

```
File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help
open.py - Visual Studio Code

Kata 10 by Axel Roberto Perezipymb
Untitled-1.py
open.py x

C:\> Users > axel1 > OneDrive > Escritorio > open.py > ...
1 def main():
2     open("/path/to/mars.jpg")
3
4 if __name__ == '__main__':
5     main()

PROBLEMS 61 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL JUPYTER

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PS C:\Users\axel1> & C:/Users/axel1/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python310/python.exe c:/Users/axel1/OneDrive/Escritorio/open.py
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "c:\Users\axel1\OneDrive\Escritorio\open.py", line 5, in <module>
    main()
  File "c:\Users\axel1\OneDrive\Escritorio\open.py", line 2, in main
    open("/path/to/mars.jpg")
FileNotFoundError: [Errno 2] No such file or directory: '/path/to/mars.jpg'
PS C:\Users\axel1>
```

```
File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help
config.py - Visual Studio Code

config.py x

C:\> Users > axel1 > OneDrive > Escritorio > config.py > ...
1 def main():
2     try:
3         configuration = open('config.txt')
4     except FileNotFoundError:
5         print("Couldn't find the config.txt file!")
6
7
8 if __name__ == '__main__':
9     main()

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL Python + Python -

Windows PowerShell
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PS C:\Users\axel1> & C:/Users/axel1/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python310/python.exe c:/Users/axel1/OneDrive/Escritorio/config.py
Couldn't find the config.txt file!
PS C:\Users\axel1>
```

The screenshot shows the Visual Studio Code editor with a file named `config.py` open. The code defines a `main()` function that attempts to open `config.txt` and prints an error message if it fails. The terminal shows the command to run the script, which results in the error message.

```

C:\> Users\axell > OneDrive\Escritorio > config.py > main

1 def main():
2     try:
3         configuration = open('config.txt')
4     except Exception:
5         print("Couldn't find the config.txt file!")
6
7
8 if __name__ == '__main__':
9     main()

```

```

Windows PowerShell
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PS C:\Users\axell> & C:\Users\axell\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python310\python.exe c:\Users\axell\OneDrive\Escritorio\config.py
Couldn't find the config.txt file!
PS C:\Users\axell>

```

The image shows a Visual Studio Code editor with a Python file named `config.py`. The code is as follows:

```

1 def main():
2     try:
3         configuration = open('config.txt')
4     except FileNotFoundError:
5         print("Couldn't find the config.txt file!")
6     except IsADirectoryError:
7         print("Found config.txt but it is a directory, couldn't read it")
8
9
10 if __name__ == '__main__':
11     main()

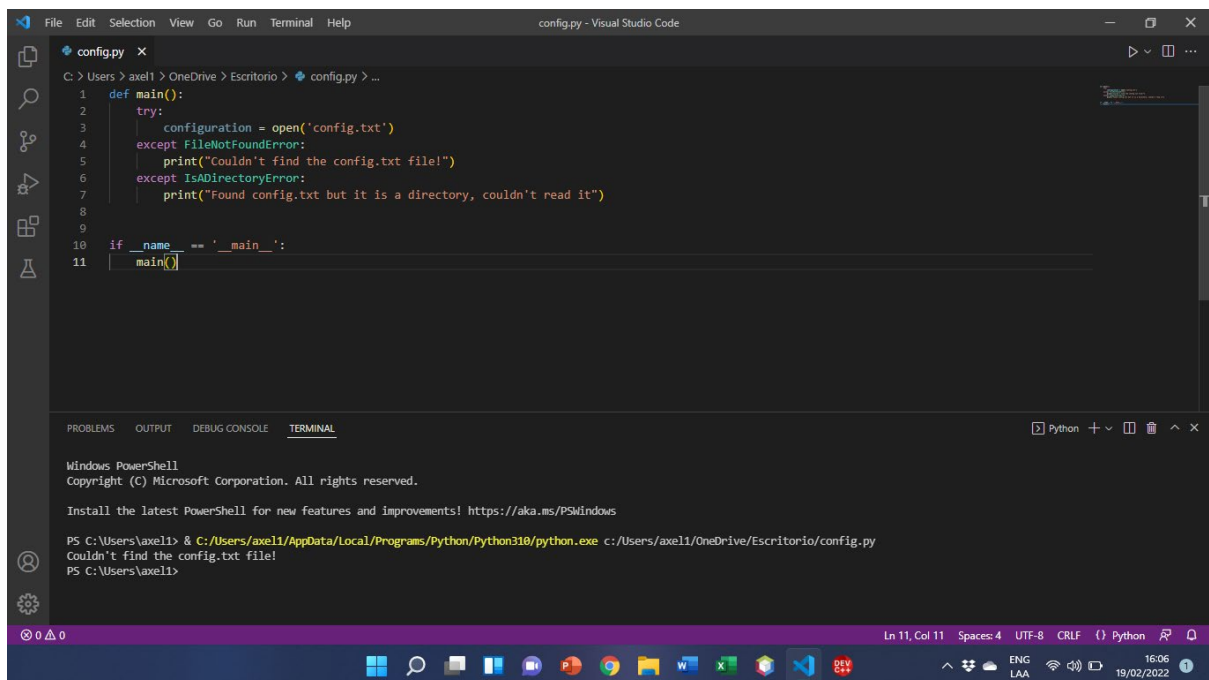
```

The terminal window at the bottom shows the command prompt running the script. The output is:

```

PS C:\Users\axell> & C:\Users\axell\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python310\python.exe c:\Users\axell\OneDrive\Escritorio\config.py
Couldn't find the config.txt file!
PS C:\Users\axell>

```



```
File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help
config.py - Visual Studio Code

C:\Users\axel1> OneDrive > Escritorio > config.py > ...
1 def main():
2     try:
3         configuration = open('config.txt')
4     except FileNotFoundError:
5         print("Couldn't find the config.txt file!")
6     except IsADirectoryError:
7         print("Found config.txt but it is a directory, couldn't read it")
8
9
10 if __name__ == '__main__':
11     main()
```

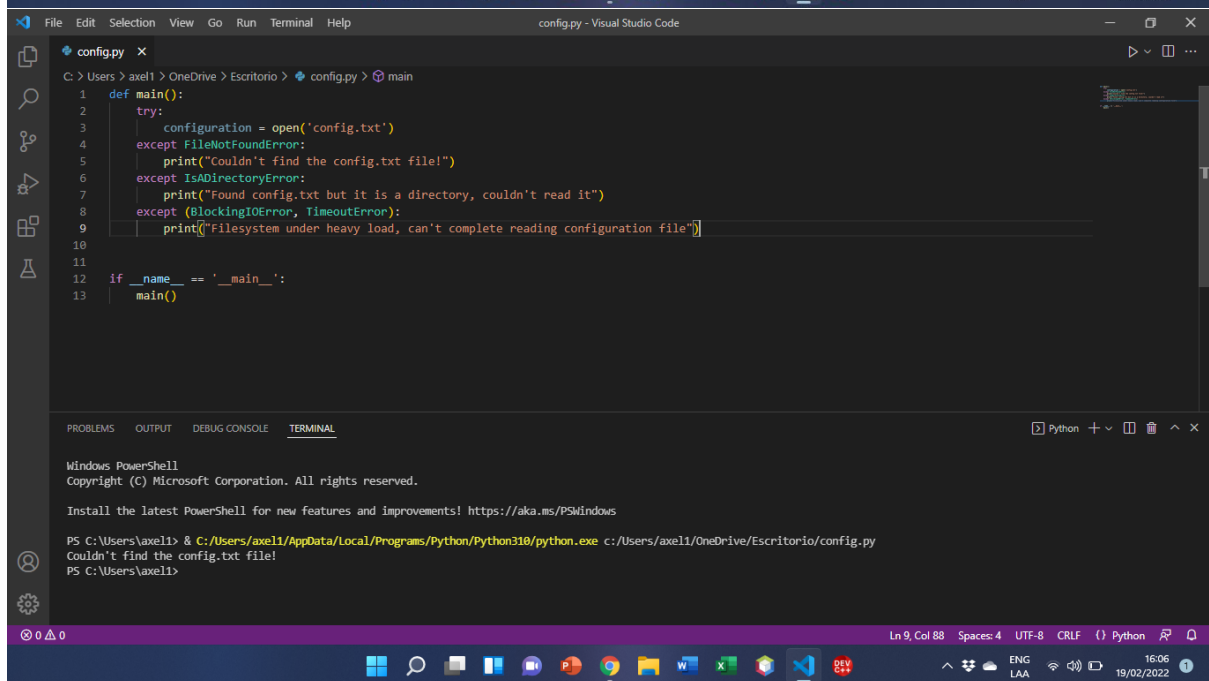
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL Python + -

Windows PowerShell
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PS C:\Users\axel1> & C:/Users/axel1/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python310/python.exe c:/Users/axel1/OneDrive/Escritorio/config.py
Couldn't find the config.txt file!
PS C:\Users\axel1>

Ln 11, Col 11 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 CRLF {} Python 16:06 19/02/2022



```
File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help
config.py - Visual Studio Code

C:\Users\axel1> OneDrive > Escritorio > config.py > main
1 def main():
2     try:
3         configuration = open('config.txt')
4     except FileNotFoundError:
5         print("Couldn't find the config.txt file!")
6     except IsADirectoryError:
7         print("Found config.txt but it is a directory, couldn't read it")
8     except (BlockingIOError, TimeoutError):
9         print("Filesystem under heavy load, can't complete reading configuration file")
10
11
12 if __name__ == '__main__':
13     main()
```

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL Python + -

Windows PowerShell
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PS C:\Users\axel1> & C:/Users/axel1/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python310/python.exe c:/Users/axel1/OneDrive/Escritorio/config.py
Couldn't find the config.txt file!
PS C:\Users\axel1>

Ln 9, Col 88 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 CRLF {} Python 16:06 19/02/2022

File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help

Astronautas.ipynb - Visual Studio Code

Astronautas.ipynb

tas.ipynb > Generación de excepciones > >>> water_left("3", "200", None)Traceback (most recent call last):d File "<stdin>", line 5, in water_leftTypeError: unsupported operand type(s) for /: 'str' and 'int'During han...

+ Code + Markdown ▶ Run All ☒ Clear Outputs of All Cells ☒ Restart ☐ Interrupt 📄 Variables ☰ Outline ... Python 3.10.2 64-bit

Generación de excepciones

Ahora que tienes una buena comprensión de los tracebacks y el control de excepciones, vamos a revisar la generación de excepciones.

Es posible que ya conozcas una situación que podría provocar una condición de error al escribir código. En estas situaciones, resulta útil generar excepciones que permitan que otro código comprenda cuál es el problema.

La generación de excepciones también puede ayudar en la toma de decisiones para otro código. Como hemos visto antes, en función del error, el código puede tomar decisiones inteligentes para resolver, solucionar o ignorar un problema.

Los astronautas limitan su uso de agua a unos 11 litros al día. Vamos a crear una función que, con base al número de astronautas, pueda calcular la cantidad de agua quedará después de un día o más:

```
def water_left(astronauts, water_left, days_left):
    daily_usage = astronauts * 11
    total_usage = daily_usage * days_left
    total_water_left = water_left - total_usage
    return f"Total water left after {days_left} days is: {total_water_left} liters"
```

Python

Problemos con cinco astronautas, 100 litros de agua sobrante y dos días:

```
water_left(5, 100, 2)
```

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File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help

Astronautas.ipynb - Visual Studio Code

Astronautas.ipynb

tas.ipynb > Generación de excepciones > >>> water_left("3", "200", None)Traceback (most recent call last):d File "<stdin>", line 5, in water_leftTypeError: unsupported operand type(s) for /: 'str' and 'int'During han...

+ Code + Markdown ▶ Run All ☒ Clear Outputs of All Cells ☒ Restart ☐ Interrupt 📄 Variables ☰ Outline ... Python 3.10.2 64-bit

Problemos con cinco astronautas, 100 litros de agua sobrante y dos días:

```
water_left(5, 100, 2)
'Total water left after 2 days is: -10 liters'
```

Python

... 'Total water left after 2 days is: -10 liters'

Esto no es muy útil, ya que una carencia en los litros sería un error. Después, el sistema de navegación podría alertar a los astronautas que no habrá suficiente agua para todos en dos días. Si eres un ingeniero(a) que programa el sistema de navegación, podrías generar una excepción en la función water_left() para alertar de la condición de error:

```
def water_left(astronauts, water_left, days_left):
    daily_usage = astronauts * 11
    total_usage = daily_usage * days_left
    total_water_left = water_left - total_usage
    if total_water_left < 0:
        raise RuntimeError(f"There is not enough water for {astronauts} astronauts after {days_left} days!")
    return f"Total water left after {days_left} days is: {total_water_left} liters"
```

Python

Ahora volvemos a ejecutarlo

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Astronautas.ipynb •

tas.ipynb > Generación de excepciones > >>> water_left("3", "200", None)Traceback (most recent call last):
File "<stdin>", line 5, in water_leftTypeError: unsupported operand type(s) for /: 'str' and 'int'During han...

+ Code + Markdown | ▶ Run All | Clear Outputs of All Cells | Restart | Interrupt | Variables | Outline | Python 3.10.2 64-bit

Ahora volvemos a ejecutarlo

```
water_left(5, 100, 2)
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "<stdin>", line 1, in <module>
  File "<stdin>", line 6, in water_left
RuntimeError('There is not enough water for 5 astronauts after 2 days!')
```

[23] 0.1s Python

...
Input In [23]
Traceback (most recent call last):
SyntaxError: invalid syntax. Perhaps you forgot a comma?

En el sistema de navegación, el código para señalar la alerta ahora puede usar RuntimeError para generar la alerta:

```
try:
    water_left(5, 100, 2)
except RuntimeError as err:
    alert_navigation_system(err)
```

[1] Python

La función water_left() también se puede actualizar para evitar el paso de tipos no admitidos. Intenten pasar argumentos que no sean enteros para comprobar la salida de error:

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Astronautas.ipynb •

tas.ipynb > Generación de excepciones > >>> water_left("3", "200", None)Traceback (most recent call last):
File "<stdin>", line 1, in <module>
File "<stdin>", line 3, in water_left
TypeError: can't multiply sequence by non-int of type 'NoneType'

[1] Python

El error de TypeError no es muy descriptivo en el contexto de lo que espera la función. Actualizaremos la función para que use TypeError, pero con un mensaje mejor:

```
def water_left(astronauts, water_left, days_left):
    for argument in [astronauts, water_left, days_left]:
        try:
            # If argument is an int, the following operation will work
            argument / 10
        except TypeError:
            # TypeError will be raised only if it isn't the right type
            # Raise the same exception but with a better error message
            raise TypeError(f"All arguments must be of type int, but received: '{argument}'")
    daily_usage = astronauts * 11
    total_usage = daily_usage * days_left
    total_water_left = water_left - total_usage
    if total_water_left < 0:
        raise RuntimeError(f"There is not enough water for {astronauts} astronauts after {days_left} days!")
    return f"Total water left after {days_left} days is: {total_water_left} liters"
```

[1] Python

66 42 Jupyter Server: local Cell 16 of 16 16:27 19/02/2022

A screenshot of a Jupyter Notebook titled "Astronautas.ipynb" running in Visual Studio Code. The notebook is in a dark theme. The top menu bar includes File, Edit, Selection, View, Go, Run, Terminal, and Help. The top status bar shows "Astronautas.ipynb - Visual Studio Code". The left sidebar contains icons for Explorer, Search, Source Control, Run and Debug, and Testing. The main editor area shows a Jupyter cell with the following text:

```
Ahora volvemos a intentarlo para obtener un error mejor:
```

```
>>> water_left("3", "200", None)
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "<stdin>", line 5, in water_left
TypeError: unsupported operand type(s) for /: 'str' and 'int'

During handling of the preceding exception, another exception occurred:
```

```
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "<stdin>", line 1, in <module>
  File "<stdin>", line 9, in water_left
TypeError: All arguments must be of type int, but received: '3'
```

The bottom status bar shows "66 42" on the left, "Jupyter Server: local Cell 16 of 16" in the center, and "ENG LAA 16:27 19/02/2022" on the right.