

## INTRODUCTION TO DATABASES CHECKPOINT

#### MY SQL

## What is MySQL?

MySQL is an open-source relational database management system (RDBMS),

It uses tables as the main component and offers less functionality than PostgreSQL.



## **Features of MySQL:**

- ✓ Security and authentification
- ✓ Client server execution and remote database access
- ✓ Embedded SQL
- √ Transaction Control Language

# **PostgreSQL**

## What is PostgreSQL?

- An advanced, entrepise-class and open-source relational database system
- A highly stable database
- Used as a primary database for many web applications
- General purpose transaction database
- Language support: Python, Java, JavaScript(Node.Js) ...

## **Features of PostgreSQL:**

- ✓ Can run dynamic websites and web apps as a LAMP stack option
- √ Freely available unser an open source license
- √ Asynchronous replication
- √ Table inheritance
- √ Sophisticated locking mechanism



# **Microsoft SQL Server**

## What is SQL Server?

- A relational Database Management System (RDBM)
- Developed and operated by Microsoft
- It manages and performs all the database operations
- It has both command-line and GUI (Graphical Use Interface)



# **Features of SQL Server:**

- √ High availability management
- √ Support for geographic data
- ✓ Centralized management and deployment of multiple instances and applications from a single point of control
- ✓ Programmability...

# MySQL vs Postgre SQL vs Microsoft SQL Server

# **MySQL**

- > A relational database management system.
- > Most popular open source database.
- > Not extensible.



# **Postgre SQL**

- Available as free and open source software in perpetuity
- > An object-relational database management system
- > More advanced and highly extensible
- Provides online backup
- Most advanced open source database
- > Postgre SQL does not have a native data type for geographic data



# **Microsoft SQL Server**

- Available through commercial license and can be licensed on a per-core model or server and client acess level (CAL) model
- Use a variant of Structured Query Languafe (SQL) called T-SQL (for Transact-SQL)
- Microsoft SQL Server has the geography data type for storing geographic spatial data
- > Easy to use and reliable, with strong .NET compatibility

