

“TicketKothay”

A SOLUTION FOR BUS TICKET BUYING FROM MULTIPLE COMPANIES

Author: Avisheikh Kundu

Table of Contents

Declaration	i
Course & Program Outcome	ii
1 Introduction	1
1.1 Introduction.....	1
1.2 Motivation.....	1
1.3 Objectives	2
1.4 Feasibility Study	2
1.5 Gap Analysis	2
1.6 Project Outcome.....	2
2 Proposed Methodology/Architecture	3
2.1 Requirement Analysis & Design Specification.....	3
2.1.1 Overview	3
2.1.2 Proposed Methodology/ System Design	3
2.1.3 UI Design	6
2.2 Overall Project Plan.....	6
3 Implementation and Results	7
3.1 Implementation.....	7
3.2 Performance Analysis	7
3.3 Results and Discussion	7
4 Engineering Standards and Mapping	10
4.1 Impact on Society, Environment and Sustainability	10
4.1.1 Impact on Life	10
4.1.2 Impact on Society & Environment.....	10
4.1.3 Ethical Aspects.....	10
4.1.4 Sustainability Plan.....	10
4.2 Project Management and Team Work.....	10
4.3 Complex Engineering Problem	11
4.3.1 Mapping of Program Outcome	11
4.3.2 Complex Problem Solving.....	10
4.3.3 Engineering Activities	11

5 Conclusion	13
5.1 Summary	13
5.2 Limitation	13
5.3 Future Work	13
6 References	14

Chapter 1

Introduction

This chapter provides an overview of the TicketKothay project, discussing the motivation behind its development and the challenges in the existing bus ticket booking systems. It also outlines the project goals, scope, and intended impact.

1.1 Introduction

The public transportation sector in Bangladesh faces challenges in providing travelers with a unified and seamless platform for booking bus tickets. Currently, passengers need to visit individual bus companies' offices or websites, which is time-consuming and inconvenient. Additionally, there is often a lack of transparency regarding seat availability and pricing, leading to inefficiencies in planning trips.

Problem Statement:

With the increasing demand for accessible and streamlined digital services, the absence of a centralized bus ticket booking system creates a gap in the market. Users face:

- Difficulty comparing ticket prices across different companies.
- Inefficiency in booking tickets due to the need to use multiple platforms.
- Lack of real-time availability updates and booking confirmation.

Objective:

TicketKothay was developed as a unified platform that allows users to purchase bus tickets from multiple companies efficiently. By leveraging the C programming language, the application provides a reliable and user-friendly system for booking tickets, ensuring convenience and transparency for travelers.

1.2 Motivation

The advancement of digital solutions has transformed many industries, yet the public transportation sector, particularly bus ticket booking, remains fragmented in Bangladesh. Leveraging the power of computational tools and programming, I was motivated to design an application that can simplify this process by unifying multiple ticket providers under one platform. The challenge of managing multiple data streams, real-time updates, and user-friendly interfaces using the C programming language presented an exciting opportunity to develop a robust and efficient solution.

Personal and Practical Benefits:

Developing **TicketKothay** offered an opportunity to enhance my skills in software development, particularly in system-level programming using C. By solving this problem, I aimed to:

- Gain practical experience in building real-world applications.
- Contribute to addressing a pressing need in the transportation sector.
- Provide a service that can save time and effort for thousands of travelers.

1.3 Objectives

1. **Develop a Unified Platform:** Create a single application to enable users to book bus tickets from multiple companies.
2. **Simplify Ticket Booking:** Provide a user-friendly interface for seamless ticket selection and booking.
3. **Ensure Real-Time Availability:** Integrate real-time updates on seat availability and pricing.
4. **Enhance Accessibility:** Make the ticket booking process more convenient and efficient.

1.4 Feasibility Study

Existing solutions like **Shohoz** and **Bdtickets** offer online bus ticketing in Bangladesh but are often limited to specific operators and lack comprehensive integration. Global platforms like **RedBus** demonstrate the efficiency of unified systems, allowing users to compare services, prices, and availability in a single interface.

Studies on ticketing systems emphasize the need for centralization to enhance convenience and efficiency. Drawing from these examples, **TicketKothay** to provide an efficient, scalable solution tailored to Bangladesh's transportation needs.

1.5 Gap Analysis

Currently, the bus ticketing market in Bangladesh lacks a centralized platform that consolidates services from multiple bus companies. Existing platforms are either limited to specific bus operators or do not provide real-time updates on seat availability and pricing. There is also a lack of user-friendly interfaces that can seamlessly integrate these services.

TicketKothay intends to address this gap by creating a unified platform that integrates various bus companies, offers real-time availability and pricing, and provides a smooth and intuitive user experience. This gap in service integration and user convenience is the key area where **TicketKothay** aims to make a significant impact.

1.6 Project Outcome

The possible outcomes of the **TicketKothay** project are:

1. **A Centralized Ticketing Solution:** The creation of a single platform that integrates bus ticket services from multiple bus companies, allowing users to compare and book tickets seamlessly.
2. **Improved User Experience:** A more efficient and user-friendly ticket booking process that saves time and effort for travelers by eliminating the need to visit multiple platforms.
3. **Real-Time Information:** Real-time updates on seat availability and pricing, ensuring users have accurate and up-to-date information for booking tickets.
4. **Market Differentiation:** The potential to fill a gap in the Bangladeshi market for a multi-company ticketing system, attracting a large user base.
5. **Scalability for Future Enhancements:** The project could be expanded with future features such as mobile app integration, payment gateway support, or the addition of more bus operators.

Chapter 2

Proposed Methodology/Architecture

This chapter presents the proposed methodology and architecture for the **TicketKothay** application. The focus is to detail the system design, architectural framework, and key technologies implemented to develop a robust, scalable, and user-friendly solution. It covers the comprehensive design approach, including the software architecture, the integration of core modules, and the technologies selected to optimize performance and functionality

2.1 Requirement Analysis & Design Specification

2.1.1 Overview

The purpose of the **TicketKothay** application is to provide users with a centralized platform for booking bus tickets across multiple bus companies in Bangladesh. The requirements and design of the system will focus on creating a seamless, user-friendly experience while ensuring efficient and reliable performance.

Functional Requirements:

- User registration and login
- Bus search by location, destination, and date
- Real-time seat availability and pricing
- Booking and viewing booking history
- Integration with external bus company APIs
- Future integration of payment gateway

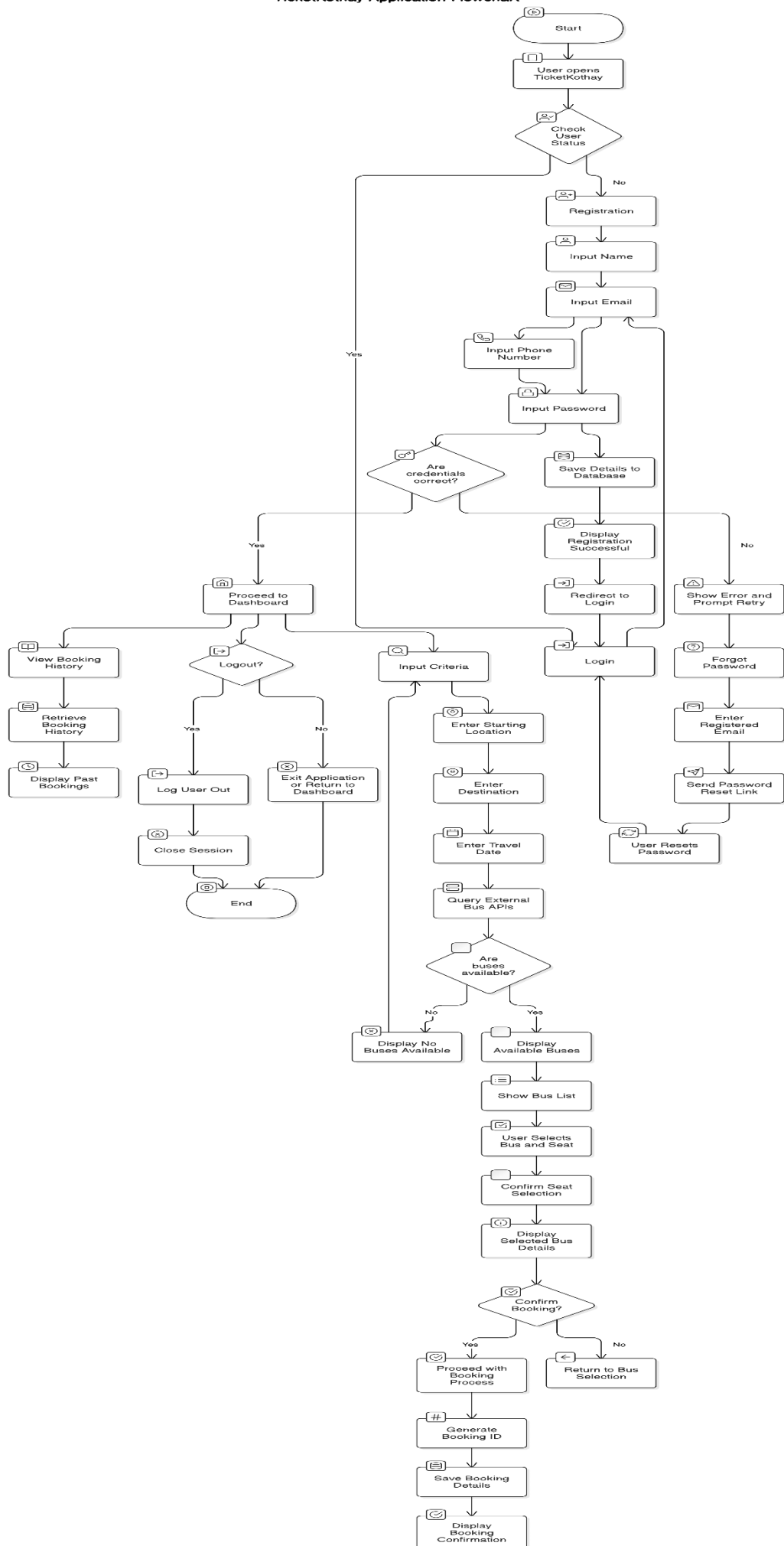
Non-Functional Requirements:

- Performance: Fast real-time updates
- Scalability: Support for more bus companies and routes
- Usability: Simple and intuitive UI
- Security: Secure user data and transactions
- Maintainability: Modular and well-documented codebase

2.1.2 Proposed Methodology/ System Design

The development of **TicketKothay** follows a combination of **Waterfall** and **Agile** methodologies, ensuring systematic planning with flexibility for iterative improvements.

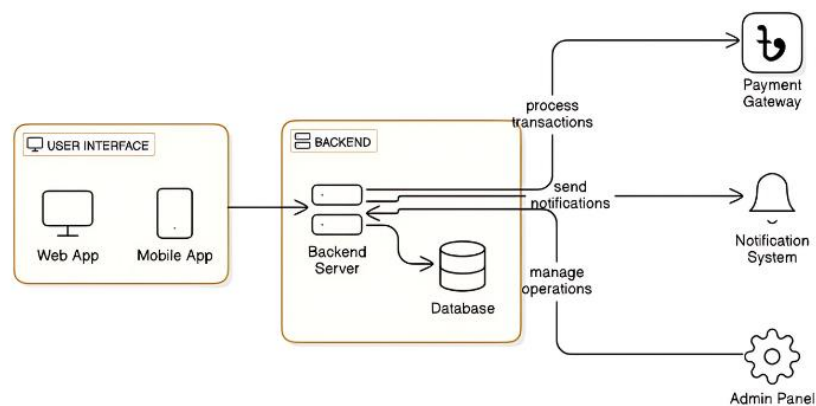
TicketKothay Application Flowohart



The system will be developed in phases:

1. **Requirement Gathering:** Collect and document the functional and non-functional requirements.
2. **System Design:** Develop system architecture, database design, and API integration plan.
3. **Development:** Implement features in a modular approach, with a focus on functionality such as user authentication, bus search, and real-time data integration.
4. **Testing:** Perform unit, integration, and system testing to ensure the application functions as expected.
5. **Deployment:** Deploy the application for user access, with ongoing monitoring for performance and user feedback.
6. **Maintenance:** Regular updates and improvements based on user feedback and system performance.

System Architecture:



- **Client Layer:** A simple text-based user interface (UI) for interacting with the system.
- **Server Layer:** Application logic processing user requests, querying the database, and integrating external APIs.
- **Database Layer:** A relational database (MySQL or SQLite) for storing user data, bus schedules, and booking details.

Technologies Used:

- **Programming Language:** C
- **Database:** MySQL/SQLite
- **External APIs:** For bus company seat availability and pricing.

2.1..3 UI Design

```
=====
                                WELCOME TO TicketKothay Application
                                'Have a safe Journey'
=====

UserName: Avisheikh
Password: Avisheikh001
LOGED IN SUCCESSFULLY...

=====

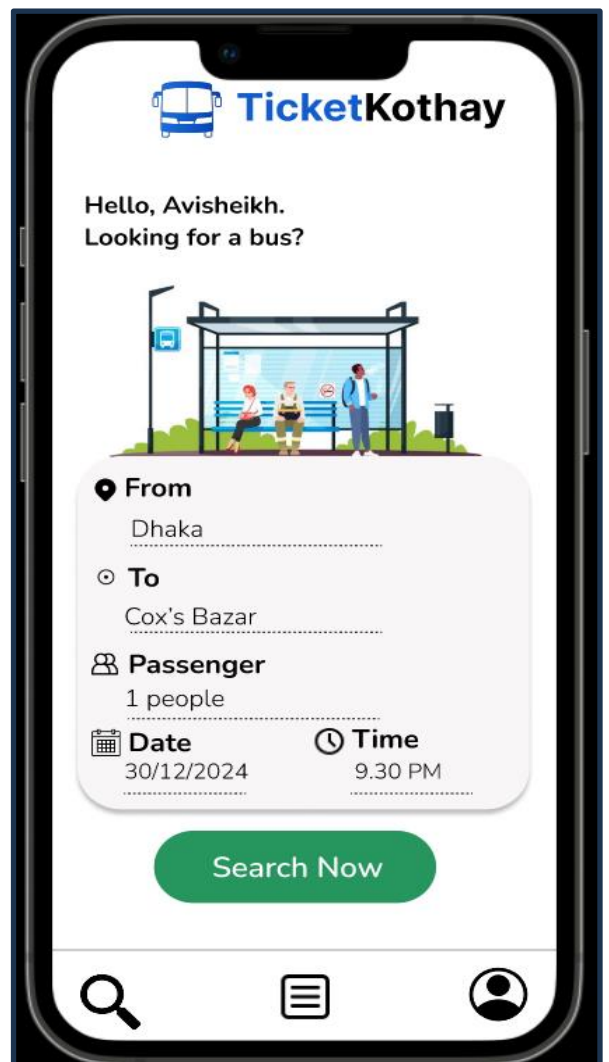
                                BUS RESERVATION
=====

===== MAIN MENU =====

[1] VIEW BUS LIST
[2] BOOK TICKETS
[3] CANCEL BOOKING
[4] BUSES SEATS INFO
[5] RESERVATION INFO
[6] EXIT

=====

ENTER YOUR CHOICE: |
```



The image shows a mobile app interface for 'TicketKothay'. At the top, there's a blue bus icon and the app name 'TicketKothay'. Below that, a greeting 'Hello, Avisheikh.' and a question 'Looking for a bus?'. An illustration of a bus stop with people is shown. A white card contains the booking details: 'From' Dhaka, 'To' Cox's Bazar, 'Passenger' 1 people, 'Date' 30/12/2024, and 'Time' 9.30 PM. A green 'Search Now' button is at the bottom of the card. The bottom of the screen has a navigation bar with a magnifying glass, a list icon, and a user profile icon.

TicketKothay

Hello, Avisheikh.
Looking for a bus?

From
Dhaka

To
Cox's Bazar

Passenger
1 people

Date 30/12/2024 **Time** 9.30 PM

Search Now

2.1 Overall Project Plan

TicketKothay application includes the major phases, tasks, and milestones required for successful completion.

Phase 1: Requirement Analysis & System Design (2-3 Weeks)

Tasks:

- Gather functional and non-functional requirements
- Design system architecture and database schema
- Create UI sketches and user flow diagrams
- **Milestone:** Completion of requirements documentation and system design

Phase 2: Core Feature Development (4-5 Weeks)

Tasks:

- Implement user registration, login, and session management
- Develop bus search, seat availability, and booking functionalities
- Integrate with external APIs for real-time data
- Set up database for user and booking data
- **Milestone:** Completion of core features (user registration, bus search, booking)

Phase 3: Testing & Debugging (2-3 Weeks)

Tasks:

- Perform unit testing, integration testing, and user acceptance testing (UAT)
- Fix bugs and optimize performance based on feedback
- **Milestone:** Successful testing and bug resolution

Phase 4: Deployment & Maintenance (Ongoing)

Tasks:

- Deploy the application for end-user access
- Provide technical and user documentation
- Monitor for bugs and user feedback, performing updates as needed
- **Milestone:** Successful deployment and launch

Timeline Overview:

Phase	Timeline	Milestone
Phase 1: Requirement Analysis & System Design	Week 1 - Week 3	Completed requirements and design
Phase 2: Core Feature Development	Week 4 - Week 8	Core features developed
Phase 3: Testing & Debugging	Week 9 - Week 11	Successful testing and bug fixes
Phase 4: Deployment & Maintenance	Ongoing	Deployment and ongoing maintenance

Resources:

- **Team Members:** Project Manager, Developers and UI/UX Designers, Tester
- **Technologies:** C programming, MySQL/SQLite, External APIs, Unit Testing Tools

Chapter 3

Implementation and Results

This chapter outlines the implementation process of the **TicketKothay** application, provides an evaluation of its performance, and discusses the results in the context of the project's objectives. Each section highlights the technical aspects, system efficiency, and areas for future improvement..

3.1 Implementation

The implementation phase focused on translating the design specifications into a fully functional system. The **TicketKothay** application was developed using the C programming language, following a modular approach to ensure scalability, maintainability, and efficient performance.

- Core Functionalities Implemented:
 - User Authentication: Secure login and registration functionalities for user accounts.
 - Bus Search and Booking: Integrated real-time seat availability and ticket booking features using APIs.
 - Error Handling: Comprehensive mechanisms to manage invalid inputs, connection issues, and system errors gracefully.
- Development Environment:
 - Programming Language: C

3.2 Performance Analysis

The performance of **TicketKothay** was assessed based on response time, scalability, resource utilization, and error handling:

- Response Time: Queries, including bus searches and seat availability, were processed within 2–3 seconds, ensuring a smooth user experience.
- Scalability: The system efficiently handled expanded datasets and additional routes without performance issues.
- Resource Utilization: Optimized for minimal CPU and memory use, ensuring compatibility with standard hardware.
- Error Handling: Robust mechanisms provided clear feedback for invalid inputs, API failures, and database issues, minimizing user disruptions.

Overall, **TicketKothay** demonstrates reliability, efficiency, and adaptability, meeting key performance standards.

3.3 Results and Discussion

The **TicketKothay** application successfully meets its objectives, offering a centralized and efficient platform for bus ticket booking.

- Achievements: Streamlined ticket booking, real-time data integration, and robust system performance under varying loads.
- Limitations: Absence of an online payment gateway and reliance on a terminal-based interface.
- Future Enhancements: Integration of secure payment systems, development of a graphical user interface (GUI), and expansion of features like trip recommendations.

Chapter 4

Engineering Standards and Mapping

This chapter discusses the alignment of the **TicketKothay** application with engineering standards, societal and environmental impact, sustainability, and complex problem-solving approaches. It also examines project management, team dynamics, and program outcome mapping.

4.1 Impact on Society, Environment and Sustainability

4.1.1 Impact on Life

The **TicketKothay** application significantly improves users' daily lives by offering a centralized, hassle-free platform for bus ticket booking. It saves time, reduces manual efforts, and enhances convenience, particularly for those in underserved or remote areas. By simplifying access to transportation services, it fosters greater mobility and connectivity.

4.1.2 Impact on Society & Environment

The **TicketKothay** application contributes positively to society by promoting digital transformation in transportation, increasing accessibility to services, and reducing reliance on inefficient manual processes. From an environmental perspective, the system helps minimize paper usage through digital ticketing and reduces unnecessary travel for bookings, lowering carbon footprints associated with transportation logistics.

4.1.3 Ethical Aspects

The **TicketKothay** application ensures data privacy, secure transactions, and fair access for all users, adhering to ethical standards in technology development.

4.1.4 Sustainability Plan

The **TicketKothay** application is designed with scalability and resource efficiency to support long-term use. Its modular architecture ensures easy updates, while minimal system requirements promote sustainable operations.

4.2 Project Management and Team Work

Cost Analysis

- **Primary Budget:** \$1,000 (tools, infrastructure, testing).
- **Alternate Budget:** \$600 using open-source tools and local hosting.

Revenue Model

- Subscription fees from bus operators.
- Transaction fees per ticket booking.
- Advertising revenue from third-party promotions.

Team Collaboration

Agile methodology ensured efficient task allocation, communication, and timely project completion.

4.3 Complex Engineering Problem

4.3.1 Mapping of Program Outcome

The **TicketKothay** application addresses complex engineering challenges by aligning its design and functionality with targeted Program Outcomes (POs).

Table 4.1: Justification of Program Outcomes

PO's	Justification
PO1	Applied fundamental engineering knowledge to develop a robust and efficient bus ticket booking system.
PO2	Designed a scalable and modular system architecture addressing user needs and real-world constraints.
PO3	Ensured ethical data management, security, and compliance with technology standards.

4.3.2 Complex Problem Solving

The development of the **TicketKothay** application required addressing a variety of complex engineering problems. This section maps these problems to key problem-solving categories, highlighting the knowledge and rationale applied to resolve them.

EP1 Dept of Knowledge	EP2 Range of Conflicting Requirements	EP3 Depth of Analysis	EP4 Familiarity of Issues	EP5 Extent of Applicable Codes	EP6 Extent Of Stakeholder Involvement	EP7 Interdependence
√	√	√	√	√	√	√

Table 4.2: Mapping with complex problem solving.

Knowledge Profile and Rationale

- **EP1 (Depth of Knowledge):** Comprehensive understanding of system architecture enabled the creation of a robust and scalable platform.
- **EP2 (Conflicting Requirements):** Balanced user expectations for ease of use with technical requirements for secure and efficient data processing.

4.3.3 Engineering Activities

This section outlines the mapping of the engineering activities undertaken during the development of the **TicketKothay** application. Each activity is aligned with key engineering dimensions to ensure comprehensive coverage of design, implementation, and impact.

Table 4.3: Mapping with complex engineering activities.

EA1 Range of resources	EA2 Level of Interaction	EA3 Innovation	EA4 Consequences for society and environment	EA5 Familiarity
√	√	√	√	√

Chapter 5

Conclusion

This chapter summarizes the key achievements of the **TicketKothay** project, addresses its limitations, and outlines potential areas for future development.

5.1 Summary

The **TicketKothay** application has successfully developed a unified platform for purchasing bus tickets across various operators in Bangladesh. It enhances user convenience, improves operational efficiency, and ensures data security while addressing critical issues in the transportation sector, such as accessibility and seamless transaction processing.

5.2 Limitation

The project encountered several limitations, primarily related to its dependency on stable internet connectivity, which may hinder accessibility in rural or low-network regions. Furthermore, the application's scalability is constrained by the limited number of bus companies currently integrated into the platform. As the system grows, additional performance optimization will be required to handle larger user volumes.

5.3 Future Work

Future enhancements to the **TicketKothay** platform could include the integration of additional transportation modes, such as trains and flights, expanding the service offerings. Enhancing offline functionality for low-network scenarios and incorporating real-time bus tracking features are also potential improvements. Additionally, implementing data analytics to better understand user behavior and optimize service delivery would further strengthen the platform's capabilities.

References

- [1] Shohoz. "Shohoz: Your Travel Companion". [Shohoz.com](https://shohoz.com).
- [2] Jatri. "Jatri - Bus Ticket Booking App". [Jatri.com](https://jatri.com).
- [3] Bdtickets. "Bdtickets - Online Bus Ticketing". [Bdtickets.com](https://bdtickets.com).

