# **SWE619 Assignment-12**

-Amish Papneja -Avinash Arunachalam A Murugappan - Rushil Nandan Dubey <u>Question 3:</u> For most of the semester, we have focused on design considerations for constructing software that does something we want it to do. For this last assignment, I would like students to appreciate just how vulnerable software is to malicious parties intent on attacking their software. Students who find this assignment amusing might wish to take CS 468: Secure Programming and Systems.

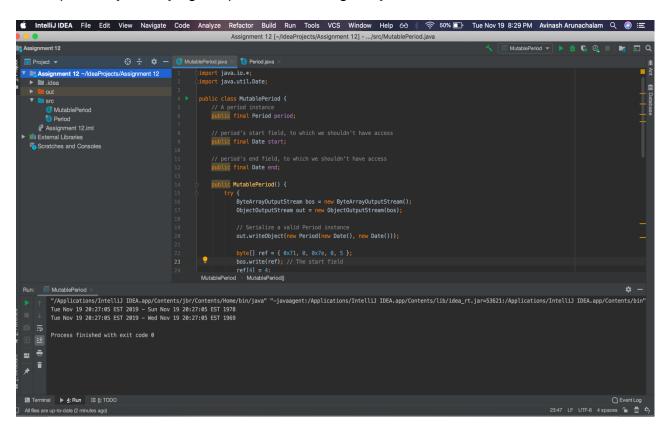
There are two attacks documented in Bloch's Item 88: Write readObject() methods defensively. One is called BogusPeriod, and the other is called MutablePeriod. Implement either (your choice) of these attacks (basically involves typing in code from Bloch) and verify that the attack takes place.

#### **Answer:**

We have choosen MutablePeriod and implemented it for this assignment.

From Bloch's Item 88, we notice that by setting pEnd equal to the MutablePeriod's end date, it's possible to modify pEnd so that it changes the MutablePeriod's date. This would be an issue if an attacker passes on an instance of the MutablePeriod class to a class that depends, for security, on a period's immutability. Serializable and deserializable classes, which can be passed around, need to have defensive copying instead.

We have attached a screenshot below to show that we have verified the attack has taken place, by modifying the pEnd and setting the year we want: which is 78,69.



#### Code: MutablePeriod.Java

```
import java.io.*;
import java.util.Date;
public class MutablePeriod {
  // A period instance
  public final Period period;
  // period's start field, to which we shouldn't have access
  public final Date start;
  // period's end field, to which we shouldn't have access
  public final Date end;
  public MutablePeriod() {
    try {
      ByteArrayOutputStream bos = new ByteArrayOutputStream();
      ObjectOutputStream out = new ObjectOutputStream(bos);
      // Serialize a valid Period instance
      out.writeObject(new Period(new Date(), new Date()));
      byte[] ref = \{0x71, 0, 0x7e, 0, 5\};
      bos.write(ref); // The start field
      ref[4] = 4;
      bos.write(ref); // The end field
      // Deserialize Period and "stolen" Date references
      ObjectInputStream in = new ObjectInputStream(new
ByteArrayInputStream(bos.toByteArray()));
      period = (Period) in.readObject();
      start = (Date) in.readObject();
      end = (Date) in.readObject();
    } catch (IOException | ClassNotFoundException e) {
      throw new AssertionError(e);
    }
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    MutablePeriod mp = new MutablePeriod();
    Period p = mp.period;
    Date pEnd = mp.end;
```

```
// Let's turn back the clock
pEnd.setYear(78);
System.out.println(p);

// Bring back the 60s!
pEnd.setYear(69);
System.out.println(p);
}
}
```

#### Period.Java:

```
import java.util.Date;
import java.io.Serializable;
// Immutable class that uses defensive copying
public final class Period implements Serializable{
  private final Date start;
  private final Date end;
  public Period(Date start, Date end) {
    this.start = new Date(start.getTime());
    this.end = new Date(end.getTime());
    if (this.start.compareTo(this.end) > 0) {
       throw new IllegalArgumentException(start + " after " + end);
    }
  }
  public Date start () {return new Date(start.getTime()); }
  public Date end () {return new Date(end.getTime()); }
  public String toString() {return start + " - " + end;}
}
```

## **Contributions:**

## -Amish Papneja

- Helped implement and discuss story for assignment 12
- Contributed to discussion regarding this assignment

## -Avinash Arunachalam A Murugappan

- Helped implement and discuss story for assignment 12
- Contributed to discussion regarding this assignment

## - Rushil Nandan Dubey

- Helped implement and discuss story for assignment 12
- Contributed to discussion regarding this assignment