Splitting up a Project

Working with objects

Game Programming Foundations

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Topics

- What are objects?
- Objects in JavaScript
- Creating new objects
 - Using multiple files
 - Extending objects
- Working with objects
- Bonus Content Source Control with GIT



What's wrong with what we've been doing?

 We've been using a style of programming called Procedural Programming

 This is using the act of programming using procedures (functions)

OK for small programs, but hard to keep track of variables



What are Objects?

 We can group related variables and functions together into objects

This is known as Object Oriented Programming

- Objects are usually the nouns in our game
 - A person, a place, or a thing



What are the objects in this image?





What are Objects?

- What were the objects in our Asteroids game?
 - Ship
 - Asteroid
 - Bullet
- These objects have their own properties that can be grouped together
 - Ship: speed, direction, rotation, position, radius
 - Asteroid: speed, direction, position, radius,
 - Bullet: speed, direction, position, radius,



Objects in JavaScript

 A collection of variables and functions is called an object

Objects can be defined and created by the programmer



We've already used objects in our games

```
var player = document.createElement("img");
player.src = "ship.png";
```

The player variable is an image object

 We can read and write to object properties using the 'dot' notation



Objects in JavaScript

- In JavaScript, we can create objects in a couple of different ways:
 - Create the object variable and define the properties at the same time
 - Create a function to return new objects



Creating new Objects

 Create the object variable and add properties to it at the same time

```
// this creates the player object and assigns it some properties
var player = {
   image: document.createElement("img"),
   x: SCREEN WIDTH/2,
   y: SCREEN HEIGHT/2,
   width: 93,
   height: 80,
   velocityX: 0,
   velocityY: 0,
   angular Velocity: 0,
   rotation: 0
};
player.image.src = "hero.png";
```



Creating new Objects

Create a function to return new objects

```
var Player = function() {
   this.image = document.createElement("img");
   this.x = canvas.width/2;
   this.y = canvas.height/2;
   this.width = 159;
   this.height = 163;
   this.velocityX = 0;
   this.velocityY = 0;
   this.angularVelocity = 0;
   this.rotation = 0;
   this.image.src = "hero.png";
};
var player = new Player();
```



Using a Function to Create Objects

- This function is called a constructor
- Any time you read/write to a property of the object, you must use the this keyword
- When you want to create a new object using your constructor, you must use the new keyword
- Easy to create many objects using the same definition

```
var Player = function() {
   this.image = document.createElement("img");
   this.image.src = "hero.png";
};
var player = new Player();
```



Using Multiple Files

We can define our objects in their own files

Breaks up a program into manageable pieces

- Easily locate code for a specific object
 - 1. Create a new .js file
 - 2. Add your object definition to this file
 - 3. Add a new <script> statement in the HTML file



Using Multiple Files

index.html

main.js

```
var player = new Player();
function run()
{
   context.fillStyle = "#ccc";
   context.fillRect(0, 0, canvas.width, canvas.height);
   context.drawImage(player.image, player.x, player.y);
}
```

player.js

```
var Player = function()
 this.image = document.createElement("img");
 this.x = canvas.width/2;
 this.y = canvas.height/2;
 this.width = 159;
 this.height = 163;
 this.velocityX = 0;
 this.velocityY = 0;
 this.angularVelocity = 0;
 this.rotation = 0;
 this.image.src = "hero.png";
};
```

Extending Objects

- Add a new property to an object at any time
 - (but it's not good practice)

Add a new method by modifying the object prototype



```
var Player = function() {
    this.image = document.createElement("img");
    this.x = canvas.width/2;
    this.y = canvas.height/2;
    this.width = 159;
    this.height = 163;
    this.image.src = "hero.png";
};
Player.prototype.update = function(deltaTime)
     if( typeof(this.rotation) == "undefined" )
         this.rotation = 0;
                                           // hang on, where did this variable come from!
     this.rotation += deltaTime;
Player.prototype.draw = function()
     context.save();
        context.translate(this.x, this.y);
        context.rotate(this.rotation);
        context.drawImage(this.image, -this.width/2, -this.height/2);
     context.restore();
```



Working with Objects

- Create reusable objects
 - (x, y) can become a Vector2 object
- Use new when creating an object
- Always use this when defining the object properties/methods
 - Otherwise global variables are created
- Avoid cyclic dependencies
- Create each object in its own file
- List source files in the order used (in the HTML file)



Bonus Content – Source Control with GIT

 Now that your programs are getting larger, you'll want to make sure you have proper back-ups

- What is source control?
 - Manages changes to documents
 - Changes identified by an identifier (number)
 - Revisions marked with timestamp, name of author
 - Revisions can be compared, restored or merged



GIT

- Most widely adopted version control system for software development
- Free software
- Complete history and version tracking
- https://github.com/
 - Free to create an account
- Your platformer assignment must be submitted via GIT



GIT

- Signup for a free account at https://github.com
- Download and install the GitHub software
 - Windows and Mac versions available
- Create a repository (using GitHub software)
- Publish your repository
- Sync your code



GIT - Syncing

- Anything in your local repository folder can be sync'ed with the GIT server
 - Right-click on your repo, then select 'Open in Explorer'
 - Copy / move your project files to this directory
- New / modified files appear as uncommitted changes
- Enter a summary and description, press 'commit'
 - Changes are marked for upload, but not yet sent
- Press Sync button to upload to / download from server



GIT

- You can return to a previous version at any time
 - Select it in your history and press 'Revert'

- More advanced users may wish to use SourceTree
 - https://www.atlassian.com/software/sourcetree/overv iew



Summary

- Group related variables and functions into Objects
- Objects are the nouns in our game
- Objects help break down our code into manageable pieces
- Create each object in its own file
- GIT is a great tool for making sure all versions of your project are backed up
 - Also useful when working as a team on the same project



Questions?





References

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