### CS 373 Presentation

A proof of a context free language construction

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# Overview

### Overview

Let A be a regular language and B a context free language. Is  $A \cap B$  a context free language?

# Solution

### Solution

- ▶ Yes,  $A \cap B$  is a context free language
- ► How will we prove it?
  - We will construct a PDA that simulates the action of a FA and a PDA

#### Construction

- ▶ Let  $M_A$  be a DFA such that  $L(M_A) = A$ 
  - $M_A = (Q_A, \Sigma, \delta_A, q_{A0}, F_A)$
- ▶ Let  $M_B$  be a PDA such that  $L(M_B) = B$ 
  - $M_B = (Q_B, \Sigma, \Gamma, \delta_B, q_{B0}, F_B).$
- ▶ Define PDA  $M = (Q_A \times Q_B, \Sigma, \Gamma, \delta, (q_{A0}, q_{B0}), F_A \times F_B)$

$$\delta(q_A, q_B, a, b) = \begin{cases} (\delta_A(q_A, a), \delta_B(q_B, a, b)) & a \neq \varepsilon \\ (q_A, \delta_B(q_B, a, b)) & a = \varepsilon \end{cases}$$

where  $q_A$  and  $q_B$  are states from  $Q_A$  and  $Q_B$ , a is from  $\Sigma_{\varepsilon}$  and b is from  $\Gamma_{\varepsilon}$ .



#### Proof

- ▶ Let  $w \in A \cap B$ .
- ▶ Then there are sequences of states from *Q<sub>A</sub>* and *Q<sub>B</sub>* such that the sequences start in the start states, end in an accept state, and do valid transitions.
- ▶ Thus both  $M_A$  and  $M_B$  end in accept states, and likewise the sequence in M starts in the start state, end in an accept state, and do valid transitions.
- ▶ Thus w is accepted by M and  $A \cap B \subset L(M)$ .

#### Proof cont.

- ▶ Let  $w \in L(M)$ .
- ▶ Then there is a sequence of states that *M* transitions through while processing *w*, starting in the start state, ending in an accept state, and performing valid transitions.
- ▶ By the definition of M, there are sequences from  $M_A$  and  $M_B$  that do the same. Thus w is accepted by  $M_A$  and  $M_B$ .
- ▶ The  $w \in A$  and  $w \in B$ . Thus  $L(M) \subset A \cap B$ .
- ▶ Thus we have a PDA, M, that accepts  $A \cap B$
- ▶ Therefore  $A \cap B$  is context free.

# Summary

### Recap

- ► Given a regular language A and a context free language B
  - ▶ We want to show  $A \cap B$  is a context free language
- Construction
  - We constructed  $M_A$  a DFA that recognizes regular language A
  - ▶ We constructed  $M_B$  a PDA that recognizes regular language B.
- Proof
  - ▶ We show that processing a  $w \in A \cap B$  results in valid transitions leading to accept states in both  $M_A$  and  $M_B$ .
    - ▶ Therefore  $A \cap B \subset L(M)$
  - ▶ We show that processing a  $w \in L(M)$  results in valid transitions leading to accept states in M.
    - ▶ Therefore  $L(M) \subset A \cap B$
- ▶ Therefore, M accepts  $A \cap B$  so  $A \cap B$  is context free.



# Questions

Thank you. Any questions?