## Exercises: Modular arithmetic part 1

- 1. Which of these congruences are true?
  - (a)  $5 \equiv 29 \mod 12$  True
  - (b)  $33 \equiv 2 \mod 15$  False
  - (c)  $-3 \equiv 30 \mod 11$  True
  - (d)  $-2 \equiv -50 \mod 26$  False
  - (e)  $50 \equiv 24 \mod 26$  True
- 2. Write these congruences,  $a \equiv b \mod m$ , in the form a = qm + b.
  - (a)  $19 \equiv 4 \mod 5$ ;

$$19 = (3)(5) + 4$$

(b)  $200 \equiv 50 \mod 15$ ;

$$200 = (10)(15) + 50$$

(c)  $-10 \equiv 2 \mod 3$ ;

$$-10 = (-4)(3) + 2$$

(d)  $-20 \equiv -6 \mod 7$ ;

$$-20 = (-2)(7) - 6$$

(e)  $72 \equiv 20 \mod 26$ ;

$$72 = (2)(26) + 20$$

- 3. Complete the following congruences with the smallest positive solution.
  - (a)  $40 \equiv 4 \mod 9$ ;
  - (b)  $312 \equiv 12 \mod 15$ ;
  - (c)  $312 \equiv 4 \mod 7$ ; (correction to video solution)
  - (d)  $-1 \equiv 25 \mod 26$ ;
  - (e)  $55 \equiv 3 \mod 26$ .

- 4. Write three possible solutions for each of these congruences:
  - (a)  $2 \equiv \mod 16$ ; 2, 18, 34
  - (b)  $-60 \equiv \mod 26$ ; -60, -35, -10
  - (c)  $27 \equiv \mod 26$ . 1, 27, 53 (correction to video solution)
- 5. Write out all the possible remainders modulo 7.
  - 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6.