```
In [1]: print("Hello, world!")
                     Hello, world!
  In [ ]: #python is a scripting language which can be used for various development & analytical purpose
  In [2]:
                      #data types
                       n1=10 #integer values(whole numbers)
                      #characters, string values
  In [3]:
                       name="Harshit Shukla" #string data
                      #decimal numbers
  In [4]:
                       f1=34.567 #float values
                      #store multiple together
  In [5]:
                       #list of values
                       l1=[ 1,"Harshit",23.456,10.91, -98,-87]
  In [6]:
                       tp=(1, "Harshit", 23.45)
  In [7]: #dictionary
                       d1={ "id": 1 , "name": "Harshit", "data": 23.45 }
 In [8]: #mutable----->value that can be change(list, dictionaries)
 In [9]: # immutable----> cannot be changed(tuples, string)
In [10]: print( d1 )
                     {'id': 1, 'name': 'Harshit', 'data': 23.45}
In [12]: print( n1 ,
                                                                                                name )
                     10 Harshit Shukla
 In [ ]: #separator option changes the characters used for separating items in a print statement
In [14]: print( l1, f1,sep="----")
                     [1, 'Harshit', 23.456, 10.91, -98, -87]-----34.567
In [15]: print( l1, f1, name, d1, sep="----")
                     [1, 'Harshit', 23.456, 10.91, -98, -87]-----34.567------Harshit Shukla------{'id': 1, 'name': 'Harshit', 'data':
                     23.45}
In [17]: print( l1, f1,name,d1,sep="^^^^")
                     [1, 'Harshit', 23.456, 10.91, -98, -87]^^^^^34.567^^^^^Harshit Shukla^^^^^{{id': 1, 'name': 'Harshit', 'data':
                     23.45}
                                         l1, f1, sep="----", end="&&&&&")
In [19]: print(
                                          name, d1, sep="^^^^")
                     [1, 'Harshit', 23.456, 10.91, -98, -87]-----34.567&&&&&Harshit Shukla^^^^^{{id'}}: 1, 'name': 'Harshit', 'data': 'Harshit', '
                     23.45}
In [20]: d1['name']
```

```
Out[20]: 'Harshit'
In [21]: name = input("Enter your name: ") #name is data given as input
         Enter your name: Harshit S
In [22]: print( name )
         Harshit S
In [ ]: #use type function to verify data type
In [23]: print ( type(f1) )
         <class 'float'>
In [24]: print ( type(l1),type(d1) )
         <class 'list'> <class 'dict'>
In [25]: print ( type(tp),type(name), sep="\n" )
         <class 'tuple'> <class 'str'>
In [26]: age=input("Enter your age: ")
         Enter your age: 28
In [28]: print( type(age) )
         <class 'str'>
In [29]: age= int( input("Enter your age: " ) )
         Enter your age: 28
In [30]: print( type(age) ) #
         <class 'int'>
In [31]: #arithmetic operations
         print( 10 + 20 ) #addition
         30
In [32]: print( 10 - 20 ) #subtraction
         -10
In [33]: print( 10 * 20 ) #multiplication
         200
In [34]: print( 10 ** 2 ) #two stars is exponent operation ---> 10 raised to the power 2
```

100

```
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```

```
In [35]: print( 10 / 20 ) #division. float division
         0.5
In [36]: print( 10 / 3 ) #division. float division
         3.333333333333333
In [37]: print( 10 // 3 ) #floor division
         3
In [39]: #remainder of a division operation
          print( 10 % 3 ) #remainder.
         1
 In [3]:
                  3 <----quotient
           3 ) 10
                 1<----remainder
          print("division example")
         division example
In [42]: #take 2 numbers from the user. multiply and show result
          n1=int(input("Enter number 1: "))
n2=int(input("Enter number 2: "))
          print("The result of " , n1 , " multiplied by " , n2, "is", n1*n2)
         Enter number 1: 10
         Enter number 2: 4
         The result of 10 multiplied by 4 is 40
In [43]: #take 2 numbers from the user. multiply and show result
          n1=int(input("Enter number 1: "))
          n2=int(input("Enter number 2: "))
          print("The result of " , n1 , " multiplied by " , n2, "is", n1*n2)
         Enter number 1: 2
         Enter number 2: 3
         The result of \ 2 multiplied by \ 3 is \ 6
In [46]: import sys
          sys.version
Out[46]: '3.8.6 (default, Jan 27 2021, 15:42:20) \n[GCC 10.2.0]'
In []: # python 3.6+
In [45]: print( f"The result of {n1} multiplied by {n2} is {n1*n2}" ) #formatted string
```

```
In [48]: #conditional programming
          age=int(input("Enter your age: "))
          if age >= 18:
              print("You can vote")
         Enter your age: 15
In [50]: #conditional programming
          age=int(input("Enter your age: "))
          if age >= 18:
              print("You can vote")
          else:
              print("You are not allowed to vote as you not of voting age")
         Enter your age: 25
         You can vote
In [55]: age=int(input("Enter your age: "))
          gender=input("Enter your gender: ")
          if age < 18 and age > 0:
              print("You CANNOT MARRY AT THIS AGE")
          elif age>=18 and gender == "female":
              print("you can legally marry in any state of India")
          elif age>=21 and gender == "male":
              print("you can legally marry in any state of India")
          elif age>=18 and age<=21 and gender=="male":</pre>
              print("You can marry once you turn 21")
          else:
              print("Please check the age input given")
         Enter your age: 31
         Enter your gender: female
         you can legally marry in any state of India
In [56]:
          import os
          os.getcwd()
Out[56]: '/home/harshit'
In [58]: n1=int(input("Enter a number: "))
          # if you don't know the exact number of times a loop is to be executed, but you know the condition
          #when to stop
          while n1 < 10:
              print( n1 )
              n1=n1+1
          print("hello")
         Enter a number: 5
         6
         8
         hello
In [59]: #for loop
          the exact iterations/cycle to be run should be clear
          #end value is not inclusive
          #for(int count=1;count< 11 ; count++)</pre>
          for count in range(1,11,1):
```

```
print(count)
         1
         2
         3
         4
         5
        6
         7
         8
         9
         10
In [60]: #for(count=10; count > 6; count --)
          for count in range(10,6,-1):
             print(count)
         10
         9
         8
         7
                               3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
In [61]:
          # 10
          for count in range(10,2,-3):
             print(count)
         10
         7
         4
In [62]: #start value has a default of 0
         #step value has a default of +1
          for count in range(1,11):
              print(count)
         1
         2
         3
         4
         5
         6
         7
         8
         9
         10
In [63]: for count in range(1,11):
             print(count,end="\t")
                                                                        9
         1
                 2
                         3
                                        5
                                                6
                                                        7
                                                                8
                                                                               10
In [64]: for count in range(11): #only one number means ending point
             print(count,end="\t")
                 1
                         2
                                3
                                                5
                                                        6
                                                                7
                                                                                        10
         print(
                 len("harshit") )
In [65]:
         7
         for index in range( len("harshit") ):
In [66]:
              print(index)
         0
         1
         2
```

```
6
In [67]: #string class
          name="Harshit Shukla"
          print(f"{name} in upper case {name.upper()} ")
         Harshit Shukla in upper case HARSHIT SHUKLA
In [68]: print( "python".upper() )
         PYTHON
In [70]: print( input("Enter a string: ").upper() )
         Enter a string: demo data
         DEMO DATA
In [71]: print( "PytHoN".lower() )
         python
In [72]:
         print( "TeMpDaTA".swapcase() ) #interchange the casing
         tEmPdAta
In [74]: help("data".count ) #don't call count function
         Help on built-in function count:
         count(...) method of builtins.str instance
             S.count(sub[, start[, end]]) -> int
             Return the number of non-overlapping occurrences of substring sub in
             string S[start:end]. Optional arguments start and end are
             interpreted as in slice notation.
In [76]: print( "dataTodata".count("data") )
         2
In [ ]:
          upper
          lower
          swapcase
          count
In [77]: print( "DataToData".replace( "a","X" ) ) #replace part of a string
         DXtXToDXtX
         print( "DataToData".find("To") ) #first ocurrence from the start. gives index
In [78]:
         4
In [70]: name=input("Enter your first name and last name together with a space in between: ")
```

3 4 5

```
print( name.split(" ") )
         Enter your first name and last name together with a space in between: Harshit Shukla
         ['Harshit', 'Shukla']
In [80]: print( input("Enter your first name and last name together with a space in between: ").split(" "))
         Enter your first name and last name together with a space in between: Harshit Shukla
         ['Harshit', 'Shukla']
         msg="Enter your first name and last name together with a space in between: "
In [81]:
          firstName, lastName = input(msg).split(" ")
         Enter your first name and last name together with a space in between: Harshit Shukla
In [82]: print(firstName)
         Harshit
In [83]: print(lastName)
         Shukla
In (84): data=[ "this", "is", "a", "test" ]
          sentence=""
          for word in data:
             sentence= sentence+ word+ " "
          print(sentence)
         this is a test
In [85]: print( " ".join(data)
         this is a test
In [86]: #trimming of data!!!!!
          name=input("Enter your name: ")
          print(name)
         Enter your name:
                                Harshit Shukla
               Harshit Shukla
In [87]:
         name=input("Enter your name: ").strip() #trip and remove spaces from start and end
          print(name)
         Enter your name:
                                harshit shukla
         harshit shukla
In [90]: name=input("Enter your name: ").replace(" ","") #replace and remove spaces from start, middle and end
          print(name)
         Enter your name:
                               h a rshit shukla
         harshitshukla
In [88]: print( "Harshit2378".isalpha() )
         False
```

```
In [89]: | print( "Harshit2378".isalnum() )
        True
         In [91]:
         False
In [93]: #program for checking if input given by the user has special characters
         if input("enter a string: ").isalnum():
             print("No special characters found")
         else:
             print("SPECIAL CHARACTERS OBSERVED")
         enter a string: har sh i t
         SPECIAL CHARACTERS OBSERVED
In [97]: #for each loop
         for letter in "harshit":
             print(letter,end="---")
         h---a---r---s---h---i---t---
In [98]: #vowels in a given string:
         vowels=['a','e','i','o','u']
         #for a letter in user input converted to lower case
         for letter in input("Enter a string: ").lower():
             #if the letter is also present in vowel list
             if letter in vowels:
                 print(letter) #print the letter as it is definitely a vowel
        Enter a stringharshit
         i
In [ ]: #indexing and slicing
         #providing a position and fetching the character at that position
In [ ]:
           0
                      1
                                   2
                                               3
                                                           4
                                                                     5
                                                                                 6
             h
                                                           h
                                                                                 t
            -7
                       -6
                                                                                -1
In [100... name="harshit"
         print( name[5] )
         print(name[-2])
        i
In [101_ print(name[-6])
        а
In [102... #slicing part
         print( name[ 0:3:1 ] )
        har
```

```
In [103... print( name[ 1:4:1 ] )
         ars
In [104... print( name[ 1:6:2 ] )
         asi
In [105... print( name[ :6:2 ] )
         hrh
In [107... print( name[ -1:-4:-1 ] )
         tih
In [108... print( name[ ::-1 ] )
         tihsrah
In [109… | #program to reverse a user given string
          print( input("Enter a string")[ ::-1] )
         Enter a stringharshit shukla
         alkuhs tihsrah
In [111... #list objects
          l1=[1,2,3,78.21,-98,78,"harshit",True,False, ['a','e','u'] ]
In [112... print(l1[-1])
         ['a', 'e', 'u']
In [113... print( l1[1:4:1])
         [2, 3, 78.21]
In [114_ data=input("Enter some data in string form")
          l1.append(data)
         Enter some data in string formtemp
In [115... print(l1)
         [1, 2, 3, 78.21, -98, 78, 'harshit', True, False, ['a', 'e', 'u'], 'temp']
In [116... l1[0] = input("Enter some data in string form") #lists are mutable
          print(l1)
         Enter some data in string formpython
         ['python', 2, 3, 78.21, -98, 78, 'harshit', True, False, ['a', 'e', 'u'], 'temp']
In [117... copy_list=l1.copy() #an actual copy
In [120... print(copy_list)
```

```
print(l1)
          print(id(copy_list)) #memory address
          print(id(l1))
         ['python', 2, 3, 78.21, -98, 78, 'harshit', True, False, ['a', 'e', 'u'], 'temp']
         ['python', 2, 3, 78.21, -98, 78, 'harshit', True, False, ['a', 'e', 'u'], 'temp']
         140163718752832
         140163716094016
In [121...
          temp = l1 #alternate name
          print(temp)
          print(l1)
          print(id(temp)) #memory address
          print(id(l1))
         ['python', 2, 3, 78.21, -98, 78, 'harshit', True, False, ['a', 'e', 'u'], 'temp']
         ['python', 2, 3, 78.21, -98, 78, 'harshit', True, False, ['a', 'e', 'u'], 'temp']
         140163716094016
         140163716094016
         temp[0]="XYZ"
In [122...
          print(temp)
          print(l1)
         ['XYZ', 2, 3, 78.21, -98, 78, 'harshit', True, False, ['a', 'e', 'u'], 'temp']
         ['XYZ', 2, 3, 78.21, -98, 78, 'harshit', True, False, ['a', 'e', 'u'], 'temp']
In [ ]:
               temp---->[
                                                       ]<-----l1
          copy_list.clear() #removing all elements from the list. Truncating operation
In [123...
          print(copy_list)
         []
In [124... print( l1 )
         ['XYZ', 2, 3, 78.21, -98, 78, 'harshit', True, False, ['a', 'e', 'u'], 'temp']
In [125...
          #reverse the list IN-PLACE
          print( l1 , id(l1),sep="\n")
          l1.reverse() #reverse the given list
          print( l1 , id(l1), sep="\n")
         ['XYZ', 2, 3, 78.21, -98, 78, 'harshit', True, False, ['a', 'e', 'u'], 'temp']
         140163716094016
         ['temp', ['a', 'e', 'u'], False, True, 'harshit', 78, -98, 78.21, 3, 2, 'XYZ']
         140163716094016
          0.00
 In [ ]:
          copy
          append
          clear
          reverse
          extend
In [126...
          name="harshit"
          print(id(name))
         140163846034096
In [128...
          copy_string=name[::-1]
          print(copy_string)
          print(id(copy_string))
```

tihsrah

```
In [129... l1=[9,8,7,6]
          another=[ 10,20,30,40 ] #separate list
          l1.extend( another ) #extend the list l1 to include all values from another
          print(l1)
         [9, 8, 7, 6, 10, 20, 30, 40]
In [ ]: #list in python is a doubly linked list implementation
In [134_ #append--->add element to the end!
          l1.insert(2,23.4567)
          print(l1)
         [9, 8, 23.4567, 23.4567, 23.4567, 23.4567, 23.4567, 7, 6, 10, 20, 30, 40]
In [135... #deleting an entry from the list in 2 ways
          #first---->specify the index
          l1.pop(2)
          print(l1)
         [9, 8, 23.4567, 23.4567, 23.4567, 23.4567, 7, 6, 10, 20, 30, 40]
In [136... ll.pop(0)
          print(l1)
         [8, 23.4567, 23.4567, 23.4567, 23.4567, 7, 6, 10, 20, 30, 40]
In [137... item = l1.pop(-2)
          print(item)
          print(l1)
         [8, 23.4567, 23.4567, 23.4567, 23.4567, 7, 6, 10, 20, 40]
In [138… | #second method----> specify the name of the item
          l1.remove(7)
          print(l1)
         [8, 23.4567, 23.4567, 23.4567, 23.4567, 6, 10, 20, 40]
 In [ ]: """
          сору
          append
          clear
          reverse
          extend
          insert
          pop
          remove
In [139... #sorting
                   -19,-17,21,13,10,9,-4
          data=[
          data.sort(reverse=False) #ascending order
          print(data)
         [-19, -17, -4, 9, 10, 13, 21]
```

```
In [140... data=[ -19,-17,21,13,10,9,-4 ]
          data.sort(reverse=True) #descending order
          print(data)
         [21, 13, 10, 9, -4, -17, -19]
In [142...
          #can't sort a list of string and numbers mixed
          test=[ 1,-1,10, "harshit", "ytry"]
          test.sort(reverse=False) #cannot sort string and integers
         TypeError
                                                    Traceback (most recent call last)
         <ipython-input-142-9b1648953ee1> in <module>
               1 test=[ 1,-1,10, "harshit", "ytry"]
               2
         ----> 3 test.sort(reverse=False)
         TypeError: '<' not supported between instances of 'str' and 'int'</pre>
In [143... students=[ [1, "Akshay"], [3, "John"], [2, "Hiten"]
          students.sort( key= lambda x : x[0] )
          print(students)
         [[1, 'Akshay'], [2, 'Hiten'], [3, 'John']]
In [144...
         students=[ [1,"Akshay"],[3,"John"],[2,"Hiten"]
          students.sort( key= lambda x : x[1] )
          print(students)
         [[1, 'Akshay'], [2, 'Hiten'], [3, 'John']]
                       [11, "Akshay", 24000],
In [145...
          employees=[
                        [33, "John", 18000],
                        [22, "Hiten", 50000]
          #sort this list in ascending order of their salaries
          employees.sort( key= lambda x : x[2] )
          print(employees)
         [[33, 'John', 18000], [11, 'Akshay', 24000], [22, 'Hiten', 50000]]
          #a dictionary is a pair of key and value
In [146...
          student={ "id": 1 , "name" : "John", "age": 23 }
          print( student.keys() ) #all the keys from the dictionary
         dict_keys(['id', 'name', 'age'])
In [147...
          for key in student.keys():
              print(key)
         id
         name
         age
In [148... print( student.values())
         dict_values([1, 'John', 23])
In [149. for value in student.values():
```

```
print(value)
         1
         John
         23
In [150... print( student.items() )
         dict_items([('id', 1), ('name', 'John'), ('age', 23)])
In [151...
          for key, value in student.items():
             print(f"{key}---->{value}")
         name---->John
         age---->23
In [152… #example---->return the name of the student
          print( student[ 'name' ] )
         John
In [153... print( student[ 'age' ] )
         23
In [154... print( student[ 'xyz' ] )
         KeyError
                                                     Traceback (most recent call last)
         <ipython-input-154-98d67359171c> in <module>
         ----> 1 print( student[ 'xyz' ] )
         KeyError: 'xyz'
In [156...
         #take 2 labels from the users one by one. show the corresponding values
          key1=input("Enter your key: ")
          print(student[key1])
          key2=input("Enter your key: ")
          print(student[key2])
         Enter your key: xyz
          KeyError
                                                     Traceback (most recent call last)
          <ipython-input-156-814cb74e5bec> in <module>
               4 key1=input("Enter your key: ")
          ----> 5 print(student[key1])
               6
               7 key2=input("Enter your key: ")
         KeyError: 'xyz'
          key1=input("Enter your key: ")
print( student.get(key1, "key not found") )
In [157...
          key2=input("Enter your key: ")
          print(student.get(key2, "key not found"))
         Enter your key: xyz
         key not found
         Enter your key: age
         23
```

```
In [158… | #modify / add entries to dictionary
          student.update( {"marks":[ 23,45,67 ] } )
          print(student)
         {'id': 1, 'name': 'John', 'age': 23, 'marks': [23, 45, 67]}
In [159...
          student.update( {"gender":"male" } )
          print(student)
         {'id': 1, 'name': 'John', 'age': 23, 'marks': [23, 45, 67], 'gender': 'male'}
          student.update( {"gender":"DEMO DATA" } )
In [160...
          print(student)
         {'id': 1, 'name': 'John', 'age': 23, 'marks': [23, 45, 67], 'gender': 'DEMO DATA'}
In [161...
        student.setdefault( 'gender', "female" )
Out[161... 'DEMO DATA'
In [162... print(student)
         {'id': 1, 'name': 'John', 'age': 23, 'marks': [23, 45, 67], 'gender': 'DEMO DATA'}
In [163... student.setdefault( 'language', "english" )
Out[163... 'english'
In [164... print(student)
         {'id': 1, 'name': 'John', 'age': 23, 'marks': [23, 45, 67], 'gender': 'DEMO DATA', 'language': 'english'}
In [165... #remove entry by specifying key
          removed_val = student.pop('gender', "KEY IS NOT FOUND")
          print(removed_val)
         DEMO DATA
In [166... print(student)
         {'id': 1, 'name': 'John', 'age': 23, 'marks': [23, 45, 67], 'language': 'english'}
          removed_val = student.pop('xyz', "KEY IS NOT FOUND")
In [167...
          print(removed val)
          print(student)
         KEY IS NOT FOUND
         {'id': 1, 'name': 'John', 'age': 23, 'marks': [23, 45, 67], 'language': 'english'}
In [168...
         #popitem
          removed_item= student.popitem()
          print(removed_item)
         ('language', 'english')
```

In [169__ print(student)

```
TIL [ TOUR | P. T. . . ( O COMO... c )
         {'id': 1, 'name': 'John', 'age': 23, 'marks': [23, 45, 67]}
In [176...
          keys=[1,2,3]
          values=["harshit","mayur","arun"]
          example={}
          for k,v in zip(keys,values):
              example.update( { k : v } )
          print(example)
          {1: 'harshit', 2: 'mayur', 3: 'arun'}
In [179...
          employees={
          "mumbai":
                       {1: 'harshit', 2: 'mayur', 3: 'arun'},
           "delhi": {1: 'john', 2: 'mathew', 3: 'jacob'}
          }
          print(employees)
          {'mumbai': {1: 'harshit', 2: 'mayur', 3: 'arun'}, 'delhi': {1: 'john', 2: 'mathew', 3: 'jacob'}}
In [180...
          import pandas as pd
          pd.DataFrame(employees)
            mumbai
Out[180...
                       delhi
            harshit
         2
              mayur mathew
               arun
                       jacob
In [184... #tuple---->immutable data type
          tp=("23.45N","45.67W")
In [185... print(tp)
          ('23.45N', '45.67W')
In [186... print(tp[-1])
         45.67W
In [187... print(tp[::-1])
          ('45.67W', '23.45N')
In [188... tp.count("23.45N")
Out[188... 1
In [189_ tp.index("23.45N")
Out[189... 0
In [190_{...}] tp[0] = "33.96N"
                                                     Traceback (most recent call last)
         TypeError
         <ipython-input-190-94630f4582fe> in <module>
         ---> 1 tp[0] = "33.96N"
```

```
In [ ]: #function is a task designed for some purpose
In [191...
          def magic():
              print("this is line 1")
              print("magic called")
In [192...
          print(10 % 3)
          print("hello")
          if 1 > 3:
              print("do something")
          magic()
         1
         hello
         this is line 1
         magic called
In [193... #addition function for accepting 2 numbers and printing the result
          def addition(x , y):
              print(x + y)
In [194... addition( 10,20 )
          addition( 10.21,20.789
          addition("python", " language")
          addition( (1,2) , (3,4) )
         30
         30.999000000000002
         python language
         (1, 2, 3, 4)
In [ ]: l1.sort() #sort method of list class
          sort = sorted(tp) #sorted function of python standard library
 In [ ]:
          sort
In [ ]: #addition function for accepting 2 numbers and printing the result
          def addition(x , y):
              print(x + y)
In [195... #subtration function for accepting 2 numbers and returning the difference
          \ensuremath{\text{def}} subtraction(x , y):
              return x - y
          print ( subtraction(10,5) )
         5
In [196... #how to pass arguments as keywords?
          def subtraction(x , y):
              return x - y
          print( subtraction( 10, 5 ) )
          print( subtraction(5,10) )
         5
         -5
```

```
In [197... | #how to pass arguments as keywords?
          def subtraction(x , y):
             return x - y
          #keyword arguments
          print( subtraction( x=10, y=5 ) )
          print( subtraction(y=5, x=10))
         5
         5
In [198_ #default values
          def subtraction(x=10 , y=5):
            return x - y
          #keyword arguments
         print( subtraction( x=20, y=6 ) )
         print( subtraction(y=6,x=0) )
         14
         14
In [ ]: l1.sort()
In [199... print( subtraction(y=6) )
         4
In [200... addition(10) #this will not work as addition has no default
                                                   Traceback (most recent call last)
         TypeError
         <ipython-input-200-dca566d4b68d> in <module>
         ----> 1 addition(10)
        TypeError: addition() missing 1 required positional argument: 'y'
In [203... #variable length arguments
          \# def add(x,y):
          # return x+y
          def add( *args ): #a tuple called args
             print(f"tuple is {args}")
              sum=0
             for value in args:
                 sum=sum+value
             print(sum)
          add(10)
          add(20,10)
          add(30,40,10)
          add(67,18.-19,20,10,20,30)
         add()
         tuple is (10,)
         10
         tuple is (20, 10)
         30
         tuple is (30, 40, 10)
         80
         tuple is (67, -1.0, 20, 10, 20, 30)
         146.0
         tuple is ()
         0
In [207... #variable length arguments
          \# def add(x,y):
             return x+y
          def subtract( x,*args ): #a tuple called args
```

```
print(f"tuple is {args}")
              total=0
              for value in args:
                  total=total+value
              print(total)
              print( x - total )
          subtract( 10,20,30 )
          subtract(10)
          subtract()
         tuple is (20, 30)
         50
         -40
         tuple is ()
         10
         TypeError
                                                   Traceback (most recent call last)
         <ipython-input-207-63dc6c35d553> in <module>
              19 subtract(10)
              20
         ---> 21 subtract()
         TypeError: subtract() missing 1 required positional argument: 'x'
In [210... def addition(x,y,z):
              print(x+y+z)
          tp=(10,20,30)
          addition( *tp )
In [ ]: #first-class-function
In [211... print( type(addition))
         <class 'function'>
In [212... #you can do everything with a function object that you can normally do with object any other type
          #functions can be stored in variables
          f1=addition
In [213. addition(10,20,30)
         60
In [214... f1(10,20,30)
         60
In [215... f2 = lambda x, y, z : print(x+y+z)
          f2(10,20,30)
         60
In [218...
          def helper( l1 , f1 ):
              for num in l1:
                  f1(num)
In [219... def percent90(x):
              print(0.9*x)
```

```
def sqrt(x):
              print( x^{**}(1/2) ) #any number raised to the power of 1/2 gives its square root
In [220. helper([1,2,3,4,5], percent90) ##WOW! function passed to funtion
         0.9
         1.8
         2.7
         3.6
         4.5
In [221... helper([1,2,3,4,5], sqrt)
         1.0
         1.4142135623730951
         1.7320508075688772
         2.0
         2.23606797749979
In [222... #store functions in containers??
          func=[ sqrt,percent90 ]
          print(func)
         [<function sqrt at 0x7f7a40353c10>, <function percent90 at 0x7f7a40353d30>]
In [223... func[-1](1000.00)
         900.0
```