The Sparks Foundation

Data Science & Business Analytics - June 2021

Task 1- Prediction using supervised ML

Problem Statement: What will be predicted score if a student studies for 9.25 hrs/ day?

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Importing necessary libraries

```
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np

%matplotlib inline
```

```
In [3]:
    url="http://bit.ly/w-data"
    data=pd.read_csv(url)
    print('Data sucessfully loaded')
```

Data sucessfully loaded

```
In [4]: data.head(10)
```

```
Out[4]:
             Hours Scores
          0
                 2.5
                          21
                 5.1
                          47
          1
          2
                 3.2
                          27
                 8.5
                          75
                 3.5
                          30
                 1.5
                          20
                 9.2
                          88
                 5.5
                          60
                 8.3
                          81
                 2.7
                          25
```

Understanding the data

```
In [6]: data.shape
Out[6]: (25, 2)
```

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```
Task 1
          data.info()
 In [8]:
         <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
         RangeIndex: 25 entries, 0 to 24
         Data columns (total 2 columns):
              Column Non-Null Count Dtype
              Hours
                       25 non-null
                                       float64
          0
               Scores 25 non-null
                                       int64
          1
         dtypes: float64(1), int64(1)
         memory usage: 528.0 bytes
In [12]:
          font1={'family':'calibri','color':'green','size':20}
          font2={'family':'serif','color':'darkred','size':15}
          data.plot(x='Hours',y='Scores',style='o',c='blue')
          plt.title('Hours vs Score',fontdict=font1)
          plt.xlabel('Hours studied',fontdict=font2)
          plt.ylabel('Score obtained',fontdict=font2)
          plt.show()
                               Hours vs Score
                     Scores
            90
            80
```

Score obtained 70 60 50 40 30 20 5 Hours studied

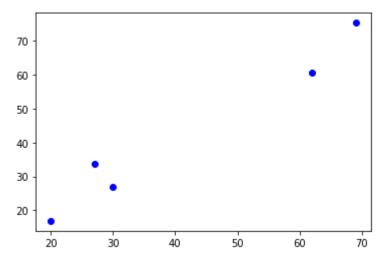
```
In [13]:
           data.corr()
Out[13]:
                   Hours
                            Scores
          Hours 1.000000 0.976191
          Scores 0.976191 1.000000
In [14]:
           data.isnull().sum()
         Hours
                    0
Out[14]:
          Scores
                    0
          dtype: int64
In [15]:
           x=(data['Hours'].values).reshape(-1,1)
           y=data['Scores'].values
```

```
In [16]: X
Out[16]: array([[2.5],
                 [5.1],
                 [3.2],
                 [8.5],
                 [3.5],
                 [1.5],
                 [9.2],
                 [5.5],
                 [8.3],
                 [2.7],
                 [7.7],
                 [5.9],
                 [4.5],
                 [3.3],
                 [1.1],
                 [8.9],
                 [2.5],
                 [1.9],
                 [6.1],
                 [7.4],
                 [2.7],
                 [4.8],
                 [3.8],
                 [6.9],
                 [7.8]
In [17]:
Out[17]: array([21, 47, 27, 75, 30, 20, 88, 60, 81, 25, 85, 62, 41, 42, 17, 95, 30,
                 24, 67, 69, 30, 54, 35, 76, 86], dtype=int64)
In [18]:
          from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
          x train,x test,y train,y test=train test split(x,y,test size=0.2,random state=0)
          print('splitting is done')
         splitting is done
In [19]:
          from sklearn.linear model import LinearRegression
          regn = LinearRegression()
          regn.fit(x train,y train)
          print('tranning is done')
         tranning is done
In [20]:
          print('Intercept value is :',regn.intercept_)
          print('Linear coefficient is:',regn.coef )
         Intercept value is : 2.018160041434683
         Linear coefficient is: [9.91065648]
In [24]:
          # plotting the regression line
          line = regn.coef_*x+regn.intercept_
          #plotting for the the test data
          plt.scatter(x,y,c='blue')
          plt.title('Linear Regression vs trained model',fontdict=font1)
          plt.xlabel('Hours studied',fontdict=font2)
```

```
plt.ylabel('Score obtained',fontdict=font2)
plt.plot(x, line);
plt.show()
```

Linear Regression vs trained model 80 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 Hours studied

```
In [25]:
          #to predict scores of testing data
          y_pred = regn.predict(x_test)
In [26]:
          y_pred
         array([16.88414476, 33.73226078, 75.357018 , 26.79480124, 60.49103328])
In [28]:
           df=pd.DataFrame({'Actual':y_test,'predicted':y_pred})
In [29]:
           df
Out[29]:
            Actual predicted
          0
                   16.884145
                   33.732261
          2
                   75.357018
          3
                   26.794801
                62 60.491033
In [37]:
           plt.scatter(y_test,y_pred,c='blue')
           plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]: what will be predicted score if a student studies for 9.25 hrs/day?
```

```
In [40]: hours=9.25
    pred_score=regn.predict([[hours]])
    print("Number of hours={}".format(hours))
    print("Predicted score ={}".format(pred_score[0]))
```

Number of hours=9.25 Predicted score =93.69173248737538

evaluating the model

```
from sklearn import metrics
print('Mean Absolute Error:',
    metrics.mean_absolute_error(y_test,y_pred))
```

Mean Absolute Error: 4.183859899002975

CONCLUSION for a student stuyding 9.25Hrsa day, the modl predicts his score as 93.6917