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In [2]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error, r2_score
import random
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
```

```
In [3]: train = pd.read_csv("train.csv")
test = pd.read_csv("test.csv")
id_l = train["id"]
id_t = test["id"]
Xt = test["study_hours"]
```

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In [4]: X = train["study_hours"].values.reshape(-1, 1)
Y = train["exam_score"]

model = LinearRegression()
model.fit(X, Y)

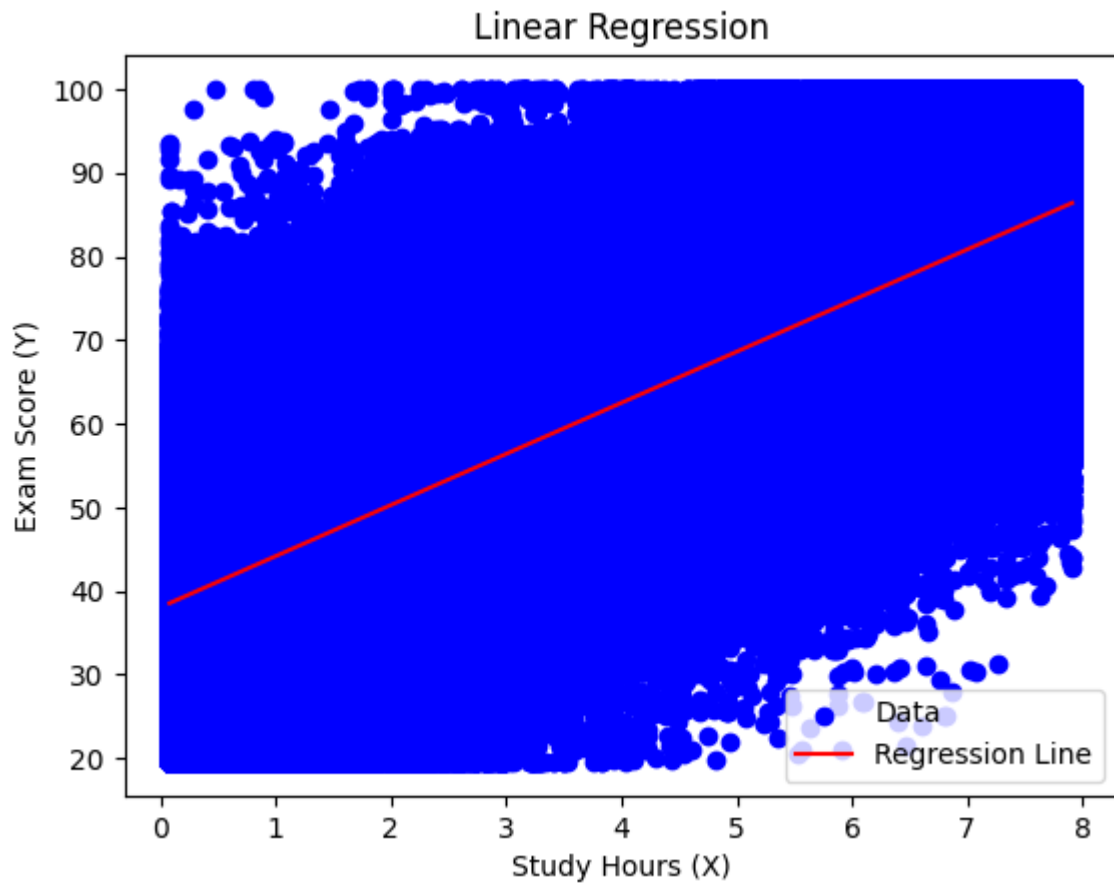
Y_pred_l = model.predict(X)

sorted_idx = np.argsort(X.flatten())
X_sorted = X.flatten()[sorted_idx]
Y_pred_sorted = Y_pred_l[sorted_idx]

plt.scatter(X, Y, color='blue', label='Data')
plt.plot(X_sorted, Y_pred_sorted, color='red', label='Regression Line')

plt.title("Linear Regression")
plt.xlabel("Study Hours (X)")
plt.ylabel("Exam Score (Y)")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

```
/home/avveer-singh-khurana/anscombe-project/venv/lib/python3.12/site-packa
ges/IPython/core/pylabtools.py:170: UserWarning: Creating legend with loc=
"best" can be slow with large amounts of data.
  fig.canvas.print_figure(bytes_io, **kw)
```



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In [5]: pred_df = np.column_stack((X.flatten(), Y_pred_1))
```

```
In [6]: def predict_grade(study_hours):
        study_hours = np.array(study_hours).reshape(-1, 1)
        y_pred = model.predict(study_hours)
        y_pred = np.round(y_pred, 1)
        return float(y_pred[0])

        Y_pred_2 = []
        for i in range(len(id_t)):
            j = Xt[i]
            Y_pred_2.append(predict_grade(j))
```

```
In [7]: print(Y_pred_2[:20])
```

```
[79.9, 78.4, 78.4, 56.6, 50.5, 76.1, 60.0, 57.2, 77.7, 85.2, 49.2, 47.9, 4
0.7, 65.8, 40.4, 78.3, 73.1, 64.8, 73.4, 66.5]
```

```
In [10]: for i in range(len(id_t)):
          r3 = random.randint(0,1)
          if r3 == 1:
              r1 = random.uniform(0.1, 10)
              yv = Y_pred_2[i] + r1
              if yv > 100:
                  yv = 100
              Y_pred_2[i] = yv
          else:
              r1 = random.uniform(0.1, 10)
              yv = Y_pred_2[i] - r1
              Y_pred_2[i] = yv

          Y_pred_2 = np.round(Y_pred_2, 1)
```

```
In [11]: print(Y_pred_2[:20])
```

```
[77.1 79.6 88.6 52.7 52.8 68.3 79.8 61.3 77.8 79.6 58.5 34.7 56.4 68.9
 35.5 66.7 71.4 71.  88.4 66. ]
```

```
In [12]: locks_in_submission = pd.DataFrame({
          'id': id_t,
          'exam_score': Y_pred_2
        })

locks_in_submission.to_csv('locks_in_submission.csv', index=False)
locks_in_submission.head
```

```
Out[12]: <bound method NDFrame.head of          id  exam_score
0         630000         77.1
1         630001         79.6
2         630002         88.6
3         630003         52.7
4         630004         52.8
...         ...         ...
269995  899995         49.6
269996  899996         35.6
269997  899997         93.3
269998  899998         58.0
269999  899999         75.1

[270000 rows x 2 columns]>
```

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In [ ]:
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