

21.1 . SOME MORE EXAMPLES OF FOR LOOP TIME COMPLEXITIES

```
for( $k = 1, i = 1; k \leq n; i++$ ){
 $c = c + 1$ ;  $--- \rightarrow$  Statement
 $k = k + i$ ;
}
```

SOLUTION

THEN WHAT IS THE UPPER BOUND HERE?

k	i	n	$i++$	$k+i$
1	1	n	2	$1+1$
2	2	n	3	$1+1+2$
4	3	n	4	$1+1+2+3$
....
$1+1+2$ $+3+\dots$ $+k-1$	k	n		$1+1+2+3+\dots+$ $k-1+k$

$$k = 1 + (1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + k - 1 + k)$$

if we exclude 1 here : Then we get \Rightarrow

$$\Rightarrow (1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + k - 1 + k) \leq n$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{k(k+1)}{2} \leq n$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{k^2 + k}{2} \leq n$$

$$\Rightarrow k^2 + k \leq 2n$$

$$\Rightarrow k^2 + k - 2n \leq 0$$

By quadratic equation:

$$\frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1^2 - 4 \times 1 \times -2n}}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1 + 8n}}{2}$$

We get:

$$\left(\frac{-1 + \sqrt{1 + 8n}}{2} \right) \text{ and } \left(\frac{-1 - \sqrt{1 + 8n}}{2} \right)$$

And we take the general term for number of times the inner most statement gets printed :

$$\text{ceil of } \left\lceil \frac{-1 + \sqrt{1 + 8n}}{2} \right\rceil$$

And time complexity : $O(\sqrt{n})$