Practical No: 01 Implement a class Complex which represents the Complex Number data type. Implement the following

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- 1) Constructor (including a default constructor which creates the complex number 0+0i).
- 2) Overload operator+ to add two complex numbers.
- 3) Overload operator* to multiply two complex numbers.
- 4) Overload operators << and >> to print and read Complex Numbers.

```
# include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class Complex
                           //decaring Class Complex
{
  double real;
  double img;
  public:
                    // Default Constructor
  Complex();
  friend istream & operator >> (istream &, Complex &); // Input
  friend ostream & operator << (ostream &, const Complex &); // Output
  Complex operator + (Complex); // Addition
  Complex operator * (Complex); // Multiplication
};
Complex::Complex()
                              // Default Constructor
  real = 0;
  img = 0;
istream & operator >> (istream &, Complex & i)
{
  cin >> i.real >> i.img;
  return cin;
ostream & operator << (ostream &, const Complex & d)
```

```
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      cout << d.real << " + " << d.img << "i" << endl;
      return cout;
   }
   Complex Complex::operator + (Complex c1) // Overloading + operator
   {
      Complex temp;
      temp.real = real + c1.real;
      temp.img = img + c1.img;
      return temp;
   Complex Complex::operator * (Complex c2) // Overloading * Operator
      Complex tmp;
      tmp.real = real * c2.real - img * c2.img;
      tmp.img = real * c2.img + img * c2.real;
      return tmp;
   }
   int main()
      Complex C1, C2, C3, C4;
      int flag = 1;
      char b;
      while (flag == 1)
        cout << "Enter Real and Imaginary part of the Complex Number 1 : \n";
        cin >> C1;
        cout << "Enter Real and Imaginary part of the Complex Number 2 : \n";
        cin >> C2;
        int f = 1;
        while (f == 1)
        {
          cout << "Complex Number 1 : " << C1 << endl;</pre>
          cout << "Complex Number 2 : " << C2 << endl;
```

cout << "**********MENU********* << endl;

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```
cout << "1. Addition of Complex Numbers" << endl;</pre>
cout << "2. Multiplication of Complex Numbers" << endl;
cout << "3. Exit\n";
int a;
cout << "Enter your choice from above MENU (1 to 3): ";
cin >> a;
if (a == 1)
{
  C3 = C1 + C2;
  cout << "Addition : " << C3 << endl;
  cout \ll "Do you wan to perform another operation (y/n) : \n";
  cin >> b;
  if (b == 'y' || b == 'Y')
    f=1;
  }
  else
  {
    cout << "Thanks for using this program!!\n";</pre>
    flag=0;
    f=0;
  }
}
else if (a == 2)
  C4 = C1 * C2;
  cout << "Multiplication : " << C4 << endl;
  cout \ll "Do you wan to perform another operation (y/n) : \n";
  cin >> b;
  if (b == 'y' || b == 'Y')
    f=1;
  }
  else
```

```
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```

```
{
    cout << "Thanks for using this program!!\n";
    flag=0;
    f=0;
}
else
{
    cout << "Thanks for using this program!!\n";
    flag=0;
    f=0;
}
return 0;
}</pre>
```

• Output:

```
jaihind@jaihind-ThinkCentre-M60e:$ g++ pr1.cpp
jaihind@jaihind-ThinkCentre-M60e:$ ./a.out
Enter Real and Imaginary part of the Complex Number 1:55
Enter Real and Imaginary part of the Complex Number 2:22
Complex Number 1:5+5i
Complex Number 2:2+2i
********MENU******
1. Addition of Complex Numbers
2. Multiplication of Complex Numbers
3. Exit
Enter your choice from above MENU (1 to 3): 1
Addition: 7 + 7i
Do you wan to perform another operation (y/n): y
Complex Number 1:5+5i
Complex Number 2:2+2i
*********MENU******
1. Addition of Complex Numbers
2. Multiplication of Complex Numbers
3. Exit
Enter your choice from above MENU (1 to 3): 2
Multiplication: 0 + 20i
Do you wan to perform another operation (y/n): y
Complex Number 1:5+5i
Complex Number 2:2+2i
*********MENU******
1. Addition of Complex Numbers
2. Multiplication of Complex Numbers
3. Exit
Enter your choice from above MENU (1 to 3): 3
Thanks for using this program!!
```

Pragram No: 02 Develop a program in C++ to create a database of student's information system containing the following information: Name, Roll number, Class, Division, Date of Birth, Blood group, Contactaddress, Telephone number, Driving license no. and other. Construct the database with suitable member functions. Make use of constructor, default constructor, copy constructor, destructor, static member functions, friend class, this pointer, inline code and dynamic memory allocation operators-new and delete as well as exception handling.

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Program:

```
#include<iostream>
#include<string.h>
using namespace std;
class StudData;
class Student{
  string name;
  int roll no;
  string cls;
  char* division;
  string dob;
  char* bloodgroup;
  static int count;
  public:
  Student()
                 // Default Constructor
    name="";
    roll no=0;
    cls="":
    division=new char;
    dob="dd/mm/yyyy";
    bloodgroup=new char[4];
```

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```
}
  ~Student()
    delete division;
    delete[] bloodgroup;
  }
  static int getCount()
    return count;
  }
  void getData(StudData*);
  void dispData(StudData*);
};
class StudData{
  string caddress;
  long int* telno;
  long int* dlno;
  friend class Student;
  public:
  StudData()
    caddress="";
    telno=new long;
    dlno=new long;
  }
```

~StudData()

```
delete telno:
     delete dlno;
   }
  void getStudData()
   {
     cout<<"Enter Contact Address : ";</pre>
     cin.get();
     getline(cin,caddress);
     cout<<"Enter Telephone Number : ";</pre>
     cin>>*telno;
     cout<<"Enter Driving License Number : ";</pre>
     cin>>*dlno;
  }
  void dispStudData()
   {
     cout<<"Contact Address : "<<caddress<<endl;</pre>
     cout<<"Telephone Number : "<<*telno<<endl;</pre>
     cout<<"Driving License Number : "<<*dlno<<endl;</pre>
  }
};
inline void Student::getData(StudData* st)
  cout<<"Enter Student Name : ";</pre>
  getline(cin,name);
  cout<<"Enter Roll Number : ";</pre>
  cin>>roll_no;
  cout<<"Enter Class : ";</pre>
  cin.get();
  getline(cin,cls);
  cout<<"Enter Division : ";</pre>
  cin>>division;
```

```
cout << "Enter Date of Birth: ";
  cin.get();
  getline(cin,dob);
  cout<<"Enter Blood Group : ";</pre>
  cin>>bloodgroup;
  st->getStudData();
  count++;
}
inline void Student::dispData(StudData* st1)
  cout<<"Student Name : "<<name<<endl;</pre>
  cout<<"Roll Number : "<<roll no<<endl;</pre>
  cout<<"Class: "<<cls<<endl;
  cout<<"Division : "<<division<<endl;</pre>
  cout << "Date of Birth: " << dob << endl;
  cout<<"Blood Group : "<<bloodgroup<<endl;</pre>
  st1->dispStudData();
}
int Student::count;
int main()
  Student* stud1[100];
  StudData* stud2[100];
  int n=0;
  char ch;
  do
     stud1[n]=new Student;
     stud2[n]=new StudData;
     stud1[n]->getData(stud2[n]);
```

```
n++;
 cout << "Do you want to add another student (y/n): ";
 cin>>ch;
 cin.get();
} while (ch=='y' \parallel ch=='Y');
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
 cout<<"-----"<<endl;
 stud1[i]->dispData(stud2[i]);
}
cout<<"-----"<<endl;
cout<<"Total Students : "<<Student::getCount();</pre>
cout<<endl<<"-----"<<endl;
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
 delete stud1[i];
 delete stud2[i];
return 0;
```

• Output:

jaihind@jaihind-ThinkCentre-M60e:\$ g++ pr2.cpp

jaihind@jaihind-ThinkCentre-M60e:\$./a.out

Enter Student Name: Ram

Enter Roll Number: 1

Enter Class: BE

Enter Division: A

Enter Date of Birth: 23/06/2004

Enter Blood Group: A+

Enter Contact Address: 1234567890

Enter Telephone Number: 7513200000

Enter Driving License Number: 1234567891235486

Do you want to add another student (y/n): n

Student Name: Ram

Roll Number: 1

Class: BE

Division: A

Date of Birth: 23/06/2004

Blood Group: A+

Contact Address: 1234567890

Telephone Number: 7513200000

Driving License Number: 1234567891235486

Total Students: 1

Practical No: 03 Imagine a publishing company which does marketing for book and audiocassette versions. Create a class publication that stores the title (a string) and price (type float) of a publication. From this class derive two classes: book, which adds a page count(type int), and tape, which adds a playing time in minutes(type float). Write a program that instantiates the book and tape classes, allows user to enter data and displays the data members. If an exception is caught, replace all the data member values with zero values.

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```
# include<iostream>
# include<stdio.h>
using namespace std;
class publication
                             // declaring class Publication
  private:
  string title;
  float price;
  public:
  void add()
   {
     cout << "\nEnter the Publication information : " << endl;</pre>
     cout << "Enter Title of the Publication : ";</pre>
     cin.ignore();
     getline(cin, title);
     cout << "Enter Price of Publication : ";</pre>
     cin >> price;
  void display()
     cout << "\nTitle of Publication : " << title;</pre>
     cout << "\nPublication Price : " << price;</pre>
  }
```

```
};
class book: public publication // declaring class book which inherits class publication in
public mode.
  private:
  int page_count;
  public:
  void add_book()
    try
       add();
       cout << "Enter Page Count of Book : ";</pre>
       cin >> page_count;
       if (page count <= 0)
       {
         throw page count;
     }
    catch(...)
      cout << "\nInvalid Page Count!!!";</pre>
       page count = 0;
     }
  void display book()
  display();
    cout << "\nPage Count : " <<
    page_count;
    cout << "\n----\n";
  }
};
```

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tape t1[10];

// object of class tape

```
class tape: public publication // declaring class tape which inherits class publication in
public mode
{
  private:
  float play time;
  public:
  void add tape()
  {
    try
     {
       add();
       cout << "Enter Play Duration of the Tape : ";</pre>
       cin >> play time;
       if (play_time <= 0)
       throw play time;
    }
    catch(...)
       cout << "\nInvalid Play Time!!!";</pre>
       play time = 0;
    }
  }
  void display tape()
    display();
    cout << "\nPlay Time : " <<
    play time << " min";
    cout << "\n----\n";
  }
};
int main()
  book b1[10]; // object of class book
```

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t1[j].display tape();

```
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                                                                            Roll No: 65
     int ch, b count = 0, t count = 0;
     do
      {
        cout << "\n* * * * * PUBLICATION DATABASE SYSTEM * * * * *";
        cout << "\n-----";
        cout << "\n1. Add Information to Books";</pre>
        cout << "\n2. Add Information to Tapes";
        cout << "\n3. Display Books Information";
        cout << "\n4. Display Tapes Information";
        cout << "\n5. Exit";
        cout << "\n\nEnter your choice : ";</pre>
        cin >> ch;
        switch(ch)
        {
        case 1:
          b1[b count].add book();
          b count++;
        break;
        case 2:
          t1[t count].add tape();
          t count++;
        break;
        case 3:
          cout << "\n* * * * BOOK PUBLICATION DATABASE SYSTEM * * * *";
          for (int j=0; j < b count; j++)
        {
          b1[j].display book();
        }
        break;
        case 4:
          cout << "\n* * * * TAPE PUBLICATION DATABASE SYSTEM * * * *";
          for (int j=0; j < t count; j++)
        {
```

```
}
break;
case 5:
    exit(0);
}
while (ch != 5);
return 0;
}
```

• Output:

jaihind@jaihind-ThinkCentre-M60e:\$ g++ pr3.cpp jaihind@jaihind-ThinkCentre-M60e:\$./a.out

* * * * * PUBLICATION DATABASE SYSTEM * * * *

Seat No: S190842102

Roll No: 65

-----MENU-----

- 1. Add Information to Books
- 2. Add Information to Tapes
- 3. Display Books Information
- 4. Display Tapes Information
- 5. Exit

Enter your choice: 1

Enter the Publication information:

Enter Title of the Publication: C++

Enter Price of Publication: 500

Enter Page Count of Book: 25000

* * * * * PUBLICATION DATABASE SYSTEM * * * * *

-----MENU-----

- 1. Add Information to Books
- 2. Add Information to Tapes
- 3. Display Books Information
- 4. Display Tapes Information
- 5. Exit

Enter your choice : 2
Enter the Publication information :
Enter Title of the Publication: python
Enter Price of Publication: 600
Enter Play Duration of the Tape: 45000
* * * * * PUBLICATION DATABASE SYSTEM * * * * *
1. Add Information to Books
2. Add Information to Tapes
3. Display Books Information
4. Display Tapes Information
5. Exit
Enter your choice : 3
* * * * BOOK PUBLICATION DATABASE SYSTEM * * * *
Title of Publication : C++
Publication Price: 500
Page Count : 25000
* * * * * PUBLICATION DATABASE SYSTEM * * * * *MENU
1. Add Information to Books
2. Add Information to Tapes
3. Display Books Information
4. Display Tapes Information
5. Exit

Enter your choice: 4

- 1. Add Information to Books
- 2. Add Information to Tapes
- 3. Display Books Information
- 4. Display Tapes Information
- 5. Exit

Enter your choice: 5

Program No: 04 Write a C++ program that creates an output file, writes information to it, closes the file and open it again as an input file and read the information from the file.

Seat No: S190842102

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```
#include<iostream>
#include<fstream>
using namespace std;
class Employee // declaring class employee
  string Name;
  int ID;
  double salary;
  public:
  void accept()
  {
     cout << "\n Name : ";
     cin.ignore();
     getline(cin,Name);
    cout<<"\n Id : ";
     cin>>ID;
     cout << "\n Salary: ";
     cin>>salary;
  }
  void display()
     cout << "\n Name : " << Name;
     cout << "\n Id : " << ID;
    cout<<"\n Salary : "<<salary<<endl;
  }
};
int main()
```

```
{
  Employee o[5];
  fstream f;
  int i,n;
  f.open("demo2.txt",ios::out);
  cout<<"\n Enter the number of employees you want to store : ";</pre>
  cin>>n;
  for(i=0;i<n;i++)
     cout << "\n Enter information of Employee "<< i+1 << "\n";
     o[i].accept();
     f.write((char*)&o[i],sizeof o[i]);
  }
  f.close();
  f.open("demo2.txt",ios::in);
  cout<<"\n Information of Employees is as follows : \n";
  for(i=0;i<n;i++)
  {
     cout << "\nEmployee" << i+1 << "\n";
     f.read((char*)&o[i],sizeof o[i]);
     o[i].display();
  }
  f.close();
  return 0;
```

Output:

}

```
jaihind@jaihind-ThinkCentre-M60e:$ g++ pr4.cpp
jaihind@jaihind-ThinkCentre-M60e:$ ./a.out
```

Enter the number of employees you want to store: 2

Enter information of Employee 1

Name: Ram

Id: 1

Salary: 10000

Enter information of Employee 2

Name: Sham

Id:2

Salary: 11000

Information of Employees is as follows:

Employee 1

Name : Ram

Id: 1

Salary: 10000

Employee 2

Name : Sham

Id:2

Salary: 11000

• Demo2.txt:

Name: Ram Id: 1 Salary: 10000 Name: Sham Id: 2 Salary: 11000

Practical No: 05 Implement a function template selection Sort. Write a program that inputs, sorts and outputs an integer array and a float array.

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```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int n;
#define size 10
template<class T>
void sel(T A[size])
  int i,j,min;
  T temp;
  for(i=0;i< n-1;i++)
     min=i;
     for(j=i+1;j< n;j++)
       if(A[j] < A[min])
       min=j;
     }
     temp=A[i];
    A[i]=A[min];
    A[min]=temp;
  }
  cout<<"\nSorted array:";</pre>
  for(i=0;i<n;i++)
     cout << " " << A[i];
  }
}
  int main()
     int A[size];
```

break;

```
float B[size];
int i;
int ch;
do
  cout<<"\n* * * * * SELECTION SORT SYSTEM * * * * * ";
  cout<<"\n MENU ";
  cout << "\n1. Integer Values";
  cout<<"\n2. Float Values";</pre>
  cout << "\n3. Exit";
  cout<<"\n\nEnter your choice : ";</pre>
  cin>>ch;
  switch(ch)
     case 1:
       cout<<"\nEnter total no of int elements:";</pre>
       cin>>n;
       cout<<"\nEnter int elements:";</pre>
     for(i=0;i<n;i++)
       cin >> A[i];
     }
     sel(A);
       break;
     case 2:
       cout<<"\nEnter total no of float elements:";</pre>
       cin>>n;
       cout<<"\nEnter float elements:";</pre>
     for(i=0;i<n;i++)
     {
       cin>>B[i];
     }
     sel(B);
```

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```
case 3:
exit(0);
}
while(ch!=3);
return 0;
}
```

• Output:

```
jaihind@jaihind-ThinkCentre-M60e:$ g++ pr5.cpp jaihind@jaihind-ThinkCentre-M60e:$ ./a.out
```

* * * * * SELECTION SORT SYSTEM * * * * *

MENU

- 1. Integer Values
- 2. Float Values
- 3. Exit

Enter your choice: 1

Enter total no of int elements:5

Enter int elements: 1 2 3 4 5

Sorted array: 1 2 3 4 5

* * * * * SELECTION SORT SYSTEM * * * * *

MENU

- 1. Integer Values
- 2. Float Values
- 3. Exit

Enter your choice: 2

Enter total no of float elements:5

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Enter float elements: 10.0 20.0 30.0 40.0 50.0

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Sorted array: 10 20 30 40 50

* * * * * SELECTION SORT SYSTEM * * * * *

MENU

- 1. Integer Values
- 2. Float Values
- 3. Exit

Enter your choice: 3

Practical No: 06 Write C++ program using STL for sorting and searching user defined records such as personal records (Name, DOB, Telephone number etc) using vector container.

Seat No: S190842102

Roll No: 65

```
#include <iostream> //standard input output stream header file
#include <algorithm> //The STL algorithms are generic because they can operate on a
variety of data structures
#include <vector> //The header file for the STL vector library is vector.
using namespace std;
class Item // creating class Item
  public:
  char
  name[10]; int
  quantity; int
  cost;
  int code;
  bool operator==(const Item& i1) //Boolean operators allow you to create more
complex conditional statements
  {
    if(code=i1.code) //operator will return 1 if the comparison is true, or 0 if the
comparison is false
    return 1;
    return 0;
  bool operator < (const Item& i1)
    if(code<i1.code) //operator will return 1 if the comparison is true, or 0 if the
comparison is false
    return 1;
    return 0;
  }
```

```
};
vector<Item> o1;
void print(Item &i1);
void display();
void insert();
void search();
void dlt();
bool compare(const Item &i1, const Item &i2)
  return i1.cost < i2.cost;
int main()
  int ch;
  do
   {
     cout<<"\n* * * * * Menu * * * * *";
     cout<<"\n1.Insert";</pre>
     cout<<"\n2.Display";</pre>
     cout << "\n3.Search";
     cout << "\n4.Sort";
     cout << "\n5.Delete";
     cout << "\n6.Exit";
     cout<<"\nEnter your choice : ";</pre>
     cin>>ch;
     switch(ch)
     {
     case 1:
       insert();
     break;
     case 2:
        display();
     break;
     case 3:
```

```
search();
  break;
  case 4:
     sort(o1.begin(),o1.end(),compare);
     cout<<"\n\n Sorted on Cost : ";</pre>
     display();
  break;
  case 5:
     dlt();
  break;
  case 6:
     exit(0);
  }
}while(ch!=7);
return 0;
}
void insert()
{
  Item i1;
  cout<<"\nEnter Item Name : ";</pre>
  cin>>i1.name;
  cout<<"\nEnter Item Quantity : ";</pre>
  cin>>i1.quantity;
  cout<<"\nEnter Item Cost : ";</pre>
  cin>>i1.cost;
  cout<<"\nEnter Item Code : ";</pre>
  cin>>i1.code;
  o1.push_back(i1);
}
void display()
{
  for_each(o1.begin(),o1.end(),print);
}
void print(Item &i1)
```

```
cout<<"\n";
  cout<<"\nItem Name : "<<i1.name;</pre>
  cout<<"\nItem Quantity : "<<i1.quantity;</pre>
  cout<<"\nItem Cost : "<<i1.cost;</pre>
  cout<<"\nItem Code : "<<i1.code;</pre>
  cout << "\n\n";
}
void search()
  vector<Item>::iterator p;
  Item i1;
  cout<<"\nEnter Item Code to search : ";</pre>
  cin>>i1.code;
  p=find(o1.begin(),o1.end(),i1);
  if(p==o1.end())
  {
     cout<<"\nNot found!!!";</pre>
  }
  else
     cout<<"\nFound!!!";</pre>
  }
  void dlt()
   {
     vector<Item>::iterator p;
     Item i1;
     cout<<"\nEnter Item Code to delete : ";</pre>
     cin>>i1.code;
     p=find(o1.begin(),o1.end(),i1);
     if(p==o1.end())
       cout<<"\nNot found!!!";</pre>
```

```
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Roll No: 65
```

```
}
else
{
    o1.erase(p);
    cout<<"\nDeleted!!!";
}</pre>
```

• Output:

jaihind@jaihind-ThinkCentre-M60e:\$ g++ pr6.cpp jaihind@jaihind-ThinkCentre-M60e:\$./a.out

```
* * * * * Menu * * * * *
```

- 1.Insert
- 2.Display
- 3.Search
- 4.Sort
- 5.Delete
- 6.Exit

Enter your choice: 1

Enter Item Name: Mouse

Enter Item Quantity: 5

Enter Item Cost: 300

Enter Item Code: 1234

* * * * * Menu * * * * *

- 1.Insert
- 2.Display
- 3.Search

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4.Sort
5.Delete
6.Exit

Item Name : Mouse
Item Quantity : 5
Item Cost : 300

Enter your choice: 2

Item Code: 1234

```
* * * * * Menu * * * * *
```

- 1.Insert
- 2.Display
- 3.Search
- 4.Sort
- 5.Delete
- 6.Exit

Enter your choice: 3

Enter Item Code to search: 1234

```
Found!!!

* * * * * Menu * * * * *

1.Insert
```

- 2.Display
- 3.Search
- 4.Sort
- 5.Delete
- 6.Exit

Enter your choice: 4

Sorted on Cost:

Item Name: Mouse

Item Quantity: 5

Item Cost: 300

Item Code: 1234

- * * * * * Menu * * * * *
- 1.Insert
- 2.Display
- 3.Search
- 4.Sort
- 5.Delete
- 6.Exit

Enter your choice: 5

Enter Item Code to delete: 2

Not found!!!

* * * * * Menu * * * * *

- 1.Insert
- 2.Display
- 3.Search
- 4.Sort
- 5.Delete
- 6.Exit

Enter your choice: 6

Practical No: 07 Write a program in C++ to use map associative container. The keys will be the names of states and the values will be the populations of the states. When the program runs, the user is prompted to type the name of a state. The program then looks in the map, using the state name as an index and returns the population of the state.

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```
#include <iostream>
#include <map>
#include <string>
#include <utility>
using namespace std;
int main()
  typedef map<string,int> mapType;
  mapType populationMap;
  populationMap.insert(pair<string, float>("Maharashtra", 125));
  populationMap.insert(pair<string, float>("Uttar Pradesh", 225));
  populationMap.insert(mapType::value type("Bihar", 120));
  populationMap.insert(mapType::value type("West Bengal", 100));
  populationMap.insert(make pair("Madhya Pradesh", 90));
  populationMap.insert(make pair("Tamil Nadu", 80));
  populationMap.insert(make pair("Rajasthan", 78));
  populationMap.insert(make pair("Andhra Pradesh", 53));
  populationMap.insert(make pair("Odisha", 47));
  populationMap.insert(make pair("Kerala", 38));
  populationMap.insert(make pair("Telangana", 37));
  populationMap.insert(make pair("Assam", 35));
  populationMap.insert(make pair("Jharkhand", 38));
  populationMap.insert(make pair("Karnataka", 68));
  populationMap.insert(make pair("Gujarat", 70));
  populationMap.insert(make pair("Punjab", 31));
  populationMap.insert(make pair("Chhattisgarh", 30));
  populationMap.insert(make pair("Haryana", 29));
  populationMap.insert(make pair("UT Delhi", 19));
```

```
populationMap.insert(make pair("UT Jammu and Kashmir", 14));
  populationMap.insert(make pair("Uttarakhand", 12));
  populationMap.insert(make pair("Himachal Pradesh", 8));
  populationMap.insert(make pair("Tripura", 04));
  populationMap.insert(make pair("Meghalaya", 4));
  populationMap.insert(make pair("Manipur[", 3));
  populationMap.insert(make pair("Nagaland", 2));
  populationMap.insert(make pair("Goa", 2));
  populationMap.insert(make pair("Arunachal Pradesh", 2));
  populationMap.insert(make pair("UT Puducherry", 2));
  populationMap.insert(make pair("Mizoram", 1));
  populationMap.insert(make pair("UT Chandigarh", 1));
  populationMap.insert(make pair("Sikkim", 1));
  populationMap.insert(make pair("UT Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu",
1));
  populationMap.insert(make pair("UT Andaman and Nicobar Islands", 1));
  populationMap.insert(make pair("UT Lakshadweep", 0.0003));
  populationMap.insert(make pair("UT Ladakh", 0.00006));
  mapType::iterator iter = --populationMap.end();
  populationMap.erase(iter);
  cout << "Total state and UT of India with Size of populationMap: " <<
populationMap.size() << '\n';</pre>
  for (iter = populationMap.begin(); iter != populationMap.end(); ++iter)
    cout << iter->first <<":" << iter->second << " million\n";</pre>
  char c;
  do
  {
    string state;
    cout << "\nEnter that state you want to know the population of: ";
    cin>>state;
    iter = populationMap.find(state);
    if( iter != populationMap.end() )
```

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• Output:

}

```
jaihind@jaihind-ThinkCentre-M60e:$ g++ pr7.cpp jaihind@jaihind-ThinkCentre-M60e:$ ./a.out
```

Total state and UT of India with Size of populationMap: 35

Andhra Pradesh:53 million Arunachal Pradesh:2 million

Assam:35 million Bihar:120 million

Chhattisgarh:30 million

Goa:2 million

Gujarat:70 million

Haryana:29 million

Himachal Pradesh:8 million

Jharkhand:38 million

Karnataka:68 million

Kerala:38 million

Madhya Pradesh:90 million

Maharashtra:125 million

Manipur[:3 million

Meghalaya:4 million

Mizoram:1 million

Seat No: S190842102 Roll No: 65

Nagaland:2 million

Odisha:47 million

Punjab:31 million

Rajasthan: 78 million

Sikkim:1 million

Tamil Nadu:80 million

Telangana:37 million

Tripura:4 million

UT Andaman and Nicobar Islands:1 million

UT Chandigarh:1 million

UT Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu:1 million

UT Delhi:19 million

UT Jammu and Kashmir:14 million

UT Ladakh:0 million

UT Lakshadweep:0 million

UT Puducherry:2 million

Uttar Pradesh:225 million

Uttarakhand:12 million

Enter that state you want to know the population of: Maharashtra

Maharashtra's populations is 125 million

Do you wish to continue?(y/n):n