

Linux Commands for Shell Scripting

When writing shell scripts, you'll frequently use various Linux commands for **file manipulation, process control, system monitoring, and networking**. Below is a categorized list of essential **basic Linux commands** for shell scripting.

1 File and Directory Management 📁

Command	Description
<code>pwd</code>	Print current working directory
<code>ls</code>	List files and directories
<code>cd <dir></code>	Change directory
<code>mkdir <dir></code>	Create a new directory
<code>rmdir <dir></code>	Remove an empty directory
<code>rm <file></code>	Remove a file
<code>rm -r <dir></code>	Remove a directory and its contents
<code>cp <source> <destination></code>	Copy files or directories
<code>mv <source> <destination></code>	Move/rename files or directories
<code>touch <file></code>	Create an empty file
<code>cat <file></code>	Display contents of a file
<code>more <file></code>	View file contents (one page at a time)
<code>less <file></code>	Similar to <code>more</code> , but allows backward scrolling
<code>head -n <N> <file></code>	Display the first N lines of a file
<code>tail -n <N> <file></code>	Display the last N lines of a file
<code>find <dir> -name <file></code>	Search for a file in a directory
<code>locate <file></code>	Find file locations (uses database indexing)

Example: Create and delete a directory

```
mkdir my_project
cd my_project
touch myfile.txt
rm myfile.txt
rmdir my_project
```

2 File Permissions & Ownership

Command	Description
<code>chmod <permissions> <file></code>	Change file permissions
<code>chown <user>:<group> <file></code>	Change file owner
<code>ls -l</code>	View file permissions
<code>umask <permissions></code>	Set default file permissions

Example: Change file permissions

```
chmod 755 script.sh # rwxr-xr-x
```

```
chown user:group script.sh
```

3 File Compression & Archiving

Command	Description
<code>tar -cvf archive.tar <files></code>	Create a tar archive
<code>tar -xvf archive.tar</code>	Extract a tar archive
<code>gzip <file></code>	Compress file with gzip
<code>gunzip <file.gz></code>	Decompress a gzip file
<code>zip archive.zip <files></code>	Create a zip archive
<code>unzip archive.zip</code>	Extract a zip file

Example: Compress and extract a directory

```
tar -czvf backup.tar.gz my_directory
```

```
tar -xzvf backup.tar.gz
```

4 Process Management

Command	Description
<code>ps aux</code>	Show running processes
<code>top</code>	Display real-time system processes
<code>htop</code>	Interactive process viewer (if installed)
<code>kill <PID></code>	Kill a process using its PID
<code>killall <process_name></code>	Kill all instances of a process
<code>pkill <name></code>	Kill a process by name
<code>nohup <command> &</code>	Run a process in the background
<code>jobs</code>	List background jobs
<code>fg %<job_id></code>	Bring a background job to the foreground
<code>bg %<job_id></code>	Resume a background job

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Example: Run a command in the background and check processes

```
ping google.com > ping.log &
```

```
jobs
```

```
ps aux | grep ping
```

```
killall ping
```

5 User & Group Management

Command	Description
<code>whoami</code>	Show current user
<code>who</code>	List logged-in users
<code>id</code>	Display user ID and group ID
<code>sudo su</code>	Switch to root user
<code>adduser <username></code>	Create a new user
<code>deluser <username></code>	Delete a user
<code>usermod -aG <group> <user></code>	Add user to a group
<code>passwd <user></code>	Change user password

Example: Create a new user and add them to a group

```
sudo adduser devuser
```

```
sudo usermod -aG sudo devuser
```

6 Disk & Storage Management

Command	Description
<code>df -h</code>	Show disk usage in human-readable format
<code>du -sh <dir></code>	Show disk usage of a directory
<code>mount <device> <dir></code>	Mount a filesystem
<code>umount <device></code>	Unmount a filesystem
<code>lsblk</code>	List block devices
<code>fdisk -l</code>	List disk partitions

Example: Check disk space

```
df -h
```

```
du -sh /home
```

7 Networking Commands

Command	Description
<code>ping <host></code>	Check network connectivity
<code>ifconfig / ip addr show</code>	Show network interface details
<code>netstat -tulnp</code>	Show active connections and listening ports
<code>ss -tulnp</code>	Show active network sockets (alternative to netstat)
<code>curl <URL></code>	Fetch data from a URL
<code>wget <URL></code>	Download a file from a URL
<code>nslookup <domain></code>	Get domain name server (DNS) details
<code>traceroute <host></code>	Trace the path to a host

Example: Test network connection

```
ping -c 4 google.com
```

```
curl -I https://www.google.com
```

8 Text Processing Commands

Command	Description
<code>grep "text" file</code>	Search for a pattern in a file
<code>sed 's/old/new/g' file</code>	Replace text in a file
<code>awk '{print \$1}' file</code>	Extract specific columns
<code>cut -d':' -f1 /etc/passwd</code>	Extract fields from text
<code>sort file</code>	Sort lines in a file
<code>uniq file</code>	Remove duplicate lines
<code>wc -l file</code>	Count lines in a file

Example: Find and replace text in a file

```
grep "error" logfile.log
```

```
sed 's/error/warning/g' logfile.log
```

9 Date & Time Commands

Command	Description
<code>date</code>	Show current date and time
<code>cal</code>	Display a calendar
<code>uptime</code>	Show system uptime

Example: Display the current date

```
date "+%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S"
```

10 System Monitoring Commands 📊

Command	Description
<code>uptime</code>	Show system uptime
<code>free -m</code>	Show memory usage
<code>vmstat</code>	Display system performance stats
<code>iostat</code>	Show CPU and I/O stats
<code>sar</code>	Collect and report system performance
<code>top</code>	Show real-time processes and resource usage

Example: Check system performance

```
free -m
```

```
top
```