

NCERT 12.10 5Q

EE23BTECH11013 - Avyaaaz*

Question: In Young's double-slit experiment using monochromatic light of wavelength λ , the intensity of light at a point on the screen where path difference is λ , is K units. What is the intensity of light at a point where path difference is $\lambda/3$?

Solution:

Parameter	Description	Value
$y_i(t)$	Equation of light from S_{ph}	$A \sin(\omega t - kx_i)$
k	Wave number	$\frac{2\pi}{\lambda}$
I	Intensity of wave	$\propto A^2$
$\Delta x = x_1 - x_2$	Path difference	λ
		$\frac{\lambda}{3}$
K	Intensity of light at $\Delta x = \lambda$	
A	Amplitude of wave from source	
r	constant	$r \geq 0$

TABLE 1: Parameters

From Table 1:

$$y(t) = A \sin(2\pi ft - kx_1) + A \sin(2\pi ft - kx_2) \quad (1)$$

$$y(t) = 2A \cos\left(\frac{k\Delta x}{2}\right) \sin\left(2\pi ft - \frac{k(x_1 + x_2)}{2}\right) \quad (2)$$

From Table 1 & equation (2):

$$\therefore I \propto 4A^2 \cos^2\left(\frac{k\Delta x}{2}\right) \quad (3)$$

From Table 1 and equation (3):

$$\frac{K}{I_r} = \frac{4A^2 \cos^2\left(\frac{2\pi}{2}\right)}{4A^2 \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right)} \Rightarrow I_r = \frac{K}{4} \quad (4)$$

Hence, the Intensity of light at a point where path difference is $\frac{\lambda}{3}$ is $\frac{K}{4}$ units.

Parameter	Description	Value
I_r	Net Intensity of light at $\Delta x = \frac{\lambda}{3}$	$\frac{K}{4}$

TABLE 2

Assuming $\Delta x = r\lambda$,
From equation (3):

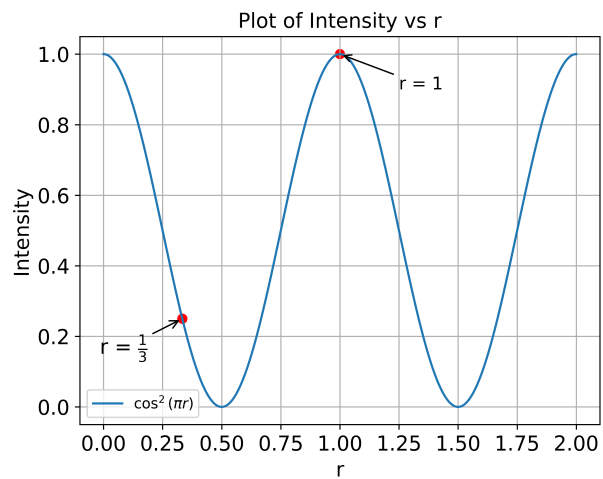


Fig. 1