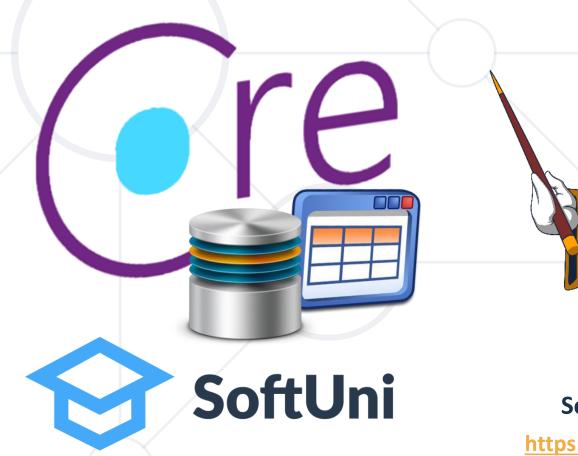
### **Best Practices and Architecture**

Useful Patterns and Code Structure

**SoftUni Team Technical Trainers** 







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#### Have a Question?





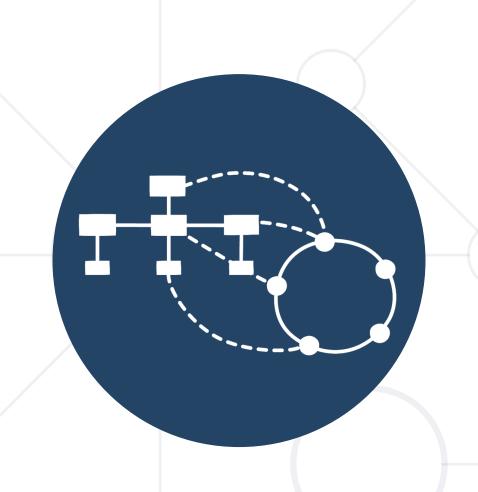
# #CSharpDB

#### **Table of Contents**



- 1. Project Structure
- 2. EF Core Optimizations
- 3. Useful Patterns





## **Project Structure**

Organizing Solutions

#### Importance of Organized Code



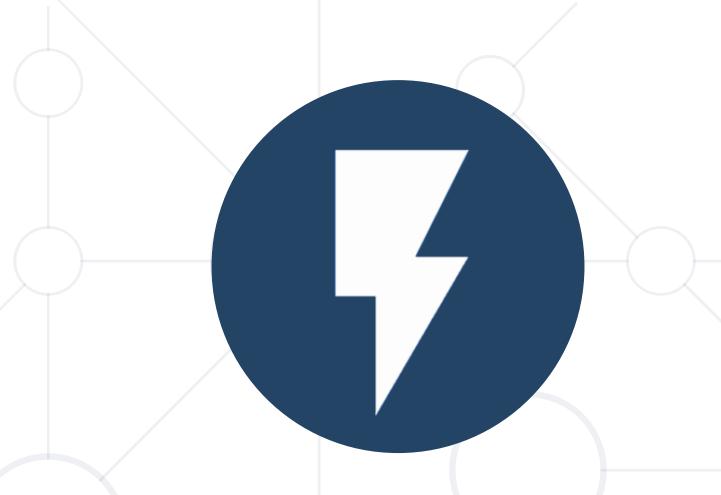
- Scalability
- Maintainability
- Manageability
- Testability

- **S** Single Responsibility
- O Open / Closed
- Liskov Substitution
- Interface Segregation
  - D Dependency Inversion

#### **Project Organization**



- Application code can be split into sections
  - Data Layer database connection (context)
  - Domain Models entity classes
  - Client user-interaction and app logic
  - Business Logic data validation, transformations
- Reasons
  - Easier to locate files when maintaining
  - Don't have to rebuild entire codebase after changes (DLLs)



**Entity Framework Core Performance** 



- LINQ queries are executed each time the data is accessed
  - If materialized in a collection ToList()
  - If the elements are aggregated Count(), Average(), First()
  - When a property is accessed
- Try to delay execution (materialization) until you actually need the results
- You can monitor query execution using Express Profiler



- Only fetch required data by filtering and projecting your queries
  - Example

```
context.DbSetCollection
.Where(x => x.Property </>.Select(e => new {
    e.Property1,
    e.Property2,
    e.PropertyN
}
```

```
context.Employees
.Where(e => e.Salary >= 15000)
.Select(e => new {
    e.FirstName,
    e.LastName,
    e.Salary
}
);
```

```
SELECT
    1 AS [C1],
    [Extent1].[FirstName] AS [FirstName],
    [Extent1].[LastName] AS [LastName],
    [Extent1].[Salary] AS [Salary]
    FROM [dbo].[Employees] AS [Extent1]
    WHERE [Extent1].[Salary] >= cast(15000 as decimal(18))
```



- EF will cache entities and compare the cache for changes
  - Use Find() with change detection disabled

```
try
    context.ChangeTracker.AutoDetectChangesEnabled = false;
    var entity = context.DbSetCollection.Find(entityId);
finally
    context.ChangeTracker.AutoDetectChangesEnabled = true;
```



- When adding or updating a record, Entity Framework makes a call to DetectChanges()
- Use AddRange() and RemoveRange() to reduce calls

```
List<Entity> entities = new List<Entity>()
   { entity1, entity2, entity3 };
context.DbSetCollection.AddRange(entities);
```

Works with any collection



- Entity Framework builds associations and tracks changes for every loaded entity
- If we only want to display data, this process is redundant
- Disable tracking

```
context.DbSetCollection
   .AsNoTracking()
   .Where(x => x.Property </>
   .ToList();
```

Note this also disables caching!

#### **Loading Methods**



- Payload size and number of roundtrips to the database are inversely proportional
  - Lazy less data, more queries
  - Eager more data, less queries
- There is no best approach performance depends on usage scenario

#### **Loading Methods**



- Do you need to access many navigation properties from the fetched entities?
  - No Lazy for large payloads, Eager for small
  - Yes Eager loading for up three entities, Lazy for more
- Do you know exactly what data will be needed at run time?
  - No Lazy
  - Yes Eager at first unless, Lazy if loading lots of data

#### **Loading Methods**



- Is your code executing far from your database? (increased network latency)
  - No Lazy will simplify your code; don't take database proximity for granted
  - Yes Depending on scenario Eager will require fewer round trips
- Always test application-wide performance, only optimize if results aren't satisfactory



## **Design Patterns**

Solving Problems More Easily

#### **Design Patterns**



- Singleton Ensure a class has only one instance and provide a global point of access to it
- Service Locator Make a service available globally and decouple the calling class from the dependent object
- Dependency Injection no client code has to be changed simply because an object it depends on needs to be changed to a different one
- Command Encapsulate a request as an object, allowing delayed execution, undo and replay
- Repository Separates the data access logic and maps it to the entities in the business logic
- Unit of work Used to group one or more into a single transaction or "unit of work", so that all operations either pass or fail as one

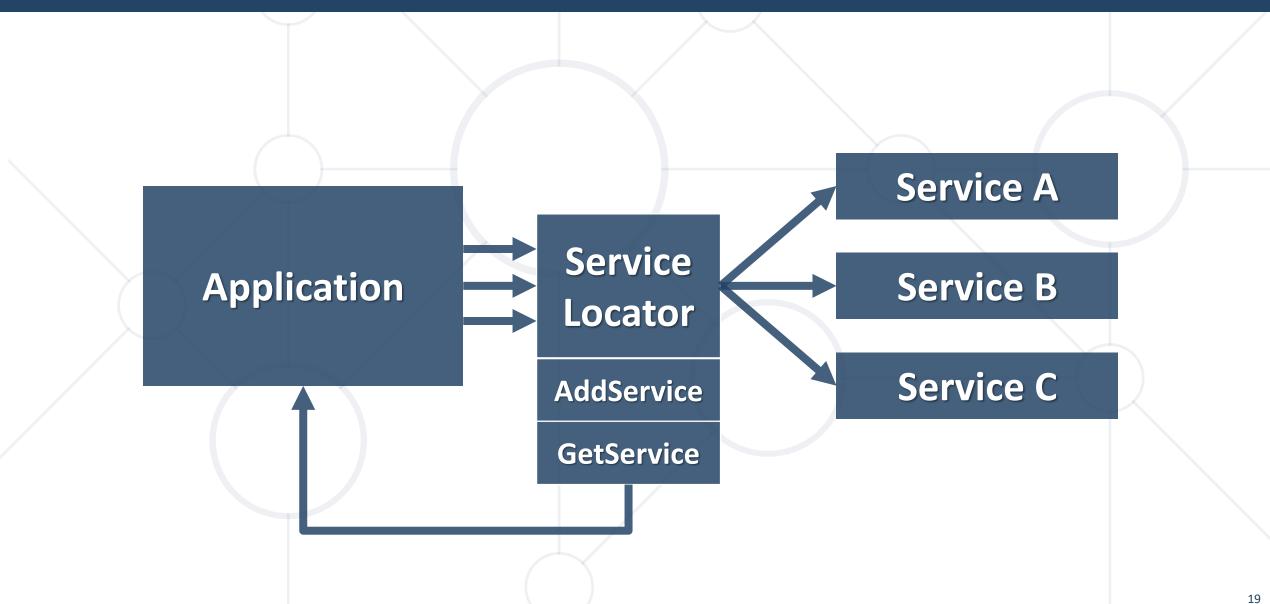
#### **Singleton Pattern**



```
public class Authenticator
 private static Authenticator instance;
 public static Authenticator Instance
   get
                              Instantiate when first
                                  accessed
     if (instance == null)
      instance = new Authenticator();
     return instance;
```

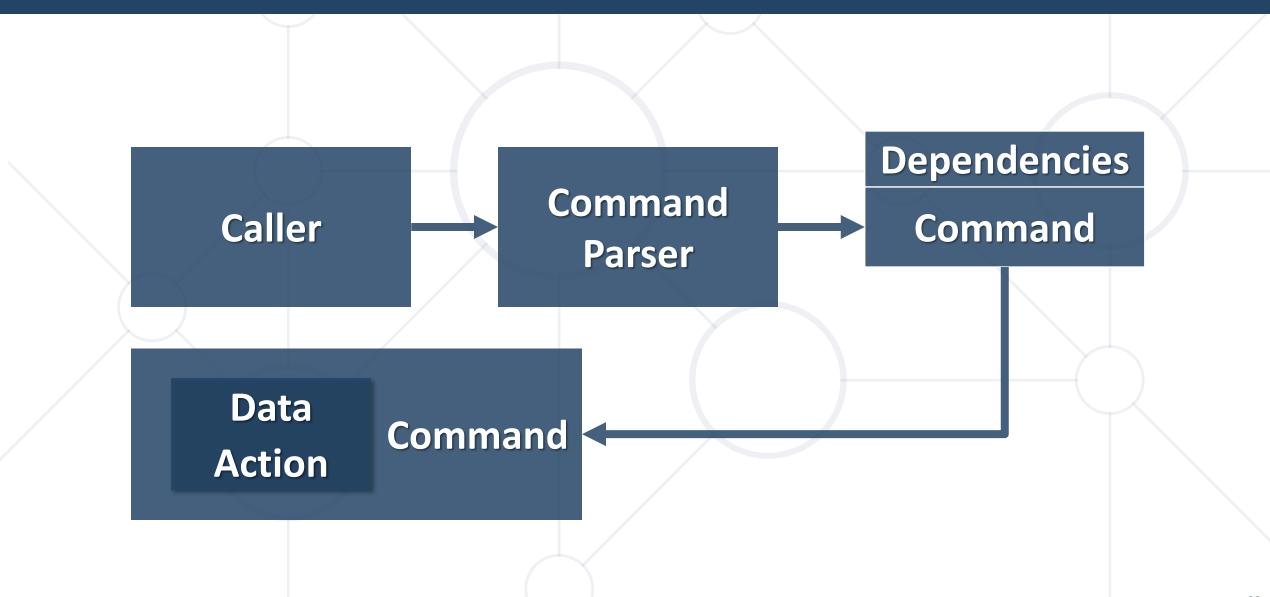
#### **Service Locator**





#### **Command Pattern**





#### **Repository Pattern**



- It works with the domain entities and performs data access logic
- The domain entities, the data access logic and the business logic talk to each other using interfaces
- It hides the details of data access from the business logic
- Business logic can access the data object without having knowledge of the underlying data access architecture

#### **Repository Pattern**



Without repository

Business logic

Data access logic

With repository

**Business logic** 

Interface



Repository with data access logic

Interface



**Domain entities** 

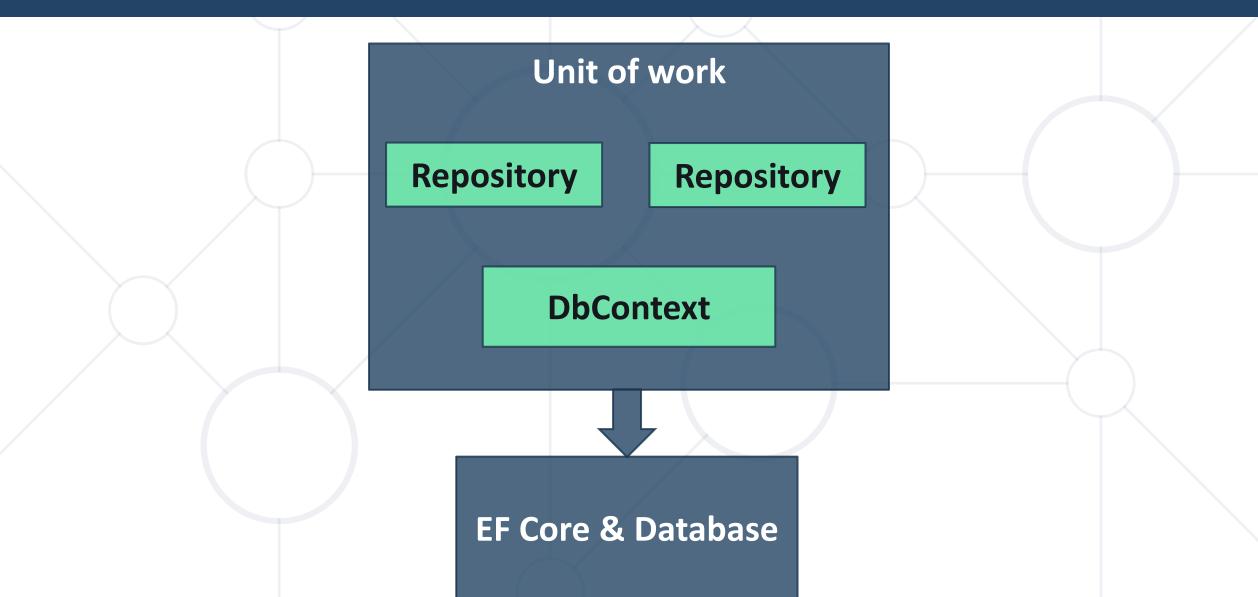
#### **Unit of Work**



- Serves one purpose to make sure that when you use multiple repositories, they share a single database context
- With a Unit of Work, you might also choose to implement Undo / Rollback functionality
  - When using Entity Framework Core, the recommended approach to undo is to discard your context with the changes you are interested in undoing

#### **Unit of Work**







## **Best Practices and Architecture**

Live Demo

#### **Summary**



- Project structure is important as an application is scaled
- Entity Framework Core performance can be improved by following certain guidelines
- Design Patterns define a common approach to solving certain development problems





## Questions?



















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