

Ex No: 1

IMPLEMENT EIGHT QUEENS PROBLEM

Aim:

To develop a Python program that solves the **8-Queens problem** using the **Backtracking algorithm**. The program should ensure that **no two queens attack each other** and display valid chessboard configurations.

Case Scenario:

A chessboard consists of **8×8 squares**, and your task is to place **8 queens** on the board such that **no two queens attack each other**. Queens can attack in **horizontal, vertical, and diagonal** directions.

Task Requirements:

1. **Problem Representation:**
 - Represent the **8-queens problem** as a **constraint satisfaction problem (CSP)** or a **search problem**.
2. **Algorithm Implementation:**
 - Implement a solution using either **Backtracking** or **Genetic Algorithm**.
3. **Output Requirements:**
 - Display a valid **8×8 chessboard** with queens (Q) placed correctly.
 - Show multiple valid solutions if possible.
4. **Performance Analysis:**
 - Compare execution time for different **board sizes (e.g., 4×4, 8×8, 10×10)**.

Procedure:

1. **Start**
2. **Initialize an N×N chessboard with all empty positions (.)**
3. **Define a function `is_safe(board, row, col, N)`:**
 - Check if placing a queen at `(row, col)` violates any constraints.
4. **Define a recursive function `solve_n_queens(board, row, N)`:**
 - If `row == N`, print the board (solution found).
 - Try placing a queen in each column (0 to N-1).
 - If `is_safe() == True`, place the queen and recurse for the next row.
 - If placing a queen leads to failure, backtrack (remove the queen).
5. **Call `solve_n_queens()` for the first row (`row = 0`).**
6. **If a solution is found, print the board; else, print "No solution exists."**
7. **End**

Program

```
import copy
```

```
N = 8 # Size of the chessboard (8x8)
```

```
# Function to print the solution
```

```
def printSolution(board):
```

```
    for row in board:
```

```
        for i in range(N):
```

```
            print("Q" if row[i] else ".", end=" ")
```

```
        print()
```

```
    print() # Add a newline for readability
```

```
# Function to check if a queen can be placed on board[row][col]
```

```
def isSafe(board, row, col):
```

```
    # Check the column
```

```
    for i in range(row):
```

```
        if board[i][col]:
```

```
            return False
```

```
    # Check the upper left diagonal
```

```
    for i, j in zip(range(row - 1, -1, -1), range(col - 1, -1, -1)):
```

```
        if board[i][j]:
```

```
            return False
```

```
    # Check the upper right diagonal
```

```
    for i, j in zip(range(row - 1, -1, -1), range(col + 1, N)):
```

```
        if board[i][j]:
```

```
            return False
```

```
    return True
```

```

# Function to solve the 8 Queens problem using backtracking
def solve(board, row, solutions):
    if row == N:
        solutions.append(copy.deepcopy(board)) # Deep copy of the board
        printSolution(board)
        return

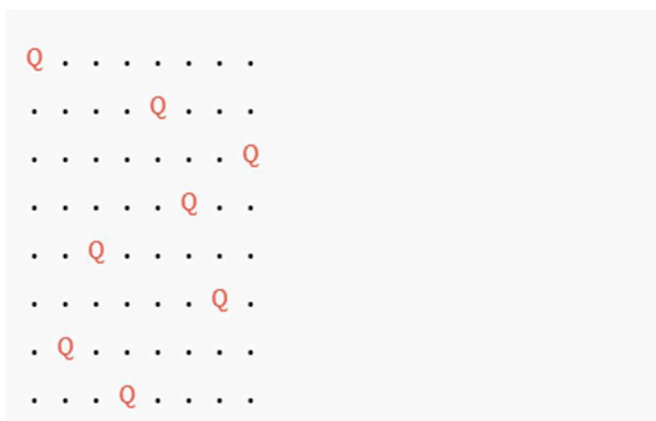
    for col in range(N):
        if isSafe(board, row, col):
            board[row][col] = 1 # Place queen
            solve(board, row + 1, solutions) # Recur to place next queen
            board[row][col] = 0 # Backtrack (remove queen)

# Main function to initialize the board and start solving the problem
def eightQueens():
    board = [[0 for _ in range(N)] for _ in range(N)]
    solutions = [] # Store all solutions
    solve(board, 0, solutions)
    print(f"Total solutions found: {len(solutions)}")

# Calling the function
eightQueens()

```

Output:



```

Q . . . . . . .
. . . . Q . . .
. . . . . . . Q
. . . . . Q . .
. . Q . . . . .
. . . . . . Q .
. Q . . . . . .
. . . Q . . . .

```