

SecureChat - Assignment #2 Information Security (Fall 2025)



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Repository: <https://github.com/AvidAli1/infoSec-A2>

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1. Assignment Overview

This assignment involved designing and implementing a secure chat system using cryptographic primitives such as AES-128, RSA with X.509 certificates, Diffie-Hellman key exchange, and SHA-256 hashing. The system achieves Confidentiality, Integrity, Authenticity, and Non-Repudiation (CIANR) in a client-server architecture. I built a mini root CA, issued certificates, implemented registration and authentication, key agreement, and encrypted messaging. The system is a console-based secure chat application that demonstrates real-world cryptographic integration.

1.1 System Architecture

The system consists of a client and server communicating over TCP. The architecture includes: - **Control Plane:** Mutual authentication using X.509 certificates validated against a root CA. - **Authentication:** User registration and login with salted SHA-256 password hashing stored in MySQL. - **Key Agreement:** Diffie-Hellman (DH) exchange to derive a shared AES-128 key. - **Data Plane:** Encrypted messaging using AES-128-ECB with PKCS#7 padding, per-message RSA signatures for integrity, and an append-only signed transcript for non-repudiation.

The server listens for connections, handles multiple clients via threading, and stores session transcripts in JSON files.

1.2 Features Implemented

- Root CA generation and certificate issuance using cryptography library.
- Certificate validation (chain, expiry, CN/SAN).
- User registration/login with secure password storage in MySQL.
- DH key exchange with 2048-bit safe prime.
- AES-128 encryption/decryption.
- RSA SHA-256 signatures for messages and transcripts.
- Append-only transcript logging and hashing for non-repudiation.
- Pydantic models for message validation.
- Utility functions for timestamps, base64, and hashing.

2. Repository Structure

```
securechat-A2/
├── README.md
├── requirements.txt
├── .gitignore
└── certs/
    ├── MyRootCA_ca_cert.pem
    ├── MyRootCA_ca_key.pem
    ├── client.example.com_cert.pem
    ├── client.example.com_key.pem
    ├── myserver.example.com_cert.pem
    └── myserver.example.com_key.pem
├── transcripts/
    └── demo_session.json
└── scripts/
    ├── gen_ca.py
    ├── gen_cert.py
    ├── diag_pki.py
    └── cli_commands.txt
└── scripts_ss/
└── app/
    ├── .env
    ├── client.py
    ├── server.py
    ├── app_ss/
    ├── common/
    ├── protocol.py
    ├── utils.py
    ├── common_ss/
    ├── crypto/
    │   ├── aes.py
    │   ├── dh.py
    │   ├── pki.py
    │   └── sign.py
    ├── crypto_ss/
    ├── storage/
    │   ├── db.py
    │   └── transcript.py
    └── testing_files/
└── tests/
    └── manual/
└── NOTES.md
```

3. Software Implementation Tables

3.1 app/client.py

Implements client workflow: hello exchange, registration/login, DH key agreement, encrypted chat, and receipt verification. Handles console input for user interactions.

3.2 app/server.py

Implements server workflow: listens for connections, handles hello exchange, authentication, DH, chat loop, transcript logging, and signed receipts. Uses threading for multiple clients.

3.3 app/crypto

3.3.1 crypto/aes.py

AES-128-ECB Helpers with PKCS#7:

- pkcs7_pad(data: bytes) -> bytes — Pad input bytes to 16-byte block with PKCS#7
- pkcs7_unpad(data: bytes) -> bytes — Remove PKCS#7 padding; raises ValueError if invalid
- encrypt_aes(key: bytes, plaintext: bytes) -> bytes — AES-128-ECB encrypt with PKCS#7 padding
- decrypt_aes(key: bytes, ciphertext: bytes) -> bytes — AES-128-ECB decrypt and remove PKCS#7 padding

Notes: key must be exactly 16 bytes (AES-128). encrypt_aes outputs raw bytes (can be base64-encoded for JSON transport). decrypt_aes returns the original plaintext bytes.

3.3.2 crypto/dh.py

Constants: - P_2048 — 2048-bit MODP safe prime - G = 2 — generator

Functions

- generate_dh_pair()
- get_dh_public_bytes(public_key)
- compute_shared_secret(own_private_key, peer_public_value)
- derive_aes_key(shared_secret)
- client_dh_initiate()
- server_dh_respond(client_msg, server_private_key)
- client_dh_finalize(client_private_key, server_msg)

3.3.3 crypto/pki.py

Functions:

- load_certificate(pem_path)
- load_ca_certificate(ca_pem_path)
- verify_signature(ca_cert, leaf_cert)
- check_validity(cert)
- get_common_name(cert)
- get_san_dns_names(cert)
- verify_identity(cert, expected_hostname)
- is_ca_certificate(cert)
- validate_certificate(leaf_pem_path, ca_pem_path, expected_hostname)
- validate_server_certificate(server_cert_pem, ca_pem_path, expected_server_name)
- validate_client_certificate(client_cert_pem, ca_pem_path, expected_client_name)
- extract_public_key_from_cert(cert_pem)

3.3.4 crypto/sign.py

Functions:

- sign_data(private_key_pem, data) — Sign data using RSA PKCS#1 v1.5 SHA-256
- verify_signature(public_key_pem, data, signature) — Verify RSA PKCS#1 v1.5 SHA-256 signature

3.4 app/common

3.4.1 common/protocol.py

Pydantic Models:

- BaseMessage(type: str, timestamp: int)
- Hello(client_cert: str)
- Register(username: str, password_hash: str)
- DHClient(p: str, g: str, A: str)
- DHSERVER(B: str) - Message(sender: str, ciphertext: str)
- Receipt(identity: str, transcript_hash: str, signature: str)

3.4.2 common/utils.py

Helper Functions:

- now_ms()
- b64e(b: bytes)
- b64d(s: str)
- sha256_hex(data: bytes)

3.5 scripts/

3.5.1 scripts/gen_ca.py

Root CA Creation:

```
- create_root_ca(ca_name, output_dir='certs')
```

3.5.2 scripts/gen_cert.py

Issue Server/Client Certificate Signed by Root CA:

```
- issue_certificate(ca_name, cert_name, cert_type, output_dir='certs')
```

4. Evidence

4.1 Code Execution Screenshots

The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "securechat-A2" running on a Windows operating system. The terminal displays the execution of the `gen_cert.py` script to generate certificates for a server and a client.

```
F:\FAST-UNI\securechat-A2> python scripts/gen_cert.py MyRootCA myserver.example.com server --output_dir certs
F:\FAST-UNI\securechat-A2>scripts/gen_cert.py:72: DeprecationWarning: datetime.datetime.utcnow() is deprecated and scheduled for removal in a future version. Use timezone-aware objects to represent datetimes in UTC: datetime.datetime.now(datetime.UTC).
    .not_valid_before(datetime.utcnow()) # valid from now
F:\FAST-UNI\securechat-A2>scripts/gen_cert.py:73: DeprecationWarning: datetime.datetime.utcnow() is deprecated and scheduled for removal in a future version. Use timezone-aware objects to represent datetimes in UTC: datetime.datetime.now(datetime.UTC).
    .not_valid_after(datetime.utcnow() + timedelta(days=825)) # ~2.25 years
Server certificate issued successfully!
Private Key: certs\myserver.example.com.key.pem
Certificate: certs\myserver.example.com.cert.pem
PS F:\FAST-UNI\securechat-A2>
```

The terminal also shows the generated files in the current directory:

- `myserver.example.com.cert.pem`
- `myserver.example.com.key.pem`

The screenshot shows a code editor interface with the following details:

- File Structure:** The project is named "SECURECHAT-A2". The "app" directory contains several files: db.py, storage.py, queries.sql, transcript.py, env, client.py, server.py, certs, scripts, tests, transcripts, test_session.json, README.md, and requirements.txt.
- Code Editor:** The main editor window displays the content of db.py. The code defines a function `verify_user` which takes a username and password, connects to a database, and checks if the provided password matches the hashed value stored in the database. It also includes a `main` block for testing the functionality.
- Terminal:** The terminal tab shows the output of running the application. It prints the creation of a users table, successful registration of a user named 'alice', and successful verification of the same user. It also shows a failed verification attempt for a wrong password.
- Bottom Status Bar:** The status bar at the bottom provides information about the current file (main.py), the author (Tauha Imran), and the current date and time (11/14/2025).

```
def verify_user(username: str, password: str) -> bool:
    """Verify login credentials."""
    conn = get_conn()
    with conn:
        with conn.cursor() as cur:
            cur.execute("SELECT salt, pwd_hash FROM users WHERE username=%s", (username,))
            row = cur.fetchone()
            if not row:
                return False
            salt = row["salt"]
            expected_hash = row["pwd_hash"]
            return hash_password(password, salt) == expected_hash

    # -----
    # Driver/test code
    # -----
if __name__ == "__main__":
    init_users_table()
    print("Registering user 'alice' ->", register_user("alice", "mypassword"))
    print("Verify user 'alice' ->", verify_user("alice", "mypassword"))
    print("Verify wrong password ->", verify_user("alice", "wrongpass"))

#cli command examples:
# python app/storage/db.py
```

```
PS F:\FAST-UNI\securechat-A2> python app/storage/db.py
[DB] Users table ready.
Registering user 'alice' -> True
Verify user 'alice' -> False
Verify wrong password -> False
PS F:\FAST-UNI\securechat-A2>
```

The screenshot shows a Microsoft Visual Studio Code (VS Code) interface with the following details:

- File Structure (EXPLORER):**
 - SECURECHAT-A2
 - app
 - common
 - crypto
 - __pycache__
 - crypto_ss
 - aes.py (selected)
 - dh.py
 - pki.py
 - sign.py
 - storage
 - client.py M
 - server.py M
 - certs
 - MyRootCA_ca_cert.pem
 - MyRootCA_ca_key.pem
 - myserver.example.com_cer...
 - myserver.example.com_key...
 - scripts
 - scripts_ss
 - gen_ca.py
 - gen_cert.py
 - tests\manual
 - NOTES.md
 - README.md
 - requirements.txt
- Editor (aes.py):**

```

89     app > crypto > aes.py > ...
89     from app.crypto import client_dh_initiate, client_dh_finalize, generate_dh_pair, server_dh_respond
90
91     # Simulate DH to get shared key
92     client_priv, client_msg = client_dh_initiate()
93     server_priv, _ = generate_dh_pair()
94     server_key, server_resp = server_dh_respond(client_msg, server_priv)
95     client_key = client_dh_finalize(client_priv, server_resp)
96
97     assert server_key == client_key
98     key = client_key
99
100    # Test encryption/decryption
101    msg = b"Hello, Secure Chat!"
102    ct = encrypt_aes(key, msg)
103    pt = decrypt_aes(key, ct)
104
105    print(f"Original : {msg}")
106    print(f"Ciphertext (hex): {ct.hex()}")
107    print(f"Decrypted: {pt}")
108    assert pt == msg
109    print("AES-128-ECB + PKCS#7 test passed!")
110
111    # python -m app.crypto.aes

```
- Terminal:**

```

powershell □ + □ 🗑 ... ×
260717927638731782897358369343267262394784424195542943848672849209782183805295958207228244659457578302510307551571417049431753135923460476586247613221886916688693056669472756297530710056785431824
7212861821237433961056192453200311886181596674001795236368906261830396777456243043931618199007421
Server - { "type": "dh server", "B": 187239227321268073796864348279672505874778808967242215948574931358062021288085254083730638745634692732351110003772458526347065485997892510653993572778532206311866
62731822214663688212031589869442261410602318785102283768899237684914518413669364147789917661598414971373955181994513717246520619748900583535161891321688848391354765239165204867082677890614877181008
21013791974668258759818597349031878371638508318962349924589509261086683393284112735190389527427456721589376919984634852577581012817479318947436973246483814849364177861773068322969739134150171950025
17096553029318998680715416601437743696768596716173834733670
Shared AES-128 key derived: c33e21e1505166789eb5100cbe9516a
DH exchange successful!
PS F:\FAST-UNIT\securechat-A2> python -m app.crypto.aes
Original : b'Hello, Secure Chat!'
Ciphertext (hex): 65886040f582721bf59fee908bdae6f66c2299a7f64e9260b28b5233d2a5d72e
Decrypted: b'Hello, Secure Chat!'
AES-128-ECB + PKCS#7 test passed!
PS F:\FAST-UNIT\securechat-A2>

```
- Bottom Status Bar:**
 - Not Committed Yet
 - Ln 111, Col 3 (24 selected)
 - Spaces: 4
 - UTF-8
 - CRLF
 - (Python)
 - 3.14.0
 - Go Live
 - 10:28 PM
 - 11/12/2025

The screenshot shows a terminal window with two tabs open, both titled "certs". The left tab contains the command "gen_ca.py" and its output, which generates a private key and a certificate for "MyRootCA". The right tab contains the generated files "MyRootCA_ca_key.pem" and "MyRootCA_ca_cert.pem".

```
F:\FAST-UNI\securechat-A2> python scripts/gen_ca.py --ca-name MyRootCA --output-dir certs
F:\FAST-UNI\securechat-A2>scripts\gen_ca.py:45: DeprecationWarning: datetime.datetime.utcnow() is deprecated and scheduled for removal in a future version. Use timezone-aware objects to represent datetimes in UTC: datetime.datetime.now(datetime.UTC).
...not_valid_before(datetime.utcnow())
F:\FAST-UNI\securechat-A2>scripts\gen_ca.py:46: DeprecationWarning: datetime.datetime.utcnow() is deprecated and scheduled for removal in a future version. Use timezone-aware objects to represent datetimes in UTC: datetime.datetime.now(datetime.UTC).
...not_valid_after(datetime.utcnow() + timedelta(days=1825)) # -5 years
Root CA generated successfully!
Private Key: certs\MyRootCA_ca_key.pem
Certificate: certs\MyRootCA_ca_cert.pem
PS F:\FAST-UNI\securechat-A2>
```

The terminal also displays the contents of the generated files:

```
-----BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY-----
MIIEowIBAAKCAQEAzHd7TNEANTRs0LJmh7vZoqk1jhvXkw+noglbb1xluKw/Kew
cvjUsD3wHTdA0bevNzYn1n+Ha7d5ch1BTWna3KTHtg1NIemWt0vUXbn+63
d43ajjtWrrJQv03Apz3ds05lqv+TNei0ggnYc1vQ+KgE6W1jnpoF75KphPmEq
IBHQ9R9p/hs/HOML+uWJhjgnfz3KshCVG17DQ/T+1v+jmpf0gNBopRRZbUm
GXAjGzMr1lOr1kcB81kaeCLWn04QXyU8Cz/xQhJQTDFAEavbxcbE08Ida1508
vh63l03KxFxkFwLGt3cT9NoyP80+VXVBgh61tQDIAQABAoTBADLVL+pZwLXEdim
866qMleFe1CT7txXlnaQFcB0wus10VDzu/tuanP/oaeYlsP94aFv8T+9fePn
p3N11IAUmogIB9NCaS/e7JtmvYQdsU6crGmLe4y6TME5bcwoD0pxjh53T54
F91LxG4y5h6k1Mv81yHeo5dsvsCNxSuHzsnJWJ1KpZDzumau
/QuPnsKtKdcZLoozKDC21F1r4wPxxtGImtZgwp089FcxxNsXkgYtQUKKz+T68
fvtd9jx8QzD+SpA3xBghVmzCebDowzMsxtX7DAXXRNe1X099E4K1dygNa016e3
I3u1lTtsCgYeABc6ng5gD9p1ccGbaudh5g9p01/dXpLzszvgdbh.91lw/JfNgq8c
A6220y89erPCs/SJOYlt0nD7Ylw1nAaGo6yujfHIO/vxw0QzTbdnbg/m+yehmA3
m8e119mnzFw8Vzh765+gBXk4d0/LD7Bf+P8pxY56s4mqGX78CgYE6tcB
jN5+OarQkTdxPoDcNgBh-8T7PGGk715mcYsgbxY1841Gox
w1v70p/fstvYoTpIdwMyjlx0Fwck44bJyqM045LZkV92Jr7QEERhSP7zKE1q
BKXW+LzG61wJ7tjyewPcAn+vvlvTKNT7zW65cgY+ExurzGjnsQumgAWGMZR
hg65u81s9g310Cv5mHmlgZgyLB9DR6A+oTaCcKzHnJc3Df1f3vKwNa57BS
1k+2vAJM+pr386azvQEH15Nygi0dSmFnRnUiua0v8L3P81DLK9fzKL/eUwgCAF
zAh0b0mR00BqBqL6TjP0jQxjOHdJ6610ujQxFwPb2
/IqmVhBa5ewos12h1nIdtqunGRBs2CaAUuMjUzo2tP81tp/k1nEhsQsn09a
Iug7Qh4utb60efLdZrn7V7qyP2UQbfj9q2+8e0m3rasyv8UjMar8nsicETHaj7K
2bLHAoGBAL4jHK17t76hC8aVo9FA2Yz8x0+bmCkUxWx/Chy/0Q2FiiRRRp4
0fn+HCKo5cdR8vWw/GjWkbWz0P0xxcvL3V7kt7HslGj8CZ19uE7Pevy2KZG
AF9ttPl0dZqP2cbwfkWBL5P64jA80Ls912Fa7pc+rDUm2
```

The bottom of the terminal shows the file system structure and current working directory:

```
F:\FAST-UNI\securechat-A2> <--> main <--> timeline
```


4.2 MySQL Database Screenshots

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface. In the top navigation bar, 'Local instance MySQL80' is selected. The main area displays a SQL editor window titled 'queries' containing the following SQL script:

```
CREATE DATABASE securechat;
CREATE USER 'scuser'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY 'scpass';
GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON securechat.* TO 'scuser'@'localhost';
FLUSH PRIVILEGES;
```

Below the SQL editor is an 'Output' pane showing the results of the executed queries:

#	Action	Time	Message	Duration / Fetch
1	CREATE DATABASE securechat	12:23:59	1 row(s) affected	0.000 sec
2	CREATE USER 'scuser'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY 'scpass'	12:23:59	0 row(s) affected	0.016 sec
3	GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON securechat.* TO 'scuser'@'localhost'	12:23:59	0 row(s) affected	0.000 sec
4	FLUSH PRIVILEGES	12:23:59	0 row(s) affected	0.000 sec

A status message in the top right corner of the output pane reads: "Automatic context help is disabled. Use the toolbar to manually get help for the current caret position or to toggle automatic help."

5. Implementation Details

- Root CA and Certificates: gen_ca.py and gen_cert.py for CA and server/client certs; pki.py validates.
- DH Key Exchange: dh.py implements 2048-bit DH.
- AES Encryption: aes.py handles AES-128-ECB with PKCS#7.
- RSA Signing: sign.py ensures integrity and non-repudiation.
- Protocol Models: protocol.py defines Pydantic models.
- Utilities: utils.py provides timestamps, base64, hashing.
- Database: db.py handles MySQL users table with salted SHA-256.
- Transcript: transcript.py logs messages, computes SHA-256 hash.
- Client/Server: client.py handles UI, server.py manages connections and chat.

6. Challenges and Solutions

- Certificate Validation: chain verification, expiry, hostname matching.
- Key Derivation: Trunc16(SHA256(Ks)) for AES key.
- Signature Extraction: extract_public_key_from_cert added.
- Pydantic Validation: DH params converted to str.
- Error Handling: try/except blocks for network and validation errors.

7. Conclusion

This assignment demonstrated practical cryptography in a secure chat system. The implementation meets all CIANR requirements.