

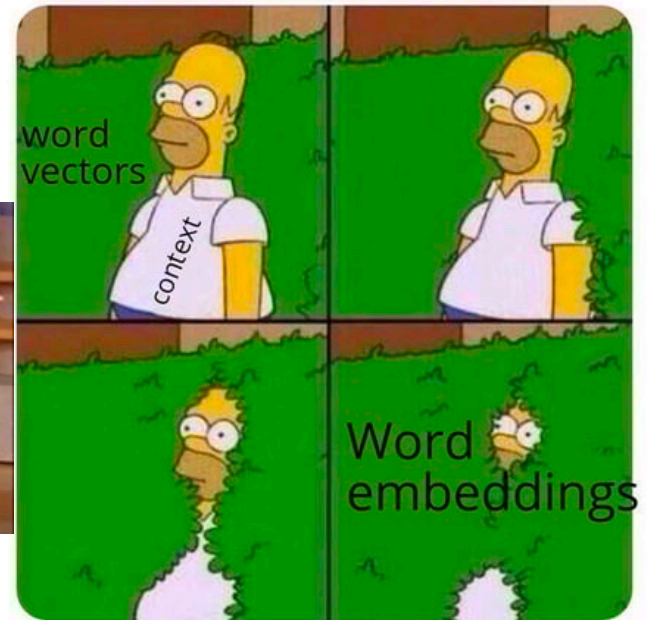
May 8, 2023.

DSML: NLP module.

Word embeddings  
in a nutshell

# Named Entity Recognition.

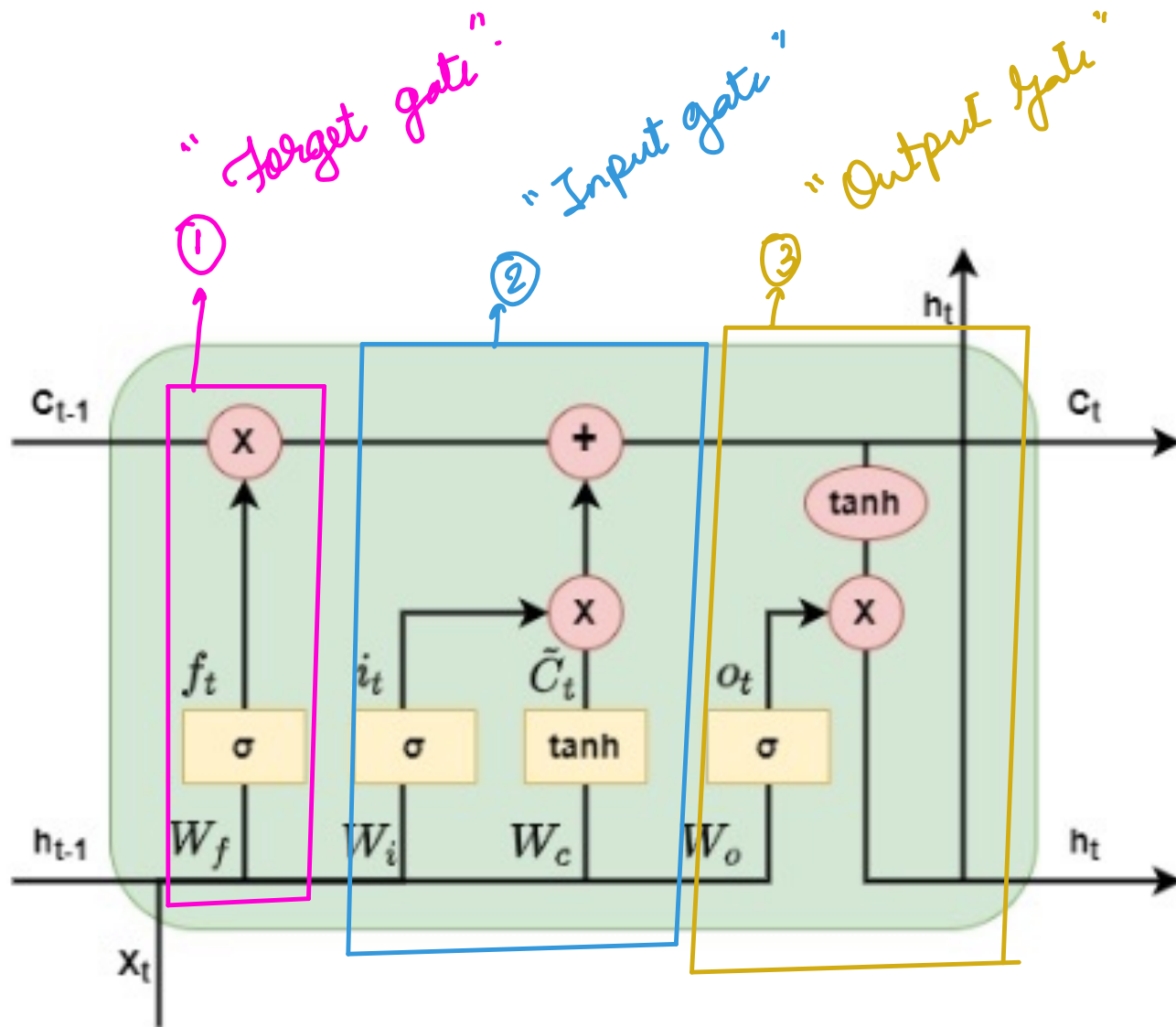
Class starts  
@ 9:05



When you penalize your Natural  
Language Generation model for  
large sentence lengths



Recap: Long Short-term Memory.



## Agenda for today :

- \* Gated Recurrent Unit : LSTM variant with just one hidden state.

- \* Stacked LSTMs : Increasing the "depth" of LSTMs.

- \* LSTM code implementation.

- \* Named Entity Recognition

↓  
Rule-based

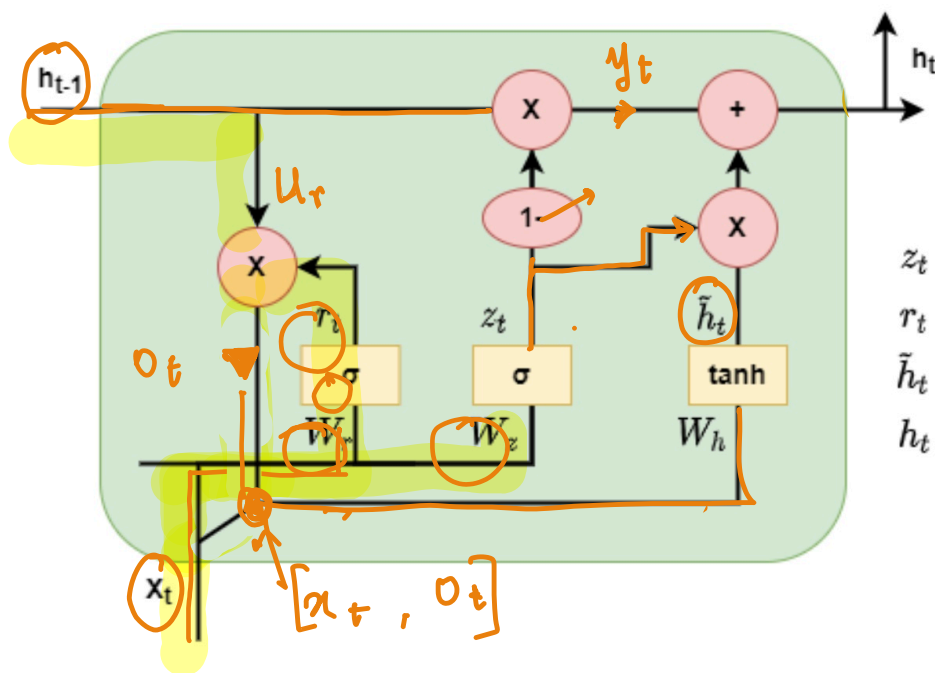
↓  
Conditional  
Random  
fields

↓  
Bi-directional  
LSTMs.

↓  
Hybrid  
approaches.

- \* NER implementation code.

# Gated Recurrent Units.



$\otimes$  → Elementwise multiplication.

Replace all  $x_t$  with  $[x_t, h_{t-1}]$  <sup>per-hole conn. action.</sup>

$$\left. \begin{aligned} z_t &= \sigma(W_z * [h_{t-1}, x_t]) \\ r_t &= \sigma(W_r * [h_{t-1}, x_t]) \\ \tilde{h}_t &= \tanh(W_h * [h_{t-1}, x_t]) \\ h_t &= (1 - z_t) * h_{t-1} + z_t * \tilde{h}_t \end{aligned} \right\}$$

These are wrong.

$$r_t = \sigma(W_r x_t + b_r)$$

$$o_t = h_{t-1} \otimes r_t \quad \text{OR} \quad (U_{rr} \cdot h_{t-1} + b_{rr}) \otimes r_t.$$

$$z_t = \sigma(W_z \cdot x_t + b_z)$$

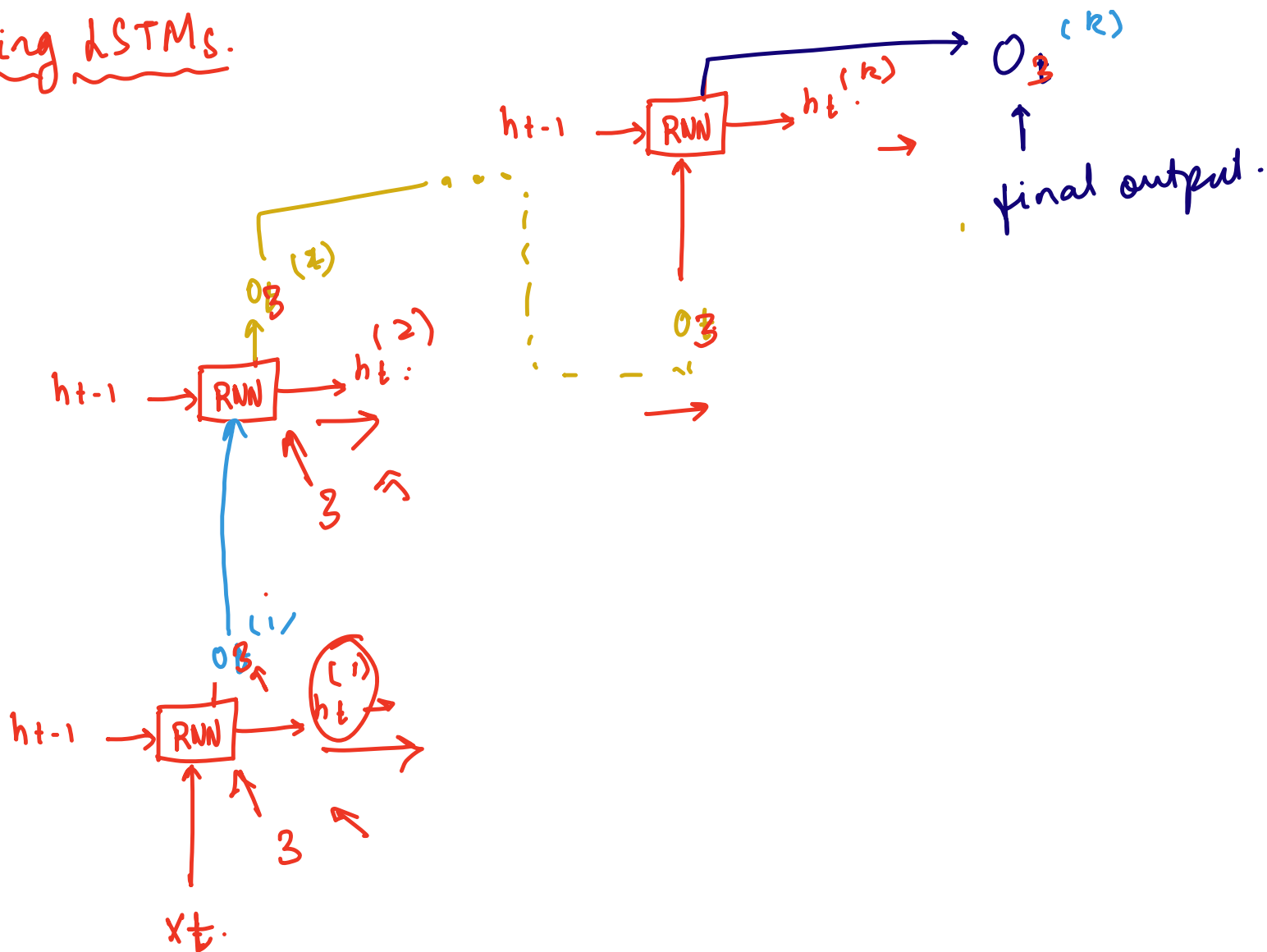
$$y_t = h_{t-1} \otimes (1 - z_t)$$

$$\tilde{h}_t = \tanh(W_h \cdot [x_t, o_t] + b_h)$$

$$h_t = y_t + \tilde{h}_t \otimes z_t.$$

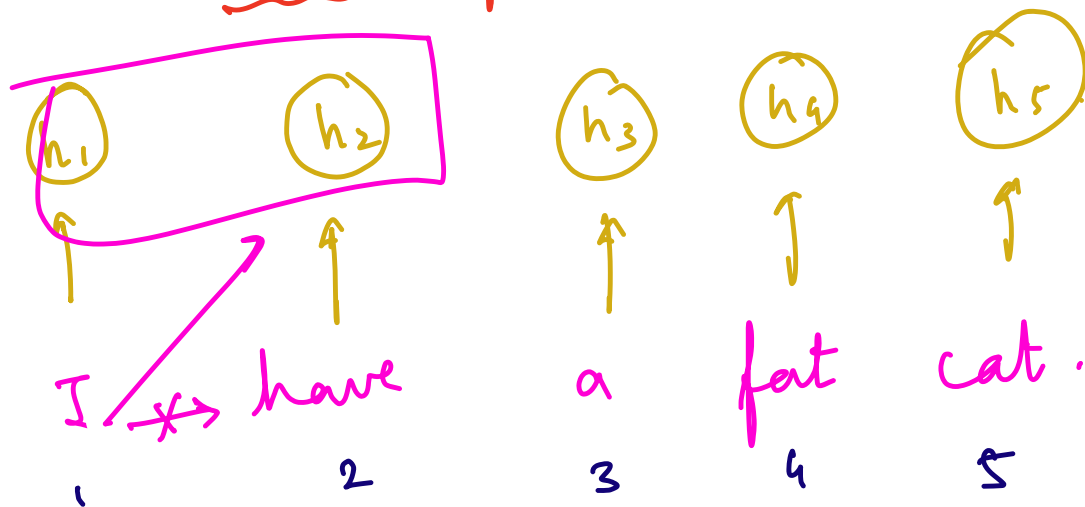
$$= h_{t-1} \otimes (1 - z_t) + \tilde{h}_t \otimes z_t.$$

# Stacking LSTMs.



"the"  
3

# Conditional Random fields



$\rightarrow p(\text{"have"} \mid \text{"I"})$

↑ word      ↑ word

CRF:

$$p_{\theta}(y|x) = \frac{\exp(\sum_j w_j F_j(x, y))}{\sum_{y'} \exp(\sum_j w_j F_j(x, y'))}$$

↑ weight term      ↑ feature.

, where  $F_j(x, y) = \sum_{i=1}^L f_j(y_{i-1}, y_i, x, i)$

↑ sentence length.

## Bi-directional RNN:

↳ We have 1 hidden state for  
start-to-end, and

1 hidden state for  
end-to-start.

→ My            elephant took all the bananas  
          ↑  
          in my hand.

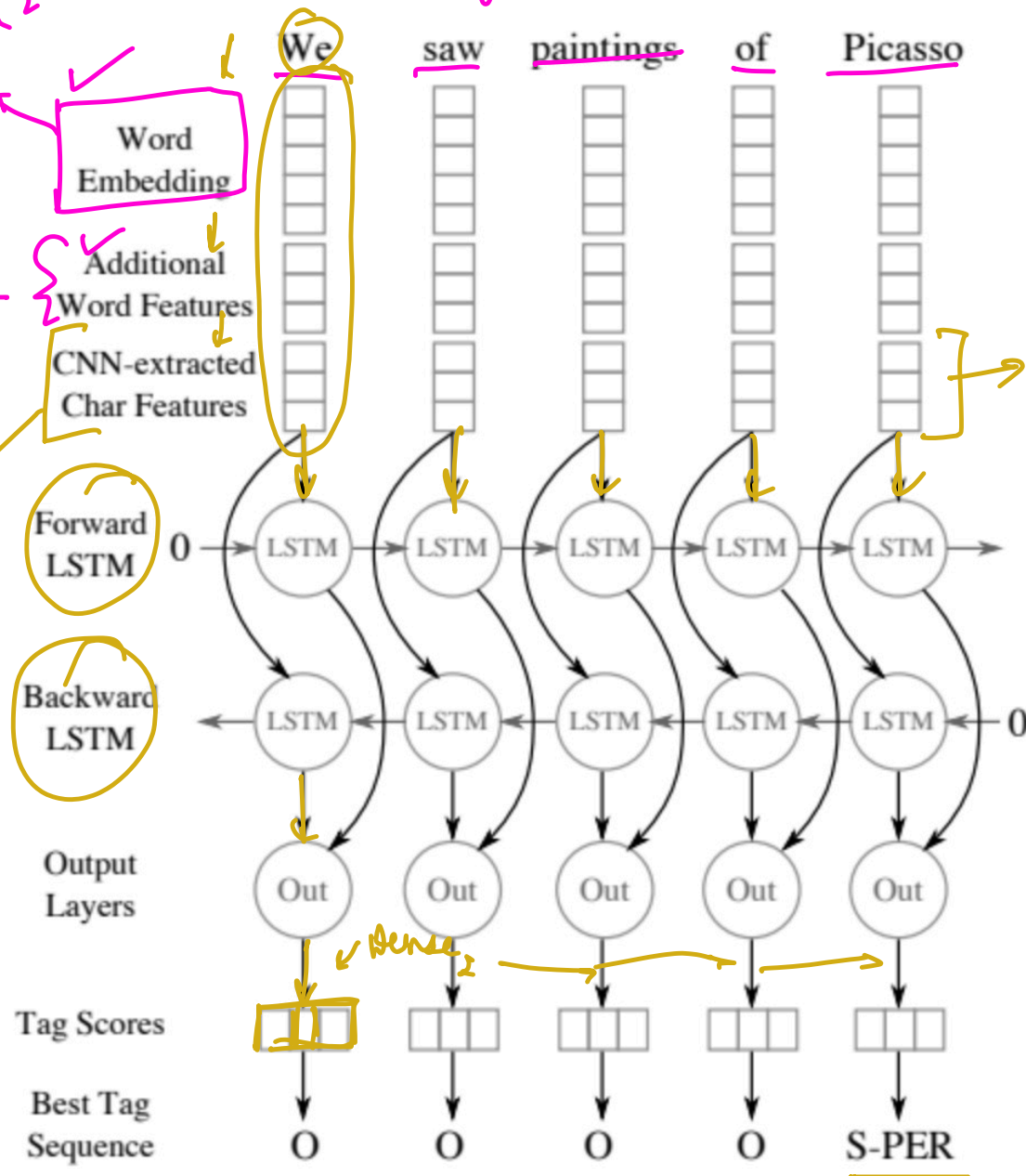
[adjective]



Word2Vec or Embedding.

Pos tags,  
is Noun,  
is Rare etc.

a special  
type of  
CNN trained  
to predict  
the next  
character  
in a  
list.



capture the  
different  
forms  
of a  
word.