Mandatory Exercise - Simple Tic-Tac-Toe

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Task 1

The miniMax-Descision function should be called when Max has a possibility to choose an action. Therefore the input state must be a state where the coin has just been flipped.

```
// this function is supposed to be the same as in the book.
function MiniMax-Descision(state) return action
    return arg max(a belongs to Actions(s)) MinValue(Result(state,a))
// the rest of these functions are modified.
function Max-Value(state) return a utility value
   if Terminal-Test(state) then return Utility(state)
    v \leftarrow inf*-1
    foreach a in Action(state) do
       v <- Max(v,Chance-Min(Result(state,a))</pre>
    return v
function Min-Value(state) return a utility value
    if Terminal-Test(state) then return Utility(state)
    foreach a in Action(state) do
       v <- Min(v,Chance-Max(Result(state,a))</pre>
    return v
// 0.5 is used since there is a 0.5 chance for each.
function Chance-Min(state)
    return (Min-Value(Result(state, head)), Min-Value(Result(state, tails)))*0.5
// 0.5 is used since there is a 0.5 chance for each.
function Chance-Max(state)
    return (Max-Value(Result(state, head)), Max-Value(Result(state, tails)))*0.5
Note that this solution only works for the game given in the assignment. The chance
```

Task 2

- a) See the attached image "Simple-TTT-GameTree.png" to see the GameTree. For completeness the subtree where tails was the first value of the flipped coin, is included but should be disregarded for this task. Furthermore I have not written probability on the chance nodes, since they are all 0.5 In this tree MAX is X and MIN is O, (I misread the exercise description).
- b) On the game tree "Simple-TTT-GameTree.png" the evaluation of a ExpectMiniMax is run and the highest utility, 0.75, is achieved by placing the x in the first column, second row. So that is the decision for MAX's first move if the coin flipped to HEAD.