laaS or PaaS?	
Concurrency	
What problem are you trying to solve?	
	_
Concurrency Real Microsoft aspertise. Real bouriess value "	
"My company wants to move to the cloud."	
This is a goal, not a problem. Define a problem to solve! What challenges will you face with Azure?	
"We want to save money." "We don't want to manage anything."	
How are you going to	
measure that? Where are you saving - licensing costs, hardware costs, hostling costs? There will always be some level of management. What specifically do you want to get rid of?	

laaS

- Create a Windows Server VM o You can pick the version and edition

- Two choices for SQL Server
 Bring your own licensing (BYOL)

 Use a Windows VM image, install SQL Server with your license key, pay for compute costs

 Image.

- Image
 Use a SQL Server VM image, pay compute & SQL Server costs
- No "development" or "test" tier

Concurrency | Real Microsoft ex

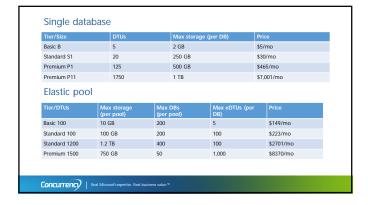
Tier/size	Cores	RAM	Disk Size	Price	Tier/size	Web	Standard	Enterprise
Standard A2	2	3.5 GB	135 GB	\$0.18/hr	Standard A2	\$0.032/hr	\$0.40/hr	\$1.50/hr
Standard A7	8	56 GB	605 GB	\$1.32/hr	Standard A7	\$0.064/hr	\$0.80/hr	\$3.00/hr
Optimized D2	2	7 GB	100 GB	\$0.28/hr	Optimized D2	\$0.032/hr	\$0.40/hr	\$1.50/hr
Optimized D13	8	56 GB	400 GB	\$1.173/hr	Optimized D13	\$0.064/hr	\$0.80/hr	\$3.00/hr
			ary 22, 201					

PaaS

- Azure SQL Database
 - Single database
 Elastic pools
- Database only no Analysis Services, Integration Services, or Reporting Services
 SQL Data Warehouse
 Data Factory

 - o Power BI

Concurrency | Real Microsoft expertise. Real business value™



laaS

- Need to rapidly move existing database into Azure
- Databases larger than 1 TB
- DR for on-premises SQL Server instances
- Save on hardware costs

PaaS

- New cloud-designed apps
- Apps that need built-in HA and DR
- Scale-out
- SaaS
- Save on hardware costs
- Reduce maintenance time

Concurrency | Real Microsoft expertise. Real business value.™