```
In [44]:
          import pandas as pd # data processing, CSV file I/O (e.g. pd.read csv)
          import numpy as np
          from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
          from sklearn.svm import SVC
          from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
          from sklearn.metrics import ConfusionMatrixDisplay, accuracy_score
          from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          import seaborn as sns
 In [3]: | df = pd.read csv("emails.csv")
 In [4]:
          df.head()
Out[4]:
             Email
                    the
                        to ect and for of
                                             a you hou ... connevey jay valued lay infrastructu
               No.
              Email
           0
                         0
                                                                                   0
                     0
                             1
                                  0
                                      0
                                         0
                                             2
                                                  0
                                                       0
                                                                    0
                                                                        0
                                                                               0
              Email
                        13
                            24
                                         2 102
                                                  1
                                                                                   0
                                  6
                                      6
                                                      27
                                                                        0
              Email
                         0
                             1
                                  0
                                      0
                                             8
                                                  0
                                                       0
                                                                        0
                                                                                   0
                                         0
              Email
           3
                            22
                                             51
                                                  2
                                                      10
                                                                        0
                                                                                   0
                                  0
              Email
                                      5
                                                                                   0
                            17
                                             57
                                                  0
                                                       9 ...
          5 rows × 3002 columns
          df.isnull().sum()
 In [5]:
 Out[5]: Email No.
                         0
                         0
          the
          to
                         0
          ect
                         0
                         0
          and
                        . .
          military
                         0
          allowing
                         0
          ff
                         0
          dry
                         0
          Prediction
                         0
          Length: 3002, dtype: int64
```

In [57]: X = df.iloc[:,1:3001]
X

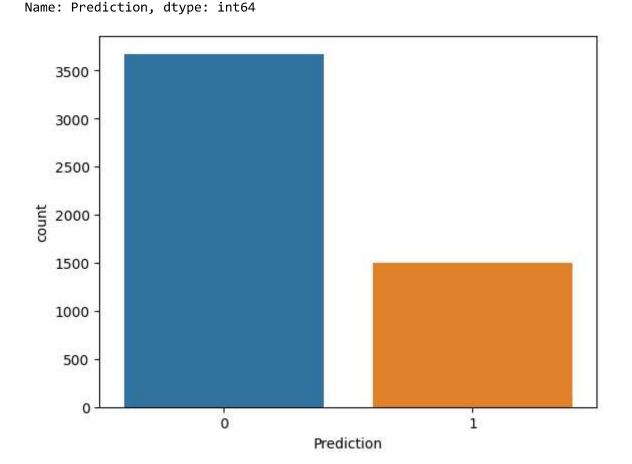
Out[57]:

	the	to	ect	and	for	of	а	you	hou	in	 enhancements	connevey	jay	valued
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	 0	0	0	0
1	8	13	24	6	6	2	102	1	27	18	 0	0	0	0
2	0	0	1	0	0	0	8	0	0	4	 0	0	0	0
3	0	5	22	0	5	1	51	2	10	1	 0	0	0	0
4	7	6	17	1	5	2	57	0	9	3	 0	0	0	0
5167	2	2	2	3	0	0	32	0	0	5	 0	0	0	0
5168	35	27	11	2	6	5	151	4	3	23	 0	0	0	0
5169	0	0	1	1	0	0	11	0	0	1	 0	0	0	0
5170	2	7	1	0	2	1	28	2	0	8	 0	0	0	0
5171	22	24	5	1	6	5	148	8	2	23	 0	0	0	0

5172 rows × 3000 columns

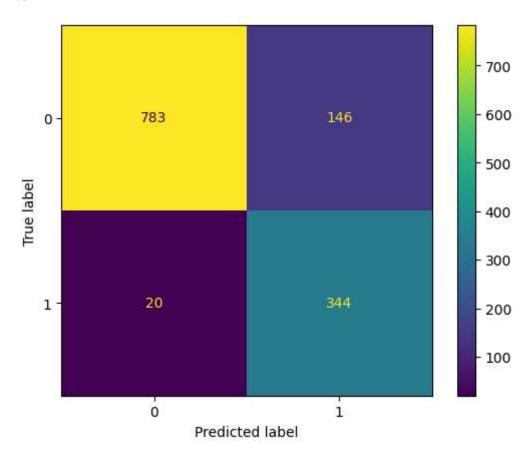
--

```
In [21]:
         x=df.drop(["Email No.","Prediction"],axis=1)
         y=df["Prediction"]
         print(y)
         print(x.shape)
         print(sns.countplot(x=y))
         print(y.value_counts())
         0
                  0
          1
                  0
          2
                  0
          3
          4
                  0
                  0
          5167
          5168
                  0
          5169
                  1
          5170
          5171
         Name: Prediction, Length: 5172, dtype: int64
          (5172, 3000)
         AxesSubplot(0.125,0.11;0.775x0.77)
               3672
          1
               1500
```



```
In [23]: from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
         scaler=MinMaxScaler()
         x_scaled=scaler.fit_transform(x)
         x_scaled
Out[23]: array([[0.
                            , 0.
                                         , 0.
                                                     , ..., 0.
                                                                      , 0.
                 [0.03809524, 0.09848485, 0.06705539, ..., 0.
                                                               , 0.00877193,
                 0.
                            ],
                 [0.
                            , 0.
                                                     , ..., 0.
                                                                      , 0.
                                        , 0.
                 0.
                            ],
                 . . . ,
                                        , 0.
                 [0.
                            , 0.
                 0.
                            ٦,
                                                 , ..., 0.
                 [0.00952381, 0.0530303 , 0.
                                                                      , 0.00877193,
                 0.
                 [0.1047619 , 0.18181818, 0.01166181, ..., 0.
                                                                      , 0.
                            11)
 In [7]: Y = df.iloc[:,-1].values
 Out[7]: array([0, 0, 0, ..., 1, 1, 0], dtype=int64)
In [27]: x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(x_scaled,y,random_state=0,tes
         print(x scaled.shape)
         print(x_train.shape)
         print(x_test.shape)
         (5172, 3000)
         (3879, 3000)
         (1293, 3000)
In [32]:
         knn = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=5)
         knn.fit(x_train, y_train)
Out[32]: KNeighborsClassifier()
         In a Jupyter environment, please rerun this cell to show the HTML representation or trust
         the notebook.
         On GitHub, the HTML representation is unable to render, please try loading this page
         with nbviewer.org.
In [33]: y_pred=knn.predict(x_test)
         print(y_pred)
         [100...101]
In [10]:
```

In [36]: ConfusionMatrixDisplay.from_predictions(y_test,y_pred)



```
In [37]: y_test.value_counts()
```

Out[37]: 0 929 1 364

Name: Prediction, dtype: int64

In [38]: accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred)

Out[38]: 0.871616395978345

In [40]: print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred))

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0 1	0.98 0.70	0.84 0.95	0.90 0.81	929 364
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.84 0.90	0.89 0.87	0.87 0.85 0.88	1293 1293 1293

```
In [46]:
         error=[]
         for k in range(1,41):
             knn=KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=5)
             knn.fit(x_train,y_train)
              pred=knn.predict(x test)
              error.append(np.mean(pred!=y_test))
         error
Out[46]:
         [0.12838360402165508,
          0.12838360402165508,
          0.12838360402165508,
          0.12838360402165508,
          0.12838360402165508,
          0.12838360402165508,
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          0.12838360402165508,
          0.12838360402165508,
          0.12838360402165508,
          0.12838360402165508,
          0.12838360402165508,
          0.12838360402165508]
```

```
In [51]: svc = SVC(C=1.0,kernel='rbf',gamma='auto')
         # C here is the regularization parameter. Here, L2 penalty is used(default). I
         # As C increases, model overfits.
         # Kernel here is the radial basis function kernel.
         # gamma (only used for rbf kernel) : As gamma increases, model overfits.
         svc.fit(x_train,y_train)
         y_pred2 = svc.predict(x_test)
         print("Accuracy Score for SVC : ", accuracy_score(y_pred,y_test))
         Accuracy Score for SVC: 0.871616395978345
In [55]: | svc = SVC(C=1.0, kernel='linear', gamma='auto')
         svc.fit(x train,y train)
         y_pred2 = svc.predict(x_test)
         print("Accuracy Score for SVC : ", accuracy_score(y_pred,y_test))
         Accuracy Score for SVC: 0.871616395978345
In [56]: | svc = SVC(C=1.0, kernel='poly', gamma='auto')
         svc.fit(x_train,y_train)
         y_pred2 = svc.predict(x_test)
         print("Accuracy Score for SVC : ", accuracy_score(y_pred,y_test))
         Accuracy Score for SVC : 0.871616395978345
 In [ ]:
```