



CS23336-Introduction to Python Programming

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Marks 10.00/10.00

Grade **100.00** out of 100.00

Question 1

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

☐ Flag question

Question text

A sentence is a list of words that are separated by a single space with no leading or trailing spaces. Each word consists of lowercase and uppercase English letters.

A sentence can be shuffled by appending the 1-indexed word position to each word then rearranging the words in the sentence.

For example, the sentence "This is a sentence" can be shuffled as "sentence4 a3 is2 This1" or "is2 sentence4 This1 a3".

Given a shuffled sentence *s* containing no more than 9 words, reconstruct and return the original sentence.

Example 1:

Input:

is2 sentence4 This1 a3

Output:

This is a sentence

Explanation: Sort the words in *s* to their original positions "This1 is2 a3 sentence4", then remove the numbers.

Example 2:

Input:

Myself2 Me1 I4 and3

Output:

Me Myself and I

Explanation: Sort the words in *s* to their original positions "Me1 Myself2 and3 I4", then remove the numbers.

Constraints:

$2 \leq s.length \leq 200$

s consists of lowercase and uppercase English letters, spaces, and digits from 1 to 9.

The number of words in *s* is between 1 and 9.

The words in *s* are separated by a single space.

s contains no leading or trailing spaces.

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

```
def recon():
    s=input()
    w=s.split()
    sw=sorted(w,key=
lambda
w1:int(''.join(filter(str.i
sdigit,w1))))
    o='
'.join(''.join(filter(str.is
alpha,w1)) for w1 in
sw)
    return o
print(recon())
```

Feedback

Input	Expected	Got
is2 sentence4 This1 a3 This	is a sentence	This is a sentence

Passed all tests!

Correct
Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 2

Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
☐ Flag question

Question text

Objective:

Develop a Python program that takes an input string from the user and counts the number of occurrences of each vowel (a, e, i, o, u) in the string. The program should be case-insensitive, meaning it should treat uppercase and lowercase vowels as the same.

Description:

Vowels play a significant role in the English language and other alphabet-based languages. Counting vowels in a given string is a fundamental task that can be applied in various text processing applications, including speech recognition, linguistic research, and text analysis. The objective of this problem is to create a Python script that accurately counts and displays the number of times each vowel appears in a user-provided string.

Program Requirements:

Input:

First line reading String as input, The string can contain any characters, including letters, numbers, and special characters.

Output:

Display the number of occurrences of each vowel in the string.

The output should list each vowel followed by its count.

Example:

Consider the following example for better understanding:

- **Input:** "Python Programming"

• **Output**

a = 1
e = 0
i = 1
o = 2
u = 0

For example:

Input	Result
Hello World	<pre>a = 0 e = 1 i = 0 o = 2 u = 0</pre>
Python	<pre>a = 0 e = 0 i = 0 o = 1 u = 0</pre>

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

```
def vowels(s):
    vowel=
    {'a':0,'e':0,'i':0,'o':0,'u':0}
    s=s.lower()
    for char in s:
        if char in vowel:

vowel[char]+=1
    return vowel
s=input()
count=vowels(s)
for _ in 'aeiou':
    print(f" {_} = {count[_]}")
```

Feedback

Input	Expected	Got
Hello World	<pre>a = 0 e = 1 i = 0 o = 2 u = 0</pre>	<pre>a = 0 e = 1 i = 0 o = 2 u = 0</pre>
AEIOU aeio u	<pre>a = 2 e = 2 i = 2 o = 2 u = 2</pre>	<pre>a = 2 e = 2 i = 2 o = 2 u = 2</pre>
Python	<pre>a = 0 e = 0 i = 0 o = 1 u = 0</pre>	<pre>a = 0 e = 0 i = 0 o = 1 u = 0</pre>
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz	<pre>a = 1 e = 1 i = 1 o = 1 u = 1</pre>	<pre>a = 1 e = 1 i = 1 o = 1 u = 1</pre>

12345!@#\$\$%AEIOU

a = 1

e = 1

i = 1

o = 1

u = 1

a = 1

e = 1

i = 1


o = 1

u = 1

Passed all tests!

Correct
Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 3

Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
☐  Flag question

Question text

Given a number, convert it into corresponding alphabet.

Input	Output
1	A
26	Z
27	AA
676	YZ

Input Format

Input is an integer

Output Format

Print the alphabets

Constraints

1 <= num <= 4294967295

Sample Input 1

26

Sample Output 1

Z

For example:

Test	Result
------	--------

```
print(excelNumber(26)) Z
```

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

```
def excelNumber(n):
    res=[]
    while n>0:
        n-=1
        rem=n%26

    res.append(chr(rem+ord('A')))
    n//=26
    return
"".join(res[::-1])
```

Reset answer


Feedback

Test	Expected Got
print(excelNumber(26)) Z	Z
print(excelNumber(27)) AA	AA

Passed all tests!

Correct
Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 4

Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
☐  Flag question

Question text

In the game of Scrabble™, each letter has points associated with it. The total score of a word is the sum of the scores of its letters. More common letters are worth fewer points while less common letters are worth more points. The points associated with each letter are shown below:

Points Letters

1 A, E, I, L, N, O, R, S, T and U

2 D and G

3 B, C, M and P

4 F, H, V, W and Y

5 K

8 J and X

10 Q and Z

Write a program that computes and displays the Scrabble™ score for a word. Create a dictionary that maps from letters to point values. Then use the dictionary to compute the score.

A Scrabble™ board includes some squares that multiply the value of a letter or the value of an entire word. We will ignore these squares in this exercise.

[Sample](#) Input

REC

[Sample](#) Output

REC is worth 5 points.

For example:

Input	Result
REC	REC is worth 5 points.

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

```
def cal(word):
    points=
    {'A':1,'E':1,'I':1,'L':1,'
    N':1,'O':1,'R':1,'S':1,'
    T':1,'U':1,
     'D':2,'G':2,

    'B':3,'C':3,'M':3,'P':3,

    'F':4,'H':4,'V':4,'W':4,
     'K':5,
     'J':8,'X':8,
     'Q':10,'Z':1}

    word=word.upper()

    score=sum(points.g
    et(l,0) for l in word)
```


Feedback

Input	Expected	Got
GOD	GOD is worth 5 points.	GOD is worth 5 points.
REC	REC is worth 5 points.	REC is worth 5 points.

Passed all tests!

Correct
Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 5

Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
☐  Flag question

Question text

Given an array of names of candidates in an election. A candidate name in the array represents a vote cast to the candidate. Print the name of candidates received Max vote. If there is tie, print a lexicographically smaller name.

Examples:

Input : votes[] = {"john", "johnny", "jackie",
 "johnny", "john", "jackie",
 "jamie", "jamie", "john",
 "johnny", "jamie", "johnny",
 "john"};

Output : John

We have four Candidates with name as 'John', 'Johnny', 'jamie', 'jackie'. The candidates John and Johny get maximum votes. Since John is alphabetically smaller, we print it. Use dictionary to solve the above problem

Sample Input:

10
John
John
Johnny
Jamie
Jamie
Johnny
Jack
Johnny
Johnny
Jackie

Sample Output:

Johnny

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

```
def find(v):
    count={}
    for v1 in v:
        if v1 in count:
            count[v1]+=1
        else:
            count[v1]=1
    mv=max(count.values())
    c=[c1 for c1,co in count.items() if co==mv]
    return min(c)
n=int(input())
v=[]
for _ in range(n):
```

Feedback

Input Expected Got


10
John
John
Johnny
Jamie
Jamie Johnny Johnny
Johnny
Jack
Johnny
Johnny
Jackie

6
Ida
Ida
Ida Ida Ida
Kiruba
Kiruba
Kiruba

Passed all tests!

Correct
Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 6

Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
☐  Flag question

Question text

Create a student dictionary for n students with the student name as key and their test mark assignment mark and lab mark as values. Do the following computations and display the result.

- 1. Identify the student with the highest average score
- 2. Identify the student who as the highest Assignment marks
- 3. Identify the student with the Lowest lab marks
- 4. Identify the student with the lowest average score

Note:

If more than one student has the same score display all the student names

Sample input:

4

James 67 89 56

Lalith 89 45 45

Ram 89 89 89

Sita 70 70 70

Sample Output:

Ram

James Ram

Lalith

Lalith

For example:

Input	Result
4	
James 67 89 56	Ram
Lalith 89 45 45	James Ram
Ram 89 89 89	Lalith
Sita 70 70 70	Lalith

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

```
st={ }
n=int(input())
for i in range(n):

data=input().split()
    name=data[0]
    test=int(data[1])
    ass=int(data[2])
    lab=int(data[3])
    st[name]=
(test,ass,lab)

havg=float('-inf')
lavg=float('inf')
hass=float('-inf')
llab=float('inf')

havgst=[]
```

Feedback

Input	Expected	Got
4		
James 67 89 56	Ram	Ram
Lalith 89 45 45	James Ram	James Ram
Ram 89 89 89	Lalith	Lalith
Sita 70 70 70	Lalith	Lalith
3		
Raja 95 67 90	ShadhanA	ShadhanA
Aarav 89 90 90	ShadhanA	ShadhanA
ShadhanA 95 95 91	Aarav Raja	Aarav Raja
	Raja	Raja

Passed all tests!

Correct
Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 7

Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
☐ Flag question

Question text

A company wants to send its quotation secretly to its client. The company decided to encrypt the amount they are sending to their client with some special symbols so that the equation amount will not be revealed to any external person. They used the special symbols !,@,#,\$,%,^,&,*,>,< for 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9 respectively. Write a python code to help the company to convert the amount to special symbols.

(Value rounded off to 2 decimal points)

Input
n: Float data type which reads amount to send

Output

s: : String data type which displays symbols

Sample Testcase 1

Input

10000

Output

@!!!!!!

Sample Testcase2

1234.56

Output

@#\$%.^&

For example:

Input	Result
1345.23	@\$%^.#\$
15000.59	@^!!!!.^<
156789	@^&*><.!!

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

```
a={'!': '0',
 '@': '1',
 '#': '2',
 '$': '3',
 '%': '4',
 '^': '5',
 '&': '6',
 '*': '7',
 '>': '8',
 '<': '9',
 '.': '.'}
g=float(input())
h=f"{g:.2f}"
b=str(h)
f=""
for i in b:
```

Feedback

Input	Expected	Got
1345.23	@\$%^.#\$	@\$%^.#\$
15000.59	@^!!!!.^<	@^!!!!.^<
1234	@#\$%.!!	@#\$%.!!
156789	@^&*><.!!	@^&*><.!!

Passed all tests!

Correct
Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 8

Question text

Give a dictionary with value lists, sort the keys by summation of values in value list.

Input : test_dict = {'Gfg' : [6, 7, 4], 'best' : [7, 6, 5]}

Output : {'Gfg': 17, 'best': 18}

Explanation : Sorted by sum, and replaced.

Input : test_dict = {'Gfg' : [8,8], 'best' : [5,5]}

Output : {'best': 10, 'Gfg': 16}

Explanation : Sorted by sum, and replaced.

Sample Input:

2

Gfg 6 7 4

Best 7 6 5

Sample Output

Gfg 17

Best 18

For example:

Input	Result
2	
Gfg 6 7 4	Gfg 17
Best 7 6 5	Best 18

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

```
n=int(input())
data={}
for i in range(n):
    en=input().split()
    key=en[0]
    val=[int(num) for
num in en[1:]]
    data[key]=val
sum1={}
for key in data:

sum1[key]=sum(dat
a[key])
sorted_data=sorted(
sum1.items(),key=
lambda
item:item[1])
for item in
```

Feedback

Input	Expected	Got
2		
Gfg 6 7 4	Gfg 17	Gfg 17
Best 7 6 5	Best 18	Best 18

2

Gfg 6 6 Best 10 Best 10

Best 5 5 Gfg 12 Gfg 12

Passed all tests!

Correct
Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 9

Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
☐ Flag question

Question text

You are given a string word. A letter is called **special** if it appears both in lowercase and uppercase in word.

Your task is to return the number of **special** letters in word.

Constraints

- The input string word will contain only alphabetic characters (both lowercase and uppercase).
- The solution must utilize a dictionary to determine the number of special letters.
- The function should handle various edge cases, such as strings without any special letters, strings with only lowercase or uppercase letters, and mixed strings.

Examples

Example 1:

Input: word = "aaAbcBC"
Output: 3

Explanation:
The special characters in `word` are 'a', 'b', and 'c'.

Example 2:

Input: word = "abc"
Output: 0

Explanation:
No character in `word` appears in uppercase.

For example:

Test	Result
print(count_special_letters("AaBbCcDdEe"))	5

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

```
def
count_special_letters(
word: str) -> int:
    count={}
    for char in word:
        l=char.lower()
        if l in count:

count[l].add(char)
        else:
            count[l]=
{char}
            count1=0
            for i in
count.values():
                if len(i)>1:
                    count1+=1
            return count1
```

Reset answer

Feedback

Test	Expected Got	
print(count_special_letters("AaBbCcDdEe"))	5	5
print(count_special_letters("ABCDE"))	0	0
print(count_special_letters("abcde"))	0	0

Passed all tests!

Correct
Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 10

Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
☐ Flag question

Question text

A sentence is a string of single-space separated words where each word consists only of lowercase letters. A word is uncommon if it appears exactly once in one of the sentences, and does not appear in the other sentence.

Given two sentences s1 and s2, return a list of all the uncommon words. You may return the answer in any order.

Example 1:

Input: s1 = "this apple is sweet", s2 = "this apple is sour"

Output: ["sweet","sour"]

Example 2:

Input: s1 = "apple apple", s2 = "banana"

Output: ["banana"]

Constraints:

1 <= s1.length, s2.length <= 200

s1 and s2 consist of lowercase English letters and spaces.

s1 and s2 do not have leading or trailing spaces.

All the words in s1 and s2 are separated by a single space.

Note:

Use dictionary to solve the problem

For example:

Input	Result
this apple is sweet this apple is sour	sweet sour

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

```
def words(s1,s2):
    w1=s1.split()
    w2=s2.split()
    uncommon=[]
    for w in w1:
        if
w1.count(w)==1
and w not in w2:

uncommon.append(
w)
    for w in w2:
        if
w2.count(w)==1
and w not in w1:

uncommon.append(
w)
```

Feedback

Input	Expected	Got
this apple is sweet this apple is sour	sweet sour sweet sour	
apple apple banana	banana	banana

Passed all tests!

Correct
Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Save the state of the flags

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