

Imported Panda Package

```
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

matplotlib is a library that is used for plotting data

seaborn is also a library that is used for visualization

A dataset containing various parameters is uploaded as 'df'

```
df=pd.read_excel('/content/smoking.xlsx')
```

```
df.shape
```

```
↵ (4000, 11)
```

For finding the percentage, a function is created

```
def percentage(a,b):
    return (a/b)*100
```

The contents of the dataset are being showed

```
df.head(18)
```

| | Gender | Age | HasTension | AnyHeartDisease | NeverMarried | Occupation | LivesIn | GlucoseLevel | BMI | SmokingStatus | HeartAttack |
|----|--------|-------|------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|---------|--------------|------|-----------------|-------------|
| 0 | Female | 75.00 | Yes | No | Yes | Self-employed | City | 54.6 | 35.1 | never smoked | No |
| 1 | Female | 49.00 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 108.8 | 26.7 | smokes | No |
| 2 | Male | 32.00 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 64.1 | 23.4 | smokes | No |
| 3 | Male | 78.00 | No | No | Yes | Self-employed | City | 219.2 | 27.4 | Unknown | Yes |
| 4 | Male | 39.00 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 55.4 | 41.6 | formerly smoked | No |
| 5 | Female | -3.00 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 83.2 | 29.3 | smokes | No |
| 6 | Male | 63.00 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 104.1 | 37.1 | formerly smoked | No |
| 7 | Male | 4.00 | No | No | No | children | City | 94.1 | 16.1 | Unknown | No |
| 8 | Female | 45.00 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 64.6 | 40.5 | never smoked | No |
| 9 | Female | 52.00 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 67.5 | 15.8 | Unknown | No |
| 10 | Female | 45.00 | No | No | Yes | Self-employed | City | 110.6 | 29.9 | never smoked | No |
| 11 | Male | 31.00 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 101.4 | 29.5 | Unknown | No |
| 12 | Female | 45.00 | No | No | Yes | Govt_job | City | 81.4 | 40.7 | never smoked | No |
| 13 | Female | 57.00 | Yes | No | Yes | Self-employed | Village | 63.5 | 36.6 | smokes | No |
| 14 | Male | 56.00 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 92.8 | 31.5 | never smoked | No |
| 15 | Female | 20.00 | No | No | No | Govt_job | Village | 80.4 | NaN | never smoked | No |
| 16 | Male | 0.24 | No | No | No | children | City | 89.6 | 12.1 | Unknown | No |
| 17 | Female | 38.00 | No | No | Yes | Govt_job | Village | 77.1 | 25.5 | never smoked | No |

Next steps:

Generate code with df

View recommended plots

New interactive sheet

```
df.shape
```

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In the following dataset, there exists some data columns which contains null values. correcting those errors. saving the dataset as 'part_correct_df'

```
null_values= df.isnull().sum()
print(null_values)
```

Gender0
Age0
HasTension0
AnyHeartDisease0
NeverMarried0
Occupation0


```
LivesIn      0
GlucoseLevel  0
BMI          149
SmokingStatus 0
HeartAttack  0
dtype: int64
```

```
part_correct_df=df.dropna()
part_correct_df.shape
```

```
↔ (3851, 11)
```



Now, coverting this dataset's 'Age' values into integer values

```
part_correct_df['Age']=part_correct_df['Age'].astype(int)
part_correct_df.head(18)
```

 <ipython-input-11-0aab39dafbe>:1: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

part_correct_df['Age']=part_correct_df['Age'].astype(int)

| | Gender | Age | HasTension | AnyHeartDisease | NeverMarried | Occupation | LivesIn | GlucoseLevel | BMI | SmokingStatus | HeartAttack |  |
|----|--------|-----|------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|---------|--------------|------|-----------------|-------------|---|
| 0 | Female | 75 | Yes | No | Yes | Self-employed | City | 54.6 | 35.1 | never smoked | No |  |
| 1 | Female | 49 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 108.8 | 26.7 | smokes | No | |
| 2 | Male | 32 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 64.1 | 23.4 | smokes | No | |
| 3 | Male | 78 | No | No | Yes | Self-employed | City | 219.2 | 27.4 | Unknown | Yes | |
| 4 | Male | 39 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 55.4 | 41.6 | formerly smoked | No | |
| 5 | Female | -3 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 83.2 | 29.3 | smokes | No | |
| 6 | Male | 63 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 104.1 | 37.1 | formerly smoked | No | |
| 7 | Male | 4 | No | No | No | children | City | 94.1 | 16.1 | Unknown | No | |
| 8 | Female | 45 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 64.6 | 40.5 | never smoked | No | |
| 9 | Female | 52 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 67.5 | 15.8 | Unknown | No | |
| 10 | Female | 45 | No | No | Yes | Self-employed | City | 110.6 | 29.9 | never smoked | No | |
| 11 | Male | 31 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 101.4 | 29.5 | Unknown | No | |
| 12 | Female | 45 | No | No | Yes | Govt_job | City | 81.4 | 40.7 | never smoked | No | |
| 13 | Female | 57 | Yes | No | Yes | Self-employed | Village | 63.5 | 36.6 | smokes | No | |
| 14 | Male | 56 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 92.8 | 31.5 | never smoked | No | |
| 16 | Male | 0 | No | No | No | children | City | 89.6 | 12.1 | Unknown | No | |
| 17 | Female | 38 | No | No | Yes | Govt_job | Village | 77.1 | 25.5 | never smoked | No | |
| 18 | Male | 45 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 56.6 | 22.3 | smokes | No | |

Next steps:

[Generate code with part_correct_df](#)

 [View recommended plots](#)


[New interactive sheet](#)

```
part_correct_df.shape
```



 (3851, 11)

Now, covertng Age section's negative values into positive values

```
part_correct_df['Age']=part_correct_df['Age'].abs()  
part_correct_df.head(18)
```

 <ipython-input-13-434efcf9acde>:1: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy
part_correct_df['Age']=part_correct_df['Age'].abs()

| | Gender | Age | HasTension | AnyHeartDisease | NeverMarried | Occupation | LivesIn | GlucoseLevel | BMI | SmokingStatus | HeartAttack |  |
|----|--------|-----|------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|---------|--------------|------|-----------------|-------------|---|
| 0 | Female | 75 | Yes | No | Yes | Self-employed | City | 54.6 | 35.1 | never smoked | No |  |
| 1 | Female | 49 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 108.8 | 26.7 | smokes | No | |
| 2 | Male | 32 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 64.1 | 23.4 | smokes | No | |
| 3 | Male | 78 | No | No | Yes | Self-employed | City | 219.2 | 27.4 | Unknown | Yes | |
| 4 | Male | 39 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 55.4 | 41.6 | formerly smoked | No | |
| 5 | Female | 3 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 83.2 | 29.3 | smokes | No | |
| 6 | Male | 63 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 104.1 | 37.1 | formerly smoked | No | |
| 7 | Male | 4 | No | No | No | children | City | 94.1 | 16.1 | Unknown | No | |
| 8 | Female | 45 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 64.6 | 40.5 | never smoked | No | |
| 9 | Female | 52 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 67.5 | 15.8 | Unknown | No | |
| 10 | Female | 45 | No | No | Yes | Self-employed | City | 110.6 | 29.9 | never smoked | No | |
| 11 | Male | 31 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 101.4 | 29.5 | Unknown | No | |
| 12 | Female | 45 | No | No | Yes | Govt_job | City | 81.4 | 40.7 | never smoked | No | |
| 13 | Female | 57 | Yes | No | Yes | Self-employed | Village | 63.5 | 36.6 | smokes | No | |
| 14 | Male | 56 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 92.8 | 31.5 | never smoked | No | |
| 16 | Male | 0 | No | No | No | children | City | 89.6 | 12.1 | Unknown | No | |
| 17 | Female | 38 | No | No | Yes | Govt_job | Village | 77.1 | 25.5 | never smoked | No | |
| 18 | Male | 45 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 56.6 | 22.3 | smokes | No | |

Next steps:


[Generate code with part_correct_df](#)

 [View recommended plots](#)

[New interactive sheet](#)

Again, in this dataset's 'GlucoseLevel' section some values are negative. correctiong those errors

```
part_correct_df['GlucoseLevel']=part_correct_df['GlucoseLevel'].abs()
```

 <ipython-input-14-1fb487b0e5ae>:1: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy
part_correct_df['GlucoseLevel']=part_correct_df['GlucoseLevel'].abs()

Now, it is known that the lowest Glucose level of a human being is 20. So showing the dataset in which Glucose level are less than 20. Naming the dataset as 'Glucose_lessthan20'

```
Glucose_lessthan20=part_correct_df[part_correct_df['GlucoseLevel']<20]
Glucose_lessthan20
```



| | Gender | Age | HasTension | AnyHeartDisease | NeverMarried | Occupation | LivesIn | GlucoseLevel | BMI | SmokingStatus | HeartAttack |
|------|--------|-----|------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|---------|--------------|------|-----------------|-------------|
| 98 | Male | 1 | No | No | No | children | City | 2.0 | 20.4 | Unknown | No |
| 697 | Male | 14 | No | No | No | Private | Village | 2.0 | 26.2 | Unknown | No |
| 829 | Female | 66 | No | No | Yes | Self-employed | Village | 2.0 | 31.9 | never smoked | No |
| 1460 | Female | 55 | No | No | Yes | Govt_job | City | 2.0 | 28.2 | formerly smoked | No |
| 2428 | Male | 4 | No | No | No | children | Village | 2.0 | 18.8 | Unknown | No |
| 2543 | Female | 15 | No | No | No | Private | Village | 2.0 | 24.2 | Unknown | No |
| 3095 | Female | 73 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 2.0 | 31.2 | Unknown | No |
| 3370 | Male | 3 | No | No | No | children | City | 2.0 | 16.5 | Unknown | No |
| 3986 | Male | 11 | No | No | No | children | Village | 2.0 | 23.9 | Unknown | No |




Next steps:

Generate code with Glucose_lessthan20

 View recommended plots


New interactive sheet

Glucose_lessthan20.shape



(9, 11)

```
part_correct_df.drop(Glucose_lessthan20.index, inplace=True)
part_correct_df.shape
```







<ipython-input-17-2ca10274b64a>:1: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy.
part_correct_df.drop(Glucose_lessthan20.index, inplace=True)
(3842, 11)

BMI cannot be less than 12 so finding those records whose bmi is less than 12 and removing them from the dataframe

```
bmi_lessthan12=part_correct_df[part_correct_df['BMI']<12]
bmi_lessthan12
```



| | Gender | Age | HasTension | AnyHeartDisease | NeverMarried | Occupation | LivesIn | GlucoseLevel | BMI | SmokingStatus | HeartAttack |  |
|------|--------|-----|------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|---------|--------------|------|---------------|-------------|---|
| 2001 | Female | 79 | No | No | Yes | Self-employed | City | 78.5 | 9.6 | Unknown | No |  |
| 2505 | Female | 1 | No | No | No | children | Village | 121.9 | 10.9 | Unknown | No |  |

Next steps:

[Generate code with bmi_lessthan12](#)

 [View recommended plots](#)

[New interactive sheet](#)

```
part_correct_df.drop(bmi_lessthan12.index, inplace=True)
part_correct_df.shape
```


 <ipython-input-19-66da93acba2a>:1: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame



See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

```
part_correct_df.drop(bmi_lessthan12.index, inplace=True)
(3840, 11)
```

Showing the dataset

```
part_correct_df.head(18)
```



| | Gender | Age | HasTension | AnyHeartDisease | NeverMarried | Occupation | LivesIn | GlucoseLevel | BMI | SmokingStatus | HeartAttack |  |
|----|--------|-----|------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|---------|--------------|------|-----------------|-------------|---|
| 0 | Female | 75 | Yes | No | Yes | Self-employed | City | 54.6 | 35.1 | never smoked | No |  |
| 1 | Female | 49 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 108.8 | 26.7 | smokes | No | |
| 2 | Male | 32 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 64.1 | 23.4 | smokes | No | |
| 3 | Male | 78 | No | No | Yes | Self-employed | City | 219.2 | 27.4 | Unknown | Yes | |
| 4 | Male | 39 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 55.4 | 41.6 | formerly smoked | No | |
| 5 | Female | 3 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 83.2 | 29.3 | smokes | No | |
| 6 | Male | 63 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 104.1 | 37.1 | formerly smoked | No | |
| 7 | Male | 4 | No | No | No | children | City | 94.1 | 16.1 | Unknown | No | |
| 8 | Female | 45 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 64.6 | 40.5 | never smoked | No | |
| 9 | Female | 52 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 67.5 | 15.8 | Unknown | No | |
| 10 | Female | 45 | No | No | Yes | Self-employed | City | 110.6 | 29.9 | never smoked | No | |
| 11 | Male | 31 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 101.4 | 29.5 | Unknown | No | |
| 12 | Female | 45 | No | No | Yes | Govt_job | City | 81.4 | 40.7 | never smoked | No | |
| 13 | Female | 57 | Yes | No | Yes | Self-employed | Village | 63.5 | 36.6 | smokes | No | |
| 14 | Male | 56 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 92.8 | 31.5 | never smoked | No | |
| 16 | Male | 0 | No | No | No | children | City | 89.6 | 12.1 | Unknown | No | |
| 17 | Female | 38 | No | No | Yes | Govt_job | Village | 77.1 | 25.5 | never smoked | No | |
| 18 | Male | 45 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 56.6 | 22.3 | smokes | No | |

Next steps:

Generate code with part_correct_df


 View recommended plots

New interactive sheet

Now, in this dataset's 'Age' section some values are in points. correcting those errors by converting the values into 'int' and showing the dataset

Now, dropping those dataset where age=0

```
part_correct_df.drop(part_correct_df[part_correct_df['Age']==0].index,inplace=True)
part_correct_df.shape
```

 <ipython-input-21-bade1089e938>:1: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

```
part_correct_df.drop(part_correct_df[part_correct_df['Age']==0].index,inplace=True)
(3809, 11)
```


Now, in the dataset some people's gender are marked as 'Unknown' so dropping the values and naming the the updated dataset as 'correct_df_final'

```
Unknown_gender_df=part_correct_df[part_correct_df['Gender']=='Unknown']
Unknown_gender_df
```

| | Gender | Age | HasTension | AnyHeartDisease | NeverMarried | Occupation | LivesIn | GlucoseLevel | BMI | SmokingStatus | HeartAttack | |
|------|---------|-----|------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|---------|--------------|------|---------------|-------------|--|
| 170 | Unknown | 5 | No | No | No | children | Village | 67.5 | 18.2 | Unknown | No | |
| 476 | Unknown | 77 | Yes | No | Yes | Self-employed | Village | 175.9 | 32.2 | never smoked | No | |
| 718 | Unknown | 79 | Yes | No | Yes | Self-employed | Village | 173.1 | 26.5 | never smoked | Yes | |
| 1346 | Unknown | 79 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 90.4 | 22.2 | never smoked | No | |
| 2673 | Unknown | 53 | No | No | Yes | Govt_job | City | 83.6 | 43.7 | Unknown | No | |
| 3573 | Unknown | 10 | No | No | No | children | City | 94.1 | 24.7 | Unknown | No | |

Next steps:

Generate code with Unknown_gender_df

View recommended plots

New interactive sheet

```
correct_df_final=part_correct_df.drop([170,476,718,1346,2673,3573])
correct_df_final.shape
```

(3803, 11)

It is found that the living area of some people in this dataset are marked as 'Unknown' dropping those values

```
unknown_lives_in=correct_df_final[correct_df_final['LivesIn']=='Unknown']
unknown_lives_in
```

| | Gender | Age | HasTension | AnyHeartDisease | NeverMarried | Occupation | LivesIn | GlucoseLevel | BMI | SmokingStatus | HeartAttack | |
|------|--------|-----|------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|---------|--------------|------|---------------|-------------|--|
| 1594 | Female | 37 | No | No | Yes | Self-employed | Unknown | 94.9 | 34.1 | never smoked | No | |
| 1680 | Female | 15 | No | No | No | Private | Unknown | 68.6 | 26.7 | never smoked | No | |
| 2506 | Male | 29 | No | No | No | Private | Unknown | 58.7 | 34.4 | smokes | No | |
| 2559 | Male | 18 | No | No | No | Private | Unknown | 104.8 | 23.7 | never smoked | No | |
| 3967 | Male | 34 | No | No | Yes | Private | Unknown | 109.4 | 23.9 | Unknown | No | |

Next steps:

Generate code with unknown_lives_in

View recommended plots

New interactive sheet

```
correct_df_final=correct_df_final.drop([1594,1680,2506,2559,3967])
correct_df_final.shape
```

(3798, 11)

Therefore, after all the filtration of data, the available dataset is stored as "correct_df_final" and all the analysis will be done with this dataset

Finding correlation between Age and GlucoseLevel column

correlation can work with numeric data

```
correct_df_final['Age'].corr(correct_df_final['GlucoseLevel'])
```

```
↔ 0.2336740379173944
```

If correlation value will be 1 or -1 or near 1 or -1, then it is said that the parameters have a strong correlation when the value is near 0 it is said that the parameters have no correlation 0.2 is defined as weak correlation

Therefore, These two parameters have no correlations between them

now **checking correlation between age and bmi**

```
correct_df_final['Age'].corr(correct_df_final['BMI'])
```

```
↔ 0.31203945611867756
```

Therefore these two parameters have no correlation

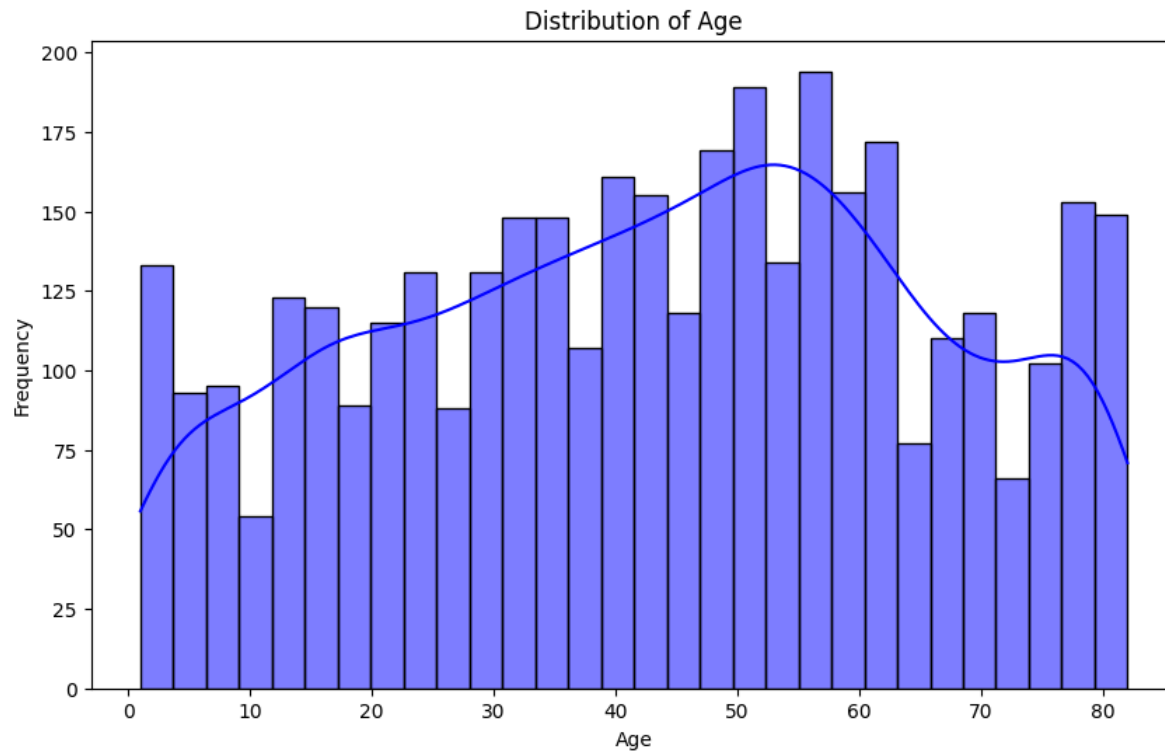
Now, **finding correlation between glucoselevel and bmi**

```
correct_df_final['GlucoseLevel'].corr(correct_df_final['BMI'])
```


```
↔ 0.17258774646944808
```

Therefore, there is no correlation between them

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.histplot(correct_df_final['Age'], kde=True, bins=30, color='blue')
plt.title('Distribution of Age')
plt.xlabel('Age')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.show()
```

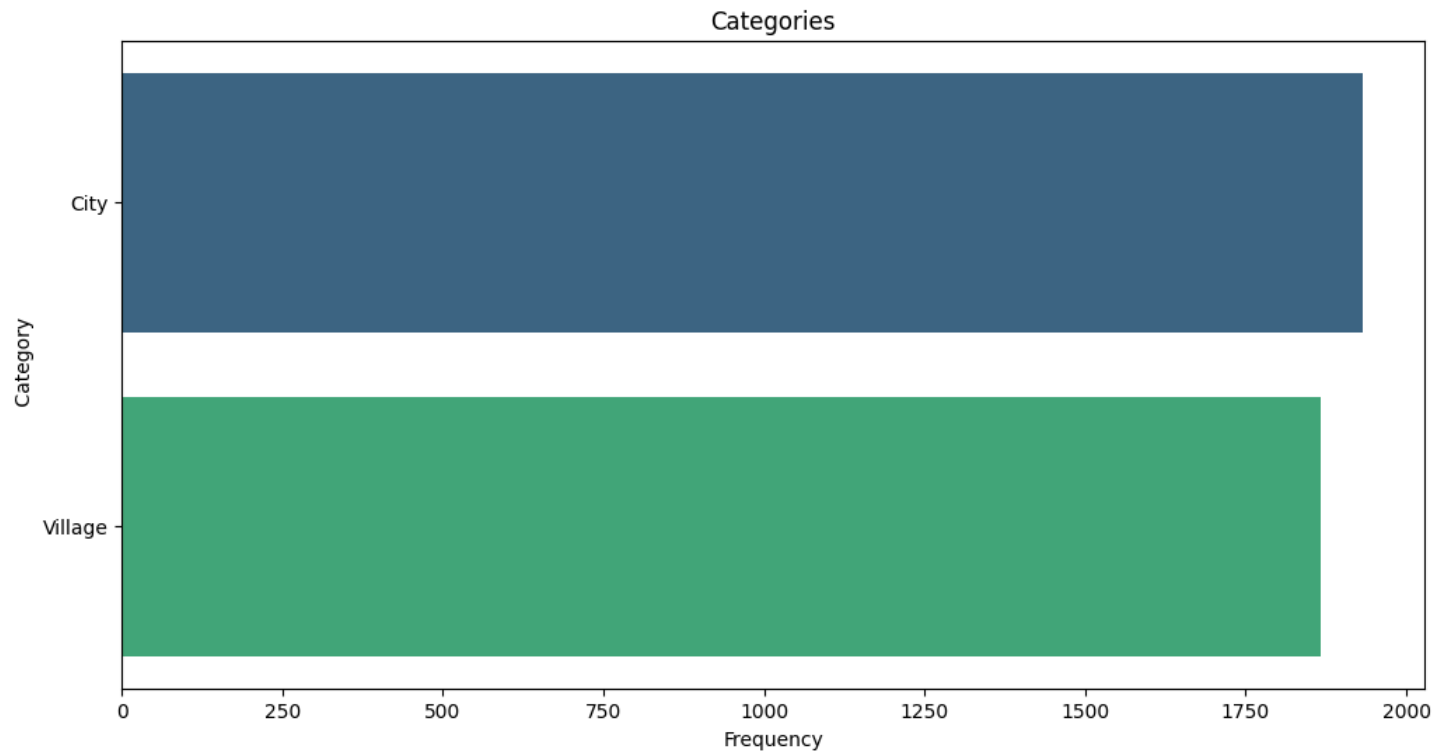


```
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
sns.countplot(y=correct_df_final['LivesIn'], order=correct_df_final['LivesIn'].value_counts().index, palette='viridis')
plt.title('Categories')
plt.xlabel('Frequency')
plt.ylabel('Category')
plt.show()
```


 <ipython-input-30-c5392ee98c9f>:2: FutureWarning:

Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `y` variable to `hue` and set `legend=False` for the same effect.

```
sns.countplot(y=correct_df_final['LivesIn'], order=correct_df_final['LivesIn'].value_counts().index, palette='viridis')
```

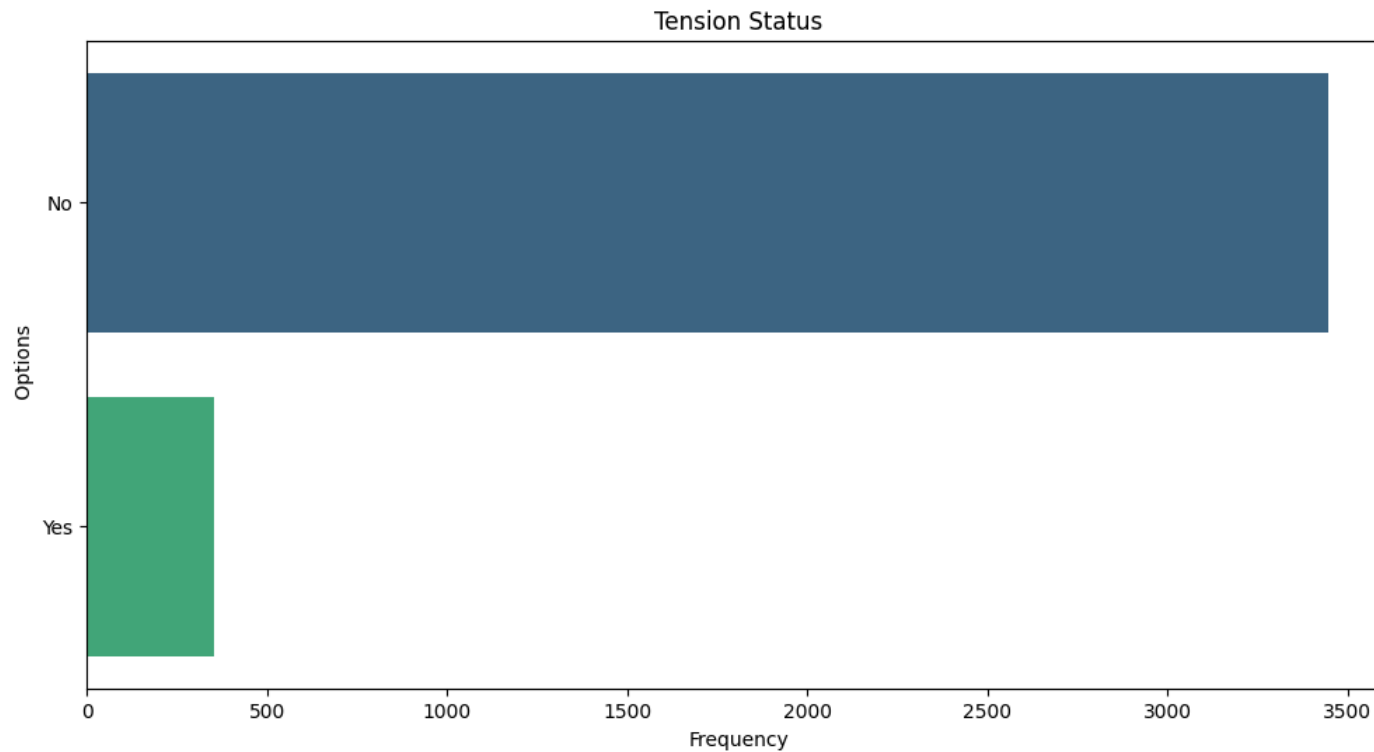


```
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
sns.countplot(y=correct_df_final['HasTension'], order=correct_df_final['HasTension'].value_counts().index, palette='viridis')
plt.title('Tension Status')
plt.xlabel('Frequency')
plt.ylabel('Options')
plt.show()
```

 <ipython-input-31-497a52401e58>:2: FutureWarning:


Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `y` variable to `hue` and set `legend=False` for the same effect.



```
sns.countplot(y=correct_df_final['HasTension'], order=correct_df_final['HasTension'].value_counts().index, palette='viridis')
```



Now, Clustering data for 1 to 10 age group. naming the dataframe as 'onetotendf'

```
onetotendf = correct_df_final[(correct_df_final['Age'] >= 1) & (correct_df_final['Age'] <= 10)]  
onetotendf
```



| | Gender | Age | HasTension | AnyHeartDisease | NeverMarried | Occupation | LivesIn | GlucoseLevel | BMI | SmokingStatus | HeartAttack |  |
|------|--------|-----|------------|-----------------|--------------|------------|---------|--------------|------|---------------|-------------|---|
| 5 | Female | 3 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 83.2 | 29.3 | smokes | No |  |
| 7 | Male | 4 | No | No | No | children | City | 94.1 | 16.1 | Unknown | No |  |
| 25 | Male | 7 | No | No | No | children | City | 78.1 | 17.0 | Unknown | No | |
| 33 | Female | 7 | No | No | No | children | City | 62.6 | 23.0 | Unknown | No | |
| 35 | Male | 2 | No | No | No | children | Village | 85.9 | 19.2 | Unknown | No | |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | |
| 3951 | Male | 5 | No | No | No | children | Village | 98.6 | 18.1 | Unknown | No | |
| 3952 | Female | 3 | No | No | Yes | Govt_job | City | 57.2 | 24.5 | smokes | No | |
| 3964 | Male | 4 | No | No | No | children | City | 98.8 | 17.3 | Unknown | No | |
| 3972 | Male | 2 | No | No | No | children | Village | 66.0 | 14.7 | Unknown | No | |
| 3973 | Male | 1 | No | No | No | children | Village | 86.6 | 20.6 | Unknown | No | |

349 rows × 11 columns

Next steps:

Generate code with onetotendf

 View recommended plots

New interactive sheet

Now, in this dataframe, it can seen that many data contains meaningless information. For Example: in the dataframe many children has smoking habbit.It can be seen that in the 'occupation' section, those children's occupation are not marked as 'children' only those data's are incorrect. So clustering the dataset and naming the dataset as 'ZEROtoTENDfcorrected'

```
ONEtoTENDfcorrected=onetotendf[onetotendf['Occupation']=='children']
ONEtoTENDfcorrected
```

| | Gender | Age | HasTension | AnyHeartDisease | NeverMarried | Occupation | LivesIn | GlucoseLevel | BMI | SmokingStatus | HeartAttack | |
|------|--------|-----|------------|-----------------|--------------|------------|---------|--------------|------|---------------|-------------|--|
| 7 | Male | 4 | No | No | No | children | City | 94.1 | 16.1 | Unknown | No | |
| 25 | Male | 7 | No | No | No | children | City | 78.1 | 17.0 | Unknown | No | |
| 33 | Female | 7 | No | No | No | children | City | 62.6 | 23.0 | Unknown | No | |
| 35 | Male | 2 | No | No | No | children | Village | 85.9 | 19.2 | Unknown | No | |
| 40 | Male | 6 | No | No | No | children | City | 87.3 | 18.2 | Unknown | No | |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | |
| 3940 | Male | 5 | No | No | No | children | Village | 105.7 | 16.7 | Unknown | No | |
| 3951 | Male | 5 | No | No | No | children | Village | 98.6 | 18.1 | Unknown | No | |
| 3964 | Male | 4 | No | No | No | children | City | 98.8 | 17.3 | Unknown | No | |
| 3972 | Male | 2 | No | No | No | children | Village | 66.0 | 14.7 | Unknown | No | |
| 3973 | Male | 1 | No | No | No | children | Village | 86.6 | 20.6 | Unknown | No | |

339 rows × 11 columns

Next steps:

Generate code with ONEtoTENDfcorrected

View recommended plots


New interactive sheet

```
ONEtoTENDfcorrected.shape
```

(339, 11)

Now, it is obvious that no children in this age frame has the ability to smoke. Therefore replacing the 'Unknown' status of 'SmokingStatus' section as 'Never smoked'

```
ONEtoTENDfcorrected['SmokingStatus'] = ONEtoTENDfcorrected['SmokingStatus'].replace('Unknown', 'Never smoked')
ONEtoTENDfcorrected
```

 <ipython-input-35-527c70656bfa>:1: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

ONEtoTENDfcorrected['SmokingStatus'] = ONEtoTENDfcorrected['SmokingStatus'].replace('Unknown', 'Never smoked')

| | Gender | Age | HasTension | AnyHeartDisease | NeverMarried | Occupation | LivesIn | GlucoseLevel | BMI | SmokingStatus | HeartAttack |  |
|------|--------|-----|------------|-----------------|--------------|------------|---------|--------------|------|---------------|-------------|---|
| 7 | Male | 4 | No | No | No | children | City | 94.1 | 16.1 | Never smoked | No |  |
| 25 | Male | 7 | No | No | No | children | City | 78.1 | 17.0 | Never smoked | No |  |
| 33 | Female | 7 | No | No | No | children | City | 62.6 | 23.0 | Never smoked | No | |
| 35 | Male | 2 | No | No | No | children | Village | 85.9 | 19.2 | Never smoked | No | |
| 40 | Male | 6 | No | No | No | children | City | 87.3 | 18.2 | Never smoked | No | |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | |
| 3940 | Male | 5 | No | No | No | children | Village | 105.7 | 16.7 | Never smoked | No | |
| 3951 | Male | 5 | No | No | No | children | Village | 98.6 | 18.1 | Never smoked | No | |
| 3964 | Male | 4 | No | No | No | children | City | 98.8 | 17.3 | Never smoked | No | |
| 3972 | Male | 2 | No | No | No | children | Village | 66.0 | 14.7 | Never smoked | No | |
| 3973 | Male | 1 | No | No | No | children | Village | 86.6 | 20.6 | Never smoked | No | |

339 rows × 11 columns


Next steps:


[Generate code with ONEtoTENDfcorrected](#)


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Now, finding what percentage of this group are male and female

 one_to_ten_male=ONEtoTENDfcorrected[ONEtoTENDfcorrected['Gender']=='Male']
a=percentage(one_to_ten_male.shape[0],ONEtoTENDfcorrected.shape[0])
print(a)

 51.03244837758112


 one_to_ten_female=ONEtoTENDfcorrected[ONEtoTENDfcorrected['Gender']=='Female']
a=percentage(one_to_ten_female.shape[0],ONEtoTENDfcorrected.shape[0])
print(a)

 48.96755162241888

Therefore, there are about 51% male and 49% female in this group.

Now, we have to find out whether any children in this age group had heart-attack. Saving the database as 'ZEROtoTEN_heart_attackdf'


```
ONEtoTEN_heart_attackdf=ONEtoTENDfcorrected[ONEtoTENDfcorrected['HeartAttack']=='Yes']
ONEtoTEN_heart_attackdf
```


 Gender Age HasTension AnyHeartDisease NeverMarried Occupation LivesIn GlucoseLevel BMI SmokingStatus HeartAttack



Therefore, it can be said that all the children of this age group has a healthy heart condition

Now, we will see if any children in this age group has tension


```
ONEtoTEN_Tension=ONEtoTENDfcorrected[ONEtoTENDfcorrected['HasTension']=='Yes']
ONEtoTEN_Tension
```

 Gender Age HasTension AnyHeartDisease NeverMarried Occupation LivesIn GlucoseLevel BMI SmokingStatus HeartAttack



Now for filtering the dataset more accurately, we will find if any children got married.

```
ONEtoTEN_Marriage=ONEtoTENDfcorrected[ONEtoTENDfcorrected['NeverMarried']=='Yes']
ONEtoTEN_Marriage
```


 Gender Age HasTension AnyHeartDisease NeverMarried Occupation LivesIn GlucoseLevel BMI SmokingStatus HeartAttack




All the data given in this dataset are accurate as no children got married.

Now, finding what percentage of these group has obesity and genderwise

```
one_to_ten_obese=ONEtoTENDfcorrected[ONEtoTENDfcorrected['BMI']>=30]
a=percentage(one_to_ten_obese.shape[0],ONEtoTENDfcorrected.shape[0])
print(a)
```

 2.359882005899705

```
one_to_ten_obese_male=one_to_ten_obese[one_to_ten_obese['Gender']=='Male']
a=percentage(one_to_ten_obese_male.shape[0],one_to_ten_obese.shape[0])
print(a)
```

 75.0

```
one_to_ten_obese_female=one_to_ten_obese[one_to_ten_obese['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(one_to_ten_obese_female.shape[0],one_to_ten_obese.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↩ 25.0

Therefore, about 2% of these group has obesity and among them, 75% are male and 25% are female

Now clustering data with parameter 11 to 20 years old age limit

```
ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_df=correct_df_final[(correct_df_final['Age']>=11) & (correct_df_final['Age']<=20 )]  
ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_df.shape
```

↩ (403, 11)

```
ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_corrected=ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_df
```

What percentage of male and female exists in this group

```
ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_male=ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_corrected[ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_corrected['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_male.shape[0],ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_corrected.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↩ 45.6575682382134

```
ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_female=ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_corrected[ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_corrected['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_female.shape[0],ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_corrected.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↩ 54.3424317617866

Therefore, about 46% are male and 54% are female

Now, gathering those data, where glucose level is less than 70.0. A blood glucose level of less than 70 mg/dL indicates hypoglycemia.

```
ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_hypoglycemia=ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_corrected[ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_corrected['GlucoseLevel']<70.0]  
a=percentage(ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_hypoglycemia.shape[0],ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_corrected.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↩ 15.88089330024814

now finding genderwise

```
ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_hypoglycemia_male=ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_hypoglycemia[ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_hypoglycemia['Gender']=='Male']
a=percentage(ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_hypoglycemia_male.shape[0],ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_hypoglycemia.shape[0])
print(a)
```

↗ 51.5625

```
ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_hypoglycemia_female=ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_hypoglycemia[ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_hypoglycemia['Gender']=='Female']
a=percentage(ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_hypoglycemia_female.shape[0],ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_hypoglycemia.shape[0])
print(a)
```

↗ 48.4375

Therefore, it is evident that 16% people in the specified age range has hypoglycemia

and among them 52% are male and 48% are female

Now finding what percentage of them has a healthy glucose level

```
ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_healthy_glucose= ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_corrected[(ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_corrected['GlucoseLevel'] >70) & (ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_corrected['GlucoseLevel']<100) ]
a = percentage(ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_healthy_glucose.shape[0],ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_corrected.shape[0])
print(a)
```

↗ 51.1166253101737

Now finding genderwise

```
ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_healthy_glucose_male=ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_healthy_glucose[ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_healthy_glucose['Gender']=='Male']
a=percentage(ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_healthy_glucose_male.shape[0],ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_healthy_glucose.shape[0])
print(a)
```

↗ 40.29126213592233


```
ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_healthy_glucose_female=ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_healthy_glucose[ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_healthy_glucose['Gender']=='Female']
a=percentage(ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_healthy_glucose_female.shape[0],ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_healthy_glucose.shape[0])
print(a)
```

↗ 59.70873786407766

about 51% people from the specified age range has a healthy glucose level and among them 40% are male and 60% are female


at the age of 18, children become adult and they will be at legal age to smoke. So, collecting those data where children below 18 years of age are smokers

```
teen_eleven_to_twenty=ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_corrected[(ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_corrected['Age']<18)]
a=percentage(teen_eleven_to_twenty.shape[0],ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_corrected.shape[0])
print(a)
```

 66.74937965260546

Therefore about 67% of this age group are teens


```
smokers_below18 = ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_corrected[(ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_corrected['Age'] < 18) & (ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_corrected['SmokingStatus'] == 'smokes')]
a=percentage(smokers_below18.shape[0],ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_corrected.shape[0])
print(a)
```

 1.7369727047146404


Therefore, total 2% of teens are teenage smokers

Now, finding out the percentage of male teen smokers and female teen smokers

```
smokers_below18_male=smokers_below18[smokers_below18['Gender']=='Male']
a=percentage(smokers_below18_male.shape[0],smokers_below18.shape[0])
print(a)
```

 28.57142857142857


```
smokers_below18_female=smokers_below18[smokers_below18['Gender']=='Female']
a=percentage(smokers_below18_female.shape[0],smokers_below18.shape[0])
print(a)
```

 71.42857142857143

Now, according to above analysis, it can be seen that 29% are male and 71% are female

Now finding the same for adults

```
ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_corrected['Gender'].value_counts()
```



| | count |
|---------------|-------|
| Gender | |
| Female | 219 |
| Male | 184 |

dtype: int64

```
adult_eleven_to_twenty=ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_corrected[(ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_corrected['Age']>=18) & (ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_corrected['Age']<=20)]
a=percentage(adult_eleven_to_twenty.shape[0],ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_corrected.shape[0])
print(a)
```

 33.25062034739454

We can see that about 33% people of this age group are adults


```
adult_eleven_to_twenty['SmokingStatus'].value_counts()
```



| SmokingStatus | count |
|-----------------|-------|
| never smoked | 66 |
| Unknown | 49 |
| smokes | 14 |
| formerly smoked | 5 |


dtype: int64

```
adults_smoke=adult_eleven_to_twenty[adult_eleven_to_twenty['SmokingStatus']=='smokes']  
a=percentage(adults_smoke.shape[0],adult_eleven_to_twenty.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

 10.44776119402985

Therefore, only 10% adults of this age group are smokers


```
adults_nonsmoke=adult_eleven_to_twenty[adult_eleven_to_twenty['SmokingStatus']=='Unknown']  
a=percentage(adults_nonsmoke.shape[0],adult_eleven_to_twenty.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

 36.56716417910448

```
adult_unknownsmoke=adult_eleven_to_twenty[adult_eleven_to_twenty['SmokingStatus']=='never smoked']  
a=percentage(adult_unknownsmoke.shape[0],adult_eleven_to_twenty.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

 49.25373134328358

```
adult_formersmoker= adult_eleven_to_twenty[adult_eleven_to_twenty['SmokingStatus']=='formerly smoked']  
a=percentage(adult_formersmoker.shape[0],adult_eleven_to_twenty.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

 3.731343283582089

It can be seen that 37% adults are non-smokers, 49% adult's smoking status are unknown and 4% adult are former smokers

Finding how many are males and how many are females

```
adults_smoke_male=adults_smoke[adults_smoke['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(adults_smoke_male.shape[0],adults_smoke.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 35.714285714285715

```
adults_smoke_female=adults_smoke[adults_smoke['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(adults_smoke_female.shape[0],adults_smoke.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 64.28571428571429

In this scenario, about 36% are male and 64% are female

Now for the adults, lets find if those people both smokes and have tension.

```
adults_smoke_tension=adults_smoke[adults_smoke['HasTension']=='Yes']  
a=percentage(adults_smoke_tension.shape[0],ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_corrected.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 0.0

So its evident that out of total adult smokers, none of the smokers has tension. So they smokes for any reason but having tension.

Now lets see if teenagers who smokes ever had an heartattack or not

```
teen_smokers_heartattack = smokers_below18[smokers_below18['HeartAttack'] == 'Yes']  
a=percentage(teen_smokers_heartattack.shape[0],ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_corrected.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 0.0

Therefore, none of the teenagers who smokes had a heartattack

Now, lets see if adult smokers ever had an heartattack or not

```
adult_smokers_heartattack=adults_smoke[adults_smoke['HeartAttack']=='Yes']  
a=percentage(adult_smokers_heartattack.shape[0],ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_corrected.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 0.0

Therefore, none of the adults who smokes had a heartattack

Now finding out what percentage of them works

```
adult_eleven_to_twenty['Occupation'].value_counts()
```

```
↗ ↘
```

| | count |
|---------------|-------|
| Occupation | |
| Private | 118 |
| Govt_job | 7 |
| Self-employed | 5 |
| Never_worked | 4 |

dtype: int64

```
eleven_to_twenty_adult_works = adult_eleven_to_twenty[(adult_eleven_to_twenty['Occupation'] != 'Never_worked')]  
a = percentage(eleven_to_twenty_adult_works.shape[0], adult_eleven_to_twenty.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

```
↗ ↘ 97.01492537313433
```

```
eleven_to_twenty_adult_not_works= adult_eleven_to_twenty[adult_eleven_to_twenty['Occupation']=='Never_worked']  
a=percentage(eleven_to_twenty_adult_not_works.shape[0],adult_eleven_to_twenty.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

```
↗ ↘ 2.9850746268656714
```

```
adult_eleven_to_twenty_child=adult_eleven_to_twenty[adult_eleven_to_twenty['Occupation']=='Children']  
a=percentage(adult_eleven_to_twenty_child.shape[0],adult_eleven_to_twenty.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

```
↗ ↘ 0.0
```

Therefore, among the adults 97% adult works and 3% doesn't work

Therefore, 61%What percentage of them are male and female

```
eleven_to_twenty_adult_works_male=eleven_to_twenty_adult_works[eleven_to_twenty_adult_works['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(eleven_to_twenty_adult_works_male.shape[0],eleven_to_twenty_adult_works.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

```
↗ ↘ 42.30769230769231
```

```
eleven_to_twenty_adult_works_female=eleven_to_twenty_adult_works[eleven_to_twenty_adult_works['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(eleven_to_twenty_adult_works_female.shape[0],eleven_to_twenty_adult_works.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 57.692307692307686

In this group about 97% works and 42% of them are male and 58% are female

Now finding what percentage works in which sector

```
eleven_to_twenty_adult_works['Occupation'].value_counts()
```

↗

| | count |
|----------------------|-------|
| Occupation | |
| Private | 118 |
| Govt_job | 7 |
| Self-employed | 5 |

dtype: int64

```
eleven_to_twenty_private=eleven_to_twenty_adult_works[eleven_to_twenty_adult_works['Occupation']=='Private']  
a=percentage(eleven_to_twenty_private.shape[0],eleven_to_twenty_adult_works.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 90.76923076923077

```
eleven_to_twenty_private_male=eleven_to_twenty_private[eleven_to_twenty_private['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(eleven_to_twenty_private_male.shape[0],eleven_to_twenty_private.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 41.52542372881356

```
eleven_to_twenty_private_female=eleven_to_twenty_private[eleven_to_twenty_private['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(eleven_to_twenty_private_female.shape[0],eleven_to_twenty_private.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 58.47457627118644

91% adult works in private sector and among them 42% are male and 58% are female

```
eleven_to_twenty_govt=eleven_to_twenty_adult_works[eleven_to_twenty_adult_works['Occupation']=='Govt_job']  
a=percentage(eleven_to_twenty_govt.shape[0],eleven_to_twenty_adult_works.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 5.384615384615385


```
eleven_to_twenty_govt_male=eleven_to_twenty_govt[eleven_to_twenty_govt['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(eleven_to_twenty_govt_male.shape[0],eleven_to_twenty_govt.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 42.857142857142854

```
eleven_to_twenty_govt_female=eleven_to_twenty_govt[eleven_to_twenty_govt['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(eleven_to_twenty_govt_female.shape[0],eleven_to_twenty_govt.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 57.14285714285714

5% adult works in govt sector and among them 43% are male and 57% are female

```
eleven_to_twenty_self=eleven_to_twenty_adult_works[eleven_to_twenty_adult_works['Occupation']=='Self-employed']  
a=percentage(eleven_to_twenty_self.shape[0],eleven_to_twenty_adult_works.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 3.8461538461538463

```
eleven_to_twenty_self_male=eleven_to_twenty_self[eleven_to_twenty_self['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(eleven_to_twenty_self_male.shape[0],eleven_to_twenty_self.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 60.0

```
eleven_to_twenty_self_female=eleven_to_twenty_self[eleven_to_twenty_self['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(eleven_to_twenty_self_female.shape[0],eleven_to_twenty_self.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 40.0

4% are self employed and out of them 60% are male and 40% are female

Finding what percentage of adults are from village and city (Genderwise)

```
adult_village=adult_eleven_to_twenty[adult_eleven_to_twenty['LivesIn']=='Village']  
a=percentage(adult_village.shape[0],adult_eleven_to_twenty.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 48.507462686567166

```
adult_village_male=adult_village[adult_village['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(adult_village_male.shape[0],adult_village.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 47.69230769230769

```
adult_village_female=adult_village[adult_village['Gender']=='Female']
a=percentage(adult_village_female.shape[0],adult_village.shape[0])
print(a)
```

↗ 52.307692307692314

Among the adults from village, 48% are male and 52% are female

```
adult_city=adult_eleven_to_twenty[adult_eleven_to_twenty['LivesIn']=='City']
a=percentage(adult_city.shape[0],adult_eleven_to_twenty.shape[0])
print(a)
```

↗ 51.49253731343284

```
adult_city_male=adult_city[adult_city['Gender']=='Male']
a=percentage(adult_city_male.shape[0],adult_city.shape[0])
print(a)
```

↗ 34.78260869565217

```
adult_city_female= adult_city[adult_city['Gender']=='Female']
a=percentage(adult_city_female.shape[0],adult_city.shape[0])
print(a)
```

↗ 65.21739130434783

Among the adults from city 35% are male and 65% are female

Therefore 49% adults are from village and 51% are from city

Now, finding how many adults are unemployed and from where ?

```
eleven_to_twenty_adult_not_works['LivesIn'].value_counts()
```

↗

| count | |
|---------|---|
| LivesIn | |
| City | 4 |

dtype: int64

```
adult_unemployed_city= eleven_to_twenty_adult_not_works[eleven_to_twenty_adult_not_works['LivesIn']=='City']
a=percentage(adult_unemployed_city.shape[0],eleven_to_twenty_adult_not_works.shape[0])
print(a)
```

→ 100.0

```
adult_unemployed_city_male=adult_unemployed_city[adult_unemployed_city['Gender']=='Male']
a=percentage(adult_unemployed_city_male.shape[0],adult_unemployed_city.shape[0])
print(a)
```

→ 0.0

```
adult_unemployed_city_female=adult_unemployed_city[adult_unemployed_city['Gender']=='Female']
a=percentage(adult_unemployed_city_female.shape[0],adult_unemployed_city.shape[0])
print(a)
```

→ 100.0

Therefore, the adults who are unemployed are all from city and all of them are female

Now finding how many of them married ?

```
adult_unemployed_city_female['NeverMarried'].value_counts()
```

→

| | count |
|--------------|-------|
| NeverMarried | |
| No | 4 |

dtype: int64

Therefore All of the unemployed adults are unmarried

now finding how many obese are from city and village

```
eleven_to_twenty_obese=ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_corrected[ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_corrected['BMI']>=30]
a=percentage(eleven_to_twenty_obese.shape[0],ELEVEN_TO_TWENTY_corrected.shape[0])
print(a)
```

→ 18.610421836228287

```
eleven_to_twenty_obese_male=eleven_to_twenty_obese[eleven_to_twenty_obese['Gender']=='Male']
a=percentage(eleven_to_twenty_obese_male.shape[0],eleven_to_twenty_obese.shape[0])
print(a)
```

→ 45.33333333333333

```
eleven_to_twenty_obese_female=eleven_to_twenty_obese[eleven_to_twenty_obese['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(eleven_to_twenty_obese_female.shape[0],eleven_to_twenty_obese.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

54.666666666666664

Therefore 19% of this group has obesity and out of them 45% are male and 55% are female

```
eleven_to_twenty_obese_village=eleven_to_twenty_obese[eleven_to_twenty_obese['LivesIn']=='Village']  
a=percentage(eleven_to_twenty_obese_village.shape[0],eleven_to_twenty_obese.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

54.666666666666664

```
eleven_to_twenty_obese_village_male=eleven_to_twenty_obese_village[eleven_to_twenty_obese_village['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(eleven_to_twenty_obese_village_male.shape[0],eleven_to_twenty_obese_village.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

46.34146341463415

```
eleven_to_twenty_obese_village_female=eleven_to_twenty_obese_village[eleven_to_twenty_obese_village['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(eleven_to_twenty_obese_village_female.shape[0],eleven_to_twenty_obese_village.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

53.65853658536586

55% obese are from village and out of them 46% are male and 54% are female

```
eleven_to_twenty_obese_city=eleven_to_twenty_obese[eleven_to_twenty_obese['LivesIn']=='City']  
a=percentage(eleven_to_twenty_obese_city.shape[0],eleven_to_twenty_obese.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

45.33333333333333

```
eleven_to_twenty_obese_city_male=eleven_to_twenty_obese_city[eleven_to_twenty_obese_city['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(eleven_to_twenty_obese_city_male.shape[0],eleven_to_twenty_obese_city.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

44.11764705882353

```
eleven_to_twenty_obese_city_female=eleven_to_twenty_obese_city[eleven_to_twenty_obese_city['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(eleven_to_twenty_obese_city_female.shape[0],eleven_to_twenty_obese_city.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

55.88235294117647

45% obese are from city and out of them 44% are male and 56% are female

Now, clustering dataset where age limit is from 21 to 30

```
TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_DF=correct_df_final[(correct_df_final['Age']>=21) & (correct_df_final['Age']<=30)]
TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_DF
```

| | Gender | Age | HasTension | AnyHeartDisease | NeverMarried | Occupation | LivesIn | GlucoseLevel | BMI | SmokingStatus | HeartAttack | |
|------|--------|-----|------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|---------|--------------|------|-----------------|-------------|--|
| 21 | Female | 29 | No | No | No | Private | City | 57.3 | 26.1 | never smoked | No | |
| 29 | Female | 26 | No | No | No | Private | City | 116.4 | 18.8 | formerly smoked | No | |
| 47 | Female | 29 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 91.7 | 24.3 | never smoked | No | |
| 53 | Female | 27 | No | No | No | Self-employed | City | 73.0 | 24.3 | Unknown | No | |
| 64 | Female | 25 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 82.7 | 39.4 | never smoked | No | |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | |
| 3976 | Female | 22 | No | No | No | Private | City | 140.0 | 20.6 | never smoked | No | |
| 3988 | Female | 28 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 111.2 | 26.2 | Unknown | No | |
| 3994 | Female | 27 | No | No | No | Private | Village | 85.7 | 21.1 | Unknown | No | |
| 3997 | Male | 27 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 76.5 | 21.0 | never smoked | No | |
| 3998 | Female | 28 | No | No | No | Private | City | 80.0 | 27.1 | smokes | No | |

420 rows × 11 columns

Next steps:

Generate code with TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_DF

View recommended plots

New interactive sheet

```
TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_corrected=TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_DF
```

Now finding how many are male and how many are female

```
TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_male=TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_corrected[TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_corrected['Gender']=='Male']
a=percentage(TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_male.shape[0],TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_corrected.shape[0])
print(a)
```

30.714285714285715

```
TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_female=TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_corrected[TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_corrected['Gender']=='Female']
a=percentage(TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_female.shape[0],TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_corrected.shape[0])
print(a)
```

69.28571428571428

Therefore, 31% of this age group are male and 69% are female

Its known that bmi level equal or above 30 indicates Obesity. so finding out people who has obesity

```
bmi_30=TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_corrected[TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_corrected['BMI']>=30]
a=percentage(bmi_30.shape[0],TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_corrected.shape[0])
print(a)
```

30.0

About 30% of this age group has obesity

Now from this cluster searching how many are these are male and how many are female

```
bmi30_male=bmi_30[bmi_30['Gender']=='Male']
a=percentage(bmi30_male.shape[0],bmi_30.shape[0])
print(a)
```

29.365079365079367

```
bmi30_female=bmi_30[bmi_30['Gender']=='Female']
a=percentage(bmi30_female.shape[0],bmi_30.shape[0])
print(a)
```

70.63492063492063

So, out of total 30% of this group has obesity, and it can be seen that about 29% are male and about 71% are female

Now, obesity can cause heart-attack. so sorting out the obese people who have heart-attack

```
bmi30_heartattack=bmi_30[bmi_30['HeartAttack']=='Yes']
a=percentage(bmi30_heartattack.shape[0],TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_corrected.shape[0])
print(a)
```

0.0

So, obese people in this dataset haven't had heartattack.

Now finding out if they have any heart disease or not.

```
bmi30_heartdisease=bmi_30[bmi_30['AnyHeartDisease']=='Yes']
a=percentage(bmi30_heartdisease.shape[0],bmi_30.shape[0])
print(a)
```

0.0

So, all the obese people do not have any heart disease either.

Now, it is known that if obese people smokes, the chances of having circulatory disease will increase. Therefore, checking out the parameter.

```
TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_obese_smokes=bmi_30[bmi_30['SmokingStatus']=='smokes']  
a=percentage(TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_obese_smokes.shape[0],bmi_30.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

→ 21.428571428571427

So about 21% of total obese people of this group smokes. Now, finding out how many are male and how many are female

```
TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_obese_smokes_male=TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_obese_smokes[TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_obese_smokes['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_obese_smokes_male.shape[0],TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_obese_smokes.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

→ 25.925925925925924

```
TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_obese_smokes_female=TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_obese_smokes[TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_obese_smokes['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_obese_smokes_female.shape[0],TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_obese_smokes.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

→ 74.07407407407408

Therefore, there exists about 21% who has obesity and has smoking habbit and out of them 74% females and about 26% males who has obesity and also has a smoking habbit.

Now, searching for those obese males and females who got rid of their smoking habbits

```
TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_obese_formersmokes=bmi_30[bmi_30['SmokingStatus']=='formerly smoked']  
a=percentage(TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_obese_formersmokes.shape[0],bmi_30.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

→ 12.698412698412698

```
TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_obese_formersmokes_male = TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_obese_formersmokes[(TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_obese_formersmokes['Gender'] == 'Male')]  
a=percentage(TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_obese_formersmokes_male.shape[0],TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_obese_formersmokes.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

→ 43.75

```
TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_obese_formersmokes_female = TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_obese_formersmokes[(TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_obese_formersmokes['Gender'] == 'Female')]  
a=percentage(TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_obese_formersmokes_female.shape[0],TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_obese_formersmokes.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

→ 56.25

so, about 13% obese people has got rid of their smoking habbits

and among them, 44% are male and 56% are female

Now searching for obese males and females who smokes and has tension

```
TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_obese_smokes_tension=TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_obese_smokes[TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_obese_smokes['HasTension']=='Yes']  
a=percentage(TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_obese_smokes_tension.shape[0],bmi_30.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

3.1746031746031744

```
TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_obese_smokes_tension_male =TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_obese_smokes_tension[TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_obese_smokes_tension['Gender'] == 'Male']  
a=percentage(TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_obese_smokes_tension_male.shape[0],TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_obese_smokes_tension.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

25.0

```
TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_obese_smokes_tension_female= TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_obese_smokes_tension[TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_obese_smokes_tension['Gender'] == 'Female']  
a=percentage(TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_obese_smokes_tension_female.shape[0],TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_obese_smokes_tension.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

75.0

So, 3% of total obese who smokes also has tensions, and out of them 25% of them are male and 75% are female

Now finding how many does work in govt, private sectors and etc

```
TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_corrected['Occupation'].value_counts()
```

| | count |
|---------------|-------|
| Private | 354 |
| Govt_job | 39 |
| Self-employed | 26 |
| Never_worked | 1 |

dtype: int64

```
TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_govt=TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_corrected[TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_corrected['Occupation']=='Govt_job']  
a=percentage(TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_govt.shape[0],TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_corrected.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

9.285714285714286


```
TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_govt_male=TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_govt[TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_govt['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_govt_male.shape[0],TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_govt.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 28.205128205128204

```
TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_govt_female=TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_govt[TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_govt['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_govt_female.shape[0],TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_govt.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 71.7948717948718

9% works in govt sector and among them 28% are male and 72% are female

```
TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_private=TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_corrected[TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_corrected['Occupation']=='Private']  
a=percentage(TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_private.shape[0],TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_corrected.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 84.28571428571429

```
TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_private_male=TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_private[TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_private['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_private_male.shape[0],TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_private.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 29.66101694915254

```
TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_private_female=TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_private[TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_private['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_private_female.shape[0],TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_private.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 70.33898305084746

84% works in private sector, among them 30% are male and 70% are female

```
TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_none=TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_corrected[TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_corrected['Occupation']=='Never_worked']  
a=percentage(TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_none.shape[0],TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_corrected.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 0.2380952380952381

```
TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_none_male= TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_none[TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_none['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_none_male.shape[0],TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_none.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 100.0

```
TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_none_female=TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_none[TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_none['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_none_female.shape[0],TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_none.shape[0])
```

```
print(a)
```

```
0.0
```

Only few(near to 0) are unemployed and among them all are male

```
TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_self=TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_corrected[TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_corrected['Occupation']=='Self-employed']
a=percentage(TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_self.shape[0],TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_corrected.shape[0])
print(a)
```

```
6.190476190476191
```

```
TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_self_male=TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_self[TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_self['Gender']=='Male']
a=percentage(TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_self_male.shape[0],TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_self.shape[0])
print(a)
```

```
46.15384615384615
```

```
TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_self_female=TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_self[TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_self['Gender']=='Female']
a=percentage(TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_self_female.shape[0],TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_self.shape[0])
print(a)
```

```
53.84615384615385
```

About 6% are self employed and among them 46% are male and 54% are female

Now finding out what percentage of them has tension genderwise

```
TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_govt_tension=TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_govt[TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_govt['HasTension']=='Yes']
a=percentage(TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_govt_tension.shape[0],TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_govt.shape[0])
print(a)
```

```
2.564102564102564
```

```
TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_govt_tension_male=TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_govt_tension[TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_govt_tension['Gender']=='Male']
a=percentage(TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_govt_tension_male.shape[0],TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_govt_tension.shape[0])
print(a)
```

```
0.0
```

```
TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_govt_tension_female=TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_govt_tension[TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_govt_tension['Gender']=='Female']
a=percentage(TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_govt_tension_female.shape[0],TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_govt_tension.shape[0])
print(a)
```

```
100.0
```

3% govt employees has tension and out of them all are female

```
TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_private_tension=TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_private[TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_private['HasTension']=='Yes']  
a=percentage(TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_private_tension.shape[0],TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_private.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

1.977401129943503

```
TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_private_tension_male=TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_private_tension[TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_private_tension['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_private_tension_male.shape[0],TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_private_tension.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

28.57142857142857

```
TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_private_tension_female=TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_private_tension[TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_private_tension['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_private_tension_female.shape[0],TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_private_tension.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

71.42857142857143

2% private employees has tension and out of them 29% are male and 71% are female

```
TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_self_tension=TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_self[TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_self['HasTension']=='Yes']  
a=percentage(TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_self_tension.shape[0],TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_self.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

0.0

```
TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_none_tension=TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_none[TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_none['HasTension']=='Yes']  
a=percentage(TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_none_tension.shape[0],TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_none.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

0.0

Therefore, No self-employed person and no unemployed person has tension

Finding how many unemployed people are from city and village and genderwise

```
twentyone_to_thirty_unemployed=TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_corrected[TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_corrected['Occupation']=='Never_worked']  
a=percentage(twentyone_to_thirty_unemployed.shape[0],TWENTYONE_TO_THIRTY_corrected.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

0.2380952380952381

```
twentyone_to_thirty_unemployed_city=twentyone_to_thirty_unemployed[twentyone_to_thirty_unemployed['LivesIn']=='City']  
a=percentage(twentyone_to_thirty_unemployed_city.shape[0],twentyone_to_thirty_unemployed.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 100.0

```
twentyone_to_thirty_unemployed_city_male=twentyone_to_thirty_unemployed_city[twentyone_to_thirty_unemployed_city['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(twentyone_to_thirty_unemployed_city_male.shape[0],twentyone_to_thirty_unemployed_city.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 100.0

Therefore, it can be seen that the 1 person who is unemployed in this group is from city and the person is a male now finding if he has tension or not


```
twentyone_to_thirty_unemployed_city_male_tension=twentyone_to_thirty_unemployed_city_male[twentyone_to_thirty_unemployed_city_male['HasTension']=='Yes']  
a=percentage(twentyone_to_thirty_unemployed_city_male_tension.shape[0],twentyone_to_thirty_unemployed_city_male.shape[0])  
print(a)
```




↗ 0.0

It means that he has no tension

Now, clustering data with age parameter 31 to 40

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_df=correct_df_final[(correct_df_final['Age']>=31) & (correct_df_final['Age']<=40)]  
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_df
```



| | Gender | Age | HasTension | AnyHeartDisease | NeverMarried | Occupation | LivesIn | GlucoseLevel | BMI | SmokingStatus | HeartAttack |  |
|------|--------|-----|------------|-----------------|--------------|------------|---------|--------------|------|-----------------|-------------|---|
| 2 | Male | 32 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 64.1 | 23.4 | smokes | No |  |
| 4 | Male | 39 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 55.4 | 41.6 | formerly smoked | No |  |
| 11 | Male | 31 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 101.4 | 29.5 | Unknown | No | |
| 17 | Female | 38 | No | No | Yes | Govt_job | Village | 77.1 | 25.5 | never smoked | No | |
| 20 | Female | 34 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 231.8 | 44.7 | never smoked | No | |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | |
| 3970 | Male | 36 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 119.6 | 39.8 | never smoked | No | |
| 3975 | Female | 39 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 69.7 | 27.9 | Unknown | No | |
| 3985 | Female | 38 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 70.7 | 22.4 | Unknown | No | |
| 3989 | Male | 37 | No | No | Yes | Govt_job | Village | 72.5 | 34.9 | never smoked | No | |
| 3995 | Female | 40 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 88.4 | 36.5 | smokes | No | |

510 rows × 11 columns

Next steps:

[Generate code with THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_df](#)


 [View recommended plots](#)

[New interactive sheet](#)

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_corrected=THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_df
```


What percentage of this group are male and female

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_male=THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_corrected[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_corrected['Gender']=='Male']
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_male.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_corrected.shape[0])
print(a)
```



32.94117647058823

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_female=THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_corrected[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_corrected['Gender']=='Female']
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_female.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_corrected.shape[0])
print(a)
```



67.05882352941175

About 33% of this group are male and 67% are female

Finding how many has obese

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_bmi30=THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_corrected[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_corrected['BMI']>=30]
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_bmi30.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_corrected.shape[0])
```

```
print(a)
```

↗ 49.6078431372549

About 50% of this age group has obese

Finding genderwise

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_male=THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_bmi30[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_bmi30['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_male.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_bmi30.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 35.96837944664031

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_female=THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_bmi30[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_bmi30['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_female.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_bmi30.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 64.03162055335969

Therefore, about 36% of total obese people are male and rest 64% are female.

Finding whether they had heartattacks, genderwise

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_heartattack=THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_bmi30[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_bmi30['HeartAttack']=='Yes']  
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_heartattack.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_bmi30.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 0.0

Therefore, no obese smokers have had a heartattack

now searching if they had any heart disease, genderwise

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_heartdisease=THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_bmi30[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_bmi30['AnyHeartDisease']=='Yes']  
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_heartdisease.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_bmi30.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 0.0

Therefore, no obese people had any heart disease

Now, Finding obese people who also smokes, genderwise

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_smokes=THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_bmi30[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_bmi30['SmokingStatus']== 'smokes']  
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_smokes.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_bmi30.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↔ 20.55335968379447

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_smokes_male= THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_smokes[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_smokes['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_smokes_male.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_smokes.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↔ 36.53846153846153

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_smokes_female= THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_smokes[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_smokes['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_smokes_female.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_smokes.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↔ 63.46153846153846

Therefore, out of total obese about 21% smokes and out of them 37% are male and 63% are female

now finding out Obese smokers who also got tension

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_smokes_tension=THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_smokes[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_smokes['HasTension']=='Yes']  
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_smokes_tension.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_smokes.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↔ 7.6923076923076925

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_smokes_male_tension=THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_smokes_tension[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_smokes_tension['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_smokes_male_tension.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_smokes_tension.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↔ 50.0

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_smokes_female_tension=THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_smokes_tension[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_smokes_tension['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_smokes_female_tension.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_smokes_tension.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↔ 50.0

Therefore, In this age group about 8% of total obese smokers got tension and out of them 50% are male and 50% are female

Now finding how many people of this group smokes and also got tension genderwise

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_corrected['SmokingStatus'].value_counts()
```



count

| SmokingStatus | |
|-----------------|-----|
| never smoked | 231 |
| Unknown | 111 |
| smokes | 99 |
| formerly smoked | 69 |

dtype: int64

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_smokes= THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_corrected[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_corrected['SmokingStatus']=='smokes']  
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_smokes.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_corrected.shape[0])  
print(a)
```



19.411764705882355

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_smokes_male=THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_smokes[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_smokes['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_smokes_male.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_smokes.shape[0])  
print(a)
```



36.36363636363637

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_smokes_female=THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_smokes[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_smokes['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_smokes_female.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_smokes.shape[0])  
print(a)
```



63.63636363636363

Therefore, 19% of this group smokes and out of them, 36% are male and 64% are female

now finding how many smokers got tension

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_smokes_tension= THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_smokes[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_smokes['HasTension']=='Yes']  
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_smokes_tension.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_smokes.shape[0])  
print(a)
```



5.05050505050505

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_smokes_tension_male=THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_smokes_tension[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_smokes_tension['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_smokes_tension_male.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_smokes_tension.shape[0])  
print(a)
```



60.0

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_smokes_tension_female=THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_smokes_tension[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_smokes_tension['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_smokes_tension_female.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_smokes_tension.shape[0])
```



```
print(a)
```

```
40.0
```

Therefore in this group, about 5% smokers got tension and out of them 60% are male and 40% are female

Now, lets find out how many obese men and women lives in city and village

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_male_city=THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_male[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_male['LivesIn']=='City']  
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_male_city.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_male.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

```
49.45054945054945
```

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_male_village=THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_male[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_male['LivesIn']=='Village']  
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_male_village.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_male.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

```
50.54945054945055
```

Therefore, almost 49% of obese male are from village and other 51% from city

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_female_city=THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_female[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_female['LivesIn']=='City']  
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_female_city.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_female.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

```
48.148148148148145
```

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_female_village=THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_female[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_female['LivesIn']=='Village']  
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_female_village.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_obese_female.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

```
51.85185185185185
```

Therefore, 48% obese male are from city and 52% are from village

What percentage of them works at which sector (genderwise)

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_corrected.Occupation.value_counts()
```

```
↗ count
```

| Occupation | |
|---------------|-----|
| Private | 383 |
| Govt_job | 71 |
| Self-employed | 56 |

```
dtype: int64
```

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_corrected.shape
```

```
↗ (510, 11)
```

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_govt=THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_corrected[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_corrected['Occupation']=='Govt_job']
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_govt.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_corrected.shape[0])
print(a)
```

```
↗ 13.92156862745098
```

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_govt_male=THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_govt[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_govt['Gender']=='Male']
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_govt_male.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_govt.shape[0])
print(a)
```

```
↗ 30.985915492957744
```

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_govt_female=THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_govt[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_govt['Gender']=='Female']
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_govt_female.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_govt.shape[0])
print(a)
```

```
↗ 69.01408450704226
```

TErefer 14% works in govt sector and out of them 31% are male and 69% are female

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_private=THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_corrected[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_corrected['Occupation']=='Private']
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_private.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_corrected.shape[0])
print(a)
```

```
↗ 75.09803921568627
```

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_private_male=THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_private[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_private['Gender']=='Male']
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_private_male.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_private.shape[0])
print(a)
```

```
↗ 33.68146214099217
```

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_private_female=THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_private[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_private['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_private_female.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_private.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

→ 66.31853785900783

Therefore, 75% works in private sector and out of them 34% are male and 66% are female

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_self=THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_corrected[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_corrected['Occupation']=='Self-employed']  
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_self.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_corrected.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

→ 10.980392156862745

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_self_male= THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_self[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_self['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_self_male.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_self.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

→ 30.357142857142854

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_self_female=THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_self[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_self['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_self_female.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_self.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

→ 69.64285714285714

11% are self employed and out of them 30% are male and 70% are female

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_none=THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_corrected[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_corrected['Occupation']=='Never_worked']  
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_none.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_corrected.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

→ 0.0

Therefore, None of them are unemployed

Now finding out how many of them has tension

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_govt_tension=THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_govt[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_govt['HasTension']=='Yes']  
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_govt_tension.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_govt.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

→ 2.8169014084507045

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_govt_tension_male=THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_govt_tension[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_govt_tension['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_govt_tension_male.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_govt_tension.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 100.0

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_govt_tension_female=THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_govt_tension[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_govt_tension['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_govt_tension_female.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_govt_tension.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 0.0

3% govt employees has tension and out of them all are male

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_private_tension=THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_private[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_private['HasTension']=='Yes']  
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_private_tension.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_private.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 3.91644908616188

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_private_tension_male=THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_private_tension[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_private_tension['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_private_tension_male.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_private_tension.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 40.0

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_private_tension_female=THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_private_tension[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_private_tension['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_private_tension_female.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_private_tension.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 60.0

4% private workers got tension and 40% of them are male and 60% are female

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_self_tension=THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_self[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_self['HasTension']=='Yes']  
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_self_tension.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_self.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 7.142857142857142

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_self_tension_male=THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_self_tension[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_self_tension['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_self_tension_male.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_self_tension.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 50.0

```
THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_self_tension_female=THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_self_tension[THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_self_tension['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_self_tension_female.shape[0],THIRTYONE_TO_FORTY_self_tension.shape[0])
```

```
print(a)
```

```
50.0
```

Therefore,

7% Self employed people has tension and out of them 50% are male and 50% are female

No one is unemployed, so finding out non employed people percentage of village and city is absurd

And, finding out unemployed people percentage who got tension is also absurd

Now clustering data for age group 41 to 50

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_df=correct_df_final[(correct_df_final['Age']>=41) & (correct_df_final['Age']<=50)]
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_df
```

| | Gender | Age | HasTension | AnyHeartDisease | NeverMarried | Occupation | LivesIn | GlucoseLevel | BMI | SmokingStatus | HeartAttack |
|------|--------|-----|------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|---------|--------------|------|-----------------|-------------|
| 1 | Female | 49 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 108.8 | 26.7 | smokes | No |
| 8 | Female | 45 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 64.6 | 40.5 | never smoked | No |
| 10 | Female | 45 | No | No | Yes | Self-employed | City | 110.6 | 29.9 | never smoked | No |
| 12 | Female | 45 | No | No | Yes | Govt_job | City | 81.4 | 40.7 | never smoked | No |
| 18 | Male | 45 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 56.6 | 22.3 | smokes | No |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| 3981 | Female | 48 | No | No | Yes | Govt_job | Village | 77.0 | 26.2 | Unknown | No |
| 3982 | Male | 47 | No | No | Yes | Govt_job | City | 66.3 | 32.3 | never smoked | No |
| 3984 | Female | 43 | No | No | Yes | Govt_job | Village | 80.4 | 24.7 | never smoked | No |
| 3990 | Female | 45 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 89.4 | 21.3 | formerly smoked | No |
| 3992 | Female | 46 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 62.2 | 27.3 | Unknown | No |

558 rows × 11 columns

Next steps:

Generate code with FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_df

View recommended plots

New interactive sheet

So, there are 558 people who are in the age range of 41-50

Now, filtering the data

Dropping the incorrected data

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_correct_df_final = FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_df
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_correct_df_final
```



| | Gender | Age | HasTension | AnyHeartDisease | NeverMarried | Occupation | LivesIn | GlucoseLevel | BMI | SmokingStatus | HeartAttack |  |
|------|--------|-----|------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|---------|--------------|------|-----------------|-------------|---|
| 1 | Female | 49 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 108.8 | 26.7 | smokes | No |  |
| 8 | Female | 45 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 64.6 | 40.5 | never smoked | No |  |
| 10 | Female | 45 | No | No | Yes | Self-employed | City | 110.6 | 29.9 | never smoked | No | |
| 12 | Female | 45 | No | No | Yes | Govt_job | City | 81.4 | 40.7 | never smoked | No | |
| 18 | Male | 45 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 56.6 | 22.3 | smokes | No | |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | |
| 3981 | Female | 48 | No | No | Yes | Govt_job | Village | 77.0 | 26.2 | Unknown | No | |
| 3982 | Male | 47 | No | No | Yes | Govt_job | City | 66.3 | 32.3 | never smoked | No | |
| 3984 | Female | 43 | No | No | Yes | Govt_job | Village | 80.4 | 24.7 | never smoked | No | |
| 3990 | Female | 45 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 89.4 | 21.3 | formerly smoked | No | |
| 3992 | Female | 46 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 62.2 | 27.3 | Unknown | No | |

558 rows × 11 columns

Next steps:


Generate code with FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_df

 View recommended plots

New interactive sheet


What percentage of them are male and female

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_male=FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_correct_df_final[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_correct_df_final['Gender']=='Male']
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_male.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_correct_df_final.shape[0])
print(a)
```



37.27598566308244

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_female= FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_correct_df_final[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_correct_df_final['Gender']=='Female']
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_female.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_correct_df_final.shape[0])
print(a)
```



62.72401433691756


Therefore 37% of this group are male and 63% are female

Finding out how many has obese, genderwise

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese=FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_correct_df_final[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_correct_df_final['BMI']>=30]
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_correct_df_final.shape[0])
print(a)
```

 50.0

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_male_obese = FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_male_obese.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

 42.29390681003584


```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_female_obese= FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_female_obese.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

 57.70609318996416

Therefore, 50% of this group has obesity and out of them 42% are male and 58 % are female

Now finding out obese smoke, genderwise


```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_smokes=FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese['SmokingStatus']=='smokes']  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_smokes.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

 21.50537634408602

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_male_obese_smoke=FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_smokes[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_smokes['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_male_obese_smoke.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_smokes.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

 41.66666666666667

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_female_obese_smoke=FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_female_obese[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_female_obese['SmokingStatus']=='smokes']  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_female_obese_smoke.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_smokes.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

 58.333333333333336

Therefore,22% of total obese people smokes and out of them 42% are male and 58% are female

now finding out if they have Hypoglycemia(low glucose level)

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_low_glucose= FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_correct_df_final[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_correct_df_final['GlucoseLevel']<70]  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_low_glucose.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_correct_df_final.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

 14.874551971326163

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_male_low_glucose=FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_low_glucose[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_low_glucose['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_male_low_glucose.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_low_glucose.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 40.963855421686745

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_female_low_glucose=FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_low_glucose[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_low_glucose['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_female_low_glucose.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_low_glucose.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 59.036144578313255

Therefore, in this age group,15% has hypoglycemia and out of them, 41% male and about 59% female has Hypoglycemia

Finding those people who smokes and has tension, genderwise

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_smokes=FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_correct_df_final[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_correct_df_final['SmokingStatus']=='smokes']  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_smokes.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_correct_df_final.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 19.892473118279568

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_smokes_male=FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_smokes[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_smokes['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_smokes_male.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_smokes.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 40.54054054054054

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_smokes_female=FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_smokes[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_smokes['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_smokes_female.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_smokes.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 59.45945945945946

Therefore 20% of this group smokes and out of them 41% are male and 59% are female

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_smokes_tension=FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_smokes[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_smokes['HasTension']=='Yes']  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_smokes_tension.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_smokes.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 3.6036036036036037

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_male_smokes_tension=FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_smokes_tension[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_smokes_tension['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_male_smokes_tension.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_smokes_tension.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 75.0


```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_female_smokes_tension= FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_smokes_tension[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_smokes_tension['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_female_smokes_tension.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_smokes_tension.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↵ 25.0

Therefore, 4% smokers got tension and out of them 75% are male and 25% are female

Now, calculating what percentage of govt employees, private employees,self-employed and unemployed persons are there

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_govt=FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_correct_df_final[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_correct_df_final['Occupation']=='Govt_job']  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_govt.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_correct_df_final.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↵ 19.892473118279568

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_govt_male=FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_govt[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_govt['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_govt_male.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_govt.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↵ 36.93693693693694

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_govt_female=FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_govt[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_govt['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_govt_female.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_govt.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↵ 63.06306306306306

20% works in govt sector and out of them 37% are male and 63% are female

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_private=FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_correct_df_final[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_correct_df_final['Occupation']=='Private']  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_private.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_correct_df_final.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↵ 65.05376344086021

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_private_male=FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_private[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_private['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_private_male.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_private.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↵ 37.74104683195592

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_private_female=FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_private[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_private['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_private_female.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_private.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↵ 62.25895316804407

65% works in private sector and out of them 38% are male and 62% are female

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_self=FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_correct_df_final[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_correct_df_final['Occupation']=='Self-employed']  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_self.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_correct_df_final.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

15.053763440860216

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_self_male=FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_self[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_self['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_self_male.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_self.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

35.714285714285715

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_self_female=FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_self[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_self['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_self_female.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_self.shape[0])  
a
```

64.28571428571429

15% are self employed and out of them 36% are male and 64% are female

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_correct_df_final['Occupation'].value_counts()
```

count

| Occupation | count |
|---------------|-------|
| Private | 363 |
| Govt_Job | 111 |
| Self-employed | 84 |

dtype: int64

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_none=FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_correct_df_final[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_correct_df_final['Occupation']=='Never worked']  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_none.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_correct_df_final.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

0.0

Therefore, none are unemployed

Now finding what percentage of them has tension

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_govt_tension=FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_govt[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_govt['HasTension']=='Yes']  
a= percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_govt_tension.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_govt.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

9.00900900900901

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_govt_tension_male=FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_govt_tension[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_govt_tension['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_govt_tension_male.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_govt_tension.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

30.0

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_govt_tension_female=FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_govt_tension[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_govt_tension['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_govt_tension_female.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_govt_tension.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

70.0

9% govt employee has tension and out of them 30% are male and 70% are female

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_private_tension=FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_private[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_private['HasTension']=='Yes']  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_private_tension.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_private.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

3.8567493112947657

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_private_tension_male=FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_private_tension[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_private_tension['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_private_tension_male.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_private_tension.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

57.14285714285714

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_private_tension_female=FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_private_tension[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_private_tension['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_private_tension_female.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_private_tension.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

42.857142857142854

4% private sector workers has tension and out of them 57% are male and 43% are female

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_self_tension=FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_self[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_self['HasTension']=='Yes']  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_self_tension.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_self.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

14.285714285714285

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_self_tension_male=FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_self_tension[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_self_tension['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_self_tension_male.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_self_tension.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

83.33333333333334

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_self_tension_female=FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_self_tension[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_self_tension['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_self_tension_female.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_self_tension.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

16.666666666666664

Therefore

14% self employed people has tension and out of them 83% are male and 17% are female

What percentage of obese people had heartattack genderwise

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_heartattack=FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese['HeartAttack']=='Yes']  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_heartattack.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

3.225806451612903

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_heartattack_male=FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_heartattack[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_heartattack['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_heartattack_male.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_heartattack.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

33.33333333333333

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_heartattack_female=FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_heartattack[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_heartattack['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_heartattack_female.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_heartattack.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

66.66666666666666

Therefore about 3% obese people have had and heartattack and out of them 33% are male and 67% are female

Now finding out how many obese are from where

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_city=FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese['LivesIn']=='City']  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_city.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

50.89605734767025

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_city_male=FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_city[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_city['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_city_male.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_city.shape[0])
```

```
print(a)
```

```
45.07042253521127
```

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_city_female=FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_city[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_city['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_city_female.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_city.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

```
54.929577464788736
```

Therefore, 51% obese are from city and out of them 45% are male and 55% are female

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_village=FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese['LivesIn']=='Village']  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_village.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

```
49.10394265232975
```

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_village_male=FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_village[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_village['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_village_male.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_village.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

```
39.416058394160586
```

```
FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_village_female=FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_village[FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_village['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_village_female.shape[0],FORTYONE_TO_FIFTY_obese_village.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

```
60.58394160583942
```

Therefore 49% obese are from village and out of them 39% are male and 61% are female

Now, in this cluster, none are unemployed. So finding out what percentage lives in city/village is absurd

and finding out how many unemployed has tension is also absurd

Now clustering data of 51 to 60 year age range

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_df=correct_df_final[(correct_df_final['Age']>=51) & (correct_df_final['Age']<=60)]  
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_df
```

| | Gender | Age | HasTension | AnyHeartDisease | NeverMarried | Occupation | LivesIn | GlucoseLevel | BMI | SmokingStatus | HeartAttack | |
|------|--------|-----|------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|---------|--------------|------|-----------------|-------------|--|
| 9 | Female | 52 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 67.5 | 15.8 | Unknown | No | |
| 13 | Female | 57 | Yes | No | Yes | Self-employed | Village | 63.5 | 36.6 | smokes | No | |
| 14 | Male | 56 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 92.8 | 31.5 | never smoked | No | |
| 28 | Female | 51 | No | No | No | Private | Village | 66.7 | 29.0 | never smoked | No | |
| 32 | Female | 53 | No | No | Yes | Self-employed | City | 84.0 | 25.3 | never smoked | No | |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | |
| 3977 | Male | 54 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 66.6 | 22.7 | never smoked | No | |
| 3978 | Male | 52 | No | No | Yes | Govt_job | City | 207.7 | 35.6 | formerly smoked | No | |
| 3987 | Female | 53 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 101.7 | 33.2 | never smoked | No | |
| 3991 | Female | 55 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 83.4 | 22.8 | Unknown | No | |
| 3999 | Female | 58 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 59.2 | 27.9 | formerly smoked | Yes | |

611 rows × 11 columns

Next steps:

Generate code with FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_df

View recommended plots

New interactive sheet

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_corrected=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_df
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_corrected
```

| | Gender | Age | HasTension | AnyHeartDisease | NeverMarried | Occupation | LivesIn | GlucoseLevel | BMI | SmokingStatus | HeartAttack | |
|------|--------|-----|------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|---------|--------------|------|-----------------|-------------|--|
| 9 | Female | 52 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 67.5 | 15.8 | Unknown | No | |
| 13 | Female | 57 | Yes | No | Yes | Self-employed | Village | 63.5 | 36.6 | smokes | No | |
| 14 | Male | 56 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 92.8 | 31.5 | never smoked | No | |
| 28 | Female | 51 | No | No | No | Private | Village | 66.7 | 29.0 | never smoked | No | |
| 32 | Female | 53 | No | No | Yes | Self-employed | City | 84.0 | 25.3 | never smoked | No | |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | |
| 3977 | Male | 54 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 66.6 | 22.7 | never smoked | No | |
| 3978 | Male | 52 | No | No | Yes | Govt_job | City | 207.7 | 35.6 | formerly smoked | No | |
| 3987 | Female | 53 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 101.7 | 33.2 | never smoked | No | |
| 3991 | Female | 55 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 83.4 | 22.8 | Unknown | No | |
| 3999 | Female | 58 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 59.2 | 27.9 | formerly smoked | Yes | |

611 rows × 11 columns

Next steps:

Generate code with FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_df

View recommended plots

New interactive sheet

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_male=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_corrected[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_corrected['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_male.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_corrected.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

→ 45.335515548281506

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_female=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_corrected[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_corrected['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_female.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_corrected.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

→ 54.6644844517185

Therefore, in this specific age group, there exists 611 data and out of them about 45% are male and 55% are female

Now finding what percentage works in which sector.

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_govt=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_corrected[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_corrected['Occupation']=='Govt_job']  
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_govt.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_corrected.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

→ 18.494271685761046

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_govt_male=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_govt[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_govt['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_govt_male.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_govt.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

→ 46.902654867256636

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_govt_female=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_govt[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_govt['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_govt_female.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_govt.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

→ 53.09734513274337

Therefore, 18% works in govt sector and out of them, 47% are male and 53% are female

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_private=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_corrected[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_corrected['Occupation']=='Private']  
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_private.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_corrected.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

→ 64.97545008183306

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_private_male=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_private[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_private['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_private_male.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_private.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

→ 46.85138539042821

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_private_female=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_private[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_private['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_private_female.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_private.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

→ 53.14861460957179

Therefore, 65% works in private sector and out of them 47% are male and 53% are female

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_self=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_corrected[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_corrected['Occupation']=='Self-employed']  
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_self.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_corrected.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

→ 16.53027823240589

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_self_male=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_self[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_self['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_self_male.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_self.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

→ 37.62376237623762

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_self_female=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_self[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_self['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_self_female.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_self.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

→ 62.37623762376238

17% are self employed and out of them 38% are male and 62% are female

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_none=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_corrected[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_corrected['Occupation']=='Never_worked']  
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_none.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_corrected.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

→ 0.0

So,

and none of them are unemployed or retired yet.

Now, finding what percentage of people working in these sectors have tension.

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_govt_tension=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_govt[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_govt['HasTension']=='Yes']  
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_govt_tension.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_govt.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

→ 13.274336283185843


```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_govt_tension_male=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_govt_tension[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_govt_tension['Gender']=='Male']
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_govt_tension_male.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_govt_tension.shape[0])
print(a)
```

↗ 53.333333333333336

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_govt_tension_female=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_govt_tension[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_govt_tension['Gender']=='Female']
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_govt_tension_female.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_govt_tension.shape[0])
print(a)
```

↗ 46.666666666666664

Therefore, 13% govt workers has tension and out of them 53% are male and 47% are female

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_private_tension=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_private[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_private['HasTension']=='Yes']
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_private_tension.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_private.shape[0])
print(a)
```

↗ 16.120906801007557

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_private_tension_male=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_private_tension[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_private_tension['Gender']=='Male']
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_private_tension_male.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_private_tension.shape[0])
print(a)
```

↗ 39.0625

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_private_tension_female=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_private_tension[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_private_tension['Gender']=='Female']
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_private_tension_female.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_private_tension.shape[0])
print(a)
```

↗ 60.9375

Therefore, 16% private employee has tension and out of them 39% are male and 61% are female

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_self_tension=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_self[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_self['HasTension']=='Yes']
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_self_tension.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_self.shape[0])
print(a)
```

↗ 10.891089108910892

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_self_tension_male=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_self_tension[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_self_tension['Gender']=='Male']
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_self_tension_male.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_self_tension.shape[0])
print(a)
```

↗ 54.54545454545454

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_self_tension_female=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_self_tension[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_self_tension['Gender']=='Female']
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_self_tension_female.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_self_tension.shape[0])
```

```
print(a)
```

```
↵ 45.45454545454545
```

Therefore, 11% self employed person has tension and 55% of them are male and 45% are female

Now finding what percentage of people has obesity genderwise

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_corrected[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_corrected['BMI']>=30]
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_corrected.shape[0])
print(a)
```

```
↵ 55.810147299509005
```

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_male=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese['Gender']=='Male']
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_male.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese.shape[0])
print(a)
```

```
↵ 46.9208211143695
```

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_female=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese['Gender']=='Female']
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_female.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese.shape[0])
print(a)
```

```
↵ 53.0791788856305
```

Therefore, 56% people has obesity and out of them 47% are male and 53% are female

Now finding out what percentage of obese people smokes genderwise

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_smokes=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese['SmokingStatus']=='smokes']
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_smokes.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese.shape[0])
print(a)
```

```
↵ 17.595307917888565
```

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_smokes_male=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_smokes[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_smokes['Gender']=='Male']
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_smokes_male.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_smokes.shape[0])
print(a)
```

```
↵ 48.333333333333336
```

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_smokes_female=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_smokes[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_smokes['Gender']=='Female']
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_smokes_female.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_smokes.shape[0])
print(a)
```

```
↵ 51.66666666666667
```

Therefore, 18% obese people smokes and out of them 48% are male and 52% are female

Now, finding what percentage of obese people had heartattack genderwise

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_heart_attack=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese['HeartAttack']=='Yes']  
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_heart_attack.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

6.451612903225806

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_heart_attack_male=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_heart_attack[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_heart_attack['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_heart_attack_male.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_heart_attack.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

50.0

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_heart_attack_female=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_heart_attack[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_heart_attack['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_heart_attack_female.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_heart_attack.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

50.0

So, 6% obese people had heartattack and out of them 50% are male and 50% are female

Now finding what percentage of people has low glucose genderwise

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_low_glucose=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_corrected[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_corrected['GlucoseLevel']<70]  
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_low_glucose.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_corrected.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

13.584288052373159

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_male_low_glucose= FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_low_glucose[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_low_glucose['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_male_low_glucose.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_low_glucose.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

36.144578313253014

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_female_low_glucose=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_low_glucose[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_low_glucose['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_female_low_glucose.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_low_glucose.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

63.85542168674698

Therefore, 14% people has low low glucose level and out of them 36% are male and 64% are female

now finding what percentage of the obese people smokes and has tension and genderwise

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_smokes_tension=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_smokes[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_smokes['HasTension']=='Yes']
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_smokes_tension.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_smokes.shape[0])
print(a)
```

→ 26.666666666666668

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_smokes_tension_male=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_smokes_tension[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_smokes_tension['Gender']=='Male']
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_smokes_tension_male.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_smokes_tension.shape[0])
print(a)
```

→ 50.0

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_smokes_tension_female=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_smokes_tension[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_smokes_tension['Gender']=='Female']
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_smokes_tension_female.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_smokes_tension.shape[0])
print(a)
```

→ 50.0

Therefore 27% obese smokers has tension and out of them 50% are male and 50% are female

Finding out how many smokes

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_smokes= FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_corrected[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_corrected['SmokingStatus']=='smokes']
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_smokes.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_corrected.shape[0])
print(a)
```

→ 18.00327332242226

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_smokes_male=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_smokes[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_smokes['Gender']=='Male']
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_smokes_male.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_smokes.shape[0])
print(a)
```

→ 49.09090909090909


```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_smokes_female=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_smokes[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_smokes['Gender']=='Female']
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_smokes_female.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_smokes.shape[0])
print(a)
```

→ 50.90909090909091


Therefore, 18% of this clustered dataframe smokes and out of them 49% are male and 51% are female

finding out how many smokers has tension


```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_smokes_tension=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_smokes[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_smokes['HasTension']=='Yes']
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_smokes_tension.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_smokes.shape[0])
print(a)
```

 24.545454545454547

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_smokes_tension_male=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_smokes_tension[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_smokes_tension['Gender']=='Male']
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_smokes_tension_male.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_smokes_tension.shape[0])
print(a)
```

 51.85185185185185


```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_smokes_tension_female=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_smokes_tension[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_smokes_tension['Gender']=='Female']
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_smokes_tension_female.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_smokes_tension.shape[0])
print(a)
```

 48.148148148148145


Therefore, 26% smokers has tension and out of them 52% are male and 48% are female

finding out how many obese lives in village/city


```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_city=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese['LivesIn']=='City']
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_city.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese.shape[0])
print(a)
```

 51.90615835777126

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_city_male= FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_city[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_city['Gender']=='Male']
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_city_male.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_city.shape[0])
print(a)
```


 45.19774011299435

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_city_female=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_city[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_city['Gender']=='Female']
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_city_female.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_city.shape[0])
print(a)
```

 54.80225988700565

Therefore, 52% obese lives in city and out of them 45% are male and 55% are female

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_village=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese['LivesIn']=='Village']
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_village.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese.shape[0])
print(a)
```

 48.09384164222874

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_village_male=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_village[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_village['Gender']=='Male']
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_village_male.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_village.shape[0])
print(a)
```

48.78048780487805

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_village_female=FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_village[FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_village['Gender']=='Female']
a=percentage(FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_village_female.shape[0],FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_obese_village.shape[0])
print(a)
```

51.21951219512195

Therefore, 48% obese are from village and out of them 49% are male and 51% are female

```
FIFTYONE_TO_SIXTY_corrected['Occupation'].unique()
```

array(['Private', 'Self-employed', 'Govt_job'], dtype=object)

Therefore, having 0 unemployed, It will be absurd to find out how many of unemployed are from city/village
also, it will be absurd to find out how many unemployed has tension

Now clustering data for sixtyone to seventy age group

```
sixtyone_to_seventy_df=correct_df_final[(correct_df_final['Age']>=61) & (correct_df_final['Age']<=70)]
sixtyone_to_seventy_df
```

| | Gender | Age | HasTension | AnyHeartDisease | NeverMarried | Occupation | LivesIn | GlucoseLevel | BMI | SmokingStatus | HeartAttack |
|------|--------|-----|------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|---------|--------------|------|-----------------|-------------|
| 6 | Male | 63 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 104.1 | 37.1 | formerly smoked | No |
| 22 | Male | 63 | No | No | Yes | Self-employed | Village | 105.0 | 18.8 | formerly smoked | No |
| 42 | Female | 65 | No | No | No | Self-employed | Village | 87.2 | 32.3 | never smoked | No |
| 48 | Male | 63 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 79.6 | 29.9 | Unknown | No |
| 63 | Female | 65 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 104.0 | 26.5 | never smoked | No |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| 3937 | Male | 63 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 90.1 | 35.9 | Unknown | No |
| 3938 | Male | 68 | No | Yes | Yes | Private | City | 218.9 | 24.8 | Unknown | No |
| 3949 | Male | 70 | No | No | Yes | Self-employed | Village | 193.0 | 24.5 | Unknown | No |
| 3963 | Female | 70 | Yes | No | Yes | Self-employed | City | 99.5 | 33.4 | formerly smoked | No |
| 3980 | Female | 63 | No | Yes | Yes | Private | Village | 85.8 | 40.1 | never smoked | No |

435 rows × 11 columns

Next steps:


[Generate code with sixtyone_to_seventy_df](#)




[View recommended plots](#)

[New interactive sheet](#)

Removing those data who are marked as govt employee because after 60 they will be retired

```
sixtyone_to_seventy_govt=sixtyone_to_seventy_df[sixtyone_to_seventy_df['Occupation']!='Govt_job']
sixtyone_to_seventy_govt
```



| | Gender | Age | HasTension | AnyHeartDisease | NeverMarried | Occupation | LivesIn | GlucoseLevel | BMI | SmokingStatus | HeartAttack |  |
|------|--------|-----|------------|-----------------|--------------|------------|---------|--------------|------|-----------------|-------------|---|
| 118 | Female | 64 | No | No | Yes | Govt_job | City | 80.2 | 38.9 | formerly smoked | No |  |
| 142 | Male | 64 | No | No | Yes | Govt_job | Village | 114.1 | 23.8 | never smoked | No |  |
| 207 | Female | 69 | No | Yes | No | Govt_job | City | 202.9 | 34.2 | Unknown | No | |
| 300 | Female | 63 | No | No | Yes | Govt_job | City | 123.9 | 35.9 | Unknown | No | |
| 397 | Male | 61 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Govt_job | Village | 86.9 | 34.1 | never smoked | No | |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | |
| 3808 | Female | 62 | Yes | No | Yes | Govt_job | Village | 75.8 | 34.5 | never smoked | No | |
| 3892 | Female | 63 | Yes | Yes | No | Govt_job | City | 175.6 | 23.2 | never smoked | No | |
| 3925 | Male | 67 | No | No | Yes | Govt_job | City | 66.0 | 35.3 | smokes | No | |
| 3930 | Male | 62 | No | No | No | Govt_job | Village | 76.9 | 32.3 | never smoked | No | |
| 3931 | Female | 69 | Yes | No | Yes | Govt_job | City | 206.5 | 32.7 | formerly smoked | No | |

64 rows × 11 columns

Next steps:

[Generate code with sixtyone_to_seventy_govt](#)

[View recommended plots](#)

[New interactive sheet](#)

```
sixtyone_to_seventy_corrected= sixtyone_to_seventy_df.drop(sixtyone_to_seventy_govt.index)
sixtyone_to_seventy_corrected
```



| | Gender | Age | HasTension | AnyHeartDisease | NeverMarried | Occupation | LivesIn | GlucoseLevel | BMI | SmokingStatus | HeartAttack |  |
|------|--------|-----|------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|---------|--------------|------|-----------------|-------------|---|
| 6 | Male | 63 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 104.1 | 37.1 | formerly smoked | No |  |
| 22 | Male | 63 | No | No | Yes | Self-employed | Village | 105.0 | 18.8 | formerly smoked | No |  |
| 42 | Female | 65 | No | No | No | Self-employed | Village | 87.2 | 32.3 | never smoked | No | |
| 48 | Male | 63 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 79.6 | 29.9 | Unknown | No | |
| 63 | Female | 65 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 104.0 | 26.5 | never smoked | No | |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | |
| 3937 | Male | 63 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 90.1 | 35.9 | Unknown | No | |
| 3938 | Male | 68 | No | Yes | Yes | Private | City | 218.9 | 24.8 | Unknown | No | |
| 3949 | Male | 70 | No | No | Yes | Self-employed | Village | 193.0 | 24.5 | Unknown | No | |
| 3963 | Female | 70 | Yes | No | Yes | Self-employed | City | 99.5 | 33.4 | formerly smoked | No | |
| 3980 | Female | 63 | No | Yes | Yes | Private | Village | 85.8 | 40.1 | never smoked | No | |

371 rows × 11 columns

Next steps:


[Generate code with sixtyone_to_seventy_corrected](#)

 [View recommended plots](#)


[New interactive sheet](#)

Now finding out what percentage of them are male and female

```
sixtyone_to_seventy__male=sixtyone_to_seventy_corrected[sixtyone_to_seventy_corrected['Gender']=='Male']
a=percentage(sixtyone_to_seventy__male.shape[0],sixtyone_to_seventy_corrected.shape[0])
print(a)
```

 42.04851752021563


```
sixtyone_to_seventy__female=sixtyone_to_seventy_corrected[sixtyone_to_seventy_corrected['Gender']=='Female']
a=percentage(sixtyone_to_seventy__female.shape[0],sixtyone_to_seventy_corrected.shape[0])
print (a)
```

 57.95148247978437

Therefore, in this group 42% are male and 58% are female

Now finding how many of them has obesity genderwise

```
sixtyone_to_seventy_obese=sixtyone_to_seventy_corrected[sixtyone_to_seventy_corrected['BMI']>=30]
a=percentage(sixtyone_to_seventy_obese.shape[0],sixtyone_to_seventy_corrected.shape[0])
print(a)
```

 49.32614555256065


```
sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_male=sixtyone_to_seventy_obese[sixtyone_to_seventy_obese['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_male.shape[0],sixtyone_to_seventy_obese.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 45.3551912568306

```
sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_female=sixtyone_to_seventy_obese[sixtyone_to_seventy_obese['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_female.shape[0],sixtyone_to_seventy_obese.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 54.644808743169406

Therefore, 49% has obese and out of them 45% are male and 55% are female

Now finding how many obese smokes genderwise

```
sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_smokes=sixtyone_to_seventy_obese[sixtyone_to_seventy_obese['SmokingStatus']=='Smokes']  
a=percentage(sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_smokes.shape[0],sixtyone_to_seventy_obese.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 0.0

Therefore, no obese smokes.

now finding out if they ever had heartaataack

```
sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_heartattack=sixtyone_to_seventy_obese[sixtyone_to_seventy_obese['HeartAttack']=='Yes']  
a=percentage(sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_heartattack.shape[0],sixtyone_to_seventy_obese.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 8.743169398907105

```
sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_heartattack_male=sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_heartattack[sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_heartattack['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_heartattack_male.shape[0],sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_heartattack.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 62.5

```
sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_heartattack_female=sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_heartattack[sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_heartattack['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_heartattack_female.shape[0],sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_heartattack.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

↗ 37.5

Therefore 9% obese people had heartattack and out of them 62.5% are male and 37.5% are female

Now finding how many has low glucose genderwise (hypoglycemia)

```
sixtyone_to_seventy_low_glucose=sixtyone_to_seventy_corrected[sixtyone_to_seventy_corrected['GlucoseLevel']<70]  
a=percentage(sixtyone_to_seventy_low_glucose.shape[0],sixtyone_to_seventy_corrected.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

→ 14.016172506738545

```
sixtyone_to_seventy_low_glucose_male=sixtyone_to_seventy_low_glucose[sixtyone_to_seventy_low_glucose['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(sixtyone_to_seventy_low_glucose_male.shape[0],sixtyone_to_seventy_low_glucose.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

→ 50.0

```
sixtyone_to_seventy_low_glucose_female=sixtyone_to_seventy_low_glucose[sixtyone_to_seventy_low_glucose['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(sixtyone_to_seventy_low_glucose_female.shape[0],sixtyone_to_seventy_low_glucose.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

→ 50.0

Therefore, 14% people has low glucose and out of them 50% are male and 50% are female

Now showing how many of them still works genderwise

```
sixtyone_to_seventy_self=sixtyone_to_seventy_corrected[sixtyone_to_seventy_corrected['Occupation']=='Self-employed']  
a=percentage(sixtyone_to_seventy_self.shape[0],sixtyone_to_seventy_corrected.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

→ 31.536388140161726

```
sixtyone_to_seventy_self_male=sixtyone_to_seventy_self[sixtyone_to_seventy_self['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(sixtyone_to_seventy_self_male.shape[0],sixtyone_to_seventy_self.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

→ 34.18803418803419

```
sixtyone_to_seventy_self_female=sixtyone_to_seventy_self[sixtyone_to_seventy_self['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(sixtyone_to_seventy_self_female.shape[0],sixtyone_to_seventy_self.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

→ 65.8119658119658

Therefore, 32% are self employed and out of them, 34% are male and 66% are female

```
sixtyone_to_seventy_private=sixtyone_to_seventy_corrected[sixtyone_to_seventy_corrected['Occupation']=='Private']  
a=percentage(sixtyone_to_seventy_private.shape[0],sixtyone_to_seventy_corrected.shape[0])  
a
```

68.46361185983828

```
sixtyone_to_seventy_private_male=sixtyone_to_seventy_private[sixtyone_to_seventy_private['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(sixtyone_to_seventy_private_male.shape[0],sixtyone_to_seventy_private.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

45.66929133858268

```
sixtyone_to_seventy_private_female= sixtyone_to_seventy_private[sixtyone_to_seventy_private['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(sixtyone_to_seventy_private_female.shape[0],sixtyone_to_seventy_private.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

54.330708661417326

Therefore, 68% works in private sector and out of them 46% are male and 54% are female

```
sixtyone_to_seventy_corrected['Occupation'].value_counts()
```

count

| Occupation | |
|---------------|-----|
| Private | 254 |
| Self-employed | 117 |

dtype: int64

Now finding how many of them has tension genderwise

```
sixtyone_to_seventy_self_tension=sixtyone_to_seventy_self[sixtyone_to_seventy_self['HasTension']=='Yes']  
a=percentage(sixtyone_to_seventy_self_tension.shape[0],sixtyone_to_seventy_self.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

20.51282051282051

```
sixtyone_to_seventy_self_tension_male=sixtyone_to_seventy_self_tension[sixtyone_to_seventy_self_tension['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(sixtyone_to_seventy_self_tension_male.shape[0],sixtyone_to_seventy_self_tension.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

33.33333333333333

```
sixtyone_to_seventy_self_tension_female=sixtyone_to_seventy_self_tension[sixtyone_to_seventy_self_tension['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(sixtyone_to_seventy_self_tension_female.shape[0],sixtyone_to_seventy_self_tension.shape[0])
```

```
print(a)
```

```
66.66666666666666
```

Therefore, 21% self employed has tension and out of them 33% are male and 67% are female

```
sixtyone_to_seventy_private_tension=sixtyone_to_seventy_private[sixtyone_to_seventy_private['HasTension']=='Yes']  
a=percentage(sixtyone_to_seventy_private_tension.shape[0],sixtyone_to_seventy_private.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

```
18.503937007874015
```

```
sixtyone_to_seventy_private_tension_male=sixtyone_to_seventy_private_tension[sixtyone_to_seventy_private_tension['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(sixtyone_to_seventy_private_tension_male.shape[0],sixtyone_to_seventy_private_tension.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

```
59.57446808510638
```

```
sixtyone_to_seventy_private_tension_female=sixtyone_to_seventy_private_tension[sixtyone_to_seventy_private_tension['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(sixtyone_to_seventy_private_tension_female.shape[0],sixtyone_to_seventy_private_tension.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

```
40.42553191489361
```

Therefore, 19% of private employee has tension and out of them 60% are male and 40% are female

Since none are unemployed, it is absurd to find how many unemployed are from village/city

and it is also absurd to find how many unemployed has tension

now finding out how many of them smokes

```
sixtyone_to_seventy_smokes=sixtyone_to_seventy_corrected[sixtyone_to_seventy_corrected['SmokingStatus']=='smokes']  
a=percentage(sixtyone_to_seventy_smokes.shape[0],sixtyone_to_seventy_corrected.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

```
17.25067385444744
```

```
sixtyone_to_seventy_smokes_male= sixtyone_to_seventy_smokes[sixtyone_to_seventy_smokes['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(sixtyone_to_seventy_smokes_male.shape[0],sixtyone_to_seventy_smokes.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

```
51.5625
```


```
sixtyone_to_seventy_smokes_female=sixtyone_to_seventy_smokes[sixtyone_to_seventy_smokes['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(sixtyone_to_seventy_smokes_female.shape[0],sixtyone_to_seventy_smokes.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

 48.4375


Therefore, 17% of this clustered group are smokers and out of them 52% are male and 48% are female

now, finding out how many smokers has tension

```
sixtyone_to_seventy_smokes_tension=sixtyone_to_seventy_smokes[sixtyone_to_seventy_smokes['HasTension']=='Yes']  
a=percentage(sixtyone_to_seventy_smokes_tension.shape[0],sixtyone_to_seventy_smokes.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

 20.3125

```
sixtyone_to_seventy_smokes_tension_male=sixtyone_to_seventy_smokes_tension[sixtyone_to_seventy_smokes_tension['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(sixtyone_to_seventy_smokes_tension_male.shape[0],sixtyone_to_seventy_smokes_tension.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

 69.23076923076923


```
sixtyone_to_seventy_smokes_tension_female=sixtyone_to_seventy_smokes_tension[sixtyone_to_seventy_smokes_tension['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(sixtyone_to_seventy_smokes_tension_female.shape[0],sixtyone_to_seventy_smokes_tension.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

 30.76923076923077

Therefore, 20% of smokers has tension and out of them 69% are male and 31% are female

now finding out how many obese are from city/village


```
sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_village=sixtyone_to_seventy_obese[sixtyone_to_seventy_obese['LivesIn']=='Village']  
a=percentage(sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_village.shape[0],sixtyone_to_seventy_obese.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

 53.00546448087432

```
sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_village_male=sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_village[sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_village['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_village_male.shape[0],sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_village.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

 47.42268041237113

```
sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_village_female=sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_village[sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_village['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_village_female.shape[0],sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_village.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

 52.57731958762887

Therefore, 53% obese are from village and out of them 47% are male and 53% are female

```
sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_city=sixtyone_to_seventy_obese[sixtyone_to_seventy_obese['LivesIn']=='City']  
a=percentage(sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_city.shape[0],sixtyone_to_seventy_obese.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

→ 46.994535519125684

```
sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_city_male=sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_city[sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_city['Gender']=='Male']  
a=percentage(sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_city_male.shape[0],sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_city.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

→ 43.02325581395349

```
sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_city_female=sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_city[sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_city['Gender']=='Female']  
a=percentage(sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_city_female.shape[0],sixtyone_to_seventy_obese_city.shape[0])  
print(a)
```

→ 56.97674418604651

Therefore 47% obese are from city and out of them 43% are male and 57% are female

Now clustering data for age group 71 to last

```
correct_df_final['Age'].max()
```

→ 82

Therefore clustering data for age group 71 to 82

```
seventyone_eightytwo_df=correct_df_final[(correct_df_final['Age']>=71) & (correct_df_final['Age']<=82)]  
seventyone_eightytwo_df
```

| | Gender | Age | HasTension | AnyHeartDisease | NeverMarried | Occupation | LivesIn | GlucoseLevel | BMI | SmokingStatus | HeartAttack | |
|------|--------|-----|------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|---------|--------------|------|-----------------|-------------|--|
| 0 | Female | 75 | Yes | No | Yes | Self-employed | City | 54.6 | 35.1 | never smoked | No | |
| 3 | Male | 78 | No | No | Yes | Self-employed | City | 219.2 | 27.4 | Unknown | Yes | |
| 19 | Female | 82 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 95.8 | 27.1 | Unknown | No | |
| 24 | Female | 75 | No | No | Yes | Self-employed | Village | 70.8 | 24.8 | formerly smoked | No | |
| 39 | Female | 79 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 92.5 | 24.5 | never smoked | Yes | |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | |
| 3966 | Male | 76 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 139.7 | 30.4 | formerly smoked | Yes | |
| 3969 | Female | 81 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 77.8 | 35.3 | Unknown | No | |
| 3979 | Male | 78 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 103.4 | 30.4 | never smoked | No | |
| 3983 | Male | 77 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 223.0 | 29.6 | formerly smoked | No | |
| 3993 | Male | 71 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 85.4 | 28.3 | never smoked | No | |

512 rows × 11 columns

Next steps:

Generate code with seventyone_eightytwo_df

View recommended plots

New interactive sheet

Now, filtering the dataset

```
seventyone_eightytwo_govt=seventyone_eightytwo_df[seventyone_eightytwo_df['Occupation']=='Govt_job']
seventyone_eightytwo_govt
```

| | Gender | Age | HasTension | AnyHeartDisease | NeverMarried | Occupation | LivesIn | GlucoseLevel | BMI | SmokingStatus | HeartAttack | |
|------|--------|-----|------------|-----------------|--------------|------------|---------|--------------|------|-----------------|-------------|--|
| 50 | Female | 73 | No | No | No | Govt_job | City | 63.2 | 25.7 | formerly smoked | No | |
| 59 | Female | 76 | No | No | Yes | Govt_job | City | 96.2 | 26.1 | smokes | No | |
| 60 | Male | 71 | No | No | Yes | Govt_job | City | 57.8 | 23.6 | Unknown | No | |
| 212 | Female | 78 | No | No | Yes | Govt_job | City | 59.8 | 35.4 | Unknown | No | |
| 274 | Female | 82 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Govt_job | City | 216.2 | 29.5 | formerly smoked | Yes | |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | |
| 3730 | Female | 75 | No | No | Yes | Govt_job | City | 89.3 | 38.4 | never smoked | No | |
| 3830 | Male | 77 | No | No | Yes | Govt_job | City | 64.3 | 28.3 | never smoked | No | |
| 3903 | Female | 75 | No | No | Yes | Govt_job | Village | 57.5 | 24.9 | never smoked | No | |
| 3956 | Male | 75 | No | No | Yes | Govt_job | City | 95.4 | 34.7 | Unknown | No | |
| 3962 | Female | 79 | No | No | Yes | Govt_job | City | 77.5 | 36.3 | Unknown | No | |

62 rows × 11 columns

Next steps:

Generate code with seventyone_eightytwo_govt

View recommended plots

New interactive sheet

```
seventyone_eightytwo_df_corrected= seventyone_eightytwo_df.drop(seventyone_eightytwo_govt.index)
seventyone_eightytwo_df_corrected
```



| | Gender | Age | HasTension | AnyHeartDisease | NeverMarried | Occupation | LivesIn | GlucoseLevel | BMI | SmokingStatus | HeartAttack |  |
|------|--------|-----|------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|---------|--------------|------|-----------------|-------------|---|
| 0 | Female | 75 | Yes | No | Yes | Self-employed | City | 54.6 | 35.1 | never smoked | No |  |
| 3 | Male | 78 | No | No | Yes | Self-employed | City | 219.2 | 27.4 | Unknown | Yes |  |
| 19 | Female | 82 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 95.8 | 27.1 | Unknown | No | |
| 24 | Female | 75 | No | No | Yes | Self-employed | Village | 70.8 | 24.8 | formerly smoked | No | |
| 39 | Female | 79 | No | No | Yes | Private | Village | 92.5 | 24.5 | never smoked | Yes | |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | |
| 3966 | Male | 76 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 139.7 | 30.4 | formerly smoked | Yes | |
| 3969 | Female | 81 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 77.8 | 35.3 | Unknown | No | |
| 3979 | Male | 78 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 103.4 | 30.4 | never smoked | No | |
| 3983 | Male | 77 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 223.0 | 29.6 | formerly smoked | No | |
| 3993 | Male | 71 | No | No | Yes | Private | City | 85.4 | 28.3 | never smoked | No | |

450 rows × 11 columns

Next steps:


Generate code with seventyone_eightytwo_df_corrected

View recommended plots


New interactive sheet

Now, what percentage of them are male and female

```
seventyone_eightytwo_male=seventyone_eightytwo_df_corrected[seventyone_eightytwo_df_corrected['Gender']=='Male']
a=percentage(seventyone_eightytwo_male.shape[0],seventyone_eightytwo_df_corrected.shape[0])
print(a)
```

 40.88888888888889

```
seventyone_eightytwo_female=seventyone_eightytwo_df_corrected[seventyone_eightytwo_df_corrected['Gender']=='Female']
a=percentage(seventyone_eightytwo_female.shape[0],seventyone_eightytwo_df_corrected.shape[0])
print(a)
```

 59.111111111111114

Therefore, 41% are male and 59% are female

Now what percentage of them has obesity genderwise


```
seventyone_eightytwo_obese=seventyone_eightytwo_df_corrected[seventyone_eightytwo_df_corrected['BMI']>=30]
a=percentage(seventyone_eightytwo_obese.shape[0],seventyone_eightytwo_df_corrected.shape[0])
print(a)
```

↩ 40.0

```
seventyone_eightytwo_obese_male=seventyone_eightytwo_obese[seventyone_eightytwo_obese['Gender']=='Male']
a=percentage(seventyone_eightytwo_obese_male.shape[0],seventyone_eightytwo_obese.shape[0])
print(a)
```

↩ 36.11111111111111

```
seventyone_eightytwo_obese_female=seventyone_eightytwo_obese[seventyone_eightytwo_obese['Gender']=='Female']
a=percentage(seventyone_eightytwo_obese_female.shape[0],seventyone_eightytwo_obese.shape[0])
print(a)
```

↩ 63.888888888888886

Therefore, 40% of people has obesity and out of them 36% are male and 64% are female

Now Finding how many obese people smokes genderwise

```
seventyone_eightytwo_obese_smokes=seventyone_eightytwo_obese[seventyone_eightytwo_obese['SmokingStatus']=='Smokes']
a=percentage(seventyone_eightytwo_obese_smokes.shape[0],seventyone_eightytwo_df_corrected.shape[0])
print(a)
```

↩ 0.0

Therefore, No obese people smokes. Now, finding how many obese people had heartattack genderwise

```
seventyone_eightytwo_obese_heartattack=seventyone_eightytwo_obese[seventyone_eightytwo_obese['HeartAttack']=='Yes']
a=percentage(seventyone_eightytwo_obese_heartattack.shape[0],seventyone_eightytwo_df_corrected.shape[0])
print(a)
```