



Elektrobit



UDACITY

Safety Plan Lane Assistance

Document Version:1.0



Document history

Date	Version	Editor	Description
11/2/17	1.0	Avnit Mackin	First attempt

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Introduction

Purpose of the Safety Plan

The purpose of this safety plan is to provide an overall framework of the Lane Assistance item, and to assign roles and responsibilities for functional safety for this item.

Scope of the Project

For the lane assistance project, the following safety lifecycle phases are in scope:

- Concept phase
- Product Development at the System Level
- Product Development at the Software Level

The following phases are out of scope:

- Product Development at the Hardware Level
- Production and Operation

Deliverables of the Project

The deliverables of the project are:

- Safety Plan
- Hazard Analysis and Risk Assessment
- Functional Safety Concept
- Technical Safety Concept
- Software Safety Requirements and Architecture

Item Definition

The Lane Assistance item alerts the driver that the vehicle has accidentally departed its lane, and attempts to steer the vehicle back towards the center of the lane.

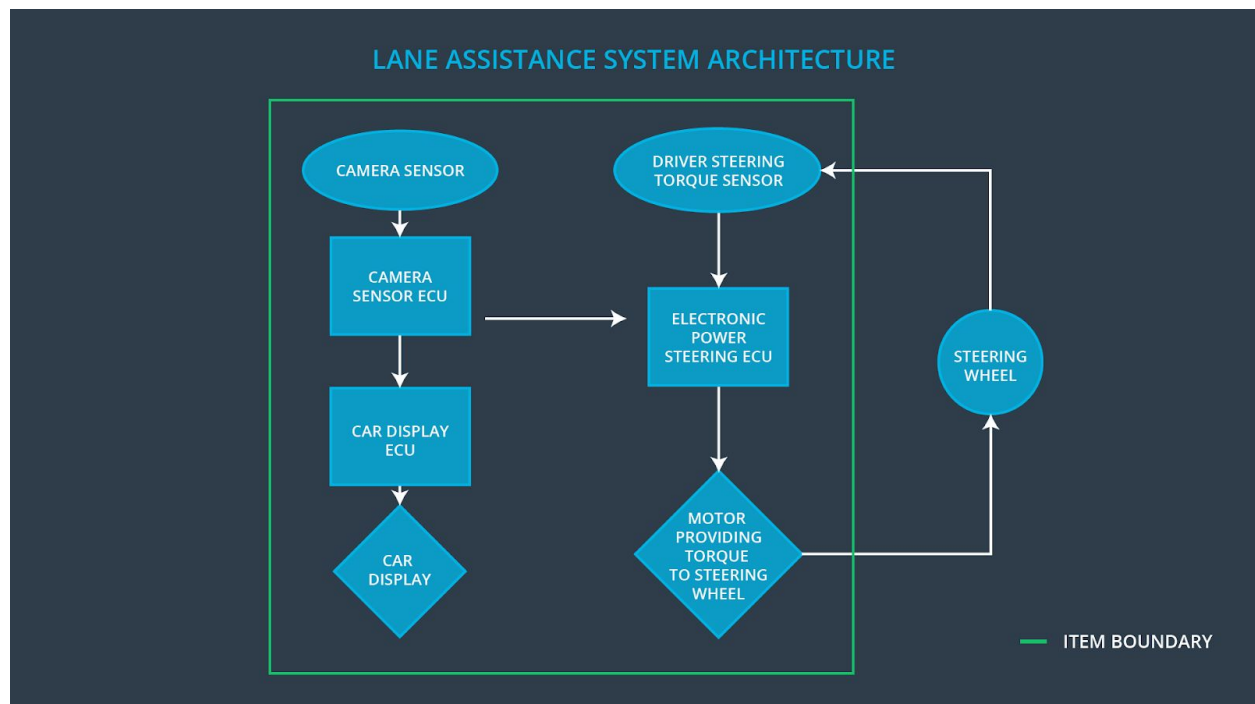
The two main functions of Lane Assistance items are:

1. Lane departure warning.
2. Lane keeping assistance.

The lane departure warning function shall apply an oscillating steering torque to provide the driver a haptic feedback.

The lane keeping assistance function shall apply the steering torque when active in order to stay in ego lane.

The camera subsystem, the electronic power steering subsystem and the car display system are each responsible for each of the functions.



Goals and Measures

Goals

1. Reduce risk to acceptable levels.
2. Provide evidence that the project has made the vehicle safer and provide testing evidence that shows the system functioning properly.

Measures

Measures and Activities	Responsibility	Timeline
Follow safety processes	All Team Members	Constantly
Create and sustain a safety culture	Safety Manager	Constantly
Coordinate and document the planned safety activities	Safety manager	Constantly
Allocate resources with adequate functional safety competency	Project Manager	Within 2 weeks of start of project
Tailor the safety lifecycle	Safety Manager	Within 4 weeks of start of project
Plan the safety activities of the safety lifecycle	Safety Manager	Within 4 weeks of start of project
Perform regular functional safety audits	Safety Auditor	Once every 2 months
Perform functional safety pre-assessment prior to audit by external functional safety assessor	Safety manager	3 months prior to main assessment

Perform functional safety assessment	Safety Assessor	Conclusion of functional safety activities
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Safety Culture

1. **High priority**: safety has the highest priority among competing constraints like cost and productivity.
2. **Accountability**: processes ensure accountability such that design decisions are traceable back to the people and teams who made the decisions.
3. **Rewards**: the organization motivates and supports the achievement of functional safety.
4. **Penalties**: the organization penalizes shortcuts that jeopardize safety or quality.
5. **Independence**: teams who design and develop a product should be independent from the teams who audit the work.
6. **Well defined processes**: company design and management processes should be clearly defined.
7. **Resources**: projects have necessary resources including people with appropriate skills.
8. **Diversity**: intellectual diversity is sought after, valued and integrated into processes.
9. **Communication**: communication channels encourage disclosure of problems.

Safety Lifecycle Tailoring

For the lane assistance project, the following safety lifecycle phases are in scope:

Concept phase
Product Development at the System Level
Product Development at the Software Level

Roles

Role	Org
Functional Safety Manager- Item Level	OEM
Functional Safety Engineer- Item Level	OEM

Project Manager - Item Level	OEM
Functional Safety Manager- Component Level	Tier-1
Functional Safety Engineer- Component Level	Tier-1
Functional Safety Auditor	OEM or external
Functional Safety Assessor	OEM or external

Development Interface Agreement

A DIA (development interface agreement) defines the roles and responsibilities between companies involved in developing a product. All involved parties need to agree on the contents of the DIA before the project begins.

The DIA also specifies what evidence and work products each party will provide to prove that work was done according to the agreement.

The ultimate goal is to ensure that all parties are developing safe vehicles in compliance with ISO 26262.

My company's responsibility will be to develop and to produce the subsystems that are the elements in the Lane Assistance system.
Such as the Camera Sensor, Camera Display and etc.

Confirmation Measures

Confirmation measures main purpose is that a functional safety project conforms to ISO 26262, and that the project really does make the vehicle safer.

The confirmation review ensures that the project complies with ISO 26262. As the product is designed and developed, an independent person would review the work to make sure ISO 26262 is being followed.

A functional safety audit is checking to make sure that the actual implementation of the project conforms to the safety plan.

A functional safety assessment is confirming that plans, designs and developed products actually achieve functional safety.