Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 2_MCQ_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20

Marks Obtained: 17

Section 1: MCQ

1. Which pointer helps in traversing a doubly linked list in reverse order?

Answer

prev

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

2. Consider the provided pseudo code. How can you initialize an empty two-way linked list?

Define Structure Node

data: Integer

prev: Pointer to Node next: Pointer to Node

End Define

Define Structure TwoWayLinkedList

head: Pointer to Node tail: Pointer to Node

End Define

Answer

struct TwoWayLinkedList* list = malloc(sizeof(struct TwoWayLinkedList)); list->head = NULL; list->tail = NULL;

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

3. How do you reverse a doubly linked list?

Answer

By swapping the next and previous pointers of each node

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

4. Which of the following is false about a doubly linked list?

Answer

Implementing a doubly linked list is easier than singly linked list

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

5. What is the main advantage of a two-way linked list over a one-way linked list?

Answer

Two-way linked lists allow for traversal in both directions.

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

6. Which of the following statements correctly creates a new node for a doubly linked list?

Answer

struct Node newNode = (struct Node*) malloc(sizeof(struct Node));

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

7. What will be the effect of setting the prev pointer of a node to NULL in a doubly linked list?

Answer

The node will become the new head

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

8. What does the following code snippet do?

```
struct Node* newNode = (struct Node*)malloc(sizeof(struct Node));
newNode->data = value;
newNode->next = NULL;
newNode->prev = NULL;
```

Answer

Creates a new node and initializes its data to 'value'

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

9. Which of the following is true about the last node in a doubly linked list?

Answer

Its next pointer is NULL

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

10. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
struct Node {
int data;
  struct Node* next;
  struct Node* prev;
};
int main() {
  struct Node* head = NULL;
  struct Node* temp = (struct Node*)malloc(sizeof(struct Node));
  temp->data = 2;
  temp->next = NULL;
  temp->prev = NULL;
                                                                      247507027
  head = temp;
printf("%d\n", head->data);
  free(temp);
  return 0;
Answer
2
Status: Correct
                                                                 Marks: 1/1
11. Which code snippet correctly deletes a node with a given value from a
doubly linked list?
void deleteNode(Node** head_ref, Node* del_node) {
  if (*head_ref == NULL || del_node == NULL) {
     return;
  if (*head_ref == del_node) {
     *head_ref = del_node->next;
  if (del_node->next != NULL) {
     del_node->next->prev = del_node->prev;
  if (del_node->prev != NULL) {
    del_node->prev->next = del_node->next;
```

free(del_node); }

Answer

Deletes the first occurrence of a given data value in a doubly linked list.

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

12. What happens if we insert a node at the beginning of a doubly linked list?

Answer

The previous pointer of the new node is NULL

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

13. What is the correct way to add a node at the beginning of a doubly linked list?

Answer

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

14. How many pointers does a node in a doubly linked list have?

Answer

2

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

15. Where Fwd and Bwd represent forward and backward links to the adjacent elements of the list. Which of the following segments of code deletes the node pointed to by X from the doubly linked list, if it is assumed that X points to neither the first nor the last node of the list?

```
A doubly linked list is declared as
struct Node {
       int Value;
       struct Node *Fwd;
       struct Node *Bwd;
   );
   Answer
    X-\>Bwd-\>Fwd = X-\>Fwd; X-\>Fwd-\>Bwd = X-\>Bwd;
   Status: Correct
                                                                     Marks: 1/1
       What will be the output of the following program?
   #include <stdio.h>
   #include <stdlib.h>
   struct Node {
     int data;
     struct Node* next:
     struct Node* prev;
   };
   int main() {
    struct Node* head = NULL;
     struct Node* tail = NULL;
     for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
        struct Node* temp = (struct Node*)malloc(sizeof(struct Node));
        temp->data = i + 1;
        temp->prev = tail;
        temp->next = NULL;
        if (tail != NULL) {
          tail->next = temp;
        } else {
          head = temp;
       tail = temp;
```

```
struct Node* current = head;
while (current != NULL) {
    printf("%d ", current->data);
    current = current->next;
}
return 0;
}
Answer
1 2 3 4 5
Status : Correct
```

17. Consider the following function that refers to the head of a Doubly Linked List as the parameter. Assume that a node of a doubly linked list has the previous pointer as prev and the next pointer as next.

Marks: 1/1

Assume that the reference of the head of the following doubly linked list is passed to the below function 1 <--> 2 <--> 3 <--> 4 <--> 5 <--> 6. What should be the modified linked list after the function call?

```
Procedure fun(head_ref: Pointer to Pointer of node)

temp = NULL

current = *head_ref

While current is not NULL

temp = current->prev

current->prev = current->next

current->next = temp

current = current->prev

End While

If temp is not NULL

*head_ref = temp->prev

End If

End Procedure

Answer

6 <-&gt; 5 &lt;-&gt; 4 &lt;-&gt; 3 &lt;-&gt; 1 &lt;-&gt; 2.
```

Marks: 0/1

18. How do you delete a node from the middle of a doubly linked list?

Answer

All of the mentioned options

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

19. Which of the following information is stored in a doubly-linked list's nodes?

Answer

All of the mentioned options

Marks: 1/1 Status: Correct

20. What is a memory-efficient double-linked list?

Answer

Each node has only one pointer to traverse the list back and forth

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1