Fig. 1. Grammar of Reduction Contexts

$$\circ \{N\} = N$$
 (let  $K \ x \ M$ )  $\{N\} = (\text{let } K\{N\} \ x \ M)$  
$$[K \ M] \{N\} = [K\{N\} \ M]$$
 
$$[M \ K] \{N\} = [M \ K\{N\}]$$
 (con  $qc \ \vec{V} \ K \ \vec{M}$ )  $\{N\} = (\text{con } qc \ \vec{V} \ K\{N\} \ \vec{M})$  (case  $K \ \vec{C}$ )  $\{N\} = (\text{case } K\{N\} \ \vec{C})$  (success  $K\} \{N\} = (\text{bind } K\{N\} \ x \ M)$ )

Fig. 2. Context Insertion

$$M \to_{\delta}^* R$$

Term M reduces in some number of steps to return value R in declaration environment  $\delta$ 

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \hline V \rightarrow_{\delta}^* (\operatorname{ok} V) \\ \hline M \rightarrow_{\delta} (\operatorname{ok} M') & M' \rightarrow_{\delta}^* R \\ \hline M \rightarrow_{\delta}^* R \\ \hline \underline{M \rightarrow_{\delta} \operatorname{err}} \\ \hline M \rightarrow_{\delta}^* \operatorname{err} \end{array}$$

$$M \to_{\delta}^{n} R$$

Term M reduces in at most n steps to return value R in declaration environment  $\delta$ 

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \overline{V \to_{\delta}^{n} \ (\operatorname{ok} V)} \\ \underline{M \to_{\delta} \ (\operatorname{ok} M')} \\ \overline{M \to_{\delta}^{0} \ \operatorname{err}} \\ \\ \underline{M \to_{\delta} \ (\operatorname{ok} M') \quad M' \to_{\delta}^{n} R} \\ \\ \overline{M \to_{\delta}^{n+1} \ R} \\ \underline{M \to_{\delta} \ \operatorname{err}} \\ \overline{M \to_{\delta}^{n} \ \operatorname{err}} \\ \overline{M \to_{\delta}^{n} \ \operatorname{err}} \end{array}$$

$$M \to_{\delta} R$$

Term M reduces in one step to return value R in declaration environment  $\delta$ 

$$\begin{array}{c} M \Rightarrow_{\delta} (\text{ok } M') \\ \hline K\{M\} \rightarrow_{\delta} (\text{ok } K\{M'\}) \\ \hline M \Rightarrow_{\delta} \text{err} \\ \hline K\{M\} \rightarrow_{\delta} \text{err} \end{array}$$

Fig. 3. Reduction via Contextual Dynamics

$$M \Rightarrow_{\delta} R$$

Term M locally reduces to return value R in declaration context  $\delta$ 

$$\begin{array}{c} \hline qn \ \Rightarrow_{\delta,qn\mapsto M} \ (\text{ok } M) \\ \hline \\ [\,(\text{lam } x\ M)\ V\,] \ \Rightarrow_{\delta} \ (\text{ok } [V/x]M) \\ \hline \\ qc, \vec{V} \ \sim \ \vec{C} \ \rhd \ R \\ \hline \\ (\text{case } (\text{con } qc\ \vec{V})\ \vec{C}) \ \Rightarrow_{\delta} \ R \\ \hline \\ \underline{ \ n\ \text{on } \vec{V}\ \text{reduces to } R } \\ \hline \\ (\text{builtin } n\ \vec{V}) \ \Rightarrow_{\delta} \ R \end{array}$$

Fig. 4. Local Reduction

$$qc, \vec{V} \ \sim \ \vec{C} \ \triangleright \ R$$

Constructor qc with arguments  $\vec{V}$  matches clauses  $\vec{C}$  to produce result R

Fig. 5. Case Matching

Fig. 6. Grammar of Instructions and Return Instructions

$$M \rightsquigarrow_{E,\delta}^* R$$

Term M executes in some number of steps to return value R in declaration environment  $\delta$  and blockchain environment E

$$\begin{array}{c} M \to_{\delta}^* \operatorname{err} \\ \overline{M} \leadsto_{E,\delta}^* \operatorname{err} \\ \end{array} \\ \frac{M \to_{\delta}^* (\operatorname{ok} V) \quad V \neq I}{M \leadsto_{E,\delta}^* \operatorname{err}} \\ \frac{M \to_{\delta}^* (\operatorname{ok} V) \quad V = (\operatorname{success} V')}{M \leadsto_{E,\delta}^* (\operatorname{ok} V')} \\ \hline M \to_{\delta}^* (\operatorname{ok} V) \quad V = (\operatorname{failure}) \\ \hline M \to_{E,\delta}^* (\operatorname{ok} V) \quad V = (\operatorname{txhash}) \\ \hline M \to_{E,\delta}^* (\operatorname{ok} E_{txhash}) \\ \hline M \to_{E,\delta}^* (\operatorname{ok} E_{txhash}) \\ \hline M \to_{E,\delta}^* (\operatorname{ok} E_{blocknum}) \\ \hline M \to_{E,\delta}^* (\operatorname{ok} E_{blocknum}) \\ \hline M \to_{E,\delta}^* (\operatorname{ok} V) \quad V = (\operatorname{blocktime}) \\ \hline M \to_{E,\delta}^* (\operatorname{ok} V) \quad V = (\operatorname{blocktime}) \\ \hline M \to_{\delta}^* (\operatorname{ok} V) \quad V = (\operatorname{bind} V_0 x M_1') \\ \hline V_0 \leadsto_{E,\delta}^* \operatorname{err} \\ \hline M \to_{E,\delta}^* (\operatorname{ok} V) \\ \hline V = (\operatorname{bind} V_0 x M_1') \\ \hline V_0 \leadsto_{E,\delta}^* (\operatorname{ok} V) \\ \hline V = (\operatorname{bind} V_0 x M_1') \\ \hline V_0 \leadsto_{E,\delta}^* (\operatorname{ok} V') \\ \hline V_1 \bowtie_{E,\delta}^* (\operatorname{ok} V') \\ \hline V_2 \bowtie_{E,\delta}^* (\operatorname{ok} V') \\ \hline V_3 \bowtie_{E,\delta}^* R \\ \hline M \leadsto_{E,\delta}^* R \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Fig. 7. Execution