

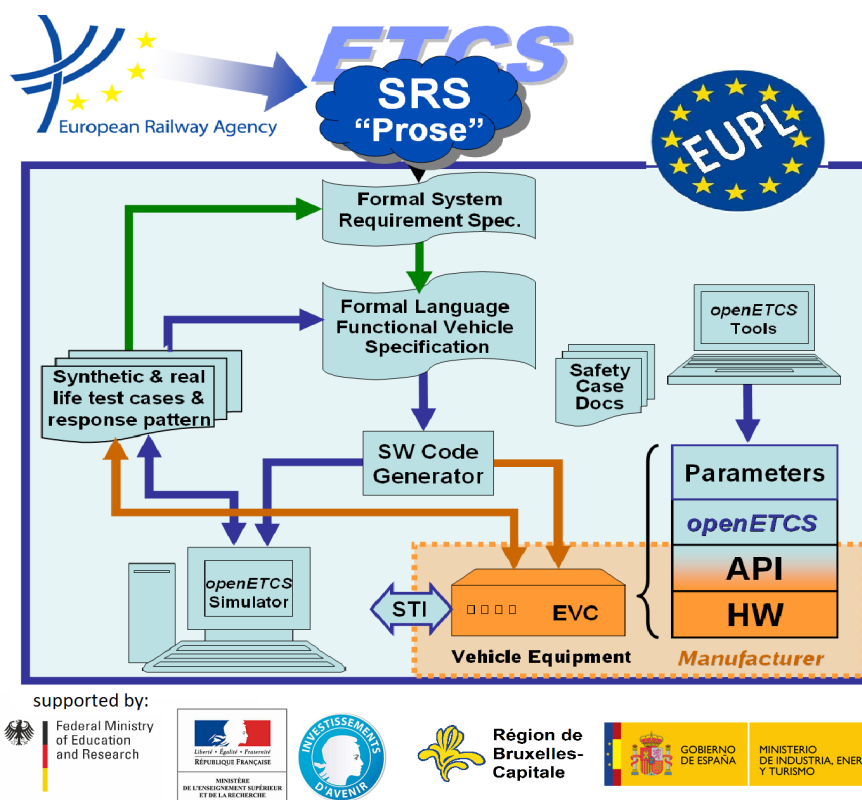
Work-Package 7: “Primary tool chain”

Report on the final choices for the primary toolchain

Decision on the final choice for the means of description (O7.1.4), tools (O7.1.8) and tool platform (O7.1.11)

Marielle Petit-Doche

July 2013



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OETCS/WP7/D7.1 – 00/01

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Decision on the final choice for the means of description (O7.1.4), tools (O7.1.8) and tool platform (O7.1.11)

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Deliverable

Prepared for openETCS@ITEA2 Project

Abstract: This document gives a description and the results of the first task of WP7. The objectives of the task are to analyse and recommend, means, tools and platform to develop the primary tool chain of Open ETCS.

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Table of Contents

Figures and Tables

Figures

Tables

Document information	
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1 Introduction

The aim of this document is to report the results of the task T7.1 of WP7 : "Primary tool Chain analyses and recommendations".

1.1 T7.1 objective

The objectives of this task are to identify the modelling languages, the tools and the tool platform suitable to define the primary tool chain of OpenETCS project. This primary tool chain shall cover all specification and design activities of the OpenETCS process (part in blue in ??). For more details see D2.3 (?) and D2.6-9 (?). Means and tools for other activities described on figure ?? (mainly verification, validation and safety activities) are going to be discussed during the task T7.2 of WP7.

1.2 T7.1 activities

The activities have started in November 2012, with a proposal of benchmark organisation. After selection of a set of case studies (specified in D2.5 (?)), different approaches have been proposed and models have been stored on a common open github repository. All the methods have been presented during a public meeting in April 2013.

Besides, a set of criteria have been defined according the D2.6-9 requirement document (?). The results are record in the outputs O7.1.3-O7.1.7 (?) for means and tools and O7.1.9 (?) for tool platform.

A decision meeting took place the 4th of July 2013 to analyse the results of the benchmark and to decide which means and tools will be retained during the process.

Results of the decision are given in this current document.

1.3 Glossary

API Application Programming Interface

FIS Functional Interface Specification

HW Hardware

I/O Input/Output

OBU On-Board Unit

PHA Preliminary Hazard Analysis

SIL Safety Integrity Level

SRS System Requirement Specification

SSHA Sub-System Hazard Analysis

SSRS Sub-System Requirement Specification

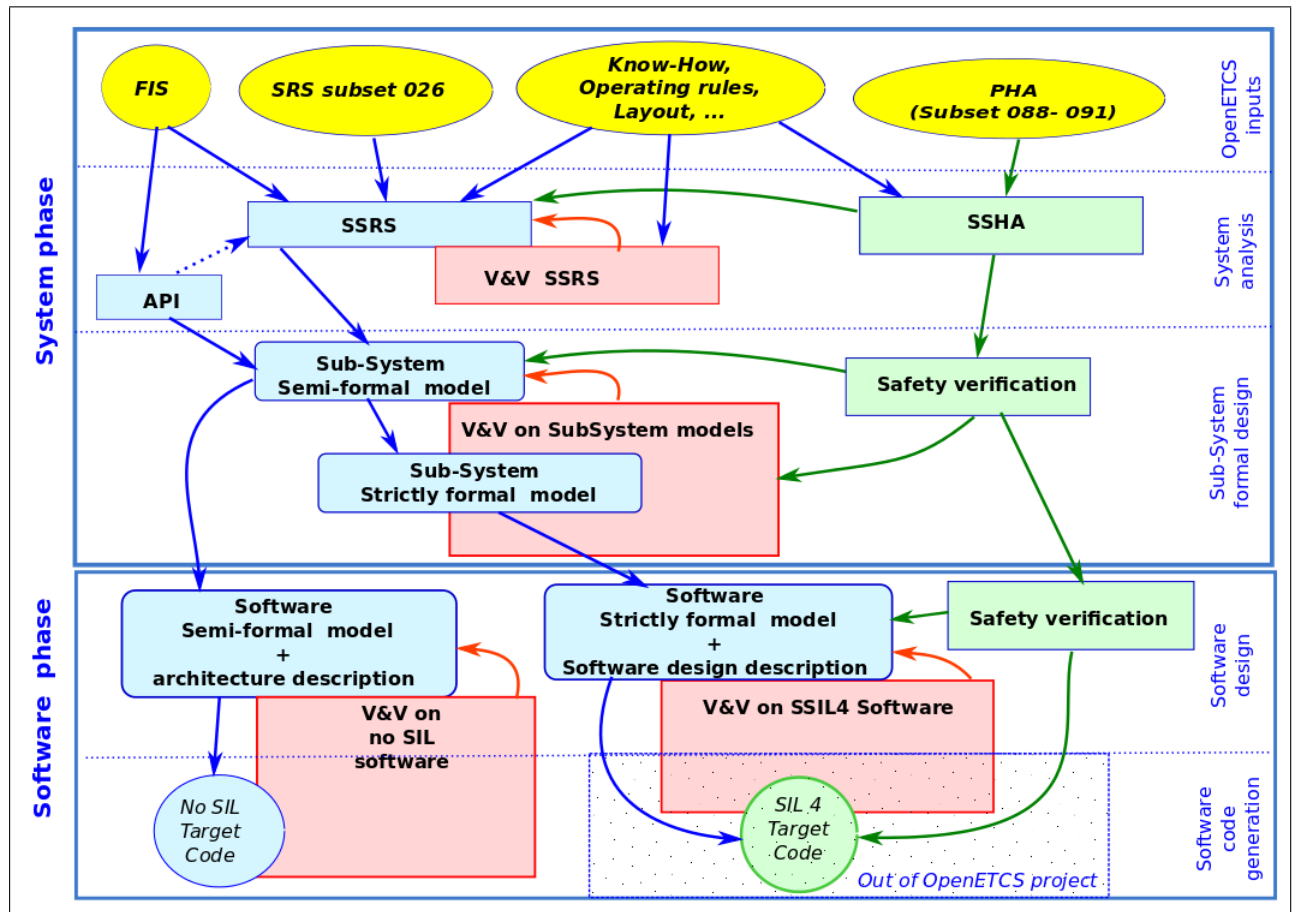


Figure 1. Main OpenETCS process

SW Software

V&V Verification & Validation

2 Results on means and tools for primary tool chain

2.1 Initial list of candidates

The initial list of candidates is the following:

- GOPRR
- CORE
- ERTMSFormalSpecs
- SysML with Papyrus
- SysML with Enterprise Architect
- SCADE
- EventB with Rodin
- Classical B with Atelier B
- Petri Nets
- System C
- UPPAAL
- Why3
- GNATprove

For each approach and tool, the initial author of the evaluation is the partner in charge of the modelling. Two assessors, for each approaches, are in charge of the review of the evaluation and can correct it or add comments. For each approaches, the models are available on the public github <https://github.com/openETCS/model-evaluation/tree/master/model> (see ??). Scores of each approaches according the evaluation criteria are record in appendix of the outputs O7.1.3-O7.1.7 (?).

2.2 Evaluation results

In the conclusion part of O7.1.3-O7.1.7 (?), the first table show how the evaluated approaches cover the openETCS design process:

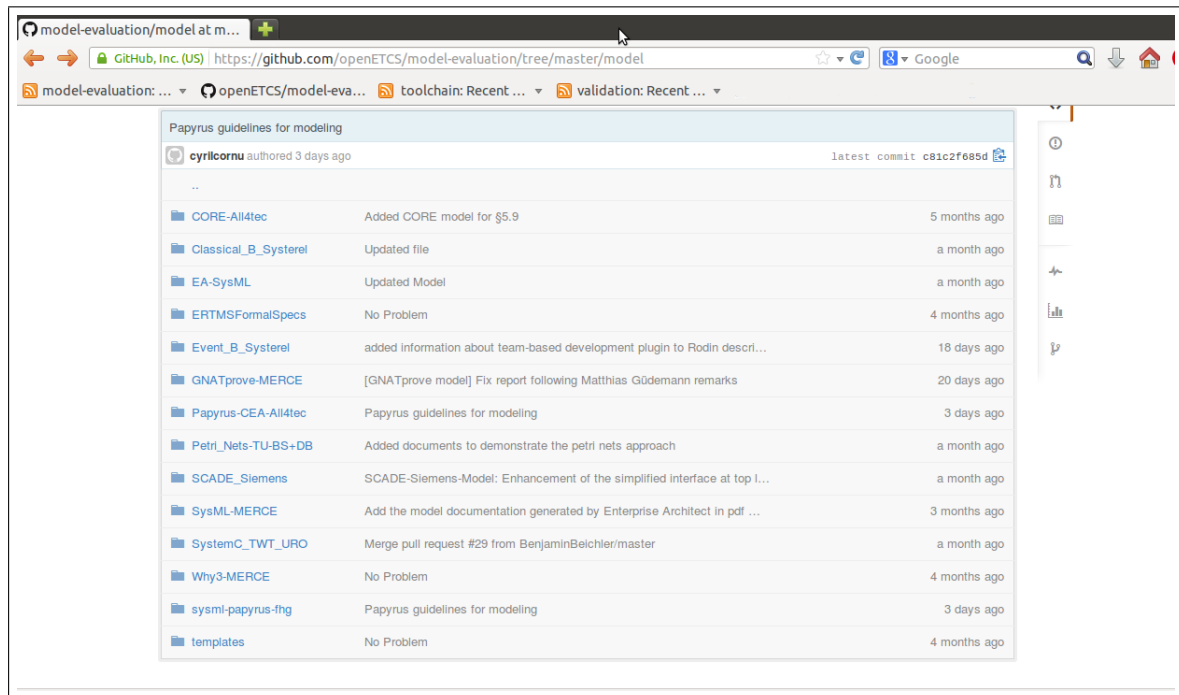


Figure 2. Repository of models

	GOPRR	ERTMSFormalSpecs	SysML with Papyrus	SysML with EA	SCADE	EventB	Classical B	System C	Petri Nets	GNATprove
System Analysis	5	1	7	9	3	9	3	2	6(9)	2 (3)
Sub-system formal design	9	9	6	7	9	9	5	5	6(9)	3 (4)
Software design	9	0	6	7	9	6	9	9	6(9)	6(9)
Software code generation	9	0	3	3	9	3	9	6	2 (3)	6(9)

The highest score is 9 and means that the criteria is fully respected, the lowest score is 0. The higher scores for each approach is graphically represented on figure ??.

The second table in the conclusion part of O7.1.3-O7.1.7 (?), shows that all evaluated approaches, except GnatProve, are adapted to modeling and design activities:

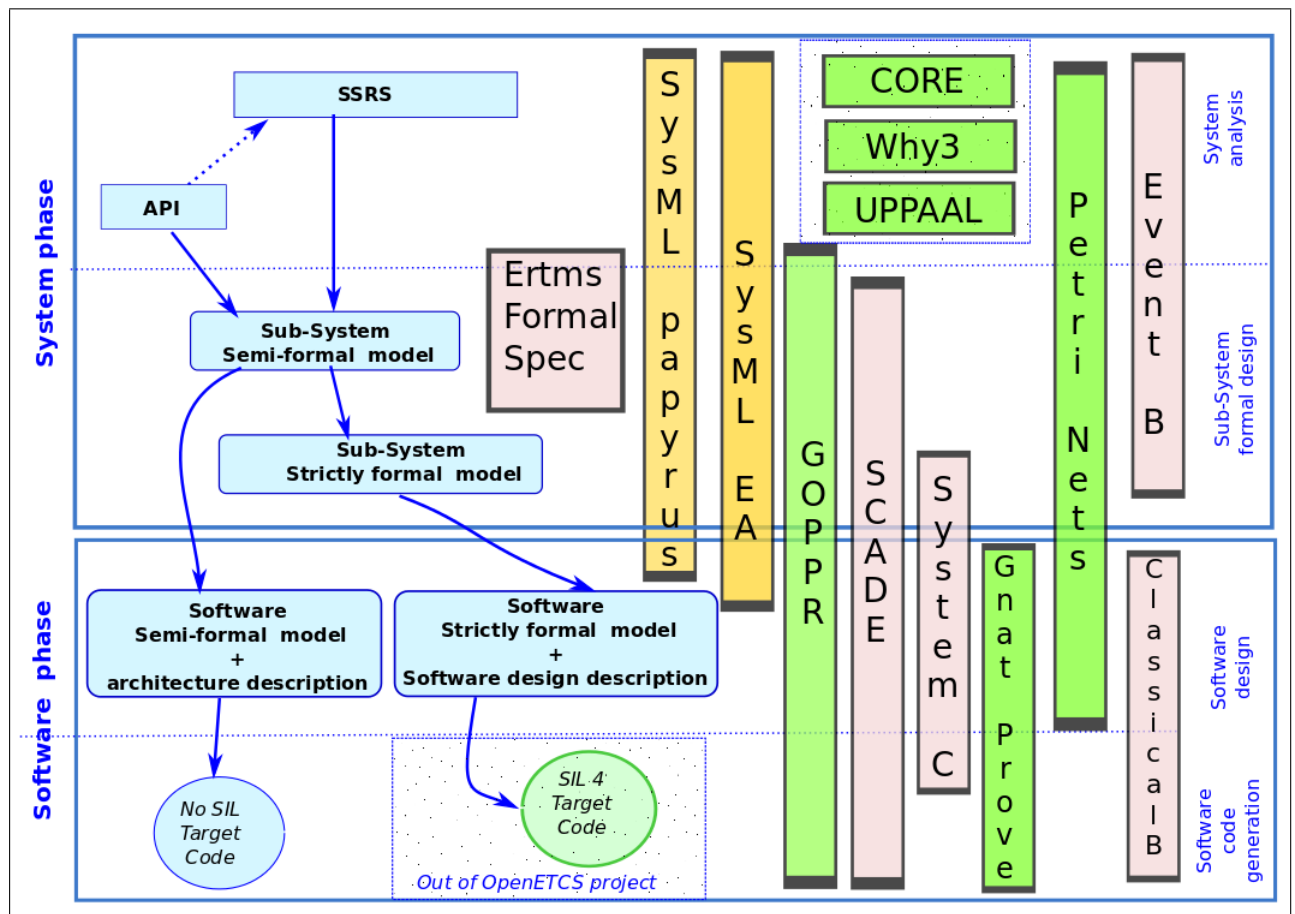


Figure 3. Results of candidates

	GOPRR	ERTMS Formal Specs	SysML with Papyrus	SysML with EA	SCADE	EventB	Classical B	System C	Petri Nets	GNATprove
Documentation	3	7	6	7	8	7	0	0	2 (3)	2 (3)
Modeling	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	8	6(9)	2 (3)
Design	6	9	6	7	9	7	8	9	5(7)	3 (4)
Code generation	9	1	3	4	9	3	9	5 *	2 (3)	6(9)
Verification	0	7	6	3	8	9	9	4 *	6(9)	6(9)
Validation	0	9	5	4	8	9	4	7	6(9)	6(9)
Safety analyses	0	0	4 *	6	1	6	3	3 *	5(7)	2(3)

According to this result, GantProve has been proposed to join the evaluation of secondary tools (task T7.2). During the benchmark activities, UPPAAL, which is a tool dedicated to the verification and validation of time-constraints properties, has also been proposed for the benchmark on secondary tools.

2.3 Short list

Todo: MPD: Description of discarded approach and short list of approaches

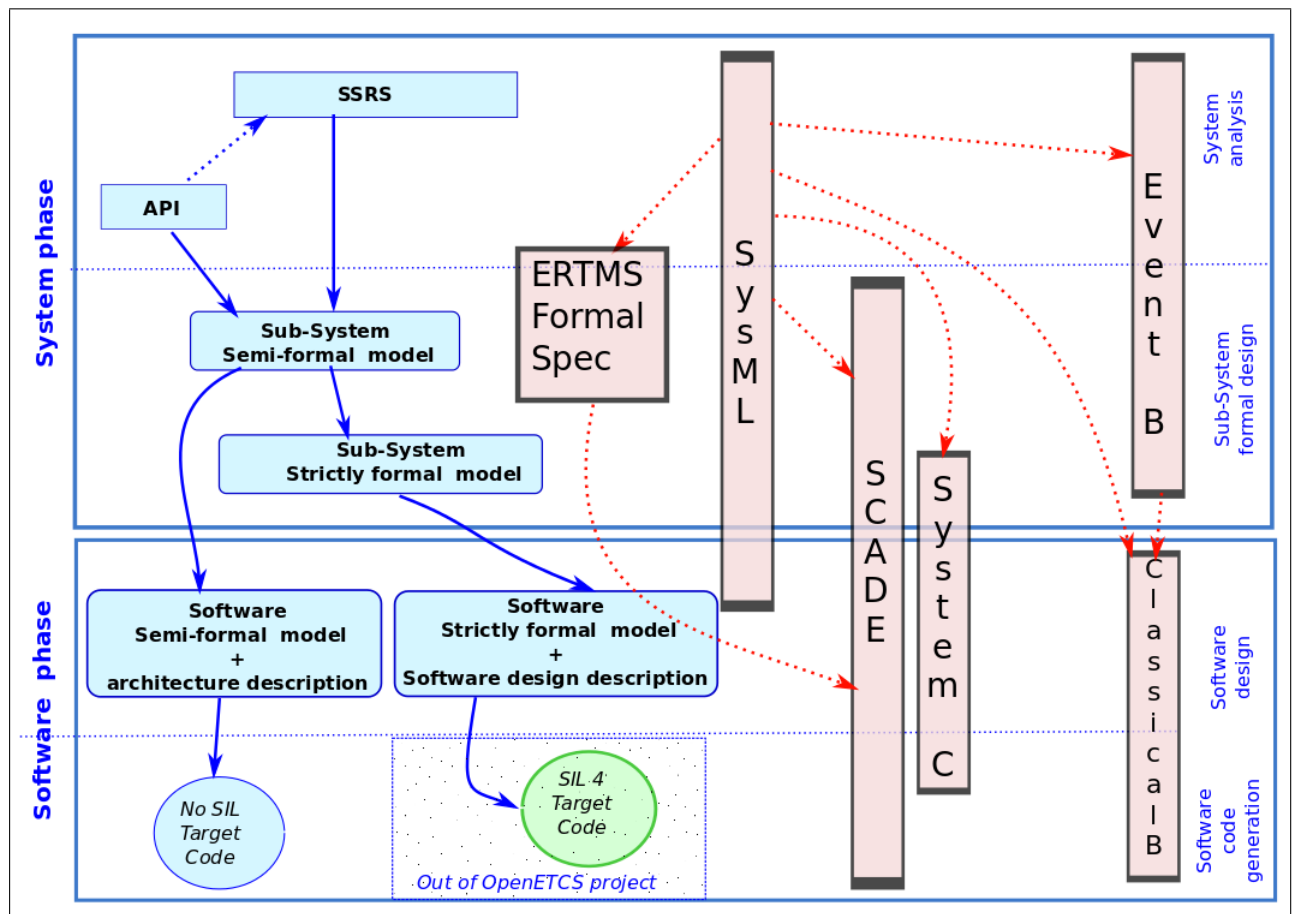


Figure 4. Short list of candidates

3 Results on tool platform

The tool platform should provide mechanisms to integrate various tools. The tool platform is not the primary nor secondary tools, nor the tool chain. It is the support for the tool chain implementation, it shall help to integrate the tools into a seamless tool chain. The evaluation will focus on the integration capabilities of the tool platform.

Todo: Description of the candidates by Cecile Braunstein

3.1 Initial list of candidates

- Eclipse
- TopCased/Polarsys
- RTP-Cesar
- Mono/.NET
- SCADE

After a first round, Mono/.NET and SCADE were discarded because they do not comply to our tool platform definition. RTP-CESAR was also discarded, the maturity of this project is not yet usable. Finally, eclipse is chosen as a tool platform, the possibility to use Polarsys and take some part of the TopCased tool chain are discussed in the next sections.

3.2 Eclipse

3.3 Version Management

3.4 Topcased and Polarsys

Topcased is a tool for systems engineering, based on Eclipse and various Eclipse projects. Polarsys is a project concerned with the long term support of the Topcased tool chain. There is an overlap between Topcased and the openETCS tool chain. There is also an overlap between the objectives of openETCS and Polarsys:

Topcased and openETCS tool chain. Both, Topcased and the openETCS tool chain are based on Eclipse. Further, the openETCS tool chain will definitely use Papyrus, which is also part of Topcased. And last, both are concerned with covering all aspects of the V-Model, although for different domains (aviation vs. rail).

Polarsys and openETCS. The objectives of Polarsys and openETCS overlap significantly as well: Both are concerned with tools in a safety-critical domain, requiring tool qualification, etc. They are also concerned with long term support through open source.

3.4.1 State of Topcased and Polarsys

While the state of the art document mentions Topcased , it was not evaluated as a whole. Merely the Papyrus component of Topcased was evaluated, but a newer version than the one used by Topcased.

Topcased is using a fork of an old version of Papyrus (Ver. 0.8.2) which is no more supported by the CEA (actual version 0.10.X) and, as the CEA is not part of Topcased, no more code development over this version/Topcased will be done by CEA. Unfortunately, the development on Topcased is not so active anymore: 60 commits on the 3 last months (as of July 2013) against more than 1600 commit for Papyrus. Further, the actual version of Papyrus have been greatly improved with respect to stability since version 0.8.2, and some stability issues may have not been corrected in Topcased.

To conclude, Topcased requires Eclipse 3.7.2 Indigo (1.5 year-old version) which is no more supported by the Eclipse foundation. We will reach out to the Polarsys community see whether there is an interest in aligning versions for long term support, but the versions currently used in Topcased are not suitable for the openETCS tool chain.

4 Decision

4.1 Decision on the tool platform

Todo: MPD: Choice of Eclipse (version Kepler 4.3 RC3 ?)

4.2 Decisions for high level step

Todo: MPD : Choice of SysML with Papyrus (release 1.2 for SysML and 0.10.0 for papyrus ?)

4.3 Propositions of approach to cover all the design process

Todo: MPD: list of on going propositions to cover low levels of design process

4.4 Conclusion

Appendix A: SysML and Scade

Todo: Description of the approach by Uwe Steinke.

A.1 Description of the approach for OpenETCS design process

Todo: How the proposed approach covers all "blue" design process (see ??) ?

A.2 Integration of the approach with SysML/Papyrus

Todo: How the proposed approach can be integrated with the SysML/ Papyrus selected for the high level of design process ?

A.3 Integration of the approach with Eclipse

Todo: How the proposed approach can be integrated with the Eclipse, selected as platform for OpenETCS tool chain ?

A.4 Benefits versus OpenETCS requirements

Todo: Discuss the benefits in regards of OpenETCS requirements and expected results.

A.5 Shortcomings versus OpenETCS requirements

Todo: Discuss the shortcomings in regards of OpenETCS requirements and expected results.

A.6 On going work for openETCS project

Todo: Which are the elements to clarify, to specify or to develop, in order the approach suit the openETCS process ?

How can we evaluate and plan this work ?

which skills is needed ?

A.7 Conclusion and other comments

Appendix B: SysML, ErtmsFormalSpec and Topcased

Todo: Description of the approach by Stanislas Pinte.

B.1 Description of the approach for OpenETCS design process

Todo: How the proposed approach covers all "blue" design process (see ??) ?

B.2 Integration of the approach with SysML/Papyrus

Todo: How the proposed approach can be integrated with the SysML/ Papyrus selected for the high level of design process ?

B.3 Integration of the approach with Eclipse

Todo: How the proposed approach can be integrated with the Eclipse, selected as platform for OpenETCS tool chain ?

B.4 Benefits versus OpenETCS requirements

Todo: Discuss the benefits in regards of OpenETCS requirements and expected results.

B.5 Shortcomings versus OpenETCS requirements

Todo: Discuss the shortcomings in regards of OpenETCS requirements and expected results.

B.6 On going work for openETCS project

Todo: Which are the elements to clarify, to specify or to develop, in order the approach suit the openETCS process ?

How can we evaluate and plan this work ?

which skills is needed ?

B.7 Conclusion and other comments

Appendix C: SysML and ClassicalB

Todo: Description of the approach by Alexander Stante.

C.1 Description of the approach for OpenETCS design process

Todo: How the proposed approach covers all "blue" design process (see ??) ?

C.2 Integration of the approach with SysML/Papyrus

Todo: How the proposed approach can be integrated with the SysML/ Papyrus selected for the high level of design process ?

C.3 Integration of the approach with Eclipse

Todo: How the proposed approach can be integrated with the Eclipse, selected as platform for OpenETCS tool chain ?

C.4 Benefits versus OpenETCS requirements

Todo: Discuss the benefits in regards of OpenETCS requirements and expected results.

C.5 Shortcomings versus OpenETCS requirements

Todo: Discuss the shortcomings in regards of OpenETCS requirements and expected results.

C.6 On going work for openETCS project

Todo: Which are the elements to clarify, to specify or to develop, in order the approach suit the openETCS process ?

How can we evaluate and plan this work ?

which skills is needed ?

C.7 Conclusion and other comments