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Unit 7: Discussion

Navigating the Intersection of Data Privacy and Security in Analytics and

Technology Roles

Introduction

In the dynamic landscape of analytics and technology, specific professional roles

stand out for their significant contributions to data privacy and security. In today's

dynamic organizational landscapes, certain roles are pivotal due to their direct

involvement in overcoming many challenges and duties. These professionals are at

the forefront of adhering to continuously changing regulations and maintaining the

ethical handling of information, thereby establishing a foundation of trust and integrity

within the framework of digital operations. In our discussion, we will investigate the

distinct contributions each of these roles makes to data protection and cybersecurity,

thus defining the contours of contemporary data management and security

strategies. This examination is essential to grasp the comprehensive responsibilities

involved in managing data within the technological domains prevalent in our current

era (Correll, 2019; Cote, 2021; Pınarbaşı, 2022; Vidgen, Hindle, & Randolph, 2020).

My Definition of Data Security (Informed by Practical Application in Business Analytics): Based on my experiences as a fraud analyst and insights from the (Vidgen et al., 2020) study, I define data security as the comprehensive strategies and actions implemented to protect digital information from unauthorized access, disclosure, alteration, or destruction. This concept includes technical measures like encryption and secure network architectures and organizational practices such as access controls and frequent security audits to guarantee the integrity and confidentiality of data against threats and vulnerabilities (Correll, 2019; Cote, 2021; Pınarbaşı, 2022; Vidgen et al., 2020).

Example: Enhancing Data Security at Uber

- Background and Context: Uber has faced multiple data breaches over the
 years, necessitating a revamp of their data security protocols. This example is
 informed by the comprehensive measures required by past incidents and
 legal settlements (Insider Lab, 2022; Pınarbaşı, 2022).
- Implementing End-to-End Encryption: Uber has enhanced its app's security by incorporating comprehensive encryption for all user interactions.
 By doing so, the company aims to safeguard the confidentiality of conversations and data shared between passengers and drivers, ensuring that such information remains inaccessible to external threats (Insider Lab, 2022; Uber, 2022).
- Upgrading Access Management Systems: The company introduces stringent access management protocols. These include biometric authentication and role-based access controls, limiting data access to authorized personnel only (Insider Lab, 2022; Uber, 2023).

- Regular Security Assessments: Uber commits to continuous security
 evaluations, involving third-party cybersecurity experts to conduct penetration
 tests and identify potential system vulnerabilities (Insider Lab, 2022; (Tata &
 Mitsunari, 2020).
- Response to Historical Breaches: These enhancements are part of Uber's
 ongoing efforts to address security flaws exposed by previous breaches and
 to meet regulatory requirements imposed following legal actions (Insider Lab,
 2022; Uber Team, 2022).
- Objective and Expected Outcomes: The aim is to fortify Uber's data security framework, preventing future unauthorized access and building trust with users and stakeholders (Insider Lab, 2022).

My Definition of Data Privacy (Derived from Cote, 2021): In line with Cote's insights, data privacy means a person has control over their personal details. It highlights the importance of being open, getting permission, and treating people's information with care. From my time analyzing fraud, this means we must always ask customers clearly if we can use their information, making sure we respect their privacy (Buckbee, 2023; Cote, 2021).

Example: Data Privacy Enhancements at Uber

 Situation: In response to past privacy concerns and breaches, Uber overhauls its data privacy approach to regain user trust and comply with global data protection regulations (Insider Lab, 2022; Uber Team, 2022; Wu, 2018).

- Action: Uber initiates a comprehensive data privacy program that includes
 clearer communication with users about how their data is used. They
 introduced a new section in the app that allows users to review and manage
 the data Uber has on them, such as trip history and account information. This
 feature is designed to increase transparency and give users control over their
 personal data, aligning with recommendations to improve transparency and
 restrict employee access to user data (Insider Lab, 2022; Wu, 2018).
- Result: Users now have a clearer understanding of what data Uber collects
 and why. The new privacy controls allow users to opt out of certain data
 collection practices, enhancing their autonomy over personal information. This
 results in improved user trust and satisfaction, reducing privacy-related
 complaints and aligning Uber more closely considering privacy laws like
 GDPR and CCPA (mosaic, n.d.; Uber, n.d.).
- Future Steps: Uber continues to evaluate and update its privacy practices in response to evolving data protection standards and user feedback. They also plan regular privacy training for employees to ensure ongoing compliance and awareness (mosaic, n.d.; Uber, n.d.; Wu, 2018).

Relationship between Data Privacy and Data Security:

Data privacy means a person's right to control their own information. This includes how this information is collected, used, and shared, making sure people's rights are looked after and their information is used in the right way. Data security comes into play because we need to keep this personal information safe to respect privacy. So, if we do not have good security, we cannot keep information private (Carmichael, 2023; Pınarbaşı, 2022).

Data security is about protecting personal details from being stolen or seen by people who should not have access to them. This means using tools like encryption and making sure only the right people can get to the data. While data security is about all kinds of data, not just personal info, it is important to keep personal information private (Carmichael, 2023; Pınarbaşı, 2022).

Distinction between Data Privacy and Data Security:

The main differences lies in their focus and scope. Data privacy is all about how personal information is handled in a way that's fair and legal. It is about making sure people agree to how their information is used and keeping them in the loop. On the other hand, data security is more about the technical side, like using tools and methods to keep all data types safe from hackers and accidents. While data privacy focuses on personal rights, data security is about protecting all data to keep that privacy intact (Carmichael, 2023; Pınarbaşı, 2022).

So, even though data privacy and data security are closely connected with security actions supporting the goal of privacy, they focus on different things. Having strong security is critical to keeping information private. However, following privacy rules is more than just having tight security; it is also about following ethical guidelines and laws (Carmichael, 2023; Pınarbaşı, 2022).

Key Roles in Analytics and Technology Impacting Data Privacy and Security

In the domain of analytics and technology, several roles significantly contribute to the areas of data privacy and data security:

- Data Privacy Analysts: These experts help set up systems that keep a
 company's data safe and private. They make sure all the rules about keeping
 information private are followed from when data is first collected until it is no
 longer needed. They work to prevent any leaks of private information (King,
 n.d.).
- Chief Information Officers (CIOs): CIOs consider the big picture of keeping
 data safe and private. They develop strategies to handle these challenges
 and ensure these strategies are used in every part of the company. They help
 link data safety and privacy together (diVittorio, 2023).
- Cybersecurity Professionals: As laws about keeping data private keep
 changing, these tech experts need to know a lot about privacy rules. They
 make sure that when they protect the company from cyber threats, they also
 keep user data private as the law requires (Simplilearn, 2023).
- Data Engineers and Data Analysts: These techies manage and look at data
 while ensuring they follow privacy rules. Data Engineers build systems that
 keep data safe and organized, while Data Analysts use data carefully to
 respect privacy rules, often using specific computer languages and tools (Lin,
 2023; Simplilearn, 2024).
- Machine Learning Scientists and Data Scientists: These folks use
 advanced computing to analyze data but must be careful not to break privacy
 rules. They must ensure their computer models and analyses do not misuse
 private information or accidentally share it (MagniMind, n.d.; SailPoint, 2023).

Each of these roles contributes differently but significantly to maintaining and enhancing data privacy and security within organizations. As data privacy and security become more connected, it's essential for experts in these areas to work

together and keep up with both fields. This collaboration helps ensure that both the company's and the customers' information stays safe (King, n.d.; diVittorio, 2023; Simplilearn, 2023; Lin, 2023; Simplilearn, 2024; MagniMind, n.d.; SailPoint, 2023).

In conclusion, the job roles within the analytics and tech sectors, especially when it comes to data privacy and security, are crucial and cover a wide range. From those who analyze data privacy issues to those in charge of information technology and from experts safeguarding against cyber threats to those crunching data numbers, every position has unique duties and chances to influence how we safeguard data. Working together, these professionals help build a strong, safe, and honest way of handling data that meets legal requirements and builds user trust. As our world becomes more digitized and data-driven, the need for these experts will increase, emphasizing the importance of continuous learning, flexibility, and teamwork to tackle ongoing data privacy and security challenges.

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