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Before we start

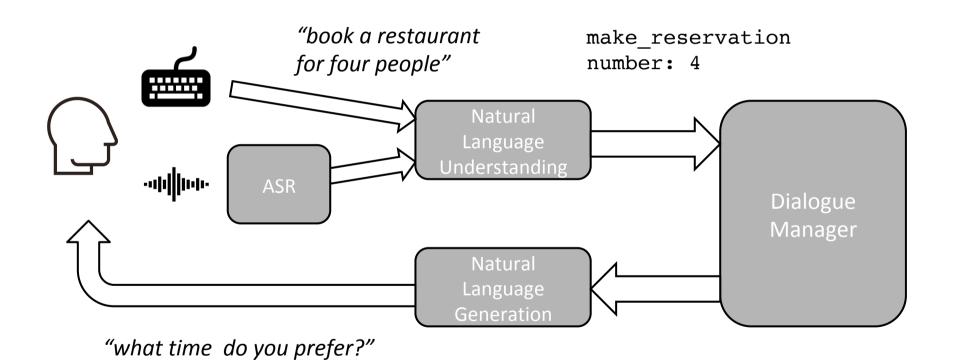
• Clone
git clone
https://github.com/HWUConvAgentsProject/
CA2020 instructions.git

Updategit pull

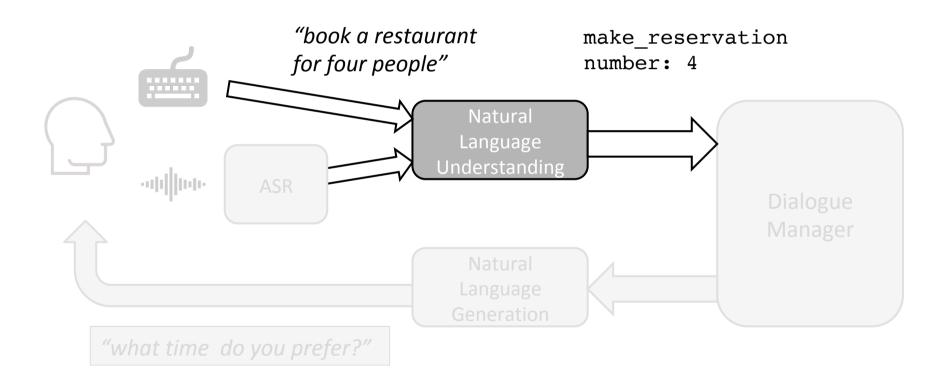
What we are going to do today

- Create RASA Project
- Understanding RASA input and output formats
- Building and training RASA NLU pipelines
- Testing RASA NLU pipelines

Dialogue Systems



Dialogue Systems



Recap: intent and slots

- What's NLU
 - What's an intent

I'd like to book a table in New York with Italian cuisine

make reservation

What's an entity (or slots, or arguments...)

I'd like to book a table in **New York** with **Italian** cuisine

location

cuisine

Before we start 2

- Let's test if everything is ok
 - rasa
- if not ...

Before we start 2

- Let's install RASA
 - 1. conda activate Alana
 - 2. pip install --no-cache-dir rasa
 - 3. pip install --no-cache-dir -r
 requirements.txt
 - 4. rasa

- Create a RASA project
 - 1. mkdir rasa-nlu-tutorial
 - 2. cd rasa-nlu-tutorial
 - 3. rasa init --no-prompt
 - 4. rasa shell

- Directory structure:
 - data/
 - models/
 - __init__.py
 - actions.py
 - config.yml
 - credentials.yml
 - domain.yml
 - endpoints.yml

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- Directory structure:
 - data/
 - nlu.md
 - stories.md
 - models/
 - __init__.py
 - actions.py
 - config.yml
 - credentials.yml
 - domain.yml
 - endpoints.yml

- Directory structure:
 - data/
 - nlu.md
 - stories.md
 - models/
 - __init__.py
 - actions.py
 - config.yml
 - credentials.yml
 - domain.yml
 - endpoints.yml

The bAbI dataset

- https://research.fb.com/downloads/babi/
- Using the (6) dialog bAbI tasks
 - Dialogues about restaurant booking
- We're using the dialog-babi-task5-full-dialogs-trn.txt file for this tutorial, but
 - CA2020_instructions/rasa_tutorial/nlu/
 babi nlu.md

The bAbI dataset

Example dialogue:

U: good morning

A: hello what can i help you with today

U: i'd like to book a table with french food in paris

A: i'm on it. how many people would be in your party?

U: six people please

A: which price range are looking for?

U: a cheap price range please

A: ok let me look into some options for you

A: what do you think of this option: Chez Gladine?

U: it's perfect

A: great let me do the reservation

U: thanks

The bAbI dataset

Example dialogue:

U: good morning

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U: i'd like to book a table with french food in paris

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A: what do you think of this option: Chez Gladine?

U: it's perfect

A: great let me do the reservation

U: thanks

The bAbl dataset

• Example dialogue:

U: good morning A: hello what can i help you with today	greet
U: i'd like to book a table with french food in paris	make_reservation
A: i'm on it. how many people would be in your party?	
U: six people please	inform
A: which price range are looking for?	
U: a cheap price range please ———————————————————————————————————	inform
A: ok let me look into some options for you	
A: what do you think of this option: Chez Gladine?	
U: it's perfect —	affirm
A: great let me do the reservation	
U: thanks —	thanking

The bAbl dataset

• Example dialogue:

U: good morning A: hello what can i help you with today	greet
U: i'd like to book a table with french food in paris →	make_reservation
A: i'm on it. how many people would be in your party?	
U: six people please	inform
A: which price range are looking for?	
U: a cheap price range please	inform
A: ok let me look into some options for you	
A: what do you think of this option: Chez Gladine?	
U: it's perfect	affirm
A: great let me do the reservation	
U: thanks —	thanking

bAbl intents

- Recap on the dataset: the bAbI
 - Intent defined for the dataset
 - greet: hello, hi, good morning, ...
 - affirm: yes, of course, right, ...
 - deny: no, I don't like it, ...
 - make reservation: can I book a table for six people...
 - inform: a cheap one, my number is 555, I like indian cuisine, ...
 - repair inform: actually I prefer spanish cuisine, ...
 - get_info: can I have the address of the restaurant, ...
 - thanking: thanks, many thanks, ...

bAbl entities

- Recap on the dataset: the bAbI
 - Entities defined for the dataset
 - location: in paris, in new york, ...
 - cuisine: an indian restaurant, with spanish cuisine, ...
 - number: for six people, a table for two, ...
 - price range: a cheap restaurant, an expensive one, ...
 - info: can I have the **address**, what's restaurant **number** ...
 - phone number: my phone number is 555-1234, ...

RASA NLU Input format

- Markdown format (.md) or JSON (.json)
 - md more human readable (main format)
 - .json (legacy, needed for week 5)
- CA2020_instructions/rasa_tutorial/ nlu/nlu.md
 - to be placed in a nlu.md (or .json) under data/
- Four sections:
 - Common examples
 - Synonyms
 - Regex features
 - Lookup tables

Markdown: examples

Common examples syntax

```
## intent:intent1
- word1 [word3](entity1) word4 word5 [word6 word7](entity2)
...
## intent:intent2
...
```

Example

```
## intent:greet
- hi

## intent:make_reservation
- i want [spanish](cuisine) cuisine in [New York](location)
```

Markdown: examples

- ASSIGNMENT 1: train rasa nlu
 - rasa train nlu

- ASSIGNMENT 2: launch rasa nlu shell
 - rasa shell nlu
 - parse "can you book a restaurant in new york"

RASA NLU output format

Json output format

can you book a restaurant in new york



```
"text": "can you book a restaurant in new york",
"intent": {
    "name": "make reservation",
    "confidence": 0.8012622594833374
},
"entities": [
    "start": 29,
    "end": 37,
    "entity": "location",
    "value": "new york",
    "confidence": 0.7535573507062703,
    "extractor": "CRFEntityExtractor"
],
"intent ranking": [...]
```

Markdown: synonyms (1/2)

Synonyms syntax

```
## intent:intent1
- word1 [word3 word4](entity1:synonym_of) word5 word6
...
```

Example

```
## intent:make_reservation
- i'd like to book a restaurant in [NYC](location:new york)
```

can you book a restaurant in **NYC**



Markdown: synonyms (2/2)

Synonyms syntax (2nd way)

```
## synonym:referred_entity_filler
- word1 word2
- word1 word2 word3
...
```

Example

```
## synonym:new york
- the big apple
- new york city
- NYC
...
```

DISCLAIMER: defining synonyms this way does not automatically add examples to your dataset. You still need to add examples with the synonyms to have them correctly identifies.

```
Ex: i'd like to book a restaurant in [NYC](location)
```

Markdown: synonyms

- ASSIGNMENT 3: try using synonyms
 - 1. parse "book a restaurant in NYC"
 - 2. add synonyms to the nlu.md file

```
## intent:make_reservation
- i'd like to book a restaurant in [NYC](location:new york)
- can you book a restaurant in [NYC](location:new york)
- i'd like to book a table in [new york city](location)

## synonym:new york
- new york city
```

- 3. re-train rasa nlu: rasa train nlu
- 4. parse again "book a restaurant in NYC"
- 5. parse "book a restaurant in new york city"

Markdown: regex features

Regex syntax

```
## regex:entity_type
- regex1
- regex2
...
```

Example

```
## regex:phone_number
- [0-9]+-[0-9]+
```

DISCLAIMER: as for the synonyms, this does not automatically add examples to your dataset. You still need to add examples with the synonyms to have them correctly identifies.

```
Ex: my phone number is [555-04932](phone_number)
```

Markdown: regex features

- ASSIGNMENT 4: try using regex
 - 1. parse "my phone number is 33-0392934"
 - 2. add regex to nlu.md file

```
## regex:phone_number - [0-9]+-[0-9]+
```

- 3. re-train rasa nlu: rasa train nlu
- 4. parse again "my phone number is 33-0392934"

Markdown: lookup tables

Lookup table syntax

```
## lookup:entity_type
path/to/txt/file
```

Example

```
## lookup:cuisine
data/lookup tables/cuisines.txt
```

- Lookup table file
 - txt file with list of entity values, one per line

DISCLAIMER: this does not automatically add examples to your dataset. It only defines a regex for each line, which matches exactly the related string.

Markdown: lookup tables

- ASSIGNMENT 5: try using lookup tables
 - 1. parse "can i have the directions"
 - 2. add lookup table file from CA2020_instructions/ rasa_tutorial/nlu/infos.txt to your folder
 - 3. add lookup to your nlu.md file

```
## lookup:info
data/infos.txt
```

- 4. re-train rasa nlu: rasa train nlu
- 5. parse again "can i have the directions"

RASA Input format

JSON

https://rasa.com/docs/rasa/nlu/training-data-format/ #json-format

Training RASA - Pipelines

- https://rasa.com/docs/rasa/nlu/choosing-a-pipeline/
- Configuration of a nlu pipeline
 - config.yml
- Three main pre-defined pipelines
 - supervised_embeddings
 - pretrained_embeddings_spacy
 - pretrained_embeddings_convert

Training RASA - Pipeines

- supervised embedding pipeline
 - https://rasa.com/docs/rasa/nlu/components/

```
language: "en"
pipeline:
- name: "WhitespaceTokenizer"
- name: "RegexFeaturizer"
- name: "CRFEntityExtractor"
- name: "EntitySynonymMapper"
- name: "CountVectorsFeaturizer"
- name: "CountVectorsFeaturizer"
  analyzer: "char wb"
  min ngram: 1
  max ngram: 4
- name: "EmbeddingIntentClassifier"
```

Training RASA

- Training rasa via command line
 - rasa train nlu
- Training rasa via Python API
 - script in
 CA2020_instructions/rasa_tutorial/nlu/
 train nlu.py

Testing RASA

- Testing via command line
 - rasa shell nlu
- Using RASA http API

```
1. rasa run --enable-api -m models/[model_name]
```

- 2. curl localhost:5005/model/parse -d
 '{"text":"can i book a table in madrid"}'
- Testing via Python API

```
- script in
CA2020 instructions/rasa tutor
```

```
CA2020_instructions/rasa_tutorial/nlu/test_nlu.py
```

Useful links

- Some useful links
 - https://rasa.com/docs/
 - https://rasa.com/docs/rasa/user-guide/rasa-tutorial/
 - https://rasa.com/docs/rasa/nlu/about/