

SQL PROJECT- DIGITAL MUSIC STORE DATA ANALYSIS

Question Session 1 – Easy

Q1. Who is the senior most employee based on job title?

QUERY:

```
SELECT title, last_name, first_name
```

```
FROM employee
```

```
ORDER BY levels DESC
```

```
LIMIT 1;
```

OUTPUT:

	title character varying (50) 🔒	last_name character (50) 🔒	first_name character (50) 🔒
1	Senior General Manager	Madan ...	Mohan ...

Q2. Which countries have the most Invoices?

QUERY:

```
SELECT COUNT(*) AS c, billing_country
```

```
FROM invoice
```

```
GROUP BY billing_country
```

```
ORDER BY c DESC
```

OUTPUT:

	c bigint	billing_country character varying (30)
1	131	USA
2	76	Canada
3	61	Brazil
4	50	France
5	41	Germany
6	30	Czech Republic
7	29	Portugal
8	28	United Kingdom
9	21	India
Total rows: 24		Query complete 00:00:00.167

Q3. What are top 3 values of total invoice?

QUERY:

SELECT total FROM invoice

ORDER BY total DESC

limit 3;

OUTPUT:

	total double precision
1	23.759999999999998
2	19.8
3	19.8

Q4. Which city has the best customers? We would like to throw a promotional Music Festival in the city we made the most money. Write a query that returns one city that has the highest sum of invoice totals. Return both the city name & sum of all invoice totals

QUERY:

SELECT billing_city,SUM(total) AS InvoiceTotal

FROM invoice

GROUP BY billing_city

ORDER BY InvoiceTotal DESC

OUTPUT:

	billing_city character varying (30) 🔒	invoicetotal double precision 🔒
1	Prague	273.240000000000007
2	Mountain View	169.29
3	London	166.32
4	Berlin	158.4
5	Paris	151.47
6	São Paulo	129.69
7	Dublin	114.839999999999997
8	Delhi	111.869999999999999
9	São José dos Campos	108.899999999999998
Total rows: 53		Query complete 00:00:00.108

Q5. Who is the best customer? The customer who has spent the most money will

be declared the best customer. Write a query that returns the person who has spent the most money

QUERY:

SELECT customer.customer_id, first_name, last_name, SUM(total) AS total_spending

FROM customer

JOIN invoice ON customer.customer_id = invoice.customer_id

GROUP BY customer.customer_id

ORDER BY total_spending DESC

LIMIT 1;

OUTPUT:

	customer_id [PK] integer 🔍	first_name character (50) 🔍	last_name character (50) 🔍	total_spending double precision 🔒
1	5	R ...	Madhav ...	144.540000000000002

Question Session 2 – Moderate

Q1. Write query to return the email, first name, last name, & Genre of all Rock Music listeners. Return your list ordered alphabetically by email starting with A

QUERY:

```
SELECT DISTINCT email,first_name, last_name
FROM customer
JOIN invoice ON customer.customer_id = invoice.customer_id
JOIN invoice_line ON invoice.invoice_id = invoice_line.invoice_id
WHERE track_id IN(
    SELECT track_id FROM track
    JOIN genre ON track.genre_id = genre.genre_id
    WHERE genre.name LIKE 'Rock'
)
ORDER BY email;
```

OUTPUT:

	email character varying (50) 🔒	first_name character (50) 🔒	last_name character (50) 🔒
1	aaronmitchell@yahoo.ca	Aaron ...	Mitchell ...
2	alero@uol.com.br	Alexandre ...	Rocha ...
3	astrid.gruber@apple.at	Astrid ...	Gruber ...
4	bjorn.hansen@yahoo.no	Bjørn ...	Hansen ...
5	camille.bernard@yahoo.fr	Camille ...	Bernard ...
6	daan_peeters@apple.be	Daan ...	Peeters ...
7	diego.gutierrez@yahoo.ar	Diego ...	Gutiérrez ...
8	dmiller@comcast.com	Dan ...	Miller ...
9	dominiquedefebvre@gmail.c...	Dominique ...	Lefebvre ...
Total rows: 59		Query complete 00:00:00.138	

Q2. Let's invite the artists who have written the most rock music in our dataset. Write a query that returns the Artist name and total track count of the top 10 rock bands

QUERY:

```
SELECT artist.artist_id, artist.name, COUNT(artist.artist_id) AS
number_of_songs
```

```
FROM track
```

```
JOIN album ON album.album_id = track.album_id
```

```
JOIN artist ON artist.artist_id = album.artist_id
```

```
JOIN genre ON genre.genre_id = track.genre_id
```

```
WHERE genre.name LIKE 'Rock'
```

```
GROUP BY artist.artist_id
```

```
ORDER BY number_of_songs DESC
```

```
LIMIT 10;
```

OUTPUT:

	artist_id [PK] character varying (50) 	name character varying (120) 	number_of_songs bigint 
1	22	Led Zeppelin	114
2	150	U2	112
3	58	Deep Purple	92
4	90	Iron Maiden	81
5	118	Pearl Jam	54
6	152	Van Halen	52
7	51	Queen	45
8	142	The Rolling Stones	41
9	76	Creedence Clearwater Revival	40
Total rows: 10		Query complete 00:00:00.097	

Q3. Return all the track names that have a song length longer than the average song length. Return the Name and Milliseconds for each track. Order by the song length with the longest songs listed first

QUERY:

SELECT name, milliseconds

FROM track

WHERE milliseconds > (

 SELECT AVG(milliseconds) AS avg_track_length

 FROM track)

ORDER BY milliseconds DESC;

OUTPUT:

	name character varying (150)	milliseconds integer
1	Occupation / Precipice	5286953
2	Through a Looking Glass	5088838
3	Greetings from Earth, Pt. 1	2960293
4	The Man With Nine Lives	2956998
5	Battlestar Galactica, Pt. 2	2956081
6	Battlestar Galactica, Pt. 1	2952702
7	Murder On the Rising Star	2935894
8	Battlestar Galactica, Pt. 3	2927802
9	Take the Celestra	2927677
10	Fire In Space	2926593
11	The Long Patrol	2925008
12	The Magnificent Warriors	2924716
13	The Living Legend, Pt. 1	2924507
14	The Gun On Ice Planet Zero, Pt. 2	2924341
15	The Hand of God	2924007
16	Experiment In Terra	2923548
17	War of the Gods, Pt. 2	2923381
18	The Living Legend, Pt. 2	2923298
19	War of the Gods, Pt. 1	2922630
20	Lost Planet of the Gods, Pt. 1	2922547
21	Baltar's Escape	2922088
22	The Last Warrior	2922045
Total rows: 494		Query complete 00:00:00.137

Question Session 3 – Advance

Q1. Find how much amount spent by each customer on artists? Write a query to return customer name, artist name and total spent

QUERY:

```
WITH best_selling_artist AS (  
    SELECT artist.artist_id AS artist_id, artist.name AS artist_name,  
    SUM(invoice_line.unit_price*invoice_line.quantity) AS total_sales  
    FROM invoice_line  
    JOIN track ON track.track_id = invoice_line.track_id  
    JOIN album ON album.album_id = track.album_id  
    JOIN artist ON artist.artist_id = album.artist_id  
    GROUP BY 1  
    ORDER BY 3 DESC  
    LIMIT 1  
)  
  
SELECT c.customer_id, c.first_name, c.last_name, bsa.artist_name,  
SUM(il.unit_price*il.quantity) AS amount_spent  
FROM invoice i  
JOIN customer c ON c.customer_id = i.customer_id  
JOIN invoice_line il ON il.invoice_id = i.invoice_id  
JOIN track t ON t.track_id = il.track_id  
JOIN album alb ON alb.album_id = t.album_id  
JOIN best_selling_artist bsa ON bsa.artist_id = alb.artist_id  
GROUP BY 1,2,3,4  
ORDER BY 5 DESC;
```


OUTPUT:

	customer_id integer	first_name character (50)	last_name character (50)	artist_name character varying (120)	amount_spent double precision
1	46	Hugh	O'Reilly	Queen	27.719999999999985
2	38	Niklas	Schröder	Queen	18.81
3	3	François	Tremblay	Queen	17.82
4	34	João	Fernandes	Queen	16.830000000000002
5	53	Phil	Hughes	Queen	11.88
6	41	Marc	Dubois	Queen	11.88
7	47	Lucas	Mancini	Queen	10.89
8	33	Ellie	Sullivan	Queen	10.89
9	20	Dan	Miller	Queen	3.96
Total rows: 43		Query complete 00:00:00.154			

Q2. We want to find out the most popular music Genre for each country. We determine the most popular genre as the genre with the highest amount of purchases. Write a query that returns each country along with the top Genre. For countries where the maximum number of purchases is shared return all Genres

QUERY:

WITH popular_genre AS

(

SELECT COUNT(invoice_line.quantity) AS purchases, customer.country, genre.name, genre.genre_id,

ROW_NUMBER() OVER(PARTITION BY customer.country ORDER BY COUNT(invoice_line.quantity) DESC) AS RowNo

FROM invoice_line

JOIN invoice ON invoice.invoice_id = invoice_line.invoice_id

JOIN customer ON customer.customer_id = invoice.customer_id

JOIN track ON track.track_id = invoice_line.track_id

```

JOIN genre ON genre.genre_id = track.genre_id

GROUP BY 2,3,4

ORDER BY 2 ASC, 1 DESC

)

SELECT * FROM popular_genre WHERE RowNo <= 1

```

OUTPUT:

	purchases bigint	country character varying (50)	name character varying (120)	genre_id character varying (50)	rowno bigint
1	17	Argentina	Alternative & Punk	4	1
2	34	Australia	Rock	1	1
3	40	Austria	Rock	1	1
4	26	Belgium	Rock	1	1
5	205	Brazil	Rock	1	1
6	333	Canada	Rock	1	1
7	61	Chile	Rock	1	1
8	143	Czech Republic	Rock	1	1
9	24	Denmark	Rock	1	1
Total rows: 24		Query complete 00:00:00.168			

Q3. Write a query that determines the customer that has spent the most on music for each country. Write a query that returns the country along with the top customer and how much they spent. For countries where the top amount spent is shared, provide all customers who spent this amount.

QUERY:

```

WITH Customter_with_country AS (

    SELECT
customer.customer_id,first_name,last_name,billing_country,SUM(total) AS
total_spending,

    ROW_NUMBER() OVER(PARTITION BY billing_country ORDER BY
SUM(total) DESC) AS RowNo

    FROM invoice

```

ORDER BY 4 ASC,5 DESC)

```
SELECT * FROM Customer_with_country WHERE RowNo <= 1
```

OUTPUT:

Data Output

Messages

Notifications

Showing rows:

	customer_id integer	first_name character (50)	last_name character (50)	billing_country character varying (30)	total_spending double precision	rowno bigint
1	56	Diego	Gutiérrez	Argentina	39.6	1
2	55	Mark	Taylor	Australia	81.18	1
3	7	Astrid	Gruber	Austria	69.3	1
4	8	Daan	Peeters	Belgium	60.38999999999999	1
5	1	Luis	Gonçalves	Brazil	108.89999999999998	1
6	3	François	Tremblay	Canada	99.99	1
7	57	Luis	Rojas	Chile	97.02000000000001	1
8	5	R	Madhav	Czech Republic	144.54000000000002	1
9	9	Kara	Nielsen	Denmark	37.61999999999999	1

Total rows: 24

Query complete 00:00:00.109