

**SIMATS SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING**

**SAVEETHA INSTITUTE OF MEDICAL AND TECHNICAL SCIENCES**

**CHENNAI-602105**

**AN E-COMMERCE SHOPPING WEB-**

**SITE**

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| **ABSTRACT** |  |

The thesis aimed to develop an online shop using open source technologies (PHP, HTML5, CSS3, JavaScript, MySQL and Apache Web Server) for electronics products in Ghana where customers will be able to buy products online.

The designed application will have an admin view and the public or guest view. The admin view is meant for the administrator to update the products, change prices, remove and add products and also manage customers. The customer view will be accessible to the customers, and they will be able to handle their information such as their name, address, and contact. Also, the customer will be able to order for products from the shop.

Keywords Customer, User, PHP, MySQL, HTML5, CSS3

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# 1 INTRODUCTION

E-commerce (electronic commerce or EC) is the buying and selling of goods and services, or the transmitting of funds or data, over an electronic network, primarily the internet. These business transactions occur either as business-to-business, business-toconsumer, consumer-to-consumer or consumer-to-business.

E-commerce shops have become part of our daily lives. Technological advancement has made it possible for people to sit in the convenience of their homes and still shop online without going to a physical shop. Africans have also joined the trend of e-commerce business, so this project is meant to design an eCommerce online shop so that the people in Ghana (Africa)will be able to purchase their goods and services online.

This project is mainly divided into two main categories: The Administrators and the Customers/Users.

The store manager and the staff members operate as the administrators. They can add, edit, update products or, delete products thus they able to change the names of products, change prices and, add or remove products.

The customer can search for products selection, update the cart, remove products from the cart and check out from the shop. The customer is also able to update his information such as names, address and other data.

The User is only able to browse the online shop and add a product to the cart. The user is limited to the use of the shop.

This thesis contains eight chapters to explain the project. The first chapter introduces the project; the second chapter defines the tools and technology used for the project, and the third chapter describes the application and description of the process. The fourth chapter represents the MVC layout, the fifth defines the database and the Gui designs, the sixth chapter explains the implementation process,and the seventh chapter describes the testing of the shop and its features,the eight chapter describes the conclusion of the whole project. The ninth chapter illustrates possible future improvement to the shop.

# 3 APPLICATION AND DESCRIPTION

## 3.1 Overview of the Various Parts

This project has several parts to it, but the most essential are three listed in Table 1. **Table 1**: The overview of the three major parts of the shop

**Administrators**

**Customers**

**User**

*Login*

*access*

*L*

*ogin*

*access*

*Cannot login*

*Can add*

*products*

*Can add to cart*

*Can add to cart*

*Can*

*edit*

*product*

*s*

*Can*

*edit*

*product*

*in carts*

*Can*

*edit*

*product*

*in carts*

*Can*

*view products*

*Can checkout*

*Cannnot check out*

*Can delete customer*

*None*

*None*

**3.2 Administrators Detailed Attribute**

## ➢ Admin register

The administrator needs to register before they can have access to the core data of the shop.

➢ **Admin login**

The admin logs in and can view, add products, manage customers.

## ➢ Admin Edit

The Admin can make changes to the shop such as delete customers, add a customer or, upload new products.

➢ **Manage Customer**

The administrator has the authority to delete or add a customer.

**3.3 Customer Detailed Attribute**

## ➢ sign up

This refers to registering as a customer. The registered member has a lot of privileges associated with the shop when one becomes a customer.

## ➢ Login

After the user has registered, the user becomes a customer, and he or she can log in with their personal information.

## ➢ View

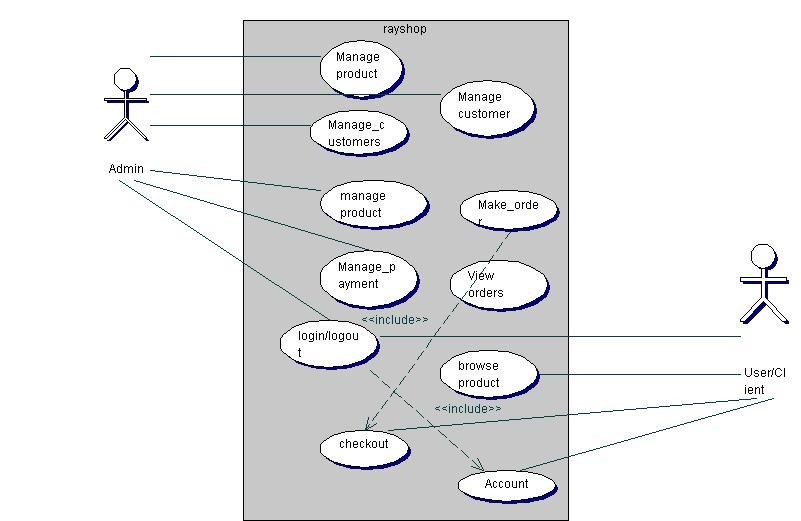
The customer can see all the products in the catalog and able to look at the products and some features on the homepage.

## ➢ Edit

The customer can make changes to their data displayed on the customer page. ➢ **Update Cart**

This refers to putting or removing products from ashopping cart.

Figure 5 is the use case diagram of the shop. One can see the essential attributes associated with both Administrator and Customers/Users.

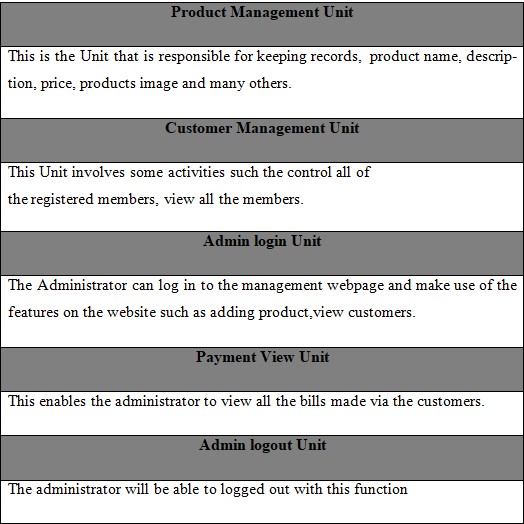


**Figure 5**: Use case diagram of the shop

## 3.4 The Various Management Unit

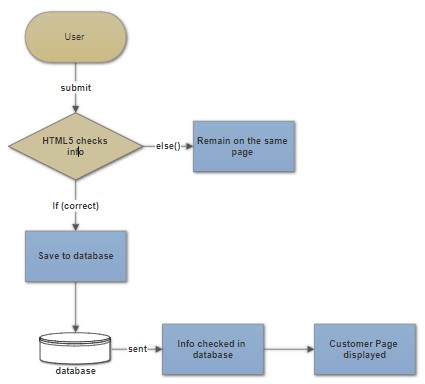
The Administrators play the management role. They make sure everything in the shop runs smoothly. Table 2 lists the various management units.

**Table 2**: Administrators management table



* **User registration**

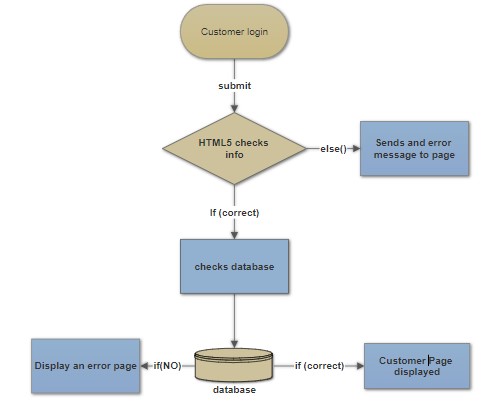
The Users will use their exclusive information to register. After filling the form and submitting it, the html5 checks to see if all the fields entered by the user are correct. If the area is not correctly filled the user remains on the same pagebut if the requirements are met the data goesto the database (table "customers") and saves the information of the User. The User then becomes a customer, and he or she is then directed to the login webpage of the shop. Figure 6 is the diagram that shows the flow of the User's registration.



**Figure 6**: User registration diagram

* **Customer login**

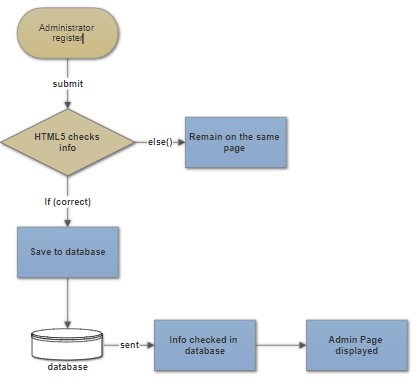
The customer will use his particular data e-mail and passwordto log into the shop. After submitting the form, the html5 checks if all the fields have been filled correctly. If the condition is not met the customer remains on the same page but if the fields are correctly filled the customer login information is sent to the database to check if the data entered into the areas are same as the ones used to register to the database. If it is correct, the customer is redirected to his homepage, and he can successfully pick products and check out if they are done shopping. Figure 7 shows the flow diagram of customer login.



**Figure 7**: Customer login function

* **Administrator Registration**

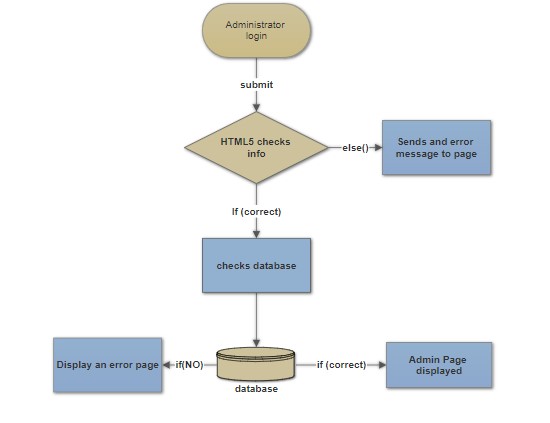
The Administrator will use his particular data such as name, e-mail, and password. After submitting the form, the html5 checks to see if all the fields entered by the adminis correct. If the filed are not correctly filed, or conditions are not met the admin remains on the same page but if all requirements are met admin's information goesto the database and saves the data in the "*Admins*" in the database. After that, the administrator is directed to the admin webpage to log in. The Figure 8 shows the administrator registration diagram.



**Figure 8**:Administration registration diagram

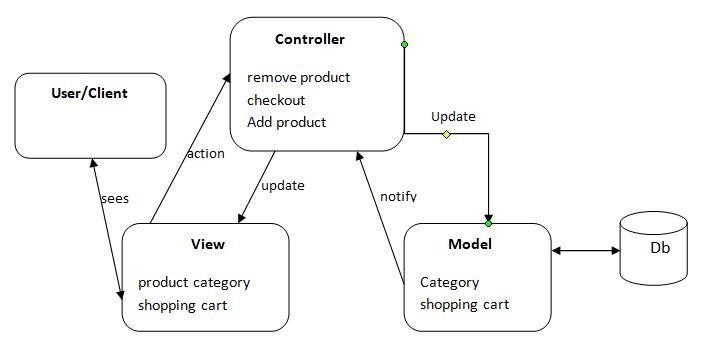
* **Administrator Login**

When the admin logs into the Administrators webpage the html5 checks to see if conditions are met when logging in. If all the information provided are correct, the data is sent to the database to check if the data corresponds to the information used to register. If it matches to the information provided by the Administrator, a page opens, and the admin can have access to the administrator's webpage if not the administrator is restricted from having access to management webpage. The Figure 9 shows the administrator log in diagram.



**Figure 9**: Administrator Login diagram

# 4 MVC UNIT OF SHOPPING CART



**Figure 10**: MVC diagram of the online shop

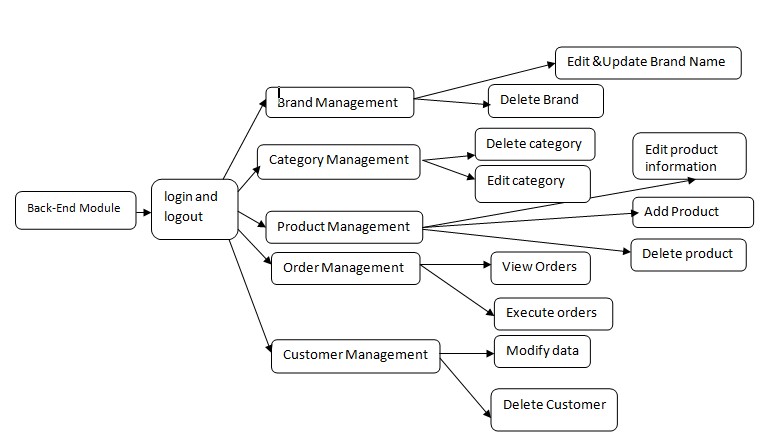
The three parts of the MVC software structure perform the following:

**View** – shows the interface that the person sees (usually, a webpage). The view additives provide records to the user and moves to the Controller for manipulating data.

**Model** – defines the statistics for the software (typically, the facts is saved in a database(DB)). **The controlle**r provides the interface between the View and the model.

**4.1 Back-end Module layout**

This includes Units such as products, brand, category, orders and, customer management modules. Figure 11 shows the diagram of the back-end module.



**Figure 11**: Back-end system management diagram.

The back-end module/Unit is used to manage the backend of the shop. This is only available to the administrators. They can manipulate the shop to suit the conditions they have set for the shop. They also make sure that customers have a good experience when visiting the shop by updating products, deleting products, executing orders to warehouses, and managing customers.

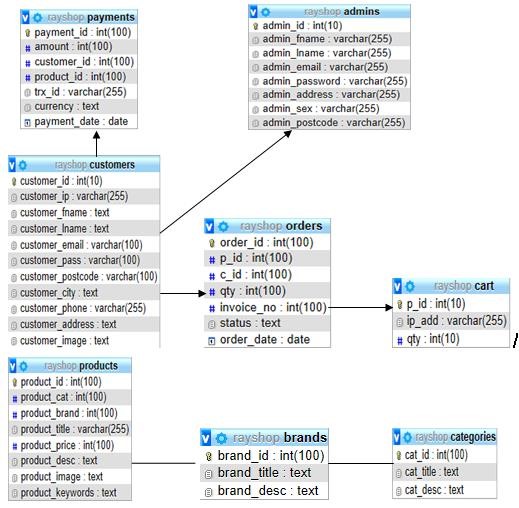
# 5 DATABASE GUI DESIGN

Design for database and GUI application

## 5.1 Database

MySQL database is used to save software data for this project. MySQL is relational database management, and it is free of charge. All of the informationis kept in a selectedtable, and every table has particular range columns and rows. It has eight tables named as admins, brands, cart, categories, customers, orders, payments and products.

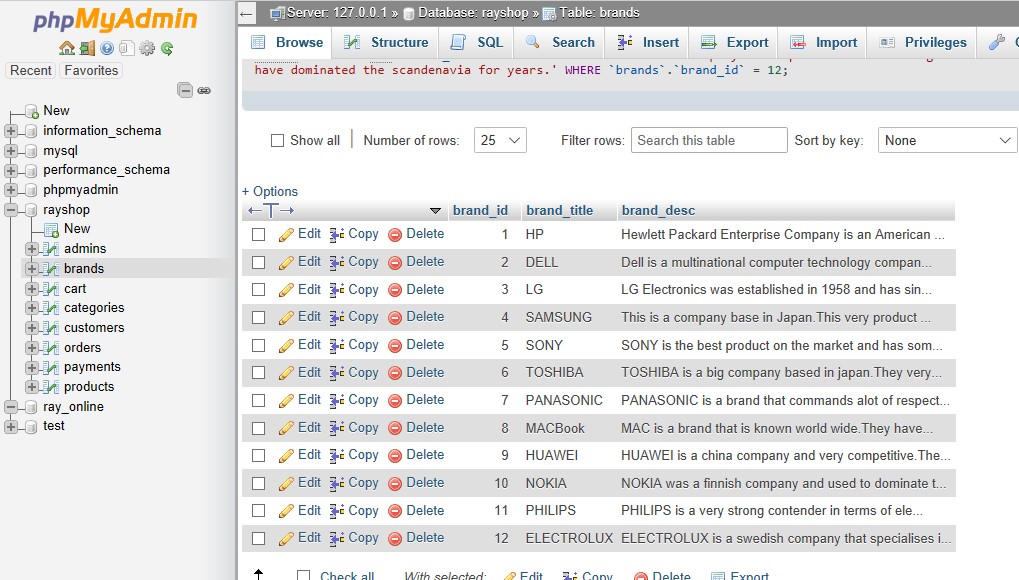
Figure 12 shows the ER-diagram of the eight tables in the database.



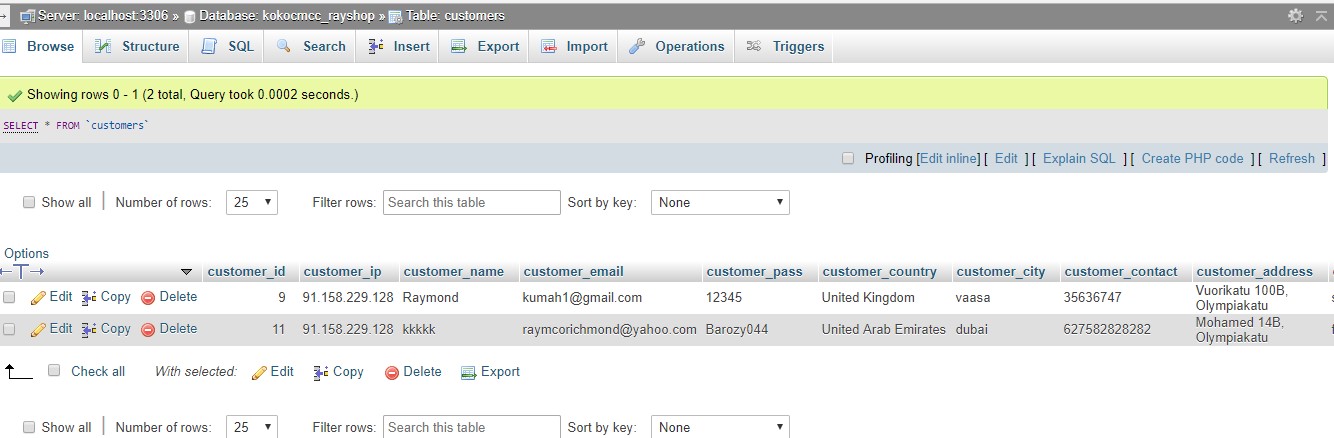
**Figure 12**:ER-diagram of the shop

The ER-diagram has a specific name and it consists of columns and rows.

For each table, we need to mark at the least one area as a primary key. The primary key is usually specified in a particular table. The table "admins" is created to store all the Admin’ information. It consists of eight distinctive fields referred to as columns to shop admin id, first name, last name, email, and password. The email and the password are essential because they are needed for one to login into the shop. "*admin\_id*" is the primary KEY. Many columns of one table may be described as primary KEY. Each column has a name, a datatype and different nonobligatory attributes. Figure 13 only displays different brands of products, brand identity and also the descriptions of the multiple brands.



**Figure 13**: Database table showing various brands



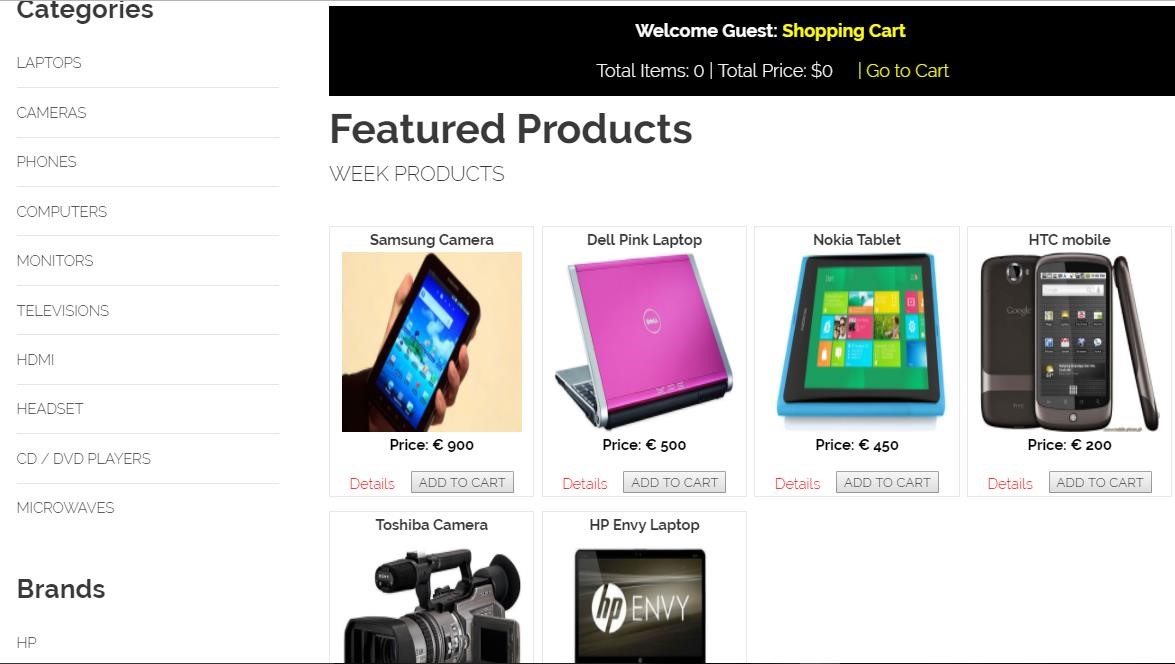
**Figure 14**: registered customer's in the store

The customers who have registered to the online shop have their data automatically stored in the database. This information is only available to the technical administrators.

The administrator can delete, edit, and update customer information.

## 5.2 Customer Interface layout

Consumer refers to customers and non-customers. These are individuals who visit the shop either to buy products or to browse. There are two categories of interfaces namely the Consumer and the Administrator interface. The administrator has higher authority over the customer in the shop. The admin can edit, replace a product and, manipulate data in the shop. The customer can browse a product, add a product to thecart, change personal information, check shopping history and checkout or log out. The User, on the other hand, can only browse and add a product to cart.The homepage or interface is the index page of the shop so can be accessed when the address is typed into a browser. The webpage hasproducts images, names, prices, product categories and product brands. The webpage has a registration link, login link, cart, company contact information. A picture of the homepage is shown in Figure 15.

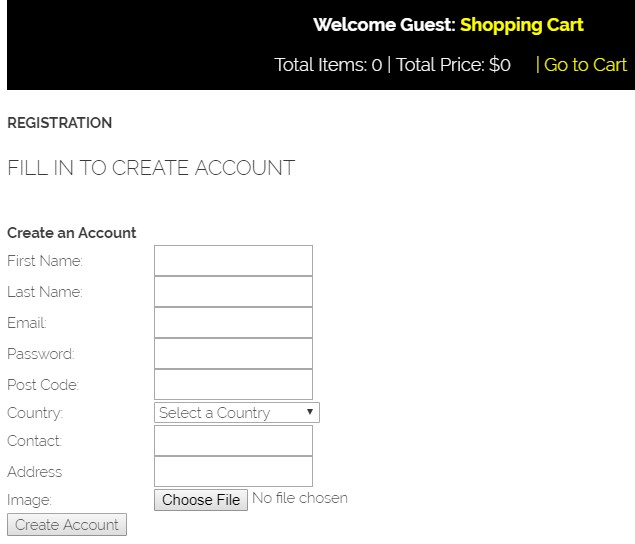


**Figure 15**: The homepage of the shop

* **Registration web page**

This registration page is only for users who wish to become customers. They have to meet the required filled standard for them to register successfully; otherwise, they will remain on the same page. When they register, their information is saved directly to the "*customer"*. This registration file "*customer\_registration.php*" is run with a code editor.

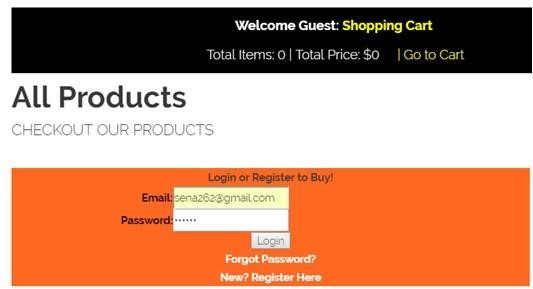
The Figure 16 shows the diagram of the customer registration form.



**Figure 16**: Customer registration page

* **Login web page**

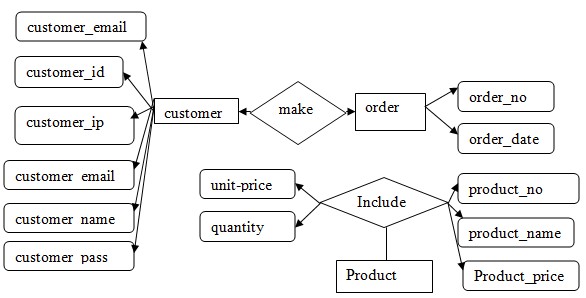
Customers will have the right to log in with their information such as e-mail and password. The information is sent to the database to check for a match. If no match is found the customer remains on the same page, otherwise he is directed to the customer page. This can be accessed by running "*customer\_login.php*" file with an editor. Figure 17 is the customer login page snippet.



**Figure 17**: Customer login page

## ➢ Customer purchasing product

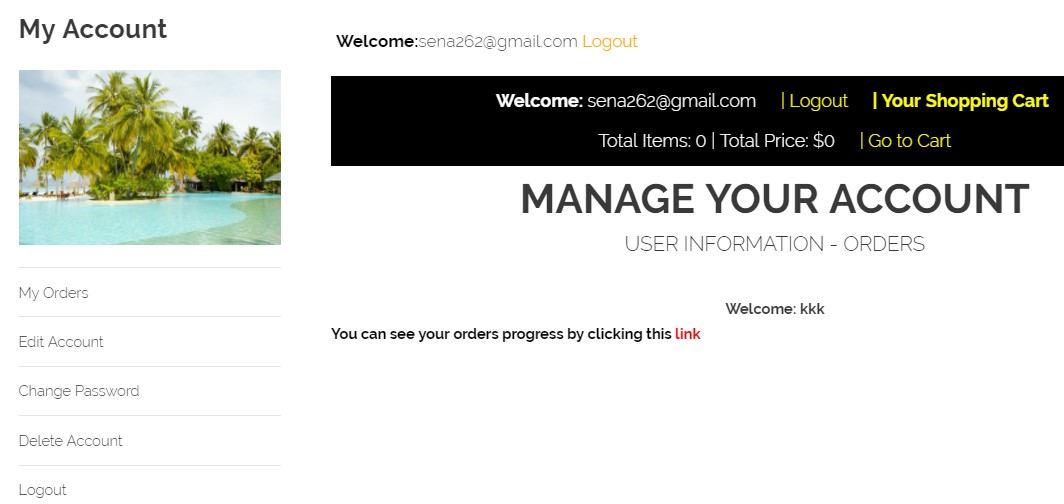
Figure 18 shows the link involved when the customer is making a purchase of a product in the shop.



**Figure 18**: Diagram of the customer making a purchase

* **Customer Account page**

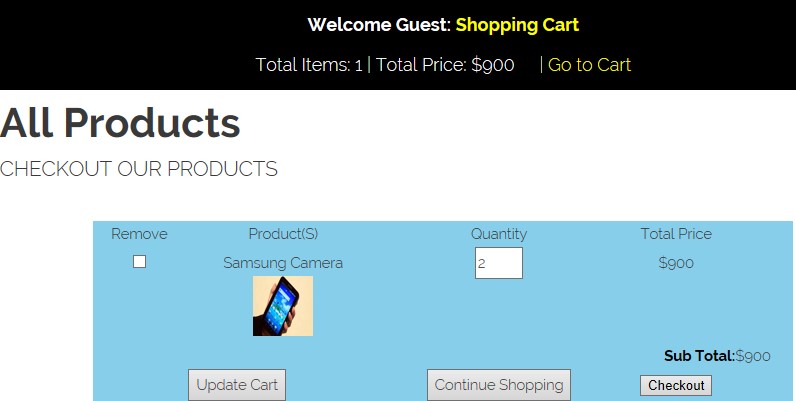
This web page can be accessed if customer information matches with the one in the database that was used to initially register. The customer is able to edit his data, orders, orders, password, log out.



**Figure 19**: Customer account page

* **Shopping Cart**

The customer can add products to the shopping cart. They can also update the shopping cart from time to time until they are done shopping. After that, they can check out by clicking on the checkout button.



**Figure 20**: Shopping Cart

* **Payment**

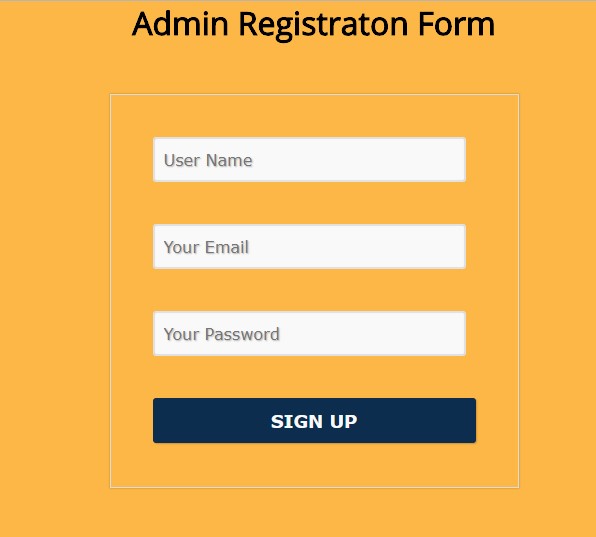
This is the final stage of the shopping experience. The customer who is satisfied with their choice of product and price can now pay with



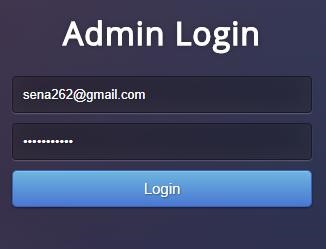
**Figure 21**: PaypalPayment

**5.3 Management Interface design**

The administrator must enter his username, email, and password. The html5 will check if all the fields are filled. If field conditions are not met the admin remains on the same page; otherwise, his information is saved in the database. He is directed to the login page to login. Figure 22 shows the administrator registration form.

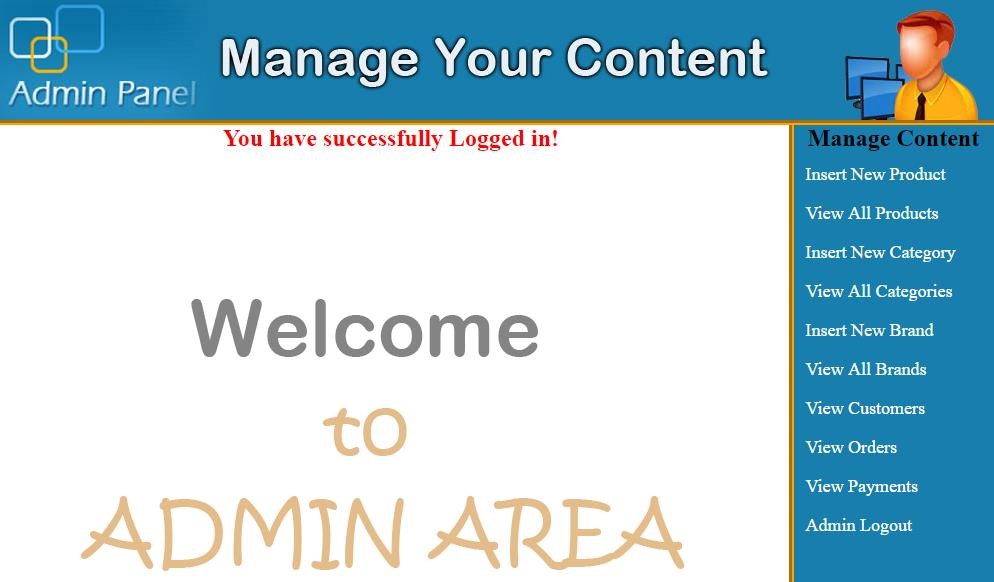


**Figure 22**:Administrators registration page



**Figure 23**: Admin login page

The administrators canlog in with theiremail and password. If there is no match for the information provided he or she will remain on the same page until the correct data are inserted into the login space.



**Figure 24**: Admin content management

When the administrator has finally succeeded to log in the admin's content management area will emerge for the admin to have access to the webpage.

# 6 IMPLEMENTATION

This chapter contains the functions for implementation.

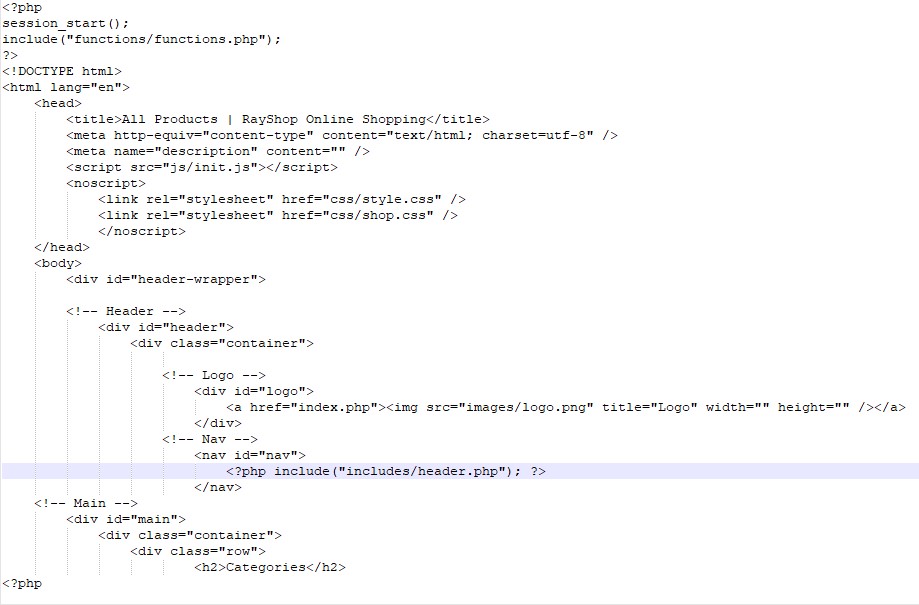
## 6.1 Description

The created online store is based entirely on free source applications and with the intention to cut cost. All of the functionalities need to be carried out in an orderly manner. The customer or user interfaces are critical because the administrator interface will be used to manage the activities on the customer interface. The technologies used for the project is HTML5, CSS3, PHP, and MySQL.

## 6.2 Implementation of functions

Customer interface and administrator interface are the main interfaces created in this project. With the customer and admins interface, I used HTML5 and CSS3. The HTML5 was used to create the structure of the page whiles the CSS was used to style the page. PHP is a dynamic language,so I used it to automatically fetch information from the database unto the web pages without rewriting every data by hand.

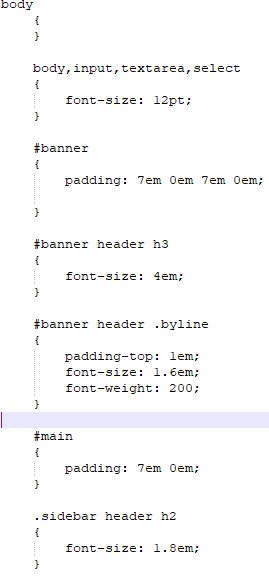
### 6.2.1 Basic HTML of the shop



**Figure 25**: The fundamental part of the HTML5

This is the basic HTML of the shop. PHP is used to enclose the file because the project will use PHP in most of the project otherwise the system will fail to work with the database. The DOCTYPE declaration is a simple indication that the page is written in HTML5.The content of the page shows the title, links, logos, and the CSS used in styling the webpage.

### 6.2.2 Basic CSS of the shop



**Figure 26**: Basic CSS font of the shop

Figure 26 is the basic CSS used for the project. It has the body, banner, main and sidebars frames. They are also padded whiles the sidebar headers font size are sized to be

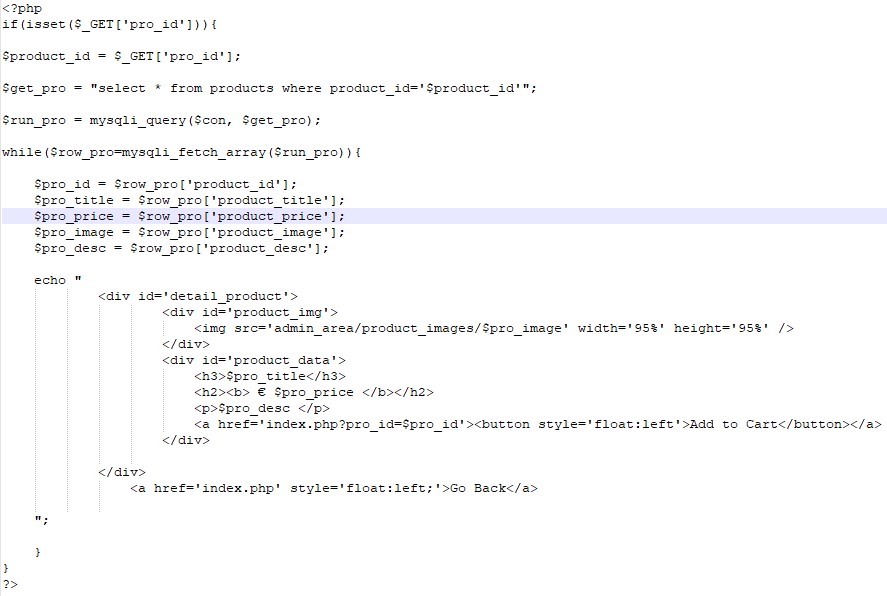
1.8em(29px).

### 6.2.3 Available products in the shop

Any user with an internet connection can access the online shop. The user can surf the webpage to see what is available on the website. To get the product, we create a function called "*get prod()"* which also has a connection to the database. When *"get prod()"* function is called a relationship is established in the database to retrieve products from the table product in the database. The quantity of the products was restricted to display six on the webpage.

$get\_pro = "select \* from products order by RAND() LIMIT 0,6"

Figure 27 shows the code for displaying products. "echo" is used to display the products with its details, beneath is the code.



**Figure 27**: Displaying products with details

### 6.2.4 User Registration

The User will insert his personal information including an image into the registration form. After submitting the form, a connection is established with the database which saves the data. The IP address of the customer is also sent to the database to be kept.

Figure 28 is the code that shows how User's registration is processed.



**Figure 28**: User registration code

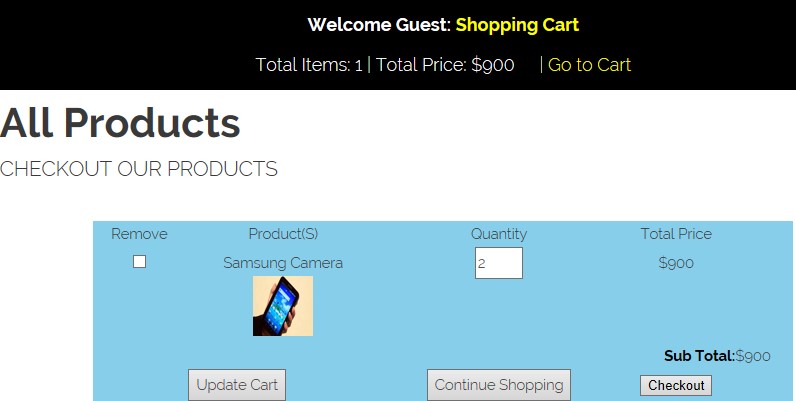
The user is expected to provide the necessary information shown in the Figure 28. Any missing space or wrong information may lead to the customer not being able to register.

# 7 TESTING

To affirm the online store assessments had been made at distinct stages of the task; I checked the reliability of all of the functions. The test is built on the customer/user and Management Unit. The customer test proved that an account could be created, login can be established, the cart can be loaded with products and the customer can check out when done shopping. The administrator can create an account and log in afterward. The admin can then manage all the content in the shop.

## 7.1 Testing shopping cart

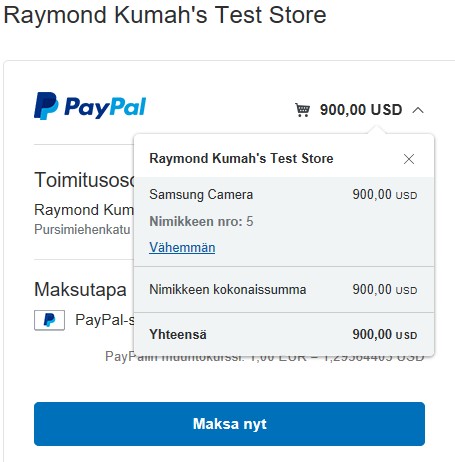
Some quantity of products was inserted into the shopping cart, and then I proceeded to check out. When I checked out and tested with Paypal, the cart became empty. This indicates that the cart works appropriately as it should. The "*cart.php*" file is responsible for handling the cart of the shop. When an editor runs the file "*cart.php*" the *cart()* function is called which insert products into the database. After that, the view *cart()* function can also be invoked to show the product in the cart. The customer can manipulates his cart such as updating the cart or, adding a product to cart.



**Figure 29**: Product in a shopping cart.

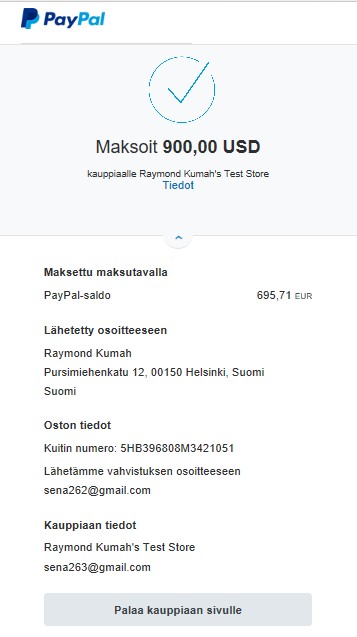
**7.2 Customer checking out**

The customer can only check out if he has logged in as a customer. Without being a customer, he is unable to checkout successfully.



**Figure 30**: Paypal checkout

Figure 30 shows how Paypal works with the shop when the customer is about to completely check out out of the shop using paypal.



**Figure 31**: Detailed Paypal payment

Figure 31 shows how Paypal works with the shop after the customer has finally checked out of the shop. The name of the product, amount, email and the destination of the product are all displayed for the customer to view. The customer will then receive an email indicating that the product ordered was a success.

## 8 CONCLUSION

The electronic shop was developed using PHP, MySQL, HTML5 and CSS3 technology.

Any consumer can browse products, add, replace or delete a product from the cart. The consumer can log in, with his information such as his email and password. If the logindoes not go through, the user can re-register or ask to change the password. After login, the user cansee the product in the cart and proceed onwards. The product can be paid with PayPal. The administrator can verify the order, However the consumer can still look at the orders in his or heraccount. The ordered price is saved in the database.

## 9 FUTURE IMPROVEMENT

Invoices need to be implemented in the shop, emails and notifications need's to be sent to customers for new arrivals or discount. The shop hasto have a search engine where users and customers can search for the various product from the shop. Debit and credit cards need's to be implemented in the shop as well. There have to be language varieties so that none-English users and customers can shop easily without any difficulty.

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