

17


Indian Institute of Technology Kharagpur
QUESTION-CUM-ANSWERSCRIPT

Page 1 of 28

Stamp/Signature of the Invigilator

MID-SEMESTER / END-SEMESTER EXAMINATION
SEMESTER (Autumn / Spring)

Roll Number											Section		Name	
-------------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	---------	--	------	--

Subject Number	M	A	2	0	1	0	1		Subject Name	Transform Calculus					
----------------	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--	--------------	---------------------------	--	--	--	--	--

Department/Centre/School											Additional Sheets	
--------------------------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	-------------------	--

Important Instructions and Guidelines for Students

1. You must occupy your seat as per the Examination Schedule/Sitting Plan.
2. Do not keep mobile phones or any similar electronic gadgets with you even in the switched off mode.
3. Loose papers, class notes, books or any such materials must not be in your possession; even if they are irrelevant to the subject you are taking examination.
4. Data book, codes, graph papers, relevant standard tables/charts or any other materials are allowed only when instructed by the paper-setter.
5. Use of instrument box, pencil box and non-programmable calculator is allowed during the examination. However, the exchange of these items or any other papers (including question papers) is not permitted.
6. Write on both sides of the answer-script and do not tear off any page. **Use last page(s) of the answer-script for rough work.** Report to the invigilator if the answer-script has torn or distorted page(s).
7. It is your responsibility to ensure that you have signed the Attendance Sheet. Keep your Admit Card/Identity Card on the desk for checking by the invigilator.
8. You may leave the Examination Hall for wash room or for drinking water for a very short period. Record your absence from the Examination Hall in the register provided. Smoking and the consumption of any kind of beverages are strictly prohibited inside the Examination Hall.
9. Do not leave the Examination Hall without submitting your answer-script to the invigilator. **In any case, you are not allowed to take away the answer-script with you.** After the completion of the examination, do not leave your seat until the invigilators collect all the answer-scripts.
10. During the examination, either inside or outside the Examination Hall, gathering information from any kind of sources or exchanging information with others or any such attempt will be treated as 'unfair means'. Don't adopt unfair means and also don't indulge in unseemly behavior.

Violation of any of the above instructions may lead to severe punishment.
Signature of the Student
To be Filled by the Examiner

Question Number	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Total
Marks Obtained											
Marks Obtained (in words)				Signature of the Examiner				Signature of the Scrutineer			

Space for Rough work

1. (a) Find the Laplace transform of $f(t) = t^2 e^{-3t} \cos t$. [3]

(b) Find the Laplace transform of the periodic function

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} t, & \text{if } 0 \leq t < a \\ 2a - t, & \text{if } a \leq t \leq 2a \end{cases}$$

with period $2a$.

[2]

- (c) Find the Laplace transform of $\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{t})$. Hence, find the Laplace transform of $f(t) = t \operatorname{erf}(2\sqrt{t})$. [3]

2. (a) State the sufficient conditions for the existence of Laplace transform of a function $f(t)$. [1]
- (b) Show that \mathcal{L}^{-1} is a linear transformation. [1]

(c) Find the Laplace transform of

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} \frac{\cos 2(t - \frac{\pi}{10}) - \cos 3(t - \frac{\pi}{10})}{t - \frac{\pi}{10}}, & \text{if } t > \frac{\pi}{10} \\ 0, & \text{if } t < \frac{\pi}{10}. \end{cases}$$

[3]

(d) Find the inverse Laplace transform of $F(s) = \frac{3}{(2s + 5)^3}$. [2]

3. (a) Using the convolution theorem, determine the inverse Laplace transform of [2]

$$F(s) = \frac{s}{(s^2 + 1)(s - 2)}.$$

- (b) Use Laplace transform technique to solve the integral equation [2]

$$\phi(t) = 1 + \int_0^t \phi(y) \sin(t - y) dy.$$

(c) Solve the differential equation

$$\frac{d^2y(t)}{dt^2} + \frac{dy(t)}{dt} = \delta(t - 1)$$

subject to $y(0) = 0$ and $\frac{dy(t)}{dt}|_{t=0} = 1$.

[4]

4. (a) If $X(s) = \mathcal{L}\{x(t)\}$ and $Y(s) = \mathcal{L}\{y(t)\}$ and $x(t), y(t)$ satisfy the following equations

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dx(t)}{dt} - y(t) &= e^t, \\ \frac{dy(t)}{dt} + x(t) &= \sin t\end{aligned}$$

with the conditions $x(0) = 1, y(0) = 0$, then

$$X(s) = \text{-----}$$

$$Y(s) = \text{-----}$$

and

$$x(t) = \text{-----}$$

$$y(t) = \text{-----}.$$

[4]

(b) The Fourier series expansion of

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x, & \text{if } -1 \leq x < 0 \\ x + 2, & \text{if } 0 < x \leq 1 \end{cases}$$

is

-----.

Hence,

$$1 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{7} + \dots = \text{-----}.$$

[3]

Space for Rough work

Space for Rough work

Space for Rough work

Space for Rough work

The End