

Predicting Terror Attacks A Data Story

Nicolas Bollier, Enea Figini, Elias Le Boudec, Axel Nilsson
Team 29

January 22, 2019

Introduction

Exploring the Data

Terrorist Relationships as a Social Network

Predicting Terror Attacks

A First Unsuccessful Attempt: Setup

- ▶ \mathcal{G}_t = graph of terror attacks at time t
- ▶ Let \mathbf{attach}_t be a vector such that

$$\mathbf{attach}_t(i) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if node added at } t + 1 \text{ links to node } i \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad (1)$$

- ▶ Idea: \mathbf{attach}_t smooth \Rightarrow terror attack location can be explained by graph topology

A First Unsuccessful Attempt: Result

- ▶ Graph nodes: terror attack locations (1293 nodes)
- ▶ Graph edges: weight based on proximity of features vector (835'278 edges)
- ▶ Complete graph

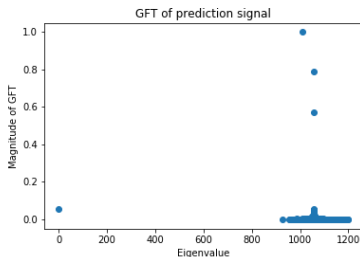


Figure: GFT of $\text{attach}_{t=1282}$

Predicting Terror Attack Locations: Setup

1. From the dataset, select the 10 biggest connected components
2. Sort the dataset by date of terror attack.
3. Hence component \Leftrightarrow location
4. For each node, select lead node l that maximises sum of weights to other nodes
5. Find the lead node l^* that is the most strongly linked to the new node (i.e. the next terror attack).
6. Prediction: next location is location of l^*

Predicting Terror Attack Locations: Results

Accuracy slightly over 50%

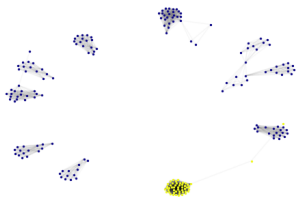


Figure: Prediction animation (yellow: correct)