Exercises: General substitution ciphers

1. Below is cipher A, written as two rows:

plaintext	a	b	c	d	е	f	g	h	i	j	k	1	m	n	О	р	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x	у	\mathbf{z}
ciphertext	Q	J	L	Н	K	Z	X	G	Y	W	С	Ν	В	U	F	Т	D	Ι	Ε	Р	A	О	S	V	R	М

Use cipher A to encrypt the word 'pelican'.

TKNYLQU (correction to video solution)

- 2. Use cipher A above to decrypt the cipher message 'FEPIYLG'. ostrich
- 3. Below is cipher B, written as two rows:

plaintext	a	b	c	d	е	f	g	h	i	j	k	1	m	n	О	p	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x	у	\mathbf{z}	
ciphertext	Α	D	В	М	S	Т	Y	F	С	Ν	V	Е	R	Н	G	О	W	J	X	Ι	U	Z	Κ	Р	L	Q	

We are going to encrypt a word twice. Encrypt the word 'shark' using cipher A followed by cipher B.

SYWCB

4. The cipher message 'DTUSOVC' was encrypted twice, using cipher A followed by cipher B. What is the message?

monster

5. In the course we saw there were $26! \approx 4 \times 10^{26}$ possible general substitution ciphers.

There are currently 7.8 billion people in the word (7,800,000,000).

There are 31,536,000 seconds in a year.

If everyone in the world checked one possibility per second, how long would it take to check every possible cipher?

The number of ciphers checked per person = $\frac{26!}{7,800,000,000} = 51,704,033,477,769,953$. Time in years = $\frac{51,704,033,477,769,953}{31,536,000} = 1,639,524,146$.

It would take the world approximately 1.6 billion years to check them all.