MA10002 Mathematics-II: Tutorial Sheet - 8

- 1. Evaluate $\iint x^2y^2 dxdy$ over the circle $x^2 + y^2 \le 1$.
- 2. Evaluate $\iint_{\mathcal{D}} xy \, dxdy$, where R is the domain bounded by the x-axis, ordinate x=2a, and the curve $x^2=4ay$.
- 3. Evaluate $\iint \frac{r \ dr d\theta}{\sqrt{a^2 + r^2}}$ over loop of the lemniscates $r^2 = a^2 \cos 2\theta$.
- 4. Evaluate $\iint r^3 \ dr d\theta$ over the area included between the circles $r = 2a\cos\theta$, $r = 2b\cos\theta$, where b < a.
- 5. Evaluate $\int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-(x^2+y^2)} dy dx$ by changing to polar coordinates. Hence, deduce that $\int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2}$.
- 6. Evaluate $\iint \sqrt{\frac{a^2b^2-b^2x^2-a^2y^2}{a^2b^2+b^2x^2+a^2y^2}} \, dxdy \text{ over the positive quadrant of the ellipse } \frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1.$
- 7. Use the transformation x + y = u and y = uv to show that $\int_{0}^{1} \int_{0}^{1-x} e^{\frac{y}{x+y}} dy dx = \frac{e-1}{2}$.
- 8. Changing the order of integration, find the value of the integral $\int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{e^{-y}}{y} dy dx$.
- 9. Evaluate the following integrals by changing the order of integration. (i) $\int\limits_0^{4a}\int\limits_{x^2}^{2\sqrt{a}x}dydx$ (ii) $\int\limits_0^1\int\limits_x^{\sqrt{2-x^2}}\frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2+y^2}}dydx$ (iii) $\int\limits_0^\infty\int\limits_x^x xe^{\frac{-x^2}{y}}dydx$.

$$(i) \int_{0}^{4a} \int_{\frac{x^2}{}}^{2\sqrt{a}x} dy dx$$

(ii)
$$\int_{0}^{1} \int_{x}^{\sqrt{2-x^2}} \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2+y^2}} dy dx$$

(iii)
$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{x} x e^{\frac{-x^2}{y}} dy dx$$

- 10. Find the area lying between the parabola $y^2 = 4ax$ and $x^2 = 4ay$.
- 11. Find the area of the cardioid $r = a(1 + \cos \theta)$.
- 12. Find the volume contained between the ellipsoid $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$ and the cylinder $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = \frac{x}{a}$.
- 13. Find the volume bounded by the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ and the planes y + z = 4 and z = 0.
- 14. Find the area of the surface of the paraboloid $x^2 + y^2 = z$, which lies between the planes z = 0 and z = 1.
- 15. Find the area of the paraboloid $2z = \frac{x^2}{a} + \frac{y^2}{b}$ inside the cylinder $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$.
- 16. Evaluate $\iiint \frac{dxdydz}{(x+y+z+1)^3}$ over a terahedron bounded by coordinate planes and the plane x+y+z=1.
- 17. Evaluate the triple integral $\int_{0}^{a} \int_{0}^{\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} \int_{0}^{\sqrt{a^2-x^2-y^2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2-x^2-y^2-z^2}} dz dy dx.$
- 18. Evaluate $I = \iiint \sqrt{1 \frac{x^2}{a^2} \frac{y^2}{b^2} \frac{z^2}{c^2}} \ dx dy dz$ over the region $V = \{(x, y, z); x \geq 0, y \geq 0, z \geq 0, \frac{x^2}{a^2} + 1\}$ $\frac{y^2}{h^2} + \frac{z^2}{a^2} \le 1$.
- 19. Evaluate $I = \iiint (x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^m \ dx dy dz, m > 0$ over the region $V = \{(x, y, z); x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \le 1\}$.
- 20. Find the volume of the portion cut off from the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$ by the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = ax$.

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