## ANSWER/HINTS

MATHEMATICS-I (MA10001)

- 1. -156 + 38i (the integral is path independent).
- 2.  $\frac{4\pi e^2}{3}$  (use  $\left| \int_{\Gamma} \frac{e^z}{z^2+1} dz \right| \leq \int_{\Gamma} \left| \frac{e^z}{z^2+1} \right| dz$  and  $\left| \frac{e^z}{z^2+1} \right| \leq \frac{e^3}{3}$ ).
- 3. The maximum value of  $\frac{1}{|z|^2}$  on C is 1 and the arc length of C is 2.
- 4. (i) (a) Alone the curve C in (a),  $\frac{2}{3}(1+i)$  (parametrize the line segment C).
  - (b) Along the curve C in (b), 1 + i.
  - (ii) (a) -1 + i (parametrize the line segment).
  - (b) -1 + i.
- 5. (a)  $\frac{8+i}{3}$  (parametrize the line segment C). (b)  $\frac{70+91i}{30}$  (parametrize the line segment C).
- 6. By Cauchy's theorem.
- 7. 0 (use Cauchy's theorem).
- 8. i-1.
- 9. (a) 0
  - (b)  $4\pi i$ .
- 10. (a)  $\frac{-4+8i}{3}$ .
- 11. (a)  $e^2$  (use Cauchy integral formula)
  - (b) 0 (use Cauchy't theorem).
- 12. (a)  $-2\pi i$  (use Cauchy integral formula)
  - (b) 0 (use Cauchy's theorem).
- 13.  $-\pi i$  (use Cauchy integral formula).
- 14. 0 (use Cauchy integral theorem).
- 15. The maximum value of  $\left|\frac{1}{\overline{z}^2+\overline{z}+1}\right|$  is  $\frac{1}{5}$  on C and the arc length is  $\frac{6\pi}{4}$ .
- 16. Use Cauchy integral formula.
- 17. Apply Cauchy Integral theorem and the fact that  $e^z$  is entire function.
- 18.  $\frac{\pi i}{2}$  (Apply Cauchy Integral formula).
- 19.  $\frac{\pi i}{2}$  (Use Cauchy Integral formula)