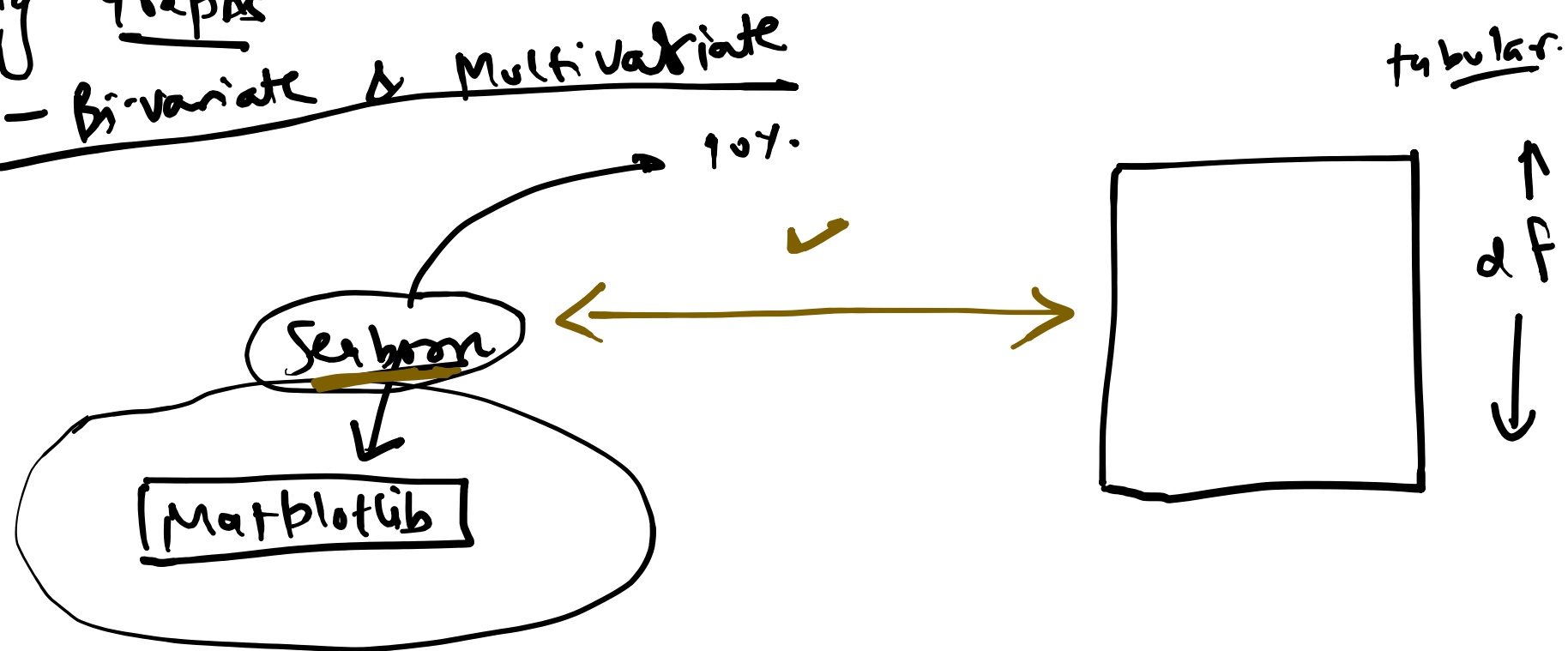


Agenda:

- ① Seaborn
- ② Which plot to use when? → Generic Data Viz
- ③ Interpreting Graphs
- ④ Univariate - Bi-variate & Multivariate

Introduction

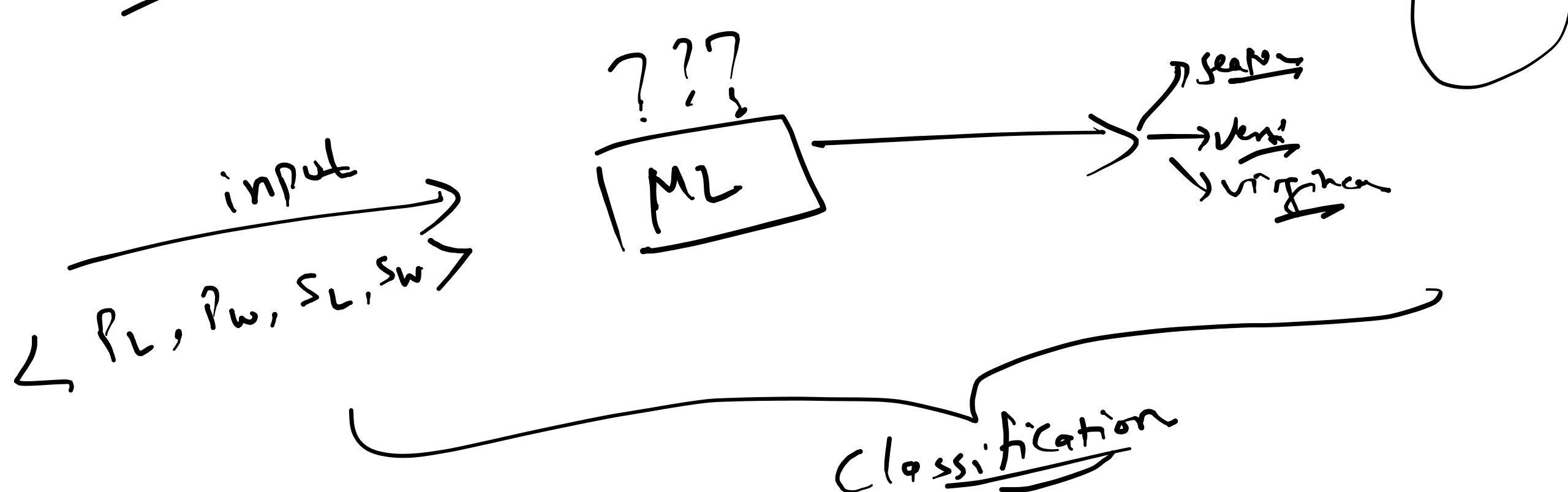


"Iris Dataset"

↳ hello world → data sci

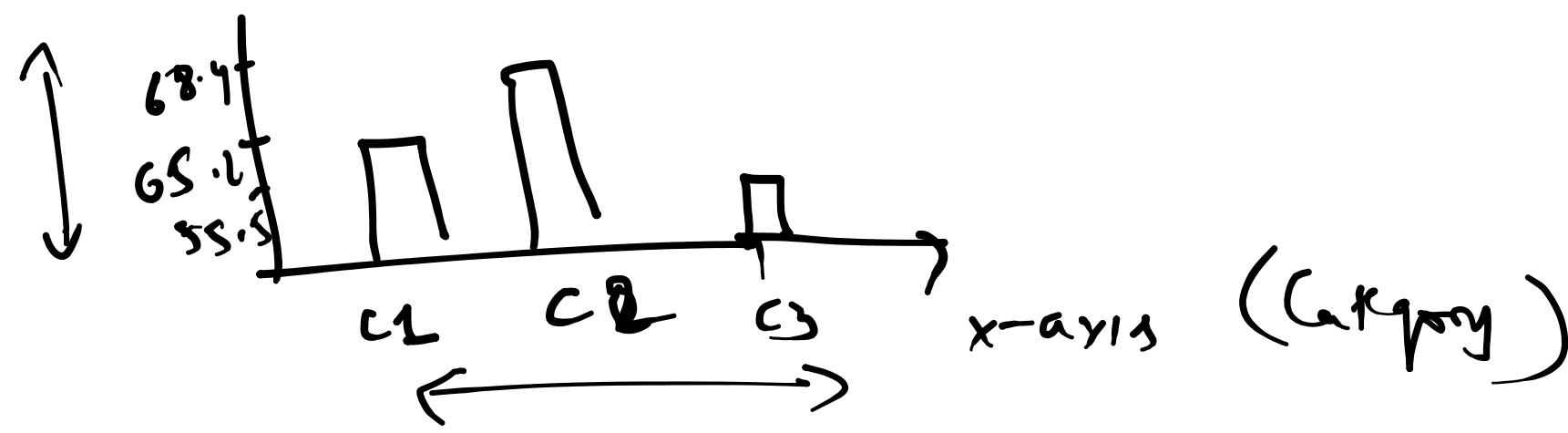
"Toy Dataset"

"Real world data"



Histogram

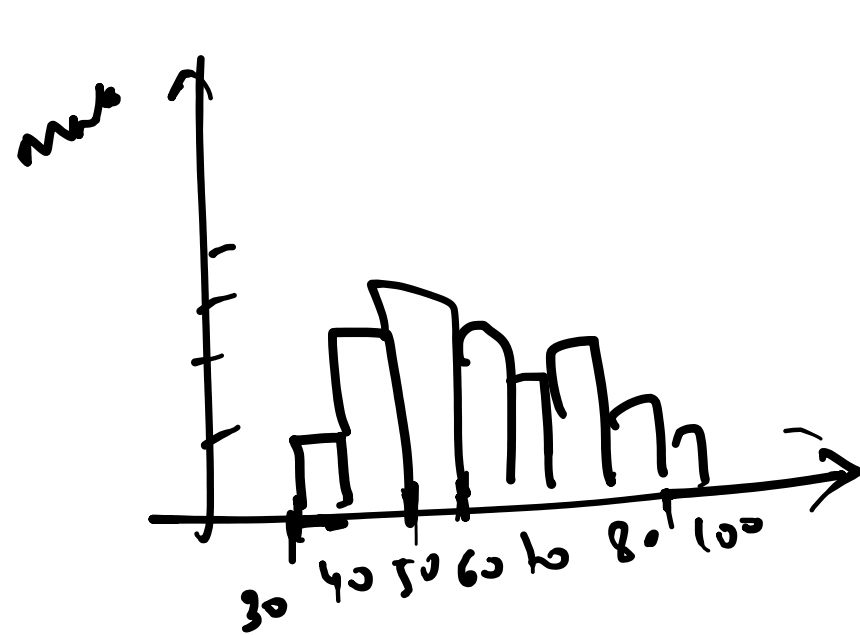
① Barplot



② Scatterplot



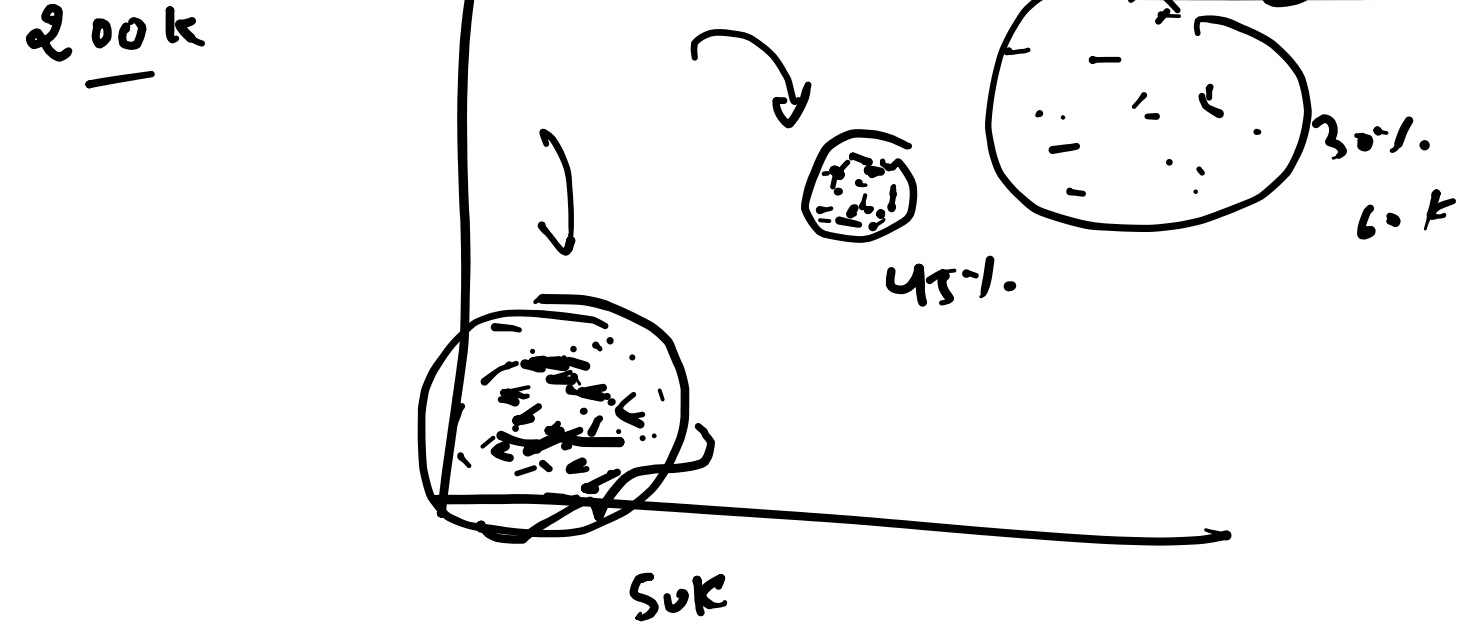
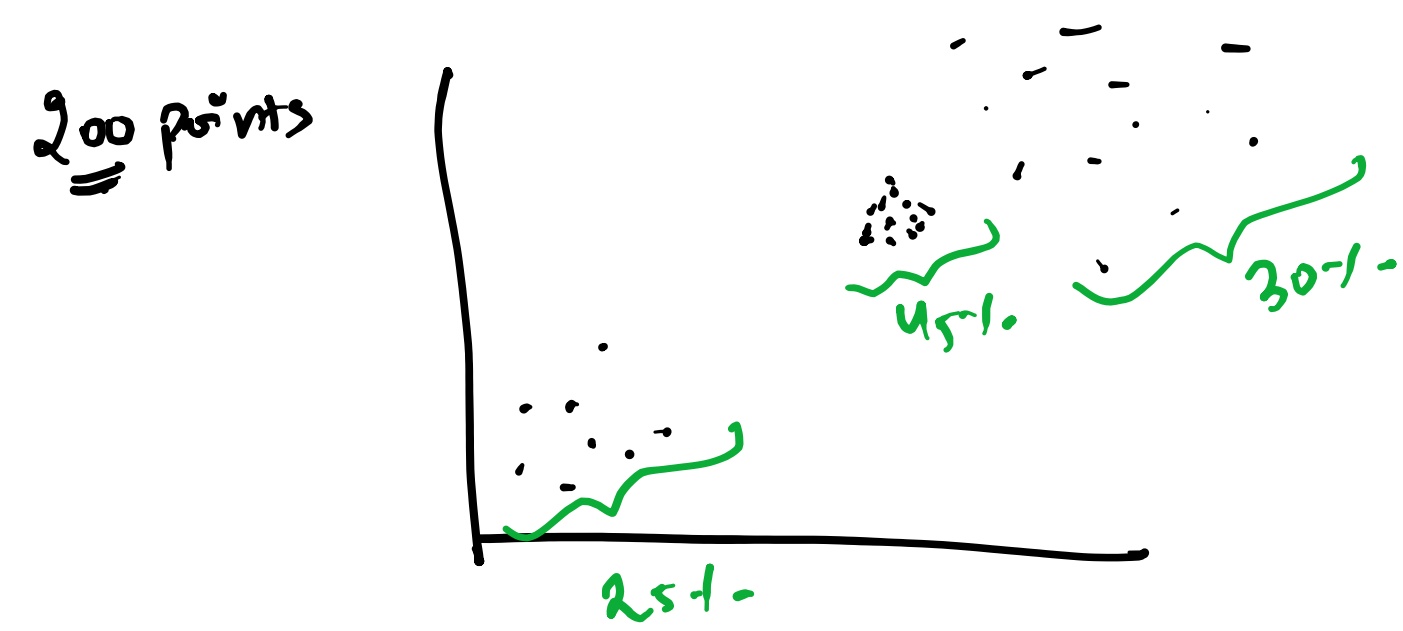
③ Histogram



100 student
75, 69, 95, 36...

Kde = (kernel density estimate) ≈ Smoothed version of histogram.

if $P_L < 2.1 \text{ cm}$:
print('setosa')



← 4 features →

P_W	S_L	S_W
P_L	P_L	P_L
S_W	S_L	



Categorical Count

① Barplot

Category value? Count

Countplot

1 column : Categories

Box & whisker plot

IQR : (75th - 25th Perc)

Choosing the right Viz / graph

Data

- 1D
- 2D
- Multi-Dimⁿ

1D (Uni-Variate Analysis)

Categorical

- Countplot
- piechart

Continuous

- hist
- boxplot
- kde
- line plot

2D Data (Bi-Variate Analysis)

N-N

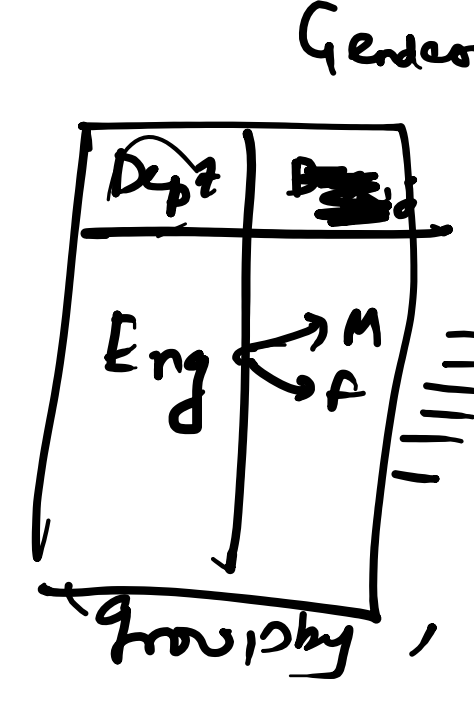
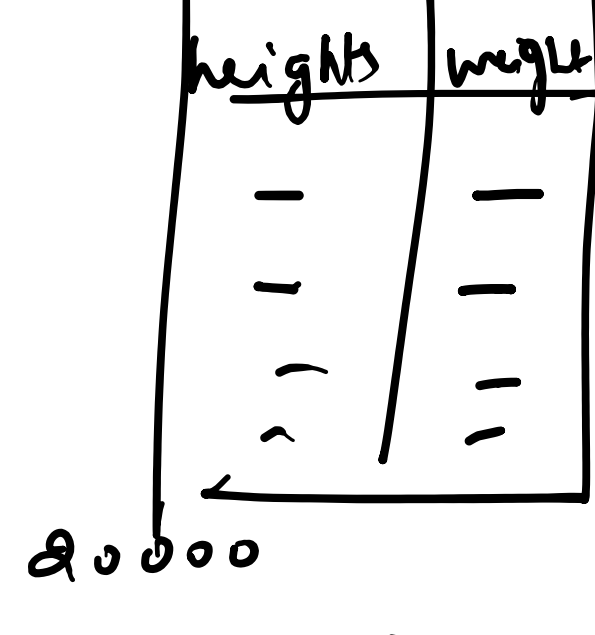
N-C

C-C

- ✓ Scatterplot
- ✓ line-plot
- hexabin
- jointplot
- heatmap

- ✓ Boxplot
- ✓ Countplot / Barplot
- violenplot
- piechart

- Cat plot
- Barplot
- 'hue'



Multi-Dimⁿ

2 variable

- 2D but using 'hue'
- "Pairplot"

