```
Maximum subarray sum
                                                             p=marcsCakewalk(calorie)
import sys
                                                             print("The minimum number of miles marc should walk to
def MaxSum(a,l=None,r=None):
                                                             maintain his weight is "+str(p))
  global lind,rind
  if not a:
                                                             Palindromic Partitioning
     return 0
                                                             def ispalin(x):
                                                                if(x==x[::-1]):
  if l is None and r is None:
                                                                  return 1
     1=0
                                                                return 0
     r=len(a)-1
                                                             def minparti(s,i,j):
  if(l==r):
                                                                if(i \ge j \text{ or ispalin}(s[i:j+1])):
     return a[1]
                                                                  return 0
  mid = (1+r)//2
                                                                a=float('inf')
  1Max = -sys.maxsize
                                                                for k in range(i,j):
  total = 0
                                                                  c=(1+minparti(s,i,k)+minparti(s,k+1,j))
  for i in range(mid,l-1,-1):
                                                                  a=min(c,a)
     total += a[i]
                                                                return a
     if total > lMax:
                                                             l=input()
                                                             n=len(1)
       1Max = total
                                                             print("The maximum number of cuts are "+str(minparti(1,0,n-1)))
       11=i
       r1=m
                                                             Length of Longest Arithmetic Progression
  rMax = -sys.maxsize
                                                             l=[int(i) for i in input().split()]
  total = 0
                                                             d=[]
  for i in range(mid+1, r+1):
                                                             n=len(1)
     total += a[i]
                                                             for i in range(n-1):
     if total > rMax:
                                                                for j in range(i+1,n):
       rMax=total
                                                                  d.append(l[j]-l[i])
       12=m+1
                                                             s=set(d)
       r2=i
                                                             c=[]
  #lsum=maxsum(a,l,m)
                                                             for i in s:
 \#rsum = maxsum(a,m+1,r)
                                                                c.append(d.count(i))
 #if(lsum>rsum):
                                                             print(max(c)+1)
  # res=lsum
  #
     lind=l
                                                             Bank subarrays of equal positive and negative
  #
     rind=m
                                                             def check(a):
  #else:
                                                                p = 0
  #
     res=rsum
                                                                n = 0
  #
     lind=m+1
                                                                for i in range(len(a)):
  # rind=r
                                                                  if a[i] > 0:
 #if(res>lMax+rMax):
                                                                     p+=1
  # return res
                                                                  elif a[i]<0:
  #else:
                                                                     n+=1
 #
    lind=11
                                                                return p,n
    rind=r2
                                                             n = int(input("test cases: "))
  # return(lmax+rmax)
                                                              for p in range(n):
  LRMax=max(MaxSum(a,l,mid),MaxSum(a,mid+1,r))
                                                                a = [int(i) for i in input("enter elements: ").split()]
  return max(LRMax,lMax+rMax)
                                                                count = 0
a=[int(i) for i in input().split(',')]
                                                                e = []
p=MaxSum(a)
                                                                for i in range(len(a)):
print("The maximum subarray sum is "+str(p))
                                                                  for j in range(i,len(a)+1):
                                                                     b = a[i:j]
Marc's cake walk
                                                                     c,d = check(b)
def marcsCakewalk(calorie):
                                                                     if c==d and c!=0 and d!=0:
  s=0
                                                                       count+=1
  calorie.sort(reverse=True)
                                                                        e.append(b)
  for i in range(len(calorie)):
                                                                print("The sub arrays are: ".e)
     s=s+(2**i)*calorie[i]
                                                                print("Number of subarrays: ",count)
  return s
print("Enter the number of cupcakes")
n=int(input())
print("Enter the calories")
```

calorie=[int(i) for i in input().split()]

```
Travelling Swamp Thing Problem
                                                          return 0;
# include <bits/stdc++.h>
                                                        /*3 3 25
using namespace std;
int n, m, e;
                                                        1 2 4 20
int dp[20][101][1<<15];
                                                        2 3 1 20
struct edge
                                                        1 3 10 5
                                                        Output:11*/
{
  int v, d, e;
};
vector < edge > V[20];
int recursion(int last, int energy, int visited)
  if(energy < 0)
     return 1e9;
  else if((visited == ((1 << n)-1)) && energy >= 0)
     return 0;
  int answer = 1e9;
  if(dp[last][energy][visited] != -1)
     return dp[last][energy][visited];
  for(int i=0; i<V[last].size(); i++)
     if((visited & (1 << V[last][i].v)))
       continue;
     answer = min(answer, V[last][i].d +
recursion(V[last][i].v, energy - V[last][i].e, (visited |
(1 << V[last][i].v))));
  dp[last][energy][visited] = answer;
  return answer;
int main(void)
{
       cin>>n>>m>>e;
  //scanf("%d %d %d",&n, &m, &e);
  for(int i=0; i<20; i++)
     for(int j=0; j<101; j++)
       for(int k=0; k<(1<<15); k++)
          dp[i][j][k] = -1;
  struct edge temp, temp2;
  while(m--)
  {
     int a, b, d, e;
     cin>>a>>b>>d>>e;
     //scanf("%d %d %d %d", &a, &b, &d, &e);
     a--, b--;
     temp.v = b, temp.d = d, temp.e = e;
     temp2.v = a, temp2.d = d, temp2.e = e;
     V[a].push_back(temp);
     V[b].push_back(temp2);
  }
  int answer = 1e9;
  //for(int i=0;i<n;++i)
  answer = min(answer, recursion(0, e, 1));
  if(answer == 1e9)
     cout << "-1 \n";
     cout<<answer<<endl;
```