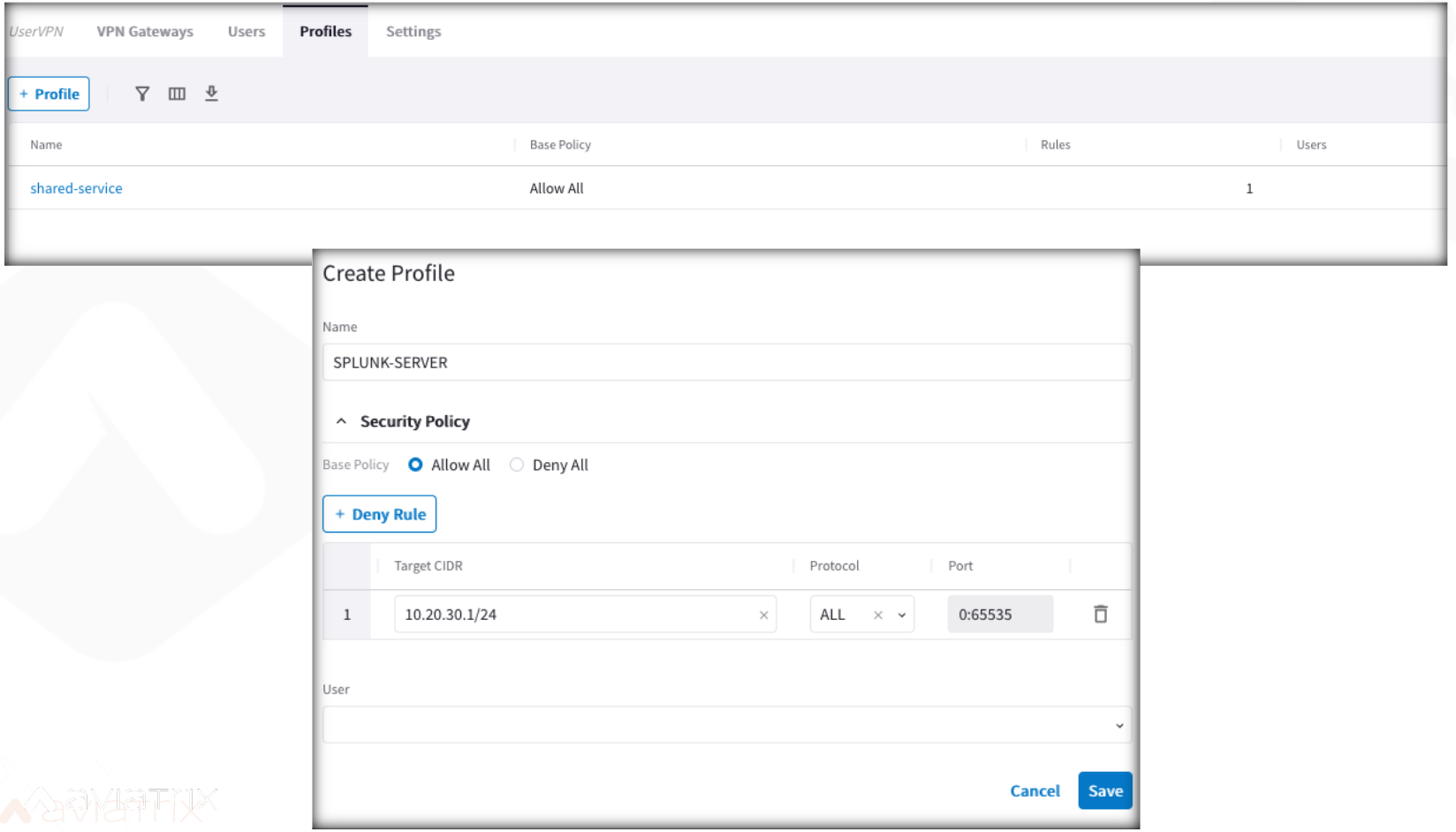
- Supports IDPs like Azure AD, Okta, Duo, Office 365
- User accounts are onboarded on the IDP portal
- Users can be onboarded on Aviatrix controller if SAML is not required

AWS SSO

VPN Gateway Creation

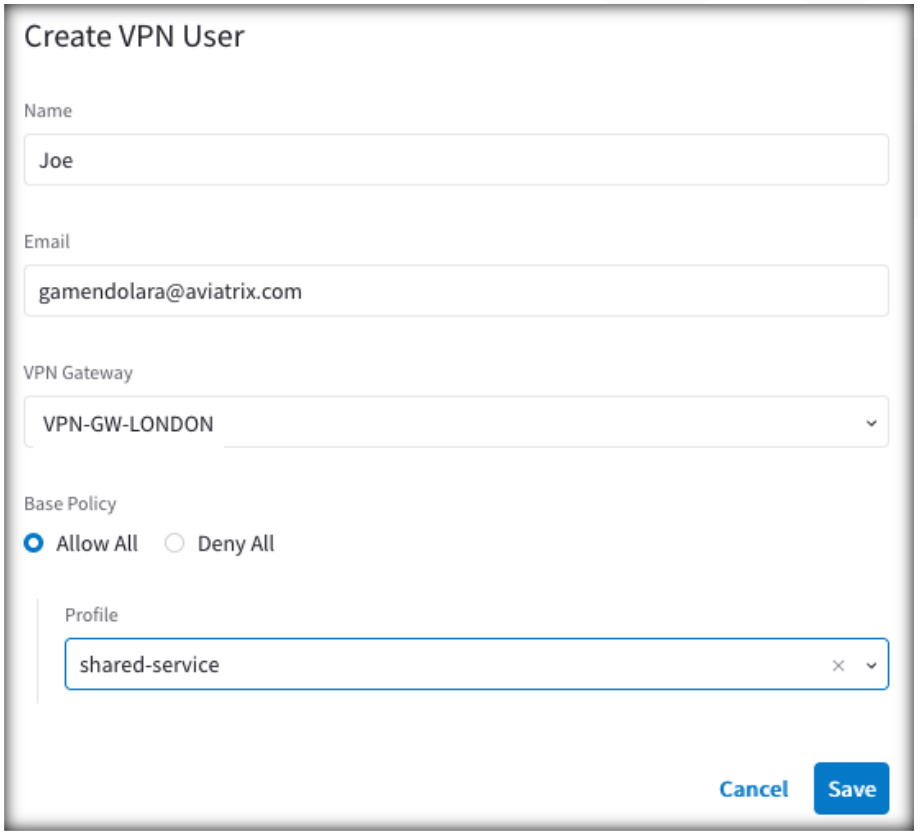


Profiles


UserVPN
VPN Gateways
Users
Profiles
Settings
+ Profile
Name
Base Policy
Rules
Users
shared-service
Allow All
1
Create Profile
Name
SPLUNK-SERVER
Security Policy
Base Policy
Allow All
Deny All
+ Deny Rule
Target CIDR
Protocol
Port
1
10.20.30.1/24
ALL
0:65535
User
Cancel
Save

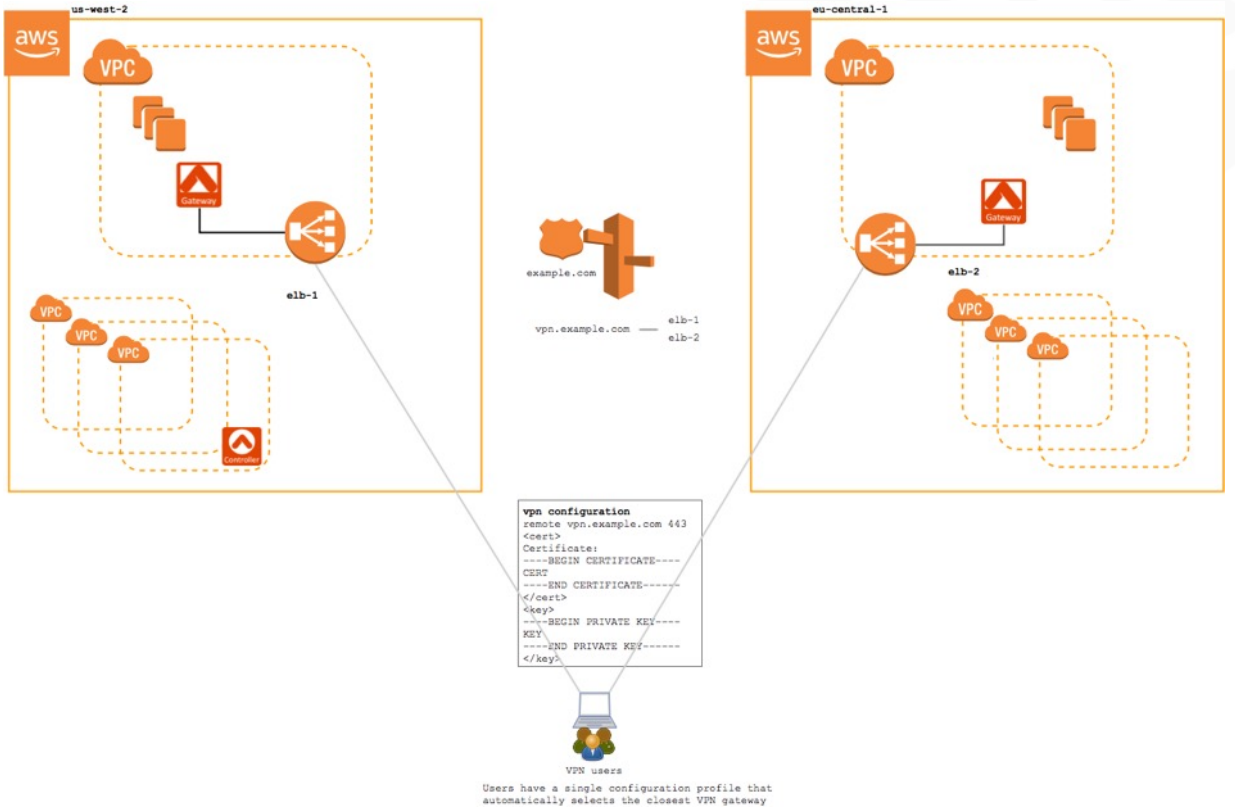
Profiles ←→ Users

- A profile can be associated with multiple users.
- A user can be associated with multiple profiles.



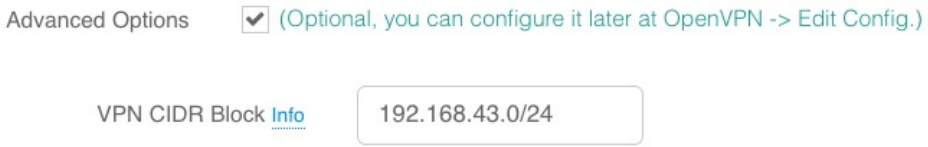
Geo VPN – VPN User Accelerator

- Combines the Aviatrix scale-out VPN solution with latency-based routing to dynamically route VPN users to the nearest Aviatrix VPN gateway based on the latency between the user and the gateways
- Users are directed to an Amazon Route 53 DNS or Azure DNS, that uses a latency-based routing policy to choose between the available regions



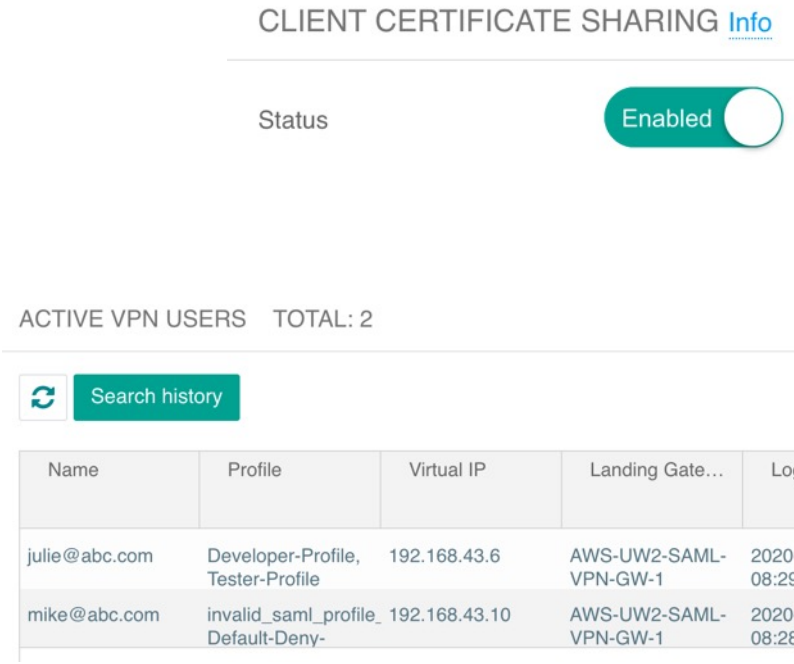
Custom VPN CIDR Block

- The default IP address pool is 192.168.43.0/24
- This is a configurable parameter



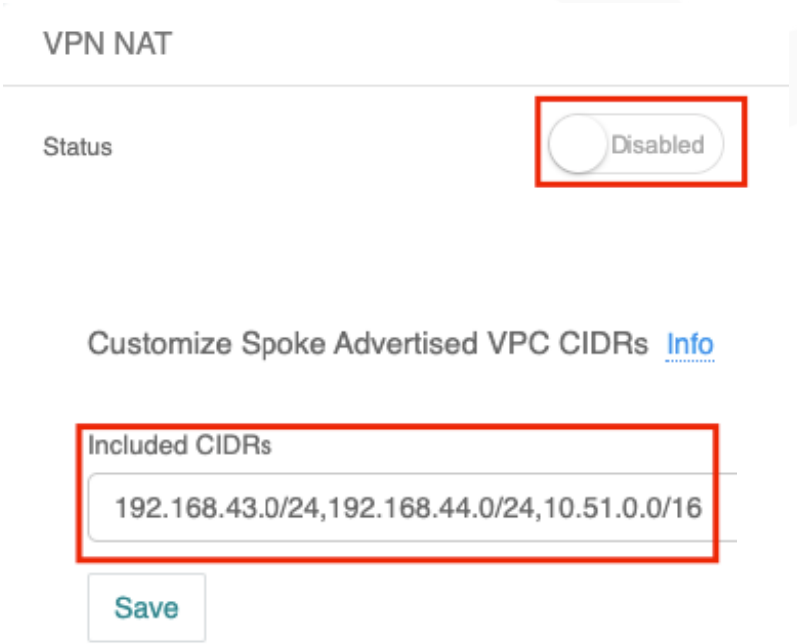
Client Certificate Sharing

- Disabled by default
- Multiple VPN users can share the same .ovpn file
- Can only be used when authenticating users via IDP
- The controller still sees individual users and maintains full history



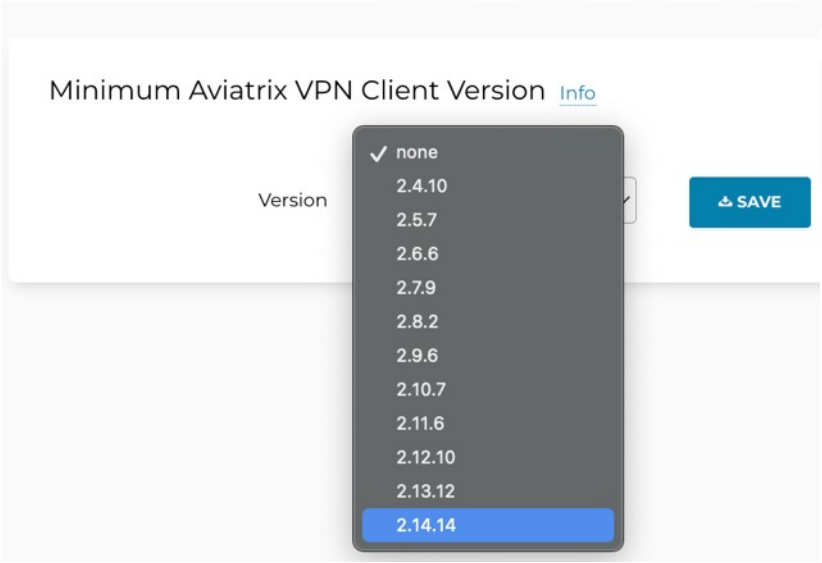
Preserve Client IP

- Client IP can be preserved up to the application
- NAT needs to be disabled on the VPN gateway
- VPN CIDRs must be advertised to the transit for return traffic



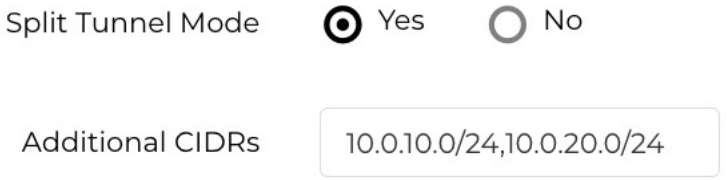
Minimum Client Version & Duplicate Connections

- Enforcement of Minimum VPN Client Version
- Duplicate Connections
  - User can connect simultaneously from multiple devices
  - When disabled, simultaneous sessions are not allowed, and existing VPN connection gets disconnected



Split Tunnel or Full Tunnel

- Split Tunnel
  Only specified CIDRs ranges go through the VPN tunnel
- Full Tunnel
  All user IP sessions including Internet browsing go through the VPN tunnel



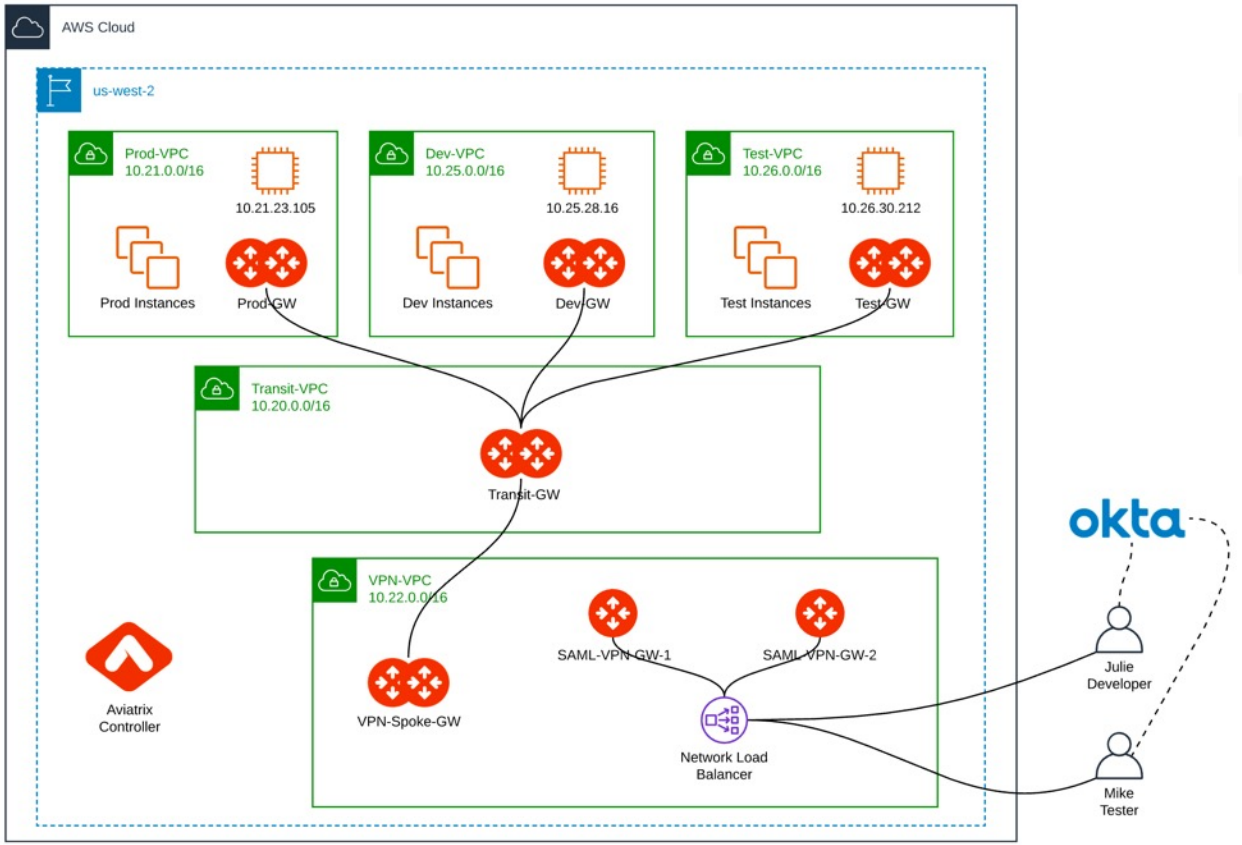

```
[umair@umair-mbp ~ % ifconfig utun5
utun5: flags=8051<UP,POINTOPOINT,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
        inet 192.168.44.6 --> 192.168.44.5 netmask 0xffffffff
[umair@umair-mbp ~ % netstat -r
Routing tables

Internet:
Destination        Gateway            Flags          Netif Expire
default            192.168.1.1        UGScg            en0
10.0.10/24         192.168.44.5       UGSc           utun5
10.0.20/24         192.168.44.5       UGSc           utun5
```

Gateway Failover

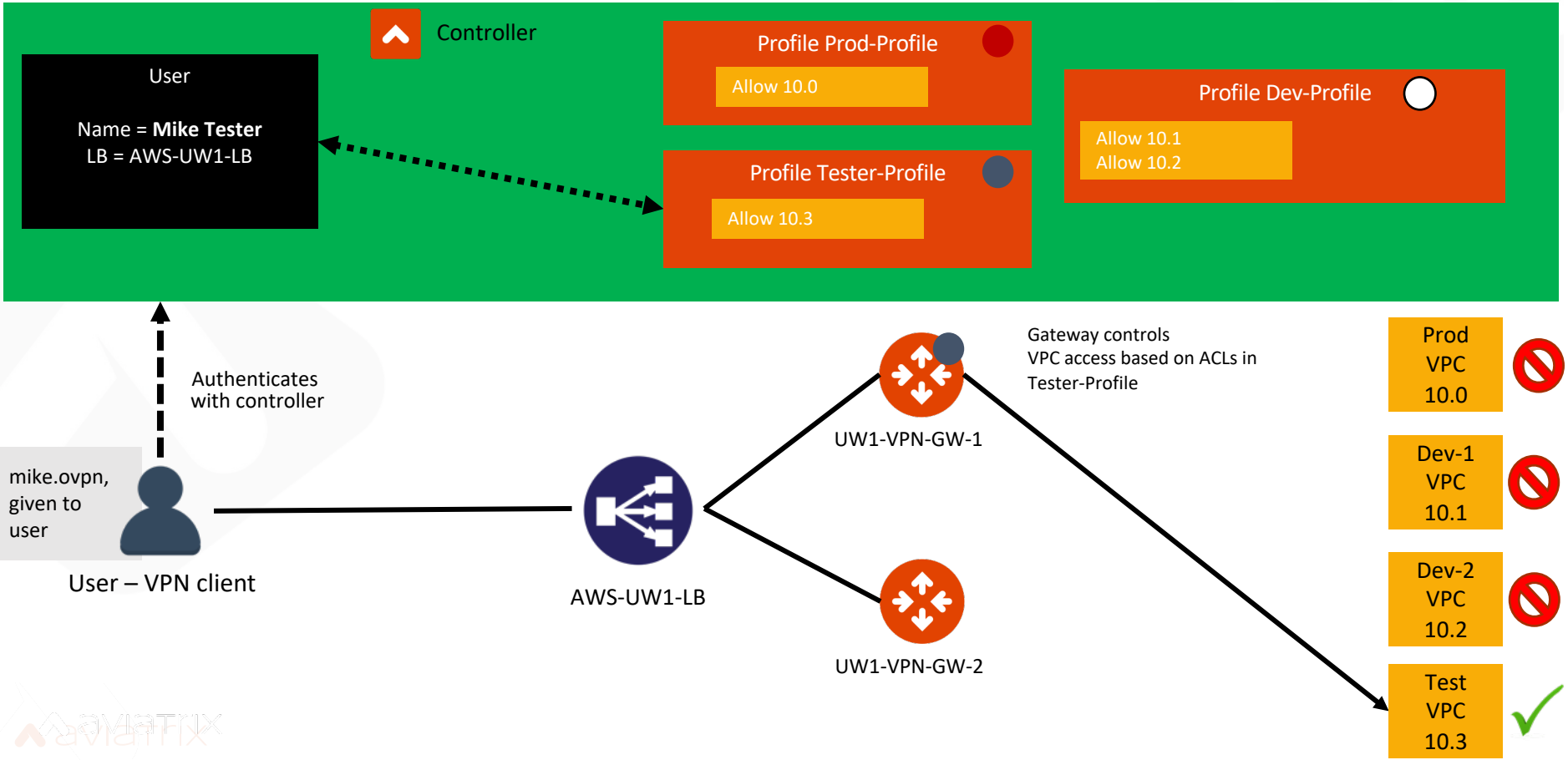
- Users will automatically get reconnected to another VPN gateway behind the load-balancer
- No change of certificate or user intervention

```
umair@umair-mbp ~ % ifconfig utun4
utun4: flags=8051<UP,POINTOPOINT,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
inet 192.168.43.14 --> 192.168.43.13 netmask 0xffffffff
umair@umair-mbp ~ % ping 10.120.127.191
PING 10.120.127.191 (10.120.127.191): 56 data bytes
64 bytes from 10.120.127.191: icmp_seq=0 ttl=250 time=73.976 ms
64 bytes from 10.120.127.191: icmp_seq=1 ttl=250 time=70.885 ms
64 bytes from 10.120.127.191: icmp_seq=2 ttl=250 time=70.846 ms
64 bytes from 10.120.127.191: icmp_seq=3 ttl=250 time=60.916 ms
64 bytes from 10.120.127.191: icmp_seq=4 ttl=250 time=67.720 ms
64 bytes from 10.120.127.191: icmp_seq=5 ttl=250 time=61.405 ms
64 bytes from 10.120.127.191: icmp_seq=6 ttl=250 time=61.982 ms
Request timeout for icmp_seq 7
Request timeout for icmp_seq 8
Request timeout for icmp_seq 9
Request timeout for icmp_seq 10
Request timeout for icmp_seq 11
Request timeout for icmp_seq 12
Request timeout for icmp_seq 13
Request timeout for icmp_seq 14
Request timeout for icmp_seq 15
Request timeout for icmp_seq 16
Request timeout for icmp_seq 17
Request timeout for icmp_seq 18
Request timeout for icmp_seq 19
64 bytes from 10.120.127.191: icmp_seq=20 ttl=250 time=72.759 ms
64 bytes from 10.120.127.191: icmp_seq=21 ttl=250 time=63.880 ms
64 bytes from 10.120.127.191: icmp_seq=22 ttl=250 time=67.266 ms
64 bytes from 10.120.127.191: icmp_seq=23 ttl=250 time=66.668 ms
64 bytes from 10.120.127.191: icmp_seq=24 ttl=250 time=68.084 ms
^C
--- 10.120.127.191 ping statistics ---
25 packets transmitted, 12 packets received, 52.0% packet loss
round-trip min/avg/max/stddev = 60.916/67.199/73.976/4.246 ms
umair@umair-mbp ~ % ifconfig utun4
utun4: flags=8051<UP,POINTOPOINT,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
inet 192.168.44.6 --> 192.168.44.5 netmask 0xffffffff
umair@umair-mbp ~ %
```

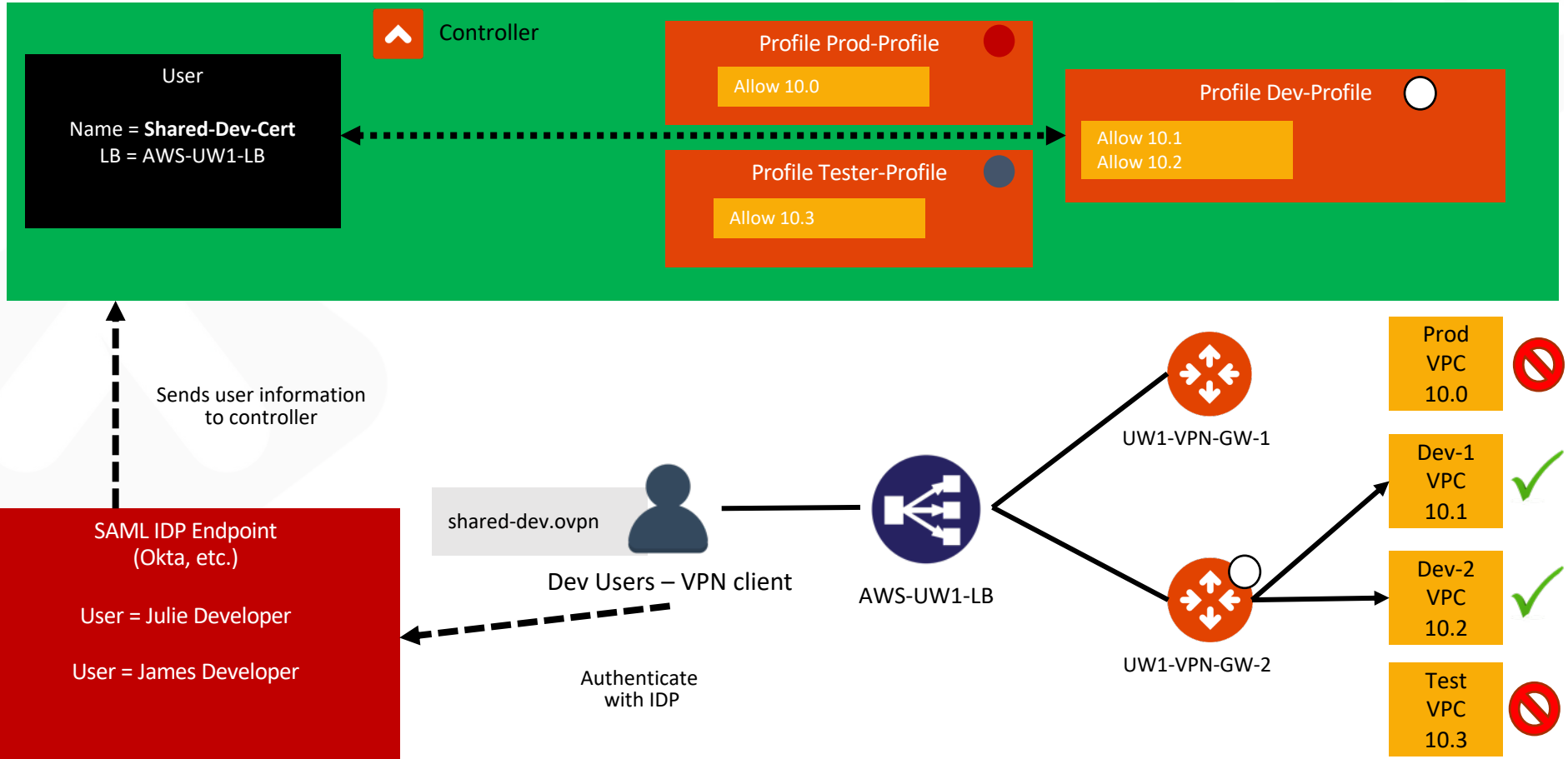
UserVPN Reference Architecture



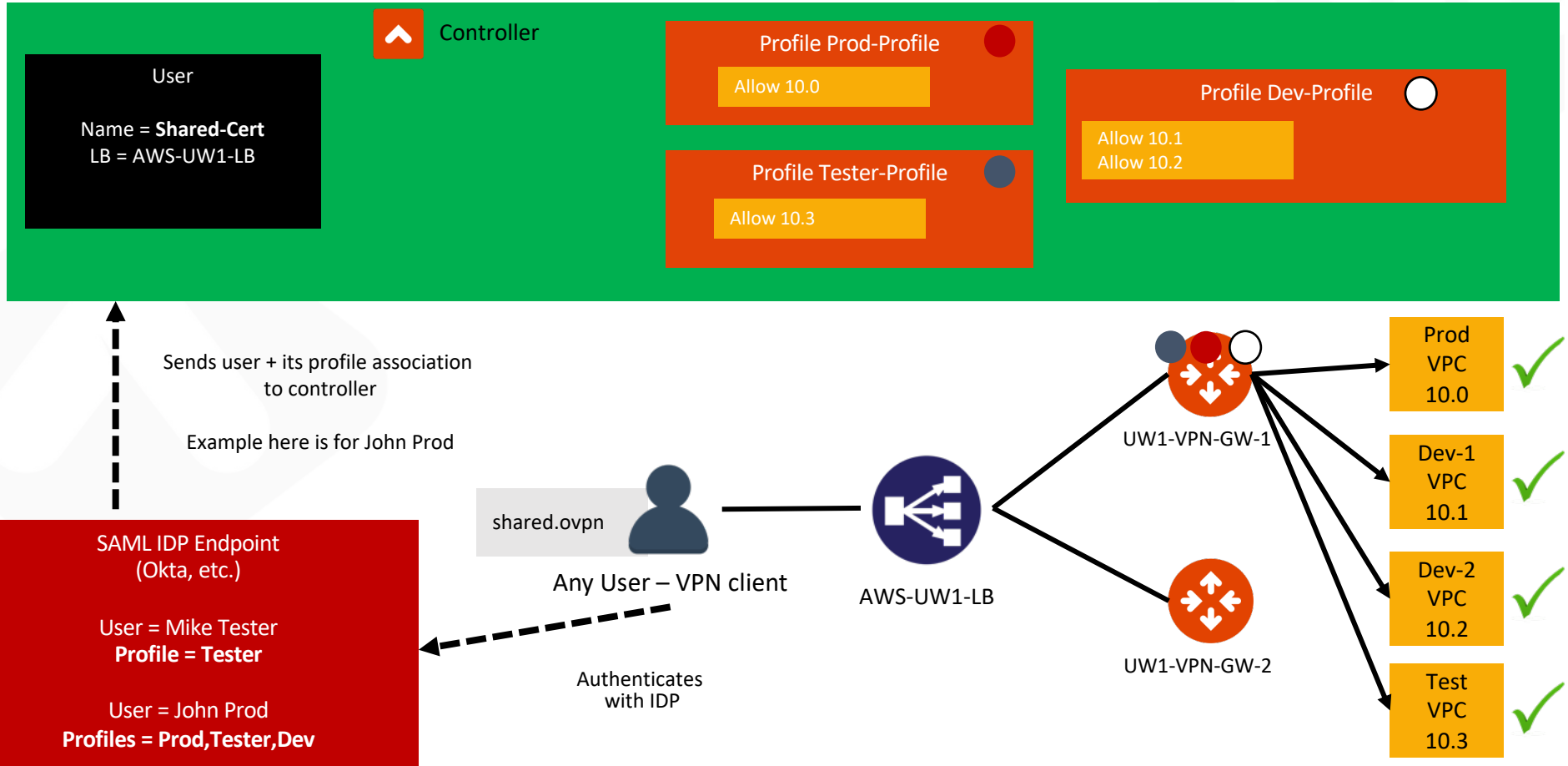
Users and Profiles



Users in IDP, Profile Association in Controller



Users in IDP, Profile Association in IDP Profile as SAML Attribute



Architecture Guidelines

Key Elements to Consider

- Performance Numbers - https://docs.aviatrix.com/HowTos/openvpn_design_considerations.html#simultaneous-clients-on-a-given-vpn-gateway
- (VPN gateway throughput) / (throughput requirement per client) = number of clients per gateway
  - Take into account the client-to-VPN gateway latency, and client type (Windows vs. Linux)
  - Example:
    - 100 ms latency → 200 Mbps VPN gateway with Windows clients
    - Requirement of 10 Mbps max burst per client → 20 clients per VPN gateway
- Region
  - LBs and VPN gateways are regional constructs
  - User location determines which LB they will connect to
  - Geo VPN or not?

Key Elements to Consider (cont.)

- Split-tunnel vs. full-tunnel.
  - Currently defined on a per LB/GW basis.
- Max number of connections per LB/VPN gateway is very high, so it's typically not a limiting factor.
  - For reference, AWS LB can handle 50K connections, Aviatrix VPN gateway can handle 64K connections.
- Max number of targets between a LB is not typically a limiting factor.
  - For reference, AWS LB can handle 1000 targets.

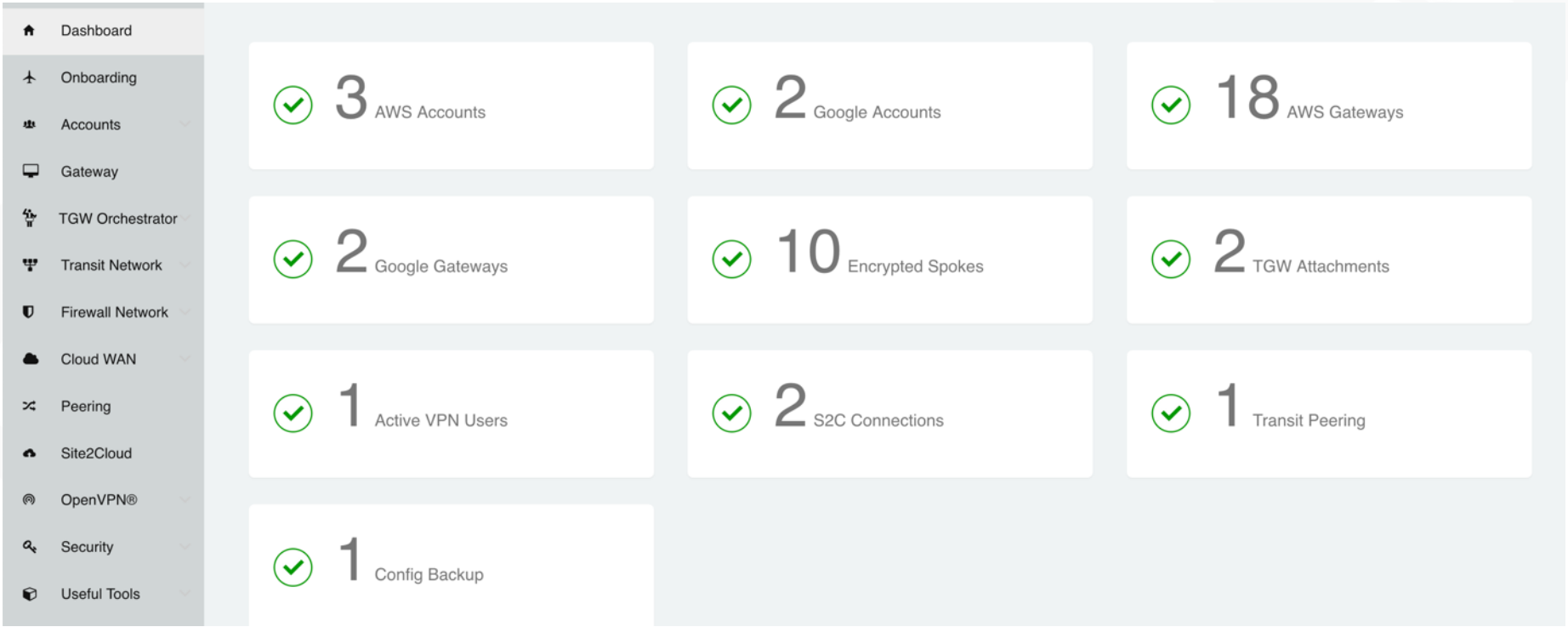
Best Practices

- Separate VPN functionality from other functionalities (Spoke, Transit, Egress FQDN, ...)
- Separate VPC/VNet for VPN.
  - VPN gateway ←→ Spoke gateway traffic is routed in the VPC underlay.

Visibility and Troubleshooting

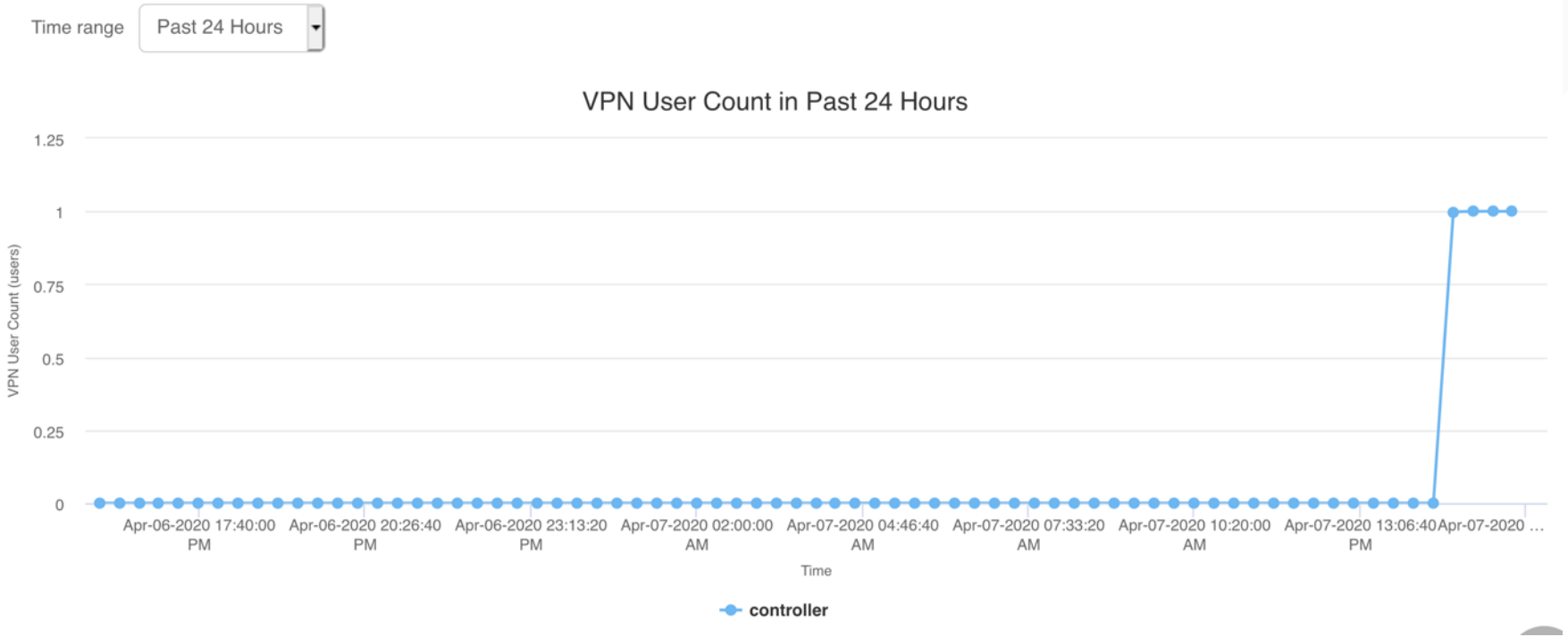
Reference

Visibility and Troubleshooting



Visibility and Troubleshooting

VPN USER COUNT



Visibility and Troubleshooting

ACTIVE VPN USERS TOTAL: 1

Search history

Name	Profile	Virtual IP	Landing Gateway	Login Time	Public IP	Platform	GUI Version	Actions
julie@abc.com	Developer-Profile, Tester-Profile	192.168.44.6	AWS-UW2-SAML-VPN-GW-2	2020-04-07 14:40:15	73.93.180.214	mac	AVPNC-2.7.9	Disconnect View

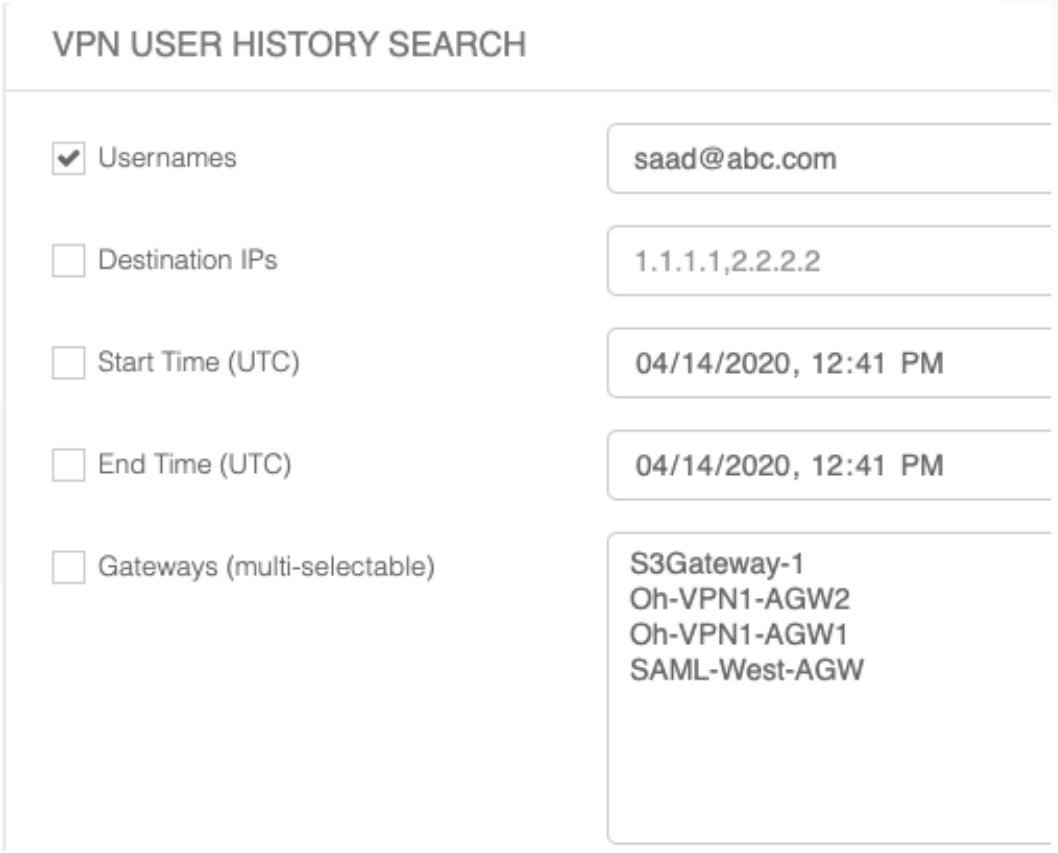
VPN session history

julie@abc.com

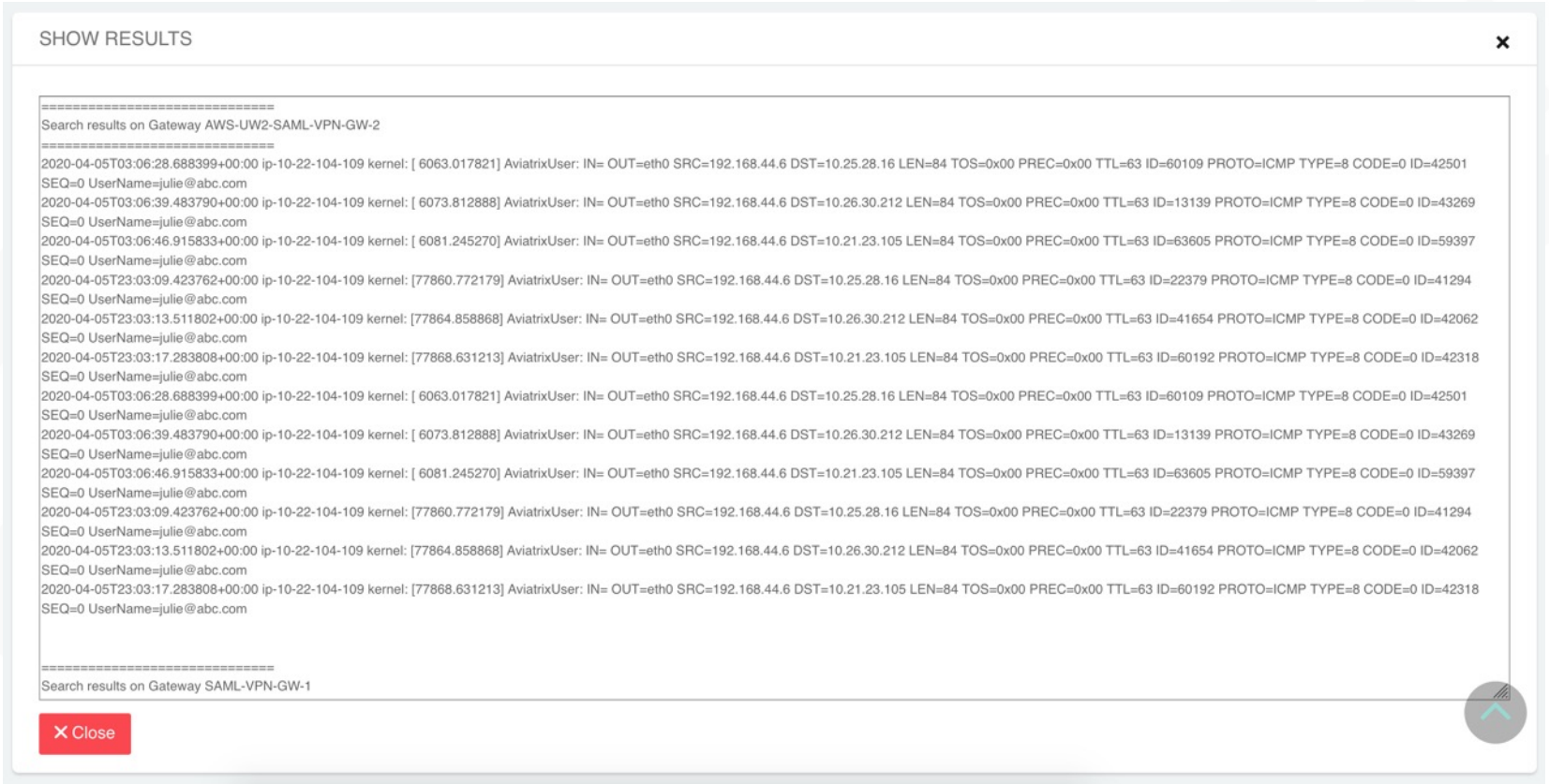
Go

Profile	Remote IP Address	Login Time	Logout Time	Session Duration	Gateway Name	Public IP	Bytes transmitted
Developer-Profile, Tester-Profile	192.168.44.6	2020-04-07 16:18:34	N/A	N/A	AWS-UW2-SAML-VPN-GW-2	73.93.180.214	N/A
Developer-Profile, Tester-Profile	192.168.43.6	2020-04-07 15:58:20	2020-04-07 16:12:33	0:0:14:13	SAML-VPN-GW-1	73.93.180.214	7.65KB
Developer-Profile, Tester-Profile	192.168.44.6	2020-04-07 15:31:12	2020-04-07 15:50:01	0:0:18:49	AWS-UW2-SAML-VPN-GW-2	73.93.180.214	8.8KB
Developer-Profile, Tester-Profile	192.168.44.6	2020-04-07 15:28:41	2020-04-07 15:31:15	0:0:2:34	AWS-UW2-SAML-VPN-GW-2	107.199.62.57	5.01KB

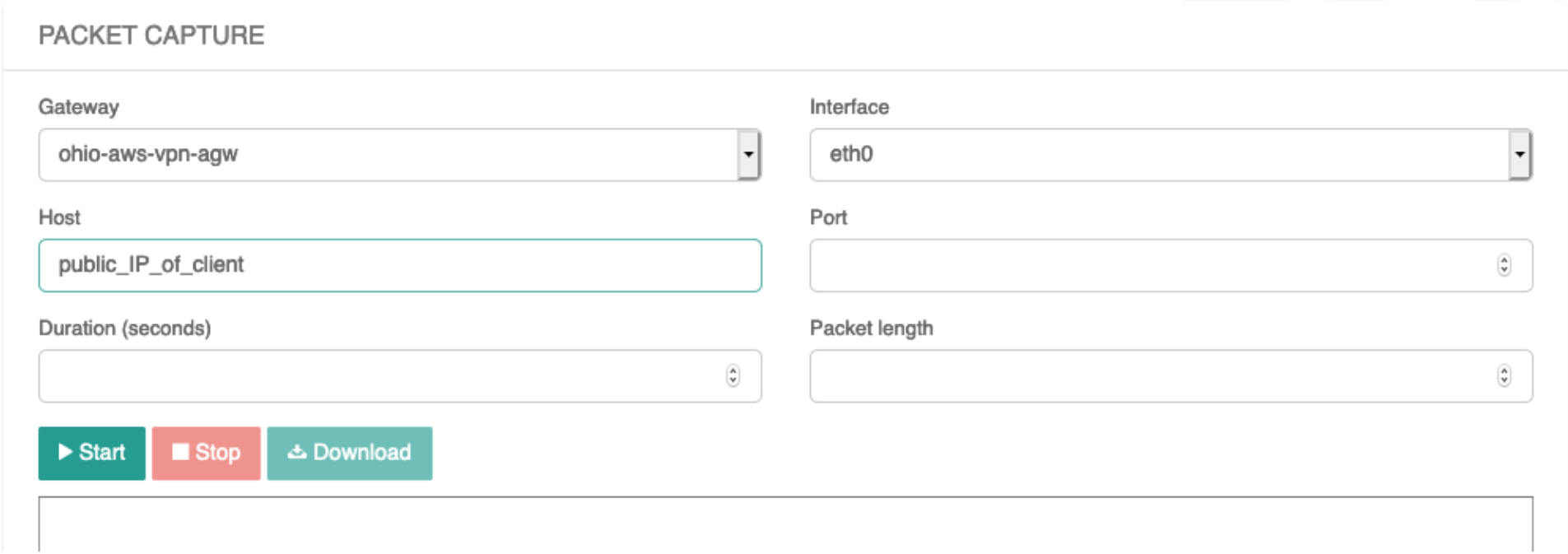
Visibility and Troubleshooting



Visibility and Troubleshooting



Take Packet Capture for Troubleshooting



Thank You