Indian Institute of Technology Kharagpur Departments: MA, AR, BT and others. MA30003 / MA41003 Linear Algebra

Autumn Mid Semester Examination, 2016

No. of Students: 110

Full Marks: 30, Time: 2 Hrs.

INSTRUCTION: Attempt all the questions. Each question carries equal marks.

1. (a) Let V be the set of all pairs (x, y) of real numbers, and let F be the field of real numbers. Examine whether V is a vector space over the field of real numbers or not?

$$\begin{array}{rcl} (x,y) + (x_1,y_1) & = & (x+x_1,y+y_1) \\ c(x,y) & = & (|c|x,|c|y) \,. \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{rcl} \text{Not a vector space,} \\ \text{(a+b).(x,y) != a.(x,y)+b.(x,y)} \\ \end{array}$$

(b) Prove that the necessary and sufficient condition for a non-empty subset W of a vector space V over a field F to be a subspace of V is that W is closed under vector addition and scalar multiplication.

Just prove 0 belongs to W

$$(2+3 = 5 \text{ marks})$$

- 2. If S, T are subsets of V(F), then show that
 - (i) $L(S \cup T) = L(S) + L(T)$,
 - (ii) S is a subspace of $V \Leftrightarrow L(S) = S$,
 - (iii) L(L(S)) = L(S).

(5 marks)

- 3. (a) Find whether the vectors $2x^3 + x^2 + x + 1$, $x^3 + 3x^2 + x 2$ and $x^3 + 2x^2 x + 3$ of P(X), the vector space of all polynomials over the real number field, are linearly independent or not.
 - (b) Construct three subspaces W_1, W_2, W_3 of a vector space V(F) so that $V = W_1 \oplus W_2 = W_1 \oplus W_3$, but $W_2 \neq W_3$.



4. (a) If W_1, W_2 are two subspaces of a finite dimensional vector space V(F), then prove that

$$\dim (W_1 + W_2) = \dim W_1 + \dim W_2 - \dim (W_1 \cap W_2).$$

(b) Let V be the vector space of ordered pair of complex numbers over the real field \mathbb{R} , i.e., let V be the vector space $\mathbb{C}(\mathbb{R})$. Show that the set $S = \{(1,0), (i,0), (0,1), (0,i)\}$ is a basis for V.

$$(3+2=5 \text{ marks})$$

5. (a) Find a basis and the dimension of the subspace W of \mathbb{R}^3 , where

$$W = \{(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 \mid x + 2y + z = 0, \ 2x + y + 3z = 0\}.$$

(b) Let $V = \mathbb{R}^3$ and W be a subspace of V generated by the vectors (1,0,0), (1,1,0). Find a basis of the quotient space V/W. Verify that $\dim(V/W) = \dim V - \dim W$.

$$(2+3=5 \text{ marks})$$

6. (a) A mapping $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ is defined by

$$T(x_1, x_2, x_3) = (x_1 + x_2 + x_3, 2x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3, x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3), \forall (x_1, x_2, x_3) \in \mathbb{R}^3.$$

Show that T is a linear mapping. Find $\ker T$ and the dimension of $\ker T$.

(b) Let V and W be vector spaces over a field F. Let $T:V\to W$ be a linear mapping such that $\ker T=\{\theta\}$. Then show that the images of a linearly independent set of vectors $\{\alpha_1,\alpha_2,\ldots,\alpha_r\}$ in V are linearly independent in W.

$$(3+2=5 \text{ marks})$$
