

# Multi-sensor Data Fusion

## Lecture 8:

## Averaging and Weighted Sum Fusion

MTE 546

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# Multi-sensor measurements

- Let's say we have  $m$  sensors  $y_i$  measuring states of a process  $x(t)$

$$y_1(t) = x(t) + \eta_1(t) \qquad \eta_i(t) \sim N(0, \sigma^2)$$

$$y_2(t) = x(t) + \eta_2(t)$$

...

$$y_m(t) = x(t) + \eta_m(t)$$

- How to reduce the noise and uncertainty?

# Learning objectives

You will be able to perform

- Fusion of multi-sensors using average and weighted sum

describe

- What can be gained from those simple fusion operations
- Compute the variance of estimation



# Multi-sensor averaging

- Let's say we have  $m$  sensors  $y_i$  measuring states of a process  $x(t)$

$$y_1(t) = x(t) + \eta_1(t)$$

$\eta_i(t) \sim N(0, \sigma^2)$  : independent identically distributed

$$\dots y_m(t) = x(t) + \eta_m(t)$$

i.i.d.

$$\text{Cov}(\eta_i, \eta_j) = 0$$

Average operation:

$$\begin{aligned} y_{ave}(t) &= \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m y_i(t) = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m (x(t) + \eta_i(t)) \\ &= \frac{1}{m} (m x(t) + \sum \eta_i(t)) = x(t) + \frac{1}{m} \sum \eta_i(t) \end{aligned}$$



## Multi-sensor averaging

- Let's say we have  $m$  sensors  $y_i$  measuring states of a process  $x(t)$

$$y_1(t) = x(t) + \eta_1(t)$$

$$\eta_i(t) \sim N(0, \sigma^2)$$

$$\dots y_m(t) = x(t) + \eta_m(t)$$

↳ variance of measurement due to the noise

Average operation:

$$\text{var}(y_i(t)) = \underbrace{\text{var}(x(t))}_{\sigma_x^2} + \underbrace{\text{var}(\eta_i(t))}_{\sigma^2} + \cancel{2\text{Cov}(x, \eta_i)}^0$$

information      uncertainty

$$\text{var}(y_{ave}(t_0)) =$$

## Review of variance

- $Var(x) = \sigma^2 = \frac{(x-\mu)^T(x-\mu)}{N-1}$
- $Var(ax) = \frac{(ax-a\mu)^T(ax-a\mu)}{N-1} = a^2 \sigma^2$
- $Var(x + y) = Var(x) + Var(y) + 2cov(x, y)$
- $Var(a) = 0$
- $cov(x, y) = \frac{(x-\mu_x)^T(y-\mu_y)}{N-1}$
- $cov(x, a) = 0$
- $cov(ax, by) = ab cov(x, y)$
- If  $x$  and  $y$  are independent random variables then  $cov(x, y) = 0$



## Multi-sensor averaging

- Let's say we have  $m$  sensors  $y_i$  measuring states of a process  $x(t)$

$$y_1(t) = x(t) + \eta_1(t)$$

$$\eta_i(t) \sim N(0, \sigma^2)$$

$$\dots y_m(t) = x(t) + \eta_m(t)$$

↳ variance of measurement due to the noise

Average operation:

$$\text{var}(y_i(t)) = \text{var}(x(t)) + \text{var}(\eta_i(t)) + 2\text{Cov}(x, \eta_i)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{var}(y_{ave}(t_0)) &= \text{var}\left(\frac{1}{m} \sum x(t_0) + \eta_i(t_0)\right) = \left(\frac{1}{m}\right)^2 \text{var}\left(\sum \underbrace{x(t_0)}_{\text{Constant}} + \eta_i(t_0)\right) \\ &= \frac{1}{m^2} \text{var}\left(\sum \eta_i(t_0)\right) = \frac{1}{m^2} (m \text{var}(\eta_i(t_0))) \\ &= \frac{1}{m} \sigma^2 \end{aligned}$$

# Multi-sensor weighted sum

- Let's now assume that the noise characteristics of  $m$  sensors are different

$$y_i(t) = x(t) + \eta_i(t)$$

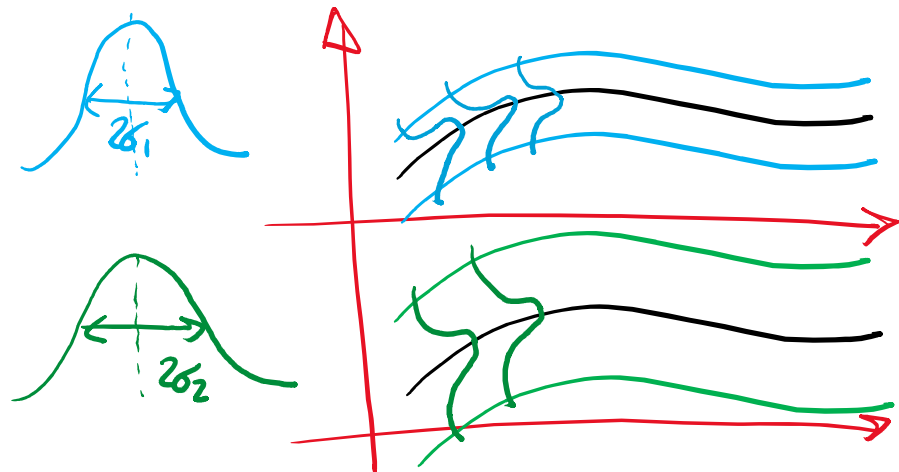
$$\eta_i(t) \sim N(0, \sigma_i^2)$$

*Sensor i uncertainty*

We can fuse their information considering their uncertainties

Example a two-sensor case

We can weigh them  
based on their certainty  
or invers of their variance  
measurement noise





# Multi-sensor weighted sum

$$y_i(t) = x(t) + \eta_i(t) \quad \eta_i(t) \sim N(0, \sigma_i^2)$$

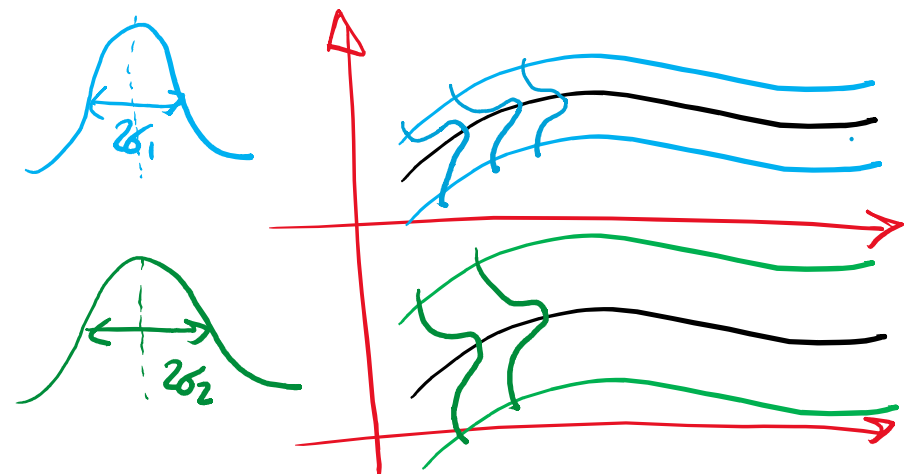
We can fuse their information considering their uncertainties

Example a two-sensor case

$$\hat{y}_{ws} = \frac{w_1 y_1 + w_2 y_2}{w_1 + w_2}$$

$$w_1 = \frac{1}{\sigma_1^2} \quad w_2 = \frac{1}{\sigma_2^2}$$

$$\hat{y}_{ws} = \frac{\sigma_2^2 y_1 + \sigma_1^2 y_2}{\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2}$$



## Multi-sensor weighted sum

$$y_i(t) = x(t) + \eta_i(t) \quad \eta_i(t) \sim N(0, \sigma_i^2)$$

We can fuse their information considering their uncertainties

Example a two-sensor case

$$\hat{y}_{ws} = \frac{\sigma_2^2 y_1 + \sigma_1^2 y_2}{\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2}$$

$$E(\hat{y}_{ws}) = x$$

↳ expected value

$$\text{var}(\hat{y}_{ws}) = \text{var}\left(\frac{\sigma_2^2}{\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2} y_1 + \frac{\sigma_1^2}{\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2} y_2\right)$$

# Multi-sensor weighted sum

$$y_1(t) = x(t) + \eta_1(t) \quad \eta_i(t) \sim N(0, \sigma_i^2) \quad \hat{y}_{ws} = \frac{\sigma_2^2 y_1 + \sigma_1^2 y_2}{\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2}$$

$$y_2(t) = x(t) + \eta_2(t)$$

$$\text{Var}(\hat{y}_{ws}) = \text{Var}\left(\frac{\sigma_2^2}{\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2} y_1 + \frac{\sigma_1^2}{\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2} y_2\right)$$

$$\text{let's assume } x = \text{constant} \rightarrow \text{Var}(\hat{y}_{ws}) = \text{Var}\left(\frac{\sigma_2^2}{\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2} \eta_1 + \frac{\sigma_1^2}{\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2} \eta_2\right)$$

$$\text{Var}(\hat{y}_{ws}) = \left(\frac{\sigma_2^2}{\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2}\right)^2 \sigma_1^2 + \left(\frac{\sigma_1^2}{\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2}\right)^2 \sigma_2^2$$

Important



## Multi-sensor weighted sum

$$y_1(t) = x(t) + \eta_1(t)$$

$$y_2(t) = x(t) + \eta_2(t)$$

$$\eta_i(t) \sim N(0, \sigma_i^2)$$

$$\hat{y}_{ws} = \frac{\sigma_2^2 y_1 + \sigma_1^2 y_2}{\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2}$$

let's assume  $x = \text{constant}$

$$\text{Var}(\hat{y}_{ws}) = \left( \frac{\sigma_2^2}{\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2} \right)^2 \sigma_1^2 + \left( \frac{\sigma_1^2}{\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2} \right)^2 \sigma_2^2$$

$$\sigma_1^2 = 1 \quad \sigma_2^2 = 2$$

$$\text{Var}(\hat{y}_{ws}) = \left( \frac{2}{3} \right)^2 \times 1 + \left( \frac{1}{3} \right)^2 \times 2 = \frac{4+2}{9} = \frac{2}{3} < 1$$

fusing is better than the best sensor



## Extension to $m$ sensors

$$y_i(t) = x(t) + \eta_i(t) \quad \eta_i(t) \sim N(0, \sigma_i^2)$$
$$i \in \{1, 2, \dots, m\}$$

Weighted sum fusion based on inverse of variances

$$\hat{y}_{ws} = \frac{\frac{y_1}{\sigma_1^2} + \frac{y_2}{\sigma_2^2} + \dots + \frac{y_m}{\sigma_m^2}}{\frac{1}{\sigma_1^2} + \frac{1}{\sigma_2^2} + \dots + \frac{1}{\sigma_m^2}}$$

## Is it always better to fuse?

- In many cases, similar to the mathematical proof, fusing more sensors results in lower variance of error
- Practically, sometimes, you can get lower estimation variance if stick with the best sensor

# Summary

- Averaging over multiple sensors
- Weighted sum fusion
- Variance of error

## Next session

- State space modeling review
- Bayesian filtering

Any question?

<https://piazza.com/uwaterloo.ca/winter2024/mte546>