# CampusX Data Science Mentorship Program

# **Week 1: Basics of Python Programming**

# 1. Session 1: Python Basics

- Short info about DSMP (3:38 6:57)
- About Python (7:00 24:30)
- Python Output/print function (24:30 38:37)
- Python Data Types (38:37 51:25)
- Python Variables (51:25 1:04:49)
- Python comments (1:04:49 1:09:09)
- Python Keywords and Identifiers (1:09:09 1:22:38)
- Python User Input (1:22:38 1:35:00)
- Python Type conversion (1:35:00 1:47:29)
- Python Literals (1:47:29 2:10:22)

# 2. Session 2: Python Operators + if-else + Loops

- Start of the session (00:00:00 00:09:02)
- Python Operators (00:09:02 00:43:00)
- Python if-else (00:43:00 01:14:50)
- Python Modules (01:14:50 01:24:48)
- Python While Loop (01:24:48 01:48:03)
- Python for loop (01:48:03 02:11:34)

# 3. Session 3: Python Strings

- Introduction (00:00:00 00:09:08)
- Solving Loop problems (00:00:08 00:47:10)
- Break, continue, pass statement in loops (00:47:10 01:06:42)
- Strings (01:06:42 1:14:15)
- String indexing (01:14:15 01:18:14)
- String slicing (01:18:14 01:27:06)
- Edit and delete a string (01:27:06 01:32:14)
- Operations on String (01:32:14 01:47:24)

Common String functions (01:47:14 – 02:22:53)

#### 4. Session on Time complexity

- Start of the Session (00:00:00 00:11:22)
- PPT presentation on Time Complexity (Efficiency in Programming and Orders of Growth) (00:11:22 – 01:12:30)
- Examples (01:12:30 01:42:00)

#### 5. Week 1 Interview Questions

# **Week 2: Python Data Types**

#### 1. Session 4: Python Lists

- Introduction
- Array vs List
- How lists are stored in a memory
- Characteristics of Python List
- Code Example of Lists
  - i. Create and access a list
  - ii. append(), extend(), insert()
  - iii. Edit items in a list
  - iv. Deleting items from a list
  - v. Arithmetic, membership and loop operations on a List
  - vi. Various List functions
  - vii. List comprehension
  - viii. 2 Ways to traverse a list
  - ix. Zip() function
  - x. Python List can store any kind of objects
- Disadvantages of Python list

#### 2. Session 5: Tuples + Set + Dictionary

- Tuple
  - i. Create and access a tuple
  - ii. Can we edit and add items to a tuple?

- iii. Deletion
- iv. Operations on tuple
- v. Tuple functions
- vi. List vs tuple
- vii. Tuple unpacking
- viii. Zip () on tuple

#### Set

- i. Create and access a set
- ii. Can we edit and add items to a set?
- iii. Deletion
- iv. Operations on set
- v. set functions
- vi. Frozen set (immutable set)
- vii. Set comprehension

#### Dictionary

- i. Create dictionary
- ii. Accessing items
- iii. Add, remove, edit key-value pairs
- iv. Operations on dictionary
- v. Dictionary functions
- vi. Dictionary comprehension
- vii. Zip() on dictionary
- viii. Nested comprehension

#### 3. Session 6: Python Functions

- Create function
- Arguments and parameters
- args and kwargs
- How to access documentation of a function
- How functions are executed in a memory
- Variable scope
- Nested functions with examples
- Functions are first-class citizens
- Deletion of function
- Returning of function
- Advantages of functions
- Lambda functions

- Higher order functions
- map(), filter(), reduce()
- 4. Paid Session on Career QnA
- 5. Array Interview Questions
- 6. Week 2 Interview Questions

# Week 3: Object Oriented Programming (OOP)

#### 1. Session 7: OOP Part1

- What is OOP?
- What are classes and Objects?
- Banking application coding
- Methods vs Functions
- Class diagram
- Magic/Dunder methods
- What is the true benefit of constructor?
- Concept of 'self'
- Create Fraction Class
- \_\_str\_\_, \_\_add\_\_, \_\_sub\_\_ , \_\_mul\_\_ , \_\_truediv\_\_

#### 2. Session 8: OOP Part2

- Revision of last session by solving problems
- How objects access attributes
- Attribute creation from outside of the class
- Reference Variables
- Mutability of Object
- Encapsulation
- Collection of objects
- Static variables and methods

#### 3. Session 9: OOP Part3

- Class Relationship
- Aggregation and aggregation class diagram
- Inheritance and Inheritance class diagram
- Constructor example
- Method Overriding
- Super keyword
- Super constructor
- Practice questions on Inheritance

- Types of Inheritance (Single, Multilevel, Hierarchical, Multiple )
- Hybrid Inheritance
- Code example and diamond problem
- Polymorphism
- Method Overriding and Method Overloading
- Operator Overloading

#### 4. Session on Abstraction

- What is Abstraction?
- Bank Example Hierarchy
- Abstract class
- Coding abstract class (BankApp Class)
- 5. Session on OOP Project
- 6. Week 3 Interview Questions

# Week 4: Advanced Python:

#### 1. Session 10: File Handling + Serialization & Deserialization

- How File I/O is done
- Writing to a new text file
- What is open()?
- append()
- Writing many lines
- Saving a file
- Reading a file -> read() and readline()
- Using context manager -> with()
- Reading big file in chunks
- Seek and tell
- Working with Binary file
- Serialization and Deserialization
- JSON module -> dump() and load()
- Serialization and Deserialization of tuple, nested dictionary and custom object
- Pickling
- Pickle vs JSON

## 2. Session 11: Exception Handling

- Syntax Error with Examples
- Exception with Examples

- Why we need to handle Exception?
- Exception Handling (Try-Except-Else-Finally)
- Handling Specific Error
- Raise Exception
- Create custom Exception

#### 3. Session 12: Decorators and Namespaces

- Namespaces
- Scope and LEGB rule
- Hands-on local, enclosing, global and built-in scope
- Decorators with Examples

#### 4. Session on Iterators

- What are iterators
- What are iterables
- How for loop works in Python?
- Making your own for loop
- Create your own range function
- Practical example to use iterator

#### 5. Session on Generator

- What is a generator?
- Why to use Generator?
- Yield vs Return
- Generator Expression
- Practical Examples
- Benefits of generator

#### 6. Session on Resume Building

#### 7. Session on GUI Development using Python

- GUI development using tkinter
- 8. Week 4 Interview Questions

# Week 5: Numpy

#### 1. Session 13: Numpy Fundamentals

- Numpy Theory
- Numpy array
- Matrix in numpy
- Numpy array attributes
- Array operations

- Scalar and Vector operations
- Numpy array functions
  - i. Dot product
  - ii. Log, exp, mean, median, std, prod, min, max, trigo, variance, ceil, floor, slicing, iteration
  - iii. Reshaping
  - iv. Stacking and splitting

#### 2. Session 14: Advanced Numpy

- Numpy array vs Python List
- Advanced, Fancy and Boolean Indexing
- Broadcasting
- Mathematical operations in numpy
- Sigmoid in numpy
- Mean Squared Error in numpy
- Working with missing values
- Plotting graphs

#### 3. Session 15: Numpy Tricks

Various numpy functions like sort, append, concatenate, percentile, flip,
 Set functions, etc.

## 4. Session on Web Development using Flask

- What is Flask library
- Why to use Flask?
- Building login system and name entity recognition with API

## **Week 6: Pandas**

#### 1. Session 16: Pandas Series

- What is Pandas?
- Introduction to Pandas Series
- Series Methods
- Series Math Methods
- Series with Python functionalities
- Boolean Indexing on Series
- Plotting graphs on series

#### 2. Session 17: Pandas DataFrame

- Introduction Pandas DataFrame
- Creating DataFrame and read\_csv()

- DataFrame attributes and methods
- Dataframe Math Methods
- Selecting cols and rows from dataframe
- Filtering a Dataframe
- Adding new columns
- Dataframe function astype()

#### 3. Session 18: Important DataFrame Methods

- Various DataFrame Methods
- Sort, index, reset\_index, isnull, dropna, fillna, drop\_duplicates, value\_counts, apply, etc.

#### 4. Session on API Development using Flask

- What is API?
- Building API using Flask
- Hands-on project

#### 5. Session on Numpy Interview Question

#### **Week 7: Advanced Pandas**

#### 1. Session 19: GroupBy Object

- What is GroupBy?
- Applying builtin aggregation fuctions on groupby objects
- GroupBy Attributes and Methods
- Hands-on on IPL dataset

#### 2. Session 20: Merging, Joining, Concatenating

- Pandas concat method
- Merge and join methods
- Practical implementations

#### 3. Session on Streamlit

- Introduction to Streamlit
- Features of Streamlit
- Benefits of Streamlit
- Flask vs Streamlit
- Mini-project on Indian Startup Funding Dataset using Streamlit Part 1

#### 4. Session on Pandas Case Study (Indian Startup Funding)

 Data Analysis on Indian Startup Funding Dataset and display results on the Dashboard made by Streamlit – Part 2

#### 5. Session on Git:

- What is Git?
- What is VCS/SCM?
- Why Git/VCS is needed?
- Types of VCS
- Advantages
- How Git works?
- Installing git
- Creating and Cloning repo
- add, commit, add ., gitignore
- seeing commits (log -> oneline)
- Creating versions of a software

#### 6. Session on Git and GitHub:

- Nonlinear Development (Branching)
- Merging branches
- Undoing changes
- Working with a remote repo

## **Week 8: Advanced Pandas Continued**

## 1) Session 21: MultiIndex Series and DataFrames

- About Multiindex objects
- Why to use Multiindex objects
- Stacking and unstacking
- Multiindex DataFrames
- Transpose Dataframes
- Swaplevel
- Long vs wide data
- Pandas-melt

# 2) Session 22: Vectorized String Operations | Datetime in Pandas

- Pivot table
- Agg functions
- Vectorized String operations
- Common functions
- Pandas Datetime

#### 3) Session on Pandas Case Study – time Series analysis

#### 4) Session on Pandas Case Study – Working with textual data

## **Week 9: Data Visualization**

- 1) Session 23: Plotting Using Matplotlib
  - Get started with Matplotlib
  - Plotting simple functions, labels, legends, multiple plots
  - About scatter plots
  - Bar chart
  - Histogram
  - Pie chart
  - Changing styles of plots

#### 2) Session 24: Advanced Matplotlib

- Colored Scatterplot
- Plot size, annotations
- Subplots
- 3D plots
- Contour plots
- Heatmaps
- Pandas plot()

# 3) Session on Plotly (Express)

- About Plotly
- Disadvantages
- Introduction about Plotly Go, Plotly Express, Dash
- Hands-on Plotly
- 4) Session on Plotly Graph Objects (go)
- 5) Session on Plotly Dash
  - Basic Introduction about Dash
- 6) Making a COVID-19 dashboard using Plotly and Dash
- 7) Deploying a Dash app on Heroku
- 8) Session on Project using Plotly
  - Project using Indian Census Data with Geospatial indexing Dataset

# **Week 10: Data Visualization Continued**

## 1) Session 25: Plotting Using Seaborn-part 1

- Why seaborn?
- Seaborn roadmap
- Main Classification plotting
- Relational plots
- Distribution plots
- KDE plot
- Matrix plot

## 2) Session 26: Plotting Using Seaborn-Part 2

- Categorical Plots
- Stripplot
- Figure level function catplot
- Swarmplot
- Categorical Distribution Plots
- Boxplot
- Violinplot
- Categorical Estimate Plot for central tendency
- Barplot
- Pointplot
- Countplot
- Faceting
- Doubt error bar issue
- Regression Plots
- Regplot
- Lmplot
- Residual Plot
- FacetGrid
- Pairplot and Pairgrid
- JointGrid and Jointplot
- Utility Function in Seabom load\_dataset
- Blog idea
- 3) Session on Open-Source Software Part 1
- 4) Session on Open-Source Software Part 1

# Week 11: Data Analysis Process - Part1

#### 1) Session 27: Data Gathering | Data Analysis

- Data Analysis Process
- Import Data from various sources (CSV, excel, JSON, text, SQL)
- Export data in different file formats
- Gather Data through API or Web Scraping

#### 2) Session 28: Data Assessing and Cleaning

- Data assessing
- Types of unclean data
- Write summary of data
- Types of Assessment
- Manual and Automatic Assessment
- Data Quality Dimension
- Data Cleaning

#### 3) Session on ETL using AWS RDS

- Introduction about Extraction, transform and Load pipeline
- Fetch data from AWS
- Apply transformation on the data
- Upload transformed data into AWS RDS

#### 4) Session on Advanced Web Scraping using Selenium

- Introduction to Selenium and Chromedriver
- Automated Web scraping on Smartprix website

# Week 12: Data Analysis Process – Part 2

# 1) Session on Data Cleaning Case Study – Smartphone dataset

- Quality issues
- Tidiness issues
- Data Cleaning

# 2) Session 29: Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)

- Introduction to EDA
- Why EDA?

- Steps for EDA
- Univariate Analysis
- Bivariate Analysis
- Feature Engineering

#### 3) Session on Data Cleaning – Part 2

- Data Cleaning on Smartphone Dataset Continued
- 4) Session on EDA Case Study Smartphone Dataset

# **Week 13: SQL Basics**

#### 1) Session 30: Database Fundamentals

- Introduction to Data and Database
- CRUD operations
- Properties of database
- Types of Database
- DBMS
- Keys
- Cardinality of Relationship
- Drawbacks of Database

#### 2) Session 31: SQL DDL Commands

- Xampp Software
- Types of SQL commands
- DDL commands

# 3) Session on Tableau – Olympics Dataset (Part 1)

- Download and Install Tableau
- Getting Started with Tableau Desktop
- Overview of Olympic datasets
- Create Dashboards using Tableau

# Week 14: SQL Continued – Part 1

- 1) Session 32: SQL DML commands
  - MySQL workbench
  - INSERT
  - SELECT
  - UPDATE
  - DELETE
  - Functions in SQL

#### 2) Session 33: SQL Grouping and Sorting

- Sorting Data
- ORDER BY
- GROUP BY
- GROPU BY on multiple columns
- HAVING clause
- Practice on IPL Dataset

#### 3) Session on Tableau – Part 2

- Tableau Basics
  - i. Importing Data
  - ii. Measures and Dimensions
  - iii. Sheet, dashboard, story
  - iv. Levels of Granularity
  - v. Different types of charts
  - vi. Datetime
- Hierarchical level of granularity
- Common filters
- Calculated fields and Table Calculations
- Working with Geographical columns
- Dashboard and Interactive filters
- Blending and Dual axis chart
- Connecting to a remote database

# Week 15: SQL Continued - Part 2

#### 1) Session 34: SQL Joins

- Introduction to SQL joins
- Types of Joins (Cross, inner, left, right, full outer)
- SQL hands-on on joins
- SET operations
- SELF join
- Query execution order
- Practice questions

#### 2) Session on SQL Case Study 1 – Zomato Dataset

- Understanding Dataset through diagram
- Solving SQL Questions on Zomato Dataset

#### 3) Session 35: Subqueries in SQL

- What is Subquery
- Types of Subqueries
- Independent and Correlated subquery

#### 4) Session on Making a Flight Dashboard using Python and SQL

- How to Connect MYSQL through Python
- Run SQL queries with Python
- Creating a dynamic dashboard with Streamlit on Flights dataset

#### 5) Session on SQL Interview Questions – Part 1

- Database Server Vs Database Client
- Database Engines
- Components of DBMS
- What is Collation?
- COUNT(\*) vs COUNT(col)
- Dealing with NULL values
- DELETE Vs TRUNCATE
- Anti joins
- Non-equi joins
- Natural joins
- All and Any operators
- Removing Duplicate Rows
- Metadata Queries

# Week 16: Advanced SQL

#### 1) Session 36: Window Functions in SQL

- What are Window functions?
- OVER(), RANK(), DENSE\_RANK(), ROW\_NUMBER(), FIRST\_VALUE(), LAST\_VALUE()
- Concept of Frames
- LAG(), LEAD()

#### 2) Session 37: Windows Functions Part 2

- Ranking
- Cumulative sum and average
- Running average
- Percent of total

#### 3) Session 37: Windows Functions Part 3

• Percent Change

- Quantiles/Percentiles
- Segmentation
- Cumulative Distribution
- Partition by multiple columns

#### 4) Session on Data Cleaning using SQL | Laptop Dataset

- Basic level Data Cleaning and Data exploration using SQL
- Why to use SQL for Data Cleaning
- String Data types
- Wildcards
- String Functions
- Data Cleaning

#### 5) Session on EDA using SQL | Laptop Dataset

- EDA on numerical and categorical columns
- Plotting
- Categorical Categorical Analysis
- Numerical Numerical Analysis

# **Week 17: Descriptive Statistics**

#### 1) Session 38: Descriptive Statistics Part 1

- What is Statistics?
- Types of Statistics
- Population vs Sample
- Types of Data
- Measures of central tendency
- Measure of Dispersion
- Coefficient of variation
- Graphs for Univariate Analysis
- Frequency Distribution table
- Graphs for bivariate Analysis
- Categorical Categorical Analysis
- Numerical Numerical Analysis
- Categorical Numerical Analysis

#### 2) Session on Datetime in SQL

- Remaining topics of EDA using SQL (numerical categorical, missing values, ppi, price\_bracket, one hot encoding)
- Temporal Data types

- Creating and Populating Temporal Tables
- DATETIME Functions
- Datetime Formatting
- Type Conversation
- DATETIME Arithmetic
- TIMESTAMP VS DATETIME
- Case Study Flights

# **Week 18: Descriptive Statistics continued**

#### 1) Session 39: Descriptive Statistics part 2

- Quantiles and Percentiles
- Five Number Summary
- Boxplots
- Scatterplots
- Covariance
- Correlation
- Correlation vs Causation
- Visualizing multiple variables

#### 2) Session 40: Probability Distribution Functions (PDF, CDF, PMF)

- Random Variables
- Probability Distributions
- Probability Distribution Functions and its types
- Probability Mass Function (PMF)
- Cumulative Distribution Function (CDF) of PMF
- Probability Density Function (PDF)
- Density Estimation
- Parametric and Non-parametric Density Estimation
- Kernel Density Estimate (KDE)
- Cumulative Distribution Function (CDF) of PDF.

#### 3) Session on SQL Datetime Case Study on Flights Dataset

## 4) Session on Database Design | SQL Data Types | Database Normalization

- Different SQL Datatypes (Numeric, Text, Datetime, Misc)
- Database Normalization
- ER Diagram

# **Week 19: Probability Distributions**

#### 1) Session 41: Normal Distribution

- How to use PDF in Data Science?
- 2D density plots
- Normal Distribution (importance, equation, parameter, intuition)
- Standard Normal Variate (importance, z-table, empirical rule)
- Properties of Normal Distribution
- Skewness
- CDF of Normal Distribution
- Use of Normal Distribution in Data Science

#### 2) Session 42: Non-Gaussian Probability Distributions

- Kurtosis
- Excess Kurtosis and Types of kurtosis
- QQ plot
- Uniform Distribution
- Log-normal distribution
- Pareto Distribution
- Transformations
  - i. Mathematical Transformation
  - ii. Function Transformer
  - iii. Log Transform
  - iv. Reciprocal Transform / Square or sqrt Transform
  - v. Power Transformer
  - vi. Box-Cox Transform
  - vii. Yeo-Johnson Transformation

## 3) Session on views and User Defined Functions in SQL

- What are views?
- Types of views
- User Defined Functions (Syntax, Examples, Benefits)

#### 4) Session on Transactions and Stored Procedures

- Stored Procedures
- Benefits of using stored procedures
- Transactions (Commit, rollback, savepoint)
- ACID properties of a Transaction

## **Week 20: Inferential Statistics**

#### 1) Session 43: Central Limit Theorem

- Bernouli Distribution
- Binomial Distribution
  - i. PDF formula
  - ii. Graph of PDF
  - iii. Examples
  - iv. Criteria
  - v. Application in Data Science
- Sampling Distribution
- Intuition of Central Limit Theorem (CLT)
- CLT in code
- Case study
- Assumptions of making samples

#### 2) Session on Central Limit Theorem Proof

#### 3) Session 44: Confidence Intervals

- Population vs Sample
- Parameter vs Estimate
- Point Estimate
- Confidence Interval
  - i. Ways to Calculate CI
  - ii. Applications of CI
  - iii. Assumptions of z-procedure
  - iv. Formula and Intuition of Z-procedure
  - v. Interpreting CI
  - vi. T-procedure and t-distribution
  - vii. Confidence Intervals in code

# Week 21: Hypothesis Testing

# 1) Session 45: Hypothesis Testing (Part 1)

- Key idea of hypothesis testing
- Null and alternate hypothesis
- Steps in Hypothesis testing
- Performing z-test
- Rejection region and Significance level

- Type-1 error and Type-2 Error
- One tailed vs. two tailed test
- Applications of Hypothesis Testing
- Hypothesis Testing in Machine Learning

#### 2) Session 46: Hypothesis Testing (Part 2) | p-value and t-tests

- What is p-value?
- Interpreting p-value
- P-value in the context of z-test
- T-test
- Types of t-test
  - i. Single sample t-Test
  - ii. Independent 2-sample t-Test
  - iii. Paired 2 sample t-test
  - iv. Code examples of all of the above

#### 3) Session on Chi-square test

- Chi-square distribution (Definition and Properties)
- Chi-square test
- Goodness of fit test (Steps, Assumptions, Examples)
- Test for Independence (Steps, Assumptions, Examples)
- Applications in machine learning

#### 4) Session on ANOVA

- Introduction
- F-distribution
- One-way ANOVA
  - i. Steps
  - ii. Geometric Intuition
  - iii. Assumptions
  - iv. Python Example
- Post Hoc test
- Why t-test is not used for more than 3 categories?
- Applications in Machine Learning

# Week 22: Linear Algebra

# 1) Session on Tensors | Linear Algebra part 1(a)

- What are tensors?
- 0D, 1D and 2D Tensors

- Nd tensors
- Rank, axes and shape
- Example of 1D, 2D, 3D, 4D, 5D tensors

#### 2) Session on Vectors | Linear Algebra part 1(b)

- What is Linear Algebra?
- What are Vectors?
- Vector example in ML
- Row and Column vector
- Distance from Origin
- Euclidean Distance
- Scalar Addition/Subtraction (Shifting)
- Scalar Multiplication/Division [Scaling]
- Vector Addition/Subtraction
- Dot product
- Angle between 2 vectors
- Equation of a Hyperplane

# 3) Linear Algebra Part 2 | Matrices (computation)

- What are matrices?
- Types of Matrices
- Matrix Equality
- Scalar Operation
- Matrix Addition, Subtraction, multiplication
- Transpose of a Matrix
- Determinant
- Minor
- Cofactor
- Adjoint
- Inverse of Matrix
- Solving a system of Linear Equations

## 4) Linear Algebra Part 3 | Matrices (Intuition)

- Basis vector
- Linear Transformations
- Linear Transformation in 3D
- Matrix Multiplication as Composition
- Test of Commutative Law
- Determinant and Inverse

- Transformation for non-square matrix?
- Why only square matrix has inverse?
- Why inverse is possible for non-singular matrices only?

# **Week 23: Linear Regression**

#### 1) Session 48: Introduction to Machine Learning

- About Machine Learning (History and Definition)
- Types of ML
  - i. Supervised Machine Learning
  - ii. Unsupervised Machine Learning
  - iii. Semi supervised Machine Learning
  - iv. Reinforcement Learning
- Batch/Offline Machine Learning
- Disadvantages of Batch learning
- Online Machine Learning
  - i. Importance
  - ii. When to use and how to use
  - iii. Learning Rate
  - iv. Out of core learning
  - v. Disadvantages
- Batch vs Online learning
- Instance based learning
- model-based learning
- Instance vs model-based learning
- Challenges in ML
  - i. Data collection
  - ii. Insufficient/Labelled data
  - iii. Non-representative data
  - iv. Poor quality data
  - v. Irrelevant features
  - vi. Overfitting and Underfitting
  - vii. Offline learning
  - viii. Cost
- Machine Learning Development Life-cycle
- Different Job roles in Data Science
- Framing a ML problem | How to plan a Data Science project

#### 2) Session 49: Simple Linear regression

- Introduction and Types of Linear Regression
- Simple Linear Regression
- Intuition of simple linear regression
- Code example
- How to find m and b?
- Simple Linear Regression model code from scratch
- Regression Metrics
  - i. MAE
  - ii. MSE
  - iii. RMSE
  - iv. R2 score
  - v. Adjusted R2 score

#### 3) Session 50: Multiple Linear Regression

- Introduction to Multiple Linear Regression (MLR)
- Code of MLR
- Mathematical Formulation of MLR
- Error function of MLR
- Minimizing error
- Error function continued
- Code from scratch

#### 4) Session on Optimization the Big Picture

- Mathematical Functions
- Multivariable Functions
- Parameters in a Function
- ML models as Mathematical Function
- Parametric Vs Non-Parametric ML models
- Linear Regression as a Parametric ML model
- Loss Function
- How to select a good Loss Function?
- Calculating Parameters from a Loss Function
- Convex And Non-Convex Loss Functions
- Gradient Descent
- Gradient Descent with multiple Parameters
- Problems faced in Optimization
- Other optimization techniques

#### 5) Session on Differential Calculus

- What is differentiation?
- Derivative of a constant
- Cheatsheet
- Power Rule
- Sum Rule
- Product Rule
- Ouotient Rule
- Chain Rule
- Partial Differentiation
- Higher Order Derivatives
- Matrix Differentiation

## **Week 24: Gradient Descent**

#### 1) Session 51: Gradient descent from scratch

- What is Gradient Descent?
- Intuition
- Mathematical Formulation
- Code from scratch
- Visualization 1
- Effect of Learning Rate
- Adding m into the equation
- Effect of Loss function
- Effect of Data

# 2) Session 52 (part 1): Batch Gradient Descent

- Types of Gradient Descent
- Mathematical formulation
- Code from scratch

# 3) Session 52 (part 2): Stochastic Gradient Descent

- Problems with Batch GD
- Stochastic GD
- Code from scratch
- Time comparison
- Visualization

- When to use stochastic GD
- Learning schedules
- Sklearn documentation

#### 4) Session 52 (part 3): Mini-batch Gradient Descent

- Introduction
- Code
- Visualization
- 5) Doubt Clearance session on Linear Regression

# **Week 25: Regression Analysis**

#### 1) Session on Regression Analysis (Part 1)

- What is Regression Analysis?
- Why Regression Analysis is required?
- What's the Statistic connection with Regression analysis?
- Inference vs Prediction
- Statsmodel Linear Regression
- TSS, RSS, and ESS
- Degree of freedom
- F-statistic and Prob(F-statistic)

#### 2) Session on Regression Analysis (Part 2)

- F -test for overall significance
- R-squared (Goodness of fit)
- Adjusted R-squared
- T Statistic
- Confidence Intervals for Coefficients

## 3) Session on Polynomial Regression

- Why we need Polynomial Regression?
- Formulation of Polynomial Regression
- Polynomial Regression in python

#### 4) Session on Assumptions of Linear Regression

- Assumptions of Linear Regression
  - i. Linearity
  - ii. Normality of Residuals
  - iii. Homoscedasticity
  - iv. No Autocorrelation
  - v. No or little Multicollinearity

- What happens when these assumptions failed?
- How to check each of these assumptions?
- What to do when an assumption fails?
- Standard Error

### 5) Session 53: Multicollinearity

- What is multicollinearity?
- When is Multicollinearity bad?
- Multicollinearity (Mathematically)
- Perfect and non-perfect Multicollinearity
- Types of multicollinearity
- How to detect Multicollinearity
- Correlation
- VIF (Variance Inflation Factor)
- Condition Number
- How to remove Multicollinearity

#### **Week 26: Feature Selection**

#### 1) Session 54: feature Selection Part 1

- What is Feature Selection?
- Why to do Feature Selection?
- Types of Feature Selection
- Filter based Feature Selection
  - i. Duplicate Features
  - ii. Variance Threshold
  - iii. Correlation
  - iv. ANOVA
  - v. Chi-Square
  - vi. Advantages and Disadvantages

#### 2) Session 55: Feature Selection Part 2

- Wrapper method
- Types of wrapper method
- Exhaustive Feature Selection/Best Subset Selection
- Sequential Backward Selection/Elimination
- Sequential Forward Selection
- Advantages and Disadvantages

#### 3) Session on Feature Selection part 3

- Embedded Methods
  - i. Linear Regression
  - ii. Tree based models
  - iii. Regularized Models
- Recursive Feature Elimination
- Advantages and Disadvantages

# **Week 27: Regularization**

#### 1) Session on Regularization Part 1 | Bias-Variance Tradeoff

- Why we need to study Bias and Variance
- Expected Value and Variance
- Bias and Variance Mathematically

## 2) Session on Regularization Part 1 | What is Regularization

- Bias Variance Decomposition
- Diagram
- Analogy
- Code Example
- What is Regularization?
- When to use Regularization?

## 3) Ridge Regression Part 1

- Types of Regularization
- Geometric Intuition
- Sklearn Implementation

#### 4) Ridge Regression Part 2

- Ridge Regression for 2D data
- Ridge Regression for nD data
- Code from scratch

#### 5) Ridge Regression Part 3

• Ridge regression using Gradient Descent

#### 6) Ridge Regression Part 4

- 5 Key Understandings
  - i. How do the coefficients get affected?
  - ii. Higher values are impacted more
  - iii. Bias variance tradeoff
  - iv. Contour plot
  - v. Why is it called Ridge?

#### 7) Lasso Regression

- Intuition
- Code example
- Lasso regression key points
- 8) Session on Why Lasso Regression creates Sparsity?
- 9) ElasticNet Regression
  - Intuition
  - Code example
- 10) Doubt Clearance session on regularization

# **Week 28: K Nearest Neighbors**

- 1) Session on K nearest Neighbors Part 1
  - KNN intuition
  - Code Example
  - How to select K?
  - Decision Surface
  - Overfitting and Underfitting in KNN
  - Limitations of KNN
- 2) Session on coding K nearest Neighbors from scratch
- 3) Session on How to draw Decision Boundary for Classification problems
- 4) Session on Advanced KNN Part 2
  - KNN Regressor
  - Hyperparameters
  - Weighted KNN
  - Types of Distances (Euclidean and Manhattan)
  - Space and Time Complexity
  - KD-Tree

# 5) Classification Metrics Part 1

- Accuracy
- Accuracy of multi-classification problems
- How much accuracy is good?
- Problem with accuracy
- Confusion matrix
- Type I error
- Type 2 error
- Confusion matrix of multi-classification problems

• When accuracy is misleading

#### 6) Classification Metrics Part 2

- Precision
- Recall
- F1 score
- Multi class Precision and Recall
- Multi class F1 score

## Week 29: PCA

## 1) Session on Curse of Dimensionality

#### 2) PCA part 1

- Introduction
- Geometric Intuition of PCA
- Why is Variance important?

#### 3) PCA part 2

- Mathematical Problem formulation
- What is covariance and covariance matrix?
- Matrices as Linear Transformation
- EigenVectors and Eigenvalues
- Step by step solution of PCA
- How to transform points?
- PCA step-by-step code in python

#### 4) PCA Part 3

- Practical example on MNIST dataset
- PCA demo with sklearn
- Visualization
- What is explained variance
- Find optimum number of Principal components
- When PCA does not work?

## 5) Session on Eigen vectors and Eigen Values

- What are Matrices?
- What are Eigen Vectors and Eigen Values?
- Intuition Axis of rotation
- How to calculate Eigen Vectors and Eigen Values
- Properties
- Eigen Vectors in PCA

#### 6) Session on Eigen Decomposition and PCA variants

- Types of PCA variants
- What are some special matrices?
  - i. Diagonal Matrix
  - ii. Orthogonal Matrix
  - iii. Symmetric Matrix
- Matrix as Linear Transformation Visualization tool
- Matrix Composition
- Matrix Decomposition
- Eigen decomposition
- Eigen decomposition of Symmetric Matrix (Spectral Decomposition)
- Advantages of Eigen decomposition
- Kernel PCA
- Code example of Kernel PCA

#### 7) Session on eigen Singular Value Decomposition (SVD)

- Intuition of Non-Square Matrix
- Rectangular Diagonal Matrix
- What is SVD
- Applications of SVD
- SVD The intuition of the mathematical equation
- Relationship with Eigen Decomposition
- Geometric Intuition of SVD
- How to calculate SVD
- SVD in PCA

# Week 30: Model Evaluation & Selection

## 1. ROC Curve in Machine Learning

- a. ROC AUC Curve and it's requirements
- b. Confusion matrix
- c. True Positive Rate (TPR)
- d. False Positive Rate (FPR)
- e. Different cases of TPR & FPR

#### 2. Session on Cross Validation

a. Why do we need Cross Validation?

- b. Hold-out approach
- c. Problem with Hold-out approach
- d. Why is the Hold-out approach used?
- e. Cross Validation
  - i. Leave One Out Cross Validation (LOOCV)
    - 1. Advantages
    - 2. Disadvantages
    - 3. When to use
  - ii. K-Fold Cross Validation
    - 1. Advantages
    - 2. Disadvantages
    - 3. When to use
  - iii. Stratified K-Fold CV

#### 3. Session on Data Leakage

- a. What is it and what is the problem
- b. Ways in which Data Leakage can occur
- c. How to detect
- d. How to remove Data Leakage
- e. Validation set

## 4. Session on Hyperparameter Tuning

- a. Parameter vs Hyperparameter
- b. Why the word "hyper" in the term
- c. Requirements
  - i. Grid Search CV
  - ii. Randomized Search CV
- d. Can this be improved?

# Week 31: Naive Bayse

#### 1. Crash course on Probability Part 1

- a. 5 important terms in Probability
  - i. Random Experiment
  - ii. Trials
  - iii. Outcome
  - iv. Sample Space
  - v. Event
- b. Some examples of these terms

- c. Types of events
- d. What is probability
- e. Empirical vs Theoretical probability
- f. Random variable
- g. Probability distribution of random variable
- h. Mean of 2 random variable
- i. Variance of Random variable

#### 2. Crash course on Probability Part 2

- a. Venn diagrams
- b. Contingency table
- c. Joint probability
- d. Marginal probability
- e. Conditional probability
- f. Intuition of Conditional Probability
- g. Independent vs Dependent vs Mutually Exclusive Events
- h. Bayes Theorem

#### 3. Session 1 on Naive Bayes

- a. Intuition
- b. Mathematical formulation
- c. How Naive Bayes handles numerical data
- d. What if data is not Gaussian
- e. Naive Bayse on Textual data

#### 4. Session 2 on Naive Bayes

- a. What is underflow in computing
- b. Log Probabilities
- c. Laplace Additive Smoothing
- d. Bias Variance Trade off
- e. Types
  - i. Gaussian Naive Bayes
  - ii. Categorical Naive Bayes
  - iii. Multinomial Naive Bayes

#### 5. Session 3 on Naive Bayes

- a. Probability Distribution related to Naive Bayes
  - i. Bernoulli Distribution
  - ii. Binomial Distribution
  - iii. Categorical distribution / Multinoulli distribution

- iv. Multinomial Distribution
- v. Why do we need these distributions?
- b. Categorical Naive Bayes
- c. Bernoulli Naive Bayes
- d. Multinomial Naive Bayes
- e. Out of Core Naive Bayes

#### 6. End to End Project | Email Spam Classifier

# **Week 32: Logistics Regression**

#### 1. Session I on Logistic Regression

- a. Introduction
- b. Some Basic Geometry
- c. Classification Problem
  - i. Basic Algorithm
  - ii. Updation in Basic Algorithm
- d. Sigmoid Function
- e. Maximum Likelihood
- f. Log Loss
- g. Gradient Descent
- h. summary

# 2. Session on Multiclass Classification using Logistic Regression

- a. What is Multiclass Classification
- b. How Logistic Regression handles Multiclass Classification Problems.
- c. One vs Rest (OVR) Approach
  - i. Intuition
  - ii. Code
- d. SoftMax Logistic Regression Approach
  - i. SoftMax Function
  - ii. Code
- e. When to use what?
- f. Tasks

#### 3. Session on Maximum Likelihood Estimation

- a. Recap
- b. Some Examples
  - i. Example 1 Coin Toss

- ii. Example 2 Drawing balls from bag
- iii. Example 3 Normal Distribution
- c. Probability Vs Likelihood
- d. Maximum Likelihood Estimation
- e. MLE for Normal Distribution
- f. MLE in Machine Learning
- g. MLE in Logistic Regression
- h. Some Important Questions

#### 4. Session 3 on Logistic Regression

- a. Maximum Likelihood in Logistic Regression
- b. FAQ on MAE (Maximum Likelihood Estimation)
  - i. Is MLE a general concept applicable to all ML algorithms?
  - ii. How is MLE related to the concept of loss functions?
  - iii. Why does the loss function exist, why don't we maximize likelihood?
  - iv. Why study about maximum likelihood at all?
- c. An interesting task for you
- d. Assumptions of Logistics Regression
- e. Odds and Log(Odds)
- f. Another interpretation of Logistic Regression
- g. Polynomial Features
- h. Regularization in Logistic Regression

#### 5. Logistic Regression Hyperparameters

# Week 33: Support Vector Machines (SVM)

#### 1. SVM Part 1 - Hard Margin SVM

- a. Introduction
- b. Maximum Margin Classifier
- c. Support Vectors
- d. Mathematical Formulation
- e. How to solve this?
- f. Prediction
- g. Coding Example
- h. Problems with Hard Margin SVM

#### 2. SVM Part 2 | Soft Margin SVM

- a. Problems with Hard Margin SVM
- b. Slack Variable
- c. Soft Margin SVM
- d. Introduction of C
- e. Bias-Variance Trade Off
- f. Code Example
- g. Relation with Logistic Regression

#### 3. Session on Constrained Optimization Problem

- a. Problem with SVC
- b. Kernel's Intuition
- c. Coding examples of Kernel
- d. Types of Kernels
- e. Why is it called Trick?
- f. Mathematics if SVM

#### 4. Session on SVM Dual Problem

- a. SVM in n Dimensions
- b. Constrained Optimization Problems
- c. Karush Kuhn Tucker Conditions
- d. Concept of Duality
- e. SVM Dual Problem
- f. Dual Problem Derivation
- g. Observations

#### 5. Session on Maths Behind SVM Kernels

- a. SVM Dual Formulation
- b. The Similarity Perspective
- c. Kernel SVM
- d. Polynomial Kernel
  - i. Trick
  - ii. What about the other Polynomial terms
- e. RBF Kernel
  - i. Local Decision Boundary
  - ii. Effect of Gamma
- f. Relationship Between RBF and Polynomial K...
- g. Custom Kernels
  - i. String kernel

- ii. Chi-square kernel
- iii. Intersection kernel
- iv. Hellinger's kernel
- v. Radial basis function network (RBFN) kernel
- vi. Spectral kernel

# Extra Sessions - Feature Engineering

# 1. Session on Handling Missing Values Part - 1

- a. Feature Engineering
  - i. Feature Transformation
  - ii. Feature Construction
  - iii. Feature Extraction
  - iv. Feature Selection
- b. Types of Missing Values
  - i. Missing Completely at random
  - ii. Missing at Random
  - iii. Missing Not at Random
- c. Techniques for Handling Missing Values
  - i. Removing Missing Values
  - ii. Imputation
- d. Complete Case Analysis

#### 2. Session 2 on Handling Missing Data

- a. Univariate Imputation Numerical Data
  - i. Mean Imputation
  - ii. Median Imputation
- b. Univariate Imputation Arbitrary Value & End Distribution Value
- c. Univariate Imputation Categorical Data
  - i. Mode Imputation
  - ii. Missing Category Imputation
- d. Univariate Imputation Random (Numerical + Categorical)
- e. Missing Indicator

#### 3. Session 3 on Handling Missing Data - Multivariate Imputation

- a. KNN Imputer
  - i. Steps in KNN Imputation
  - ii. Advantages and Disadvantages in KNN Imputation
- b. Iterative Imputer

- i. MICE
- ii. When To Use
- iii. Advantages and Disadvantages
- iv. Demonstration of MICE algorithm
- v. Steps involved in Iterative Imputer
- vi. Important parameter in Iterative Imputer

#### **Week 34: Decision Trees**

#### 1. Session 1 on Decision Tree

- a. Introduction
- b. Intuition behind DT
- c. Terminology in Decision Tree
- d. The CART Algorithm Classification
- e. Splitting Categorical Features
- f. Splitting Numerical Features
- g. Understanding Gini Impurity?
- h. Geometric Intuition of DT

#### 2. Session 2 on Decision Tree

- a. CART for Regression
- b. Geometric Intuition of CART
- c. How Prediction is Done
- d. Advantages & Disadvantages of DT
- e. Project Discussion Real Estate

#### 3. Session 3 on Decision Tree

- a. Feature Importance
- b. The Problem of Overfitting
- c. Why Overfitting happens
- d. Unnecessary nodes
- e. Pruning & its types
  - i. Pre-pruning
  - ii. Post Pruning
- f. Cost Complexity Pruning

#### 4. Session on Decision Tree Visualization

a. dtreeviz Demo - Coding

### Week 35: Ensemble Methods - Introduction

#### 1. Introduction to Ensemble Learning

- a. Intuition
- b. Types of Ensemble Learning
- c. Why it works?
- d. Benefits of Ensemble
- e. When to use Ensemble

#### 2. Bagging Part 1 - Introduction

- a. Core Idea
- b. Why use Bagging?
- c. When to use Bagging?
- d. Code Demo

#### 3. Bagging Part 2 - Classifier

- a. Intuition through Demo app
- b. Code Demo

#### 4. Bagging Part 3 - Regressor

- a. Core Idea
- b. Intuition through demo web app
- c. Code Demo

#### 5. Random Forest: Session 1

- a. Introduction to Random Forest
- b. Bagging
- c. Random Forest Intuition
- d. Why Random Forest Works?
- e. Bagging vs. Random Forest
- f. Feature Importance

#### 6. Random Forest: Session 2

- a. Why Ensemble Techniques work?
- b. Random Forest Hyperparameters
- c. OOB Score
- d. Extremely Randomized Trees

e. Advantages and Disadvantages of Random Forest

### **Week 36: Gradient Boosting**

- 1. Gradient Boosting: Session 1
  - a. Boosting
  - b. What is Gradient Boosting
  - c. How
  - d. What
  - e. Why

#### 2. Gradient Boosting: Session 2

- a. How Gradient Boosting works?
- b. Intuition of Gradient Boosting
- c. Function Space vs. Parameter Space
- d. Direction of Loss Minimization
- e. How to update the function
- f. Iterate
- g. Another perspective of Gradient Boosting
- h. Difference between Gradient Boosting and Gradient Descent

#### 3. Gradient Boosting: Session 3 (Classification - 1)

- a. Classification vs. Regression
- b. Prediction

#### 4. Gradient Boosting for Classification - 2 | Geometric Intuition

a. Geometric Intuition

#### 5. Gradient Boosting for Classification - 3 | Math Formulation

- a. Step 0: Loss Function
- b. Step 1: Minimize Loss Function to get  $F_0(x)$
- c. Step 2:
  - i. Pseudo Residuals
  - ii. Training Regression Tree
  - iii. Compute Lambda for all leaf nodes
  - iv. Update the Model
- d. Step 3: Final Model
- e. Log(odds) vs Probability

### **Capstone Project**

1. Session 1 on Capstone Project | Data Gathering

- **a.** Project overview in details
- **b.** Gather data for the project
- c. Details of the data

#### 2. Session 2 on Capstone Project | Data Cleaning

- a. Merging House and Flats Data
- b. Basic Level Data Cleaning

#### 3. Session 3 on Capstone Project | Feature Engineering

- a. Feature Engineering on Columns:
  - i. additionalRoom
  - ii. areaWithType
  - iii. agePossession
  - iv. furnishDetails
  - v. features: luxury Score

#### 4. Session 4 on Capstone Project | EDA

- a. Univariate Analysis
- **b.** PandasProfiling
- c. Multivariate Analysis

#### 5. Session 5 on Capstone Project | Outlier Detection and Removal

a. Outlier Detection And Removal

#### 6. Session 6 on Capstone Project | Missing Value Imputation

- a. Outlier Detection and Removal on area and bedroom
- **b.** Missing Value Imputation

#### 7. Session 7 on Capstone Project | Feature Selection

#### a. Feature Selection

- i. Correlation Technique
- ii. Random Forest Feature Importance
- iii. Gradient Boosting Feature Importance
- iv. Permutation Importance
- v. LASSO
- vi. Recursive Feature Elimination
- vii. Linear Regression with Weights
- viii. SHAP (Explainable AI)

#### **b. Linear Regression -** Base Model

- i. One-Hot Encoding
- ii. Transformation
- iii. Pipeline for Linear Regression

- c. SVR
- 8. Session 8 on Capstone Project | Model Selection & Productionalization
  - a. Price Prediction Pipeline
    - i. Encoding Selection
      - 1. Ordinal Encoding
      - 2. OHE
      - 3. OHE with PCA
      - 4. Target Encoding
    - ii. Model Selection
  - b. Price Prediction Web Interface -Streamlit
- 9. Session 9 on Capstone Project | Building the Analytics Module
  - a. geo map
  - b. word cloud amenities
  - c. scatterplot -> area vs price
  - d. pie chart bhk filter by sector
  - e. side by side boxplot bedroom price
  - f. distplot of price of flat and house

#### 10. Session 10 on Capstone Project | Building the Recommender System

- a. Recommender System using TopFacilities
- b. Recommender System using Price Details
- c. Recommender System using LocationAdvantages
- 11. Session 11 on Capstone Project | Building the Recommender System Part 2
  - a. Evaluating Recommendation Results
  - b. Web Interface for Recommendation (Streamlit)
- 12. Session 12 on Capstone Project | Building the Insights Module
- 13. Session 13 on Capstone Project | Deploying the application on AWS

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## **XGBoost (Extreme Gradient Boosting)**

- 1. Introduction to XGBoost
  - Introduction
  - Features
    - Performance
    - Speed

Flexibility

#### 2. XGBoost for Regression

- a. Regression Problem Statement
- b. Step-by-Step Mathematical Calculation

#### 3. XGBoost for Classification

- a. Classification Problem Statement
- b. Step-by-Step Mathematical Calculation

#### 4. The Complete Maths of XGBoost

- a. Prerequisite & Disclaimer
- b. Boosting as an Additive Model
- c. XGBoost Loss Function
- d. Deriving Objective Function
- e. Problem With Objective Function and Solution
  - i. The Taylor series
  - ii. Applying Taylor Series
  - iii. Simplification
- f. Output Value for Regression
- g. Output Value for Classification
- h. Derivation of Similarity Score
- i. Final Calculation of Similarity Score

------ DSMP 1.0 Ends -----

## MLOps Curriculum (By Pranjal Sir)

### Week 1: Introduction to MLOps and ML-DLC

**Introduction to MLOps**: Understanding what is MLOps and why is it an important field **Maintainable Code Development**: Understanding version control and using tools like Git

**Challenges in ML Model Deployment**: Overview of ML life cycle stages, challenges in model deployment, approaches to deploying ML models

**MLOps Best Practices**: Industry standards and guidelines (high level overview of the next 8 weeks)

- 1. Session 1: Introduction to MLOps
  - a. Reality of AI in the market
  - b. Introduction
    - i. Standard ML Cycle
    - ii. What is DevOps?
    - iii. What is MLOPs?
  - c. Machine Learning Lifecycle
  - d. Introduction to Version Control
    - i. Key aspects of Version Control
    - ii. Types of Version Control Systems
  - e. Next two weeks plan
- 2. Session 2: Version Control
  - a. Using GitHub for Version Control
    - i. What is GitHub?
    - ii. Setting Up GitHub
    - iii. Creating a Repository
    - iv. Cloning a Repository
    - v. Making Changes
    - vi. Committing Changes
    - vii. Pushing Changes
    - viii. Branching
    - ix. Pull Requests
    - x. Collaborating with Others
  - b. Revisiting ML Cycle
    - i. ML Pipeline Example
  - c. Industry Trivia
- 3. Doubt Clearance Session 1
  - a. Create an Account on GitHub
  - b. GitHub using GUI: VsCode, Github Desktop
  - c. Assignment on GitHub Fundamentals
  - d. Git Push using CLI
  - e. Solving Error: Head is not in Sync
  - f. 55:10: Touch command

### Week 2: ML Reproducibility, Versioning, and Packaging

ML Reproducibility: Ensuring consistent results in ML experiments.

Model Versioning: Tools like MLflow.

Packaging and dependency management: Developing deployable ML packages

with dependency management. Example - DS-cookie-cutter

**Data Versioning and Management**: Tools like DVC (Data Version Control). [Optional]

- 4. Session 3: Reproducibility
  - a. Story
  - b. Industry Tools
  - c. Cookiecutter
    - i. Step 1: Install the Cookiecutter Library and start a project
    - ii. Step 2: Explore the Template Structure
    - iii. Step 3: Customize the Cookiecutter Variables
    - iv. Step 4: Benefits of Using Cookiecutter Templates in Data Science
- 5. Session 4: Data Versioning Control
  - a. Introduction
  - b. Prerequisites
  - c. Setup
    - i. Step 1: Initialize a Git repository
    - ii. Step 2: Set up DVC in your project
    - iii. Step 3: Add a dataset to your project
    - iv. Step 4: Commit changes to Git
    - v. Step 5: Create and version your machine learning pipeline
    - vi. Step 6: Track changes and reproduce experiments
- 6. Doubt Clearance Session 2
  - a. Assignment Solution on DVC: 10:19
  - b. Doubt Clearance
    - i. DVC with G-Drive 42:50

- ii. DVC Setup Error: 48:45
- iii. Containerization with Virtual Environment 49:40
- iv. Create Version and ML Pipeline: 56:50
- v. DVC Checkout 57:50
- vi. How to which ID(commit) to go to through commit messages? 1:00:00
- vii. What is Kubernetes?
- viii. Not able to understand by reading documentation 1:04:30
- ix. Getting no of commits 11k+ 1:09:40

### Week 3: End-to-end ML lifecycle management

**Setting up MLFlow**: Understand MLFlow and its alternatives in depth. **Life cycle components**: Projects, model registry, performance tracking. **Best Practices for ML Lifecycle** 

- 7. Session 5 ML Pipelines and Experimentation Tracking
  - a. Doubts
    - i. DVC Track by Add
    - ii. Git clone with SSH vs HTTPS
  - b. Recap
  - c. Pipelines + DVC + Experimentation Tracking
  - d. MLFlow
- 8. Session 6 on MLOPs
  - a. Recap of Pipelines Credit Card Example
  - b. Writing dvc.yml File
  - c. Reproducibility after Data Changes
  - d. Reproducibility after Params Changes
  - e. ML end-2-end Pipeline
  - f. Tools for different Stages of Pipeline
- 9. Doubt Clearance Session 3
  - a. Assignment Solution
  - b. File not found error Joblib/Data
  - c. Models Not Found error
  - d. Get familiar With Terminal DVC -help

### Week 4: Containerisation and Deployment Strategies

Containerization: Introduce docker internals and usage.

**Distributed infrastructure**: Introduce Kubernetes and basic internal components. **Online vs. Offline Model Deployment**: Kubernetes for online, and batch processing for offline. A/B testing.

**Canary Deployment and Blue/Green Strategies**: Kubernetes, AWS CodeDeploy. [Optional]

- 10. Session 7 Continuous Integration
  - a. Philosophy Behind CI/CD
  - b. Setting UP Github Actions for CI/CD
    - i. Workflow setup
    - ii. Integrating CML for Version Control
    - iii. Update settings in GitHub Actions
      - Setting Secret Tokens
- 11. Session 8 Containerisation Docker
  - a. Containerization
  - b. Docker

### Week 5: DAGs in MLOps

**Understanding DAGs in MLOps**: Dependency management in ML pipelines.

Building and Managing DAGs: Apache Airflow, Kubeflow Pipelines.

Continuous Integration/ Development: Discuss tools like Github Actions

- 12. Session 9 Continuous Deployment
  - a. Recap of Continuous Integration
  - b. Continuous Delivery/ Deployment
    - i. Credit Card Project Code Example
    - ii. FastApi, pydantic, joblib, uvicorn
    - iii. How to write app.py

- c. Multi Container
- 13. Doubt Clearance Session 4
  - a. Assignments Solution

### Week 6: Monitoring, Alerting, Retraining, and Rollback

Continuous Monitoring in MLOps: Prometheus, Grafana.

#### **Alerting Systems**

**Automated Retraining Strategies**: Kubeflow Pipelines

Rollback Design Patterns in MLOps: Feature flags, canary releases.

- 14. Session 10 Introduction to AWS
  - a. Introduction to AWS Machine Learning and MLOps Services
    - i. Prerequisite
    - ii. IAM
  - b. AWS Sagemaker
  - c. Amazon S3
  - d. AWS Lambda
  - e. Amazon ECR and ECS
  - f. AWS CodePipeline and AWS CodeBuild
  - g. Components for SageMaker
- 15. Session 11 Deployment on AWS
  - a. Code Demo with Credit Card Project
  - b. Project Code explained
    - i. Cl.yml file
      - 1. Configuring AWS Credentials on GitHub secrets
      - 2. Creating ECR Repository Getting URI
      - 3. AWS Region
    - ii. Pulling ECR repo to EC2 machine
    - iii. How to create Workflow YML files
    - iv. Connecting to EC2
  - c. Self Runner
  - d. AWS Actions

### Week 7: Scaling and Efficiency in MLOps

**AutoML and Hyperparameter Tuning**: AutoML tools (e.g., Google AutoML, Sagemaker Autopilot and Azure AML).

**Data Consistency and availability**: How offline development becomes a online nightmare

**Resource Management and Cost Optimization**: Discuss AWS Elastic Kubernetes Service (EKS) Autoscaling, Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS) Autoscale.

- 16. Session 12 Distributed Infrastructure
  - a. Understanding Distributed Computing
  - b. Node, Communication, and Concurrency
  - c. Why Distributed Computing?
  - d. Docker and Microservices
    - i. Fundamentals of Microservices
    - ii. Data Bricks Architecture as Microservice
    - iii. Uber Microservices Architecture
- 17. Session 13 on Kubernetes Internals
  - a. What is Kubernetes?
  - b. Need of Kubernetes: Container orchestration system
  - c. Key Concepts
    - i. Pods
    - ii. Nodes
    - iii. Cluster
    - iv. Control Panel
      - 1. API Server
      - 2. Resource Manager
      - 3. Database
    - v. Deployment
      - 1. Deploying with Kubectl
- 18. MLOps Doubt Clearance Session 6

a.

### Week 8: Final Project

Final Project: Implementing a Full MLOps Pipeline for a Real-world Use Case Locally

- 19. Session 14 Deployment on Kubernetes
  - a. Deployment with Kubectl
    - i. Explained Deployment yaml file
    - ii. Deployment Demo
  - b. Deployment Strategies
  - c. Service and Load Balancing
- 20. Session 15 Seldon Deployments
  - a. Introduction to Sheldon
  - b. Key Features of Sheldon
  - c. Sheldon vs Competitors
  - d. Prerequisite: Kubectl and helm
  - e. Deployment
    - i. Step 1: Install Seldon Core using Helm
    - ii. Step 2: Define a Simple Machine Learning Model
    - iii. Step 3: Push your model to S3 or Google store
    - iv. Step 4: Define a Seldon Deployment
    - v. Step 5: Deploy the Seldon Deployment
  - f. Seldon vs EKS vs K8s
  - g. Kubeflow Pipelines
    - i. KubeFlow Pipeline Overview with MNIST Dataset
  - h. Apache Airflow
- 21. MLOps Doubt Clearance Session 7
  - a. TBD

#### Week 9: ML Technical Debt

**Understanding and Managing ML Technical Debt**: Identifying and addressing technical debt in ML projects.

- 22. Session 16 Monitoring & Alerting
  - a. TBD
- 23. Session 17 Rollout & Rollback Strategies
  - a. TBD
- 24. Session on MLOps Interview Questions
- 25. Session 18 ML Technical Debt
  - a. TBD
- 26. MLOps Doubt Clearance Session 8

## **Unsupervised Learning**

### 1. KMeans Clustering

- a. Session 1 on KMeans Clustering
  - Plan of Attack (Getting Started with Clustering)
  - ii. Types of ML Learning
  - iii. Applications of Clustering
  - iv. Geometric Intuition of K-Means
  - v. Elbow Method for Deciding Number of Clusters
    - 1. Code Example
    - 2. Limitation of Elbow Method
  - vi. Assumptions of KMeans
  - vii. Limitations of K Means

#### b. Session 2 on KMeans Clustering

- i. Recap of Last class
- ii. Assignment Solution
- iii. Silhouette Score
- iv. Kmeans Hyperparameters
  - Number of Clusters(k)
  - 2. Initialization Method (K Means++)
  - Number of Initialization Runs (n\_init)
  - 4. Maximum Number of Iterations (max\_iter)
  - 5. Tolerance (tol)
  - 6. Algorithm (auto, full, ..)

- 7. Random State
- v. K Means ++

#### c. Session 3 on KMeans Clustering

- i. K-Means Mathematical Formulation (Loyd's Algorithm)
- ii. K-Means Time and Space Complexity
- iii. Mini Batch K Means
- iv. Types of Clustering
  - 1. Partitional Clustering
  - 2. Hierarchical Clustering
  - 3. Density Based Clustering
  - 4. Distribution/Model-based Clustering

#### d. K-Means Clustering Algorithms from Scratch in Python

i. Algorithms implementation from Scratch in Python

### 2. Other Clustering Algorithms

#### a. Session on DBSCAN

- i. Why DBSCAN?
- ii. What is Density Based Clustering
- iii. MinPts & Epsilon
- iv. Core Points, Border Points & Noise Points
- v. Density Connected Points
- vi. DBSCAN Algorithm
- vii. Code
- viii. Limitations
- ix. Visualization

#### b. Session on Hierarchical Clustering

- i. Need of Other Clustering Methods
- ii. Introduction
- iii. Algorithm
- iv. Types of Agglomerative Clustering
  - 1. Min (Single-link)
  - 2. Max (Complete Link)
  - 3. Average
  - 4. Ward
- v. How to find the ideal number of clusters

- vi. Hyperparameter
- vii. Code Example
- viii. Benefits/Limitations

#### c. Session - 1 on Gaussian Mixture Models (GMM)

- i. The Why?
- ii. The What?
- iii. Geometric Intuition
- iv. Multivariate Normal Distribution
- v. Geometric Intuition 2D
- vi. EM(Expectation Minimization) Algorithm
- vii. Python Code

#### d. Session - 2 on Gaussian Mixture Models

- i. Recap of Session 1
- ii. Covariance Types: Spherical, Diagonal, Full, and Tied
- iii. How to decide n\_components?
  - 1. Akaike Information Criterion (AIC)
  - 2. Bayesian Information Criterion(BIC)
  - 3. Likelihood Formula for GMM
  - 4. Python Implementation.
  - 5. Why not Silhouette Score?
- iv. Visualization
- v. Assumptions
- vi. Advantages & Disadvantages
- vii. K Means vs GMM
- viii. DBSCAN vs GMM
- ix. Applications of GMM

#### e. Session on T-SNE

- i. What is T-SNE?
- ii. Why learn T-SNE?
- iii. Geometric Intuition
- iv. Mathematical Formulation
- v. Code Implementation

#### 2. Session 2 on T-SNE

i. Mathematical Formulation

- ii. Some Questions!
  - Why use probabilities instead of distances to calculate similarity?
  - 2. Why use Gaussian distribution to calculate similarity in high dimensions?
  - 3. How is variance calculated for each Gaussian distribution?
  - 4. Why use T-distribution in lower dimensions?
- iii. Code Example
- iv. Hyperparameters
  - 1. Perplexity
  - 2. Learning Rate
  - 3. Number of Iterations
- v. Points of Wisdom
- vi. Advantages & Disadvantages

- 1. LDA (Linear Discriminant Analysis)
  - a. Introduction: Supervised dimensionality reduction
  - b. **Algorithm Explanation**: Maximizing between-class variance
  - c. **Applications**: Use cases in classification and visualization
  - d. Comparison: Differences and similarities with PCA
- 2. Apriori
  - a. Introduction: Principles of association rule mining
  - b. Key Concepts: Support, Confidence, Lift
  - c. Algorithm Steps: Candidate generation, Pruning
  - d. **Applications**: Market Basket Analysis, Recommender Systems

## Feature Engineering

#### 1. Session on Encoding Categorical Features - 1

- a. Feature Engineering Roadmap
- b. What is Feature Encoding
- c. Ordinal Encoding
  - i. Code examples in Python
  - ii. Handling Rare Categories
- d. Label Encoding
  - i. Code Example using Sklearn LabelEncoder
- e. One Hot Encoding
  - i. Code Examples using Sklearn OneHotEncoder
  - ii. Handling unknown Category
- f. LabelBinarizer

#### 2. Session on Sklearn ColumnTransformer & Pipeline

- a. What is ColumnTransformer
- b. Code implementation of ColumnTransformer
  - i. OHE
  - ii. Ordinal
- c. SKLearn Pipelines
  - i. Implementing multiple transformations in Pipeline
    - 1. Missing value imputation
    - 2. Encoding Categorical Variables
      - a. Handling rare Categories
    - 3. Scaling
    - 4. Feature Selection
    - 5. Model building
    - 6. Prediction

#### 3. Session on Sklearn Deep Dive

- a. Estimators
- b. Custom Estimators
- c. Mixins
- d. Transformers
- e. Custom Transformer

- f. Composite Transformers
- g. Column transformer
- h. Feature Union
- i. Pipeline

#### 4. Session 2 on Encoding Categorical Features

- a. Count and Frequency Encodes
  - i. CountEncoder Library
- b. Binary Encoder
- c. Target Encoder

#### 5. Session 1 on Discretization

- a. Remaining topics of the last session
  - i. Weight of Evidence
  - ii. Advice on when to use which Encoder
- b. What is Discretization?
- c. Why learn Discretization?
  - i. Reducing Overfitting
  - ii. Handling Non-Linear Relationships
  - iii. Handling Outliers
  - iv. Better Interpretability
  - v. Model Compatibility
- d. Disadvantages of Discretization

#### 6. Session 2 on Discretization

- a. Types of Discretization
  - i. Uniform Binning
  - ii. Quantile Binning
  - iii. K-Means Binning
  - iv. Decision Tree Based Binning
  - v. Custom Binning
  - vi. Threshold Binning (Binarization)

#### 7. Session I on Handling Missing Data

- a. Missing Values
- b. The missingo library

- c. Why missing values occur?
- d. Types of missing values
- e. How missing values impact ML models?
- f. How to handle missing values?
  - i. Removing
  - ii. Imputing
- g. Removing Missing Data

#### 8. Session 2 on Handling Missing Data

- a. Removing Missing Values
- b. Missing Indicator
  - i. When to use?
  - ii. When to not use?
- c. Simple Imputer
  - i. Mean & Median
  - ii. Most Frequent
  - iii. Constant
- d. How to select the best

#### 9. Session 3 on Handling Missing Data - Multivariate Imputer

- a. NaN Euclidean distance
- b. KNN Imputer
  - i. Code and Hyperparameter
  - ii. When to use and not to use.
  - iii. Advantages and Disadvantages
- c. Iterative Imputer
  - i. Code sed Parameters
  - ii. When to use and not to use.
  - iii. Advantages and Disadvantages
- d. Coding Framework to compare different techniques

#### 10. Session on Feature Scaling

- a. What is Feature Scaling
  - i. Why do we need feature scaling?
  - ii. Which algorithms are affected if the features are not scaled?
  - iii. Which algorithms are not affected?
- b. Standardization

#### 11. Session 2 on Feature Scaling

- a. Minmax Scaling
- b. Standardization vs Minmax Scaling
- c. Robust Scaler
- d. Max Absolute Scaler
- e. L2/L1 Normalization
- f. Comparison

g.

#### 12. Session 1 on Outlier Detection

- a. What are Outliers
- b. Types of Outliers
- c. Impact of Outliers
- d. How to deal with outliers
- e. Outlier Detection Techniques
  - i. Univariate
    - 1. Z-Score
    - 2. IQR and BoxPlot
    - 3. Problem with Univariate Techniques
  - ii. Multivariate Outlier Detection
    - 1. Isolation Forest

#### 13. Session 2 on Outlier Detection

- a. Isolation Forest
- b. Calculation of Analogy Score
- c. Outlier Detection using KNN
- d. Local vs Global Outliers
- e. Local Outlier Factor(LOF)

#### 14. Session 3 on Outlier Detection

- a. Local Outlier Factor(LOF)
- b. DBSCAN Code visualization
- c. How do you access the accuracy?
- d. When should you use which algorithm for outlier detection?

#### 15. Session on Feature Transformation

a. Why do we need transformations?

- b. What are Feature Transformations
  - i. Problems after transformation
- c. Log transformation
  - i. Algorithms Benefitted
  - ii. When to use
  - iii. When not to use
- d. Square Root Transformation
- e. Reciprocal Transformation
- f. Case Study on Boston Housing Price
- g. Square Transformation
- h. Box-Cox Transform
- i. Yeo Johnson Transform

### **Advanced XGBoost**

#### **Session on Revisiting XGBoost**

- 1. Supervised ML
- 2. Stagewise Additive Modelling
- 3. XGBoost Objective Function

#### **Session on XGBoost Regularization**

- 1. Recap
- 2. Ways to reduce overfitting in XGBoost
- 3. Parameters
  - a. Gamma
  - b. Max Depth
  - c. Num Estimators
  - d. Early Stopping
  - e. Shrinkage

#### Session on XGBoost Regularization (Cont.)

- 1. Parameters
  - a. Min Child Weight
  - b. Lambda (and Alpha)
  - c. Subsample
  - d. Col Subsample

#### **Session on XGBoost Optimizations**

- 1. Recap
- 2. Reason for slowness in Boosting Algorithms
- 3. Exact Greedy Split Finding

- 4. Approximate Method For Split Finding
- 5. Improvements for Optimization
  - a. Reduces No. of Splits
  - b. Calculation of G and H
  - c. Parallel Processing
  - d. Cache Storage
  - e. Quantiles Sketch
  - f. Weighted Quantiles Sketch

#### **How XGBoost Handles Missing Values**

1. Handling Missing Values

## Competitive Data Science

#### 1. Adaboost

- a. **Introduction**: Overview and intuition of the algorithm
- b. **Components**: Weak Learners, Weights, Final Model
- c. Hyperparameters: Learning Rate, Number of Estimators
- d. Applications: Use Cases in Classification and Regression

#### 2. Stacking

- a. **Introduction**: Concept of model ensembling
- b. **Steps**: Base Models, Meta-Model, Final Prediction
- c. Variations: Different approaches and modifications
- d. Best Practices: Tips for effective stacking

#### 3. LightGBM

#### Session 1 on Introduction to LightGBM

- a. Introduction and core features
- b. Boosting and Objective Function
- c. Histogram-Based Split finding
- d. Best-fit Tree (Leaf-wise growth strategy)
- e. Gradient-based One side sampling(GOSS)
- f. Exclusive Feature Bundling (EFB)

#### Session 2 on LightGBM (GOSS & EFB)

- a. Recap Features and Technical Aspects
- b. Revisiting GOSS
- c. EFB

#### 4. CatBoost

#### **Session 1 on CatBoost - Practical Introduction**

- a. Introduction
- b. Advantages and Technical Aspects
- c. Practical Implementation of CatBoost on Medical Cost Dataset
- 5. Advanced Hyperparameter Tuning
  - a. **Strategies**: Bayesian Optimization
  - b. **Libraries**: Optuna, Hyperopt
  - c. **Practical Tips**: Efficient tuning, Avoiding overfitting
  - d. **Evaluation**: Ensuring robust model performance
- 6. Participating in a real Kaggle Competition
  - a. **Getting Started**: Understanding the problem, Exploring datasets
  - b. **Strategy**: Model selection, Preprocessing, Validation
  - c. **Collaboration**: Teamwork, Sharing, and Learning
  - d. **Submission and Evaluation**: Making effective submissions, Learning from feedback

## Miscellaneous Topics

- 1. NoSQL
  - a. Introduction: Overview of NoSQL databases
  - b. **Types**: Document, Key-Value, Column-Family, Graph
  - c. Use Cases: When to use NoSQL over SQL databases
  - d. **Popular Databases**: MongoDB, Cassandra, Redis, Neo4j
- 2. Model Explainability
  - a. Introduction: Importance of interpretable models
  - b. **Techniques**: LIME, SHAP, Feature Importance

- c. **Application**: Applying techniques to various models
- d. **Best Practices**: Ensuring reliable and accurate explanations

#### 3. FastAPI

- a. Introduction: Modern, fast web framework for building APIs
- b. **Features**: Type checking, Automatic validation, Documentation
- c. **Building APIs**: Steps and best practices
- d. **Deployment**: Hosting and scaling FastAPI applications

#### 4. AWS Sagemaker

- a. Introduction: Fully managed service for machine learning
- b. Features: Model building, Training, Deployment
- c. Usage: Workflow from data preprocessing to model deployment
- d. **Best Practices**: Optimizing costs and performance

#### 5. Handling Imbalanced Data

#### Session 1 on Imbalanced Data - Introduction

- 1. What is Imbalanced Data
- 2. Problem with Imbalanced Data
- 3. A Quick Detour!
- 4. Why algorithms perform badly on Imbalanced Data?
- 5. Why is imbalanced data a huge deal?
- 6. Techniques
  - a. Under Sampling
  - b. Over Sampling
  - c. SMOTE
  - d. Hybrid Sampling
  - e. Class Weighting
  - f. Cost-Sensitive Learning
  - g. Ensemble Methods
  - h. Threshold Tuning

#### Session 2 on Imbalanced Data - Oversampling Techniques

- 1. Recap
- 2. Random Oversampling
- 3. SMOTE
- 4. Borderline SMOTE
- 5. ADASYN

#### Session 2 on Imbalanced Data - Oversampling Techniques Continued

- 1. SVM SMOTE
- 2. SMOTENC
- 3. When to use which technique.

#### Session 3 on Imbalanced Data - Undersampling Techniques

- 1. Recap
- 2. Random Undersampling Technique
- 3. Tomek Links
  - a. What is Tomek Link
  - b. How does it work
  - c. Code
- 4. Edited Nearest Neighbors
- 5. Neighborhood Cleaning Rule
- 6. Cluster Centroids

#### Regular Expression - RegEx

#### Session 1 on Regular Expressions

- 1. Introduction What, Why
- 2. What is a raw string
- 3. re Module
- 4. Searching Functions
  - a. match
  - b. search
  - c. findall
  - d. finditer
- 5. Meta Characters dot(.), carat(^), dollar (\$)
- 6. Character Sets
  - a. Custom Character Sets
  - b. Character Ranges
  - c. Character Negation
  - d. Pre-defined Character Sets
- 7. Quantifiers
  - a. Greedy
  - b. Non Greedy or Lazy

#### **Session 1 on Regular Expressions**

- 1. Grouping
  - a. Captured Groups
  - b. Named-Captured Groups
  - c. Back References
  - d. Non-capture Groups
  - e. Alternation
- 2. Modifications
  - a. Split

- b. Substitution
- C.
- 3. Assertions
  - a. Look Ahead
  - b. Look Behind
- 4. Flags

### Interview Questions (Sessions)

#### **Statistics**

#### **Session 1 on Interview Questions on Statistics**

1. TBD

#### **Session 2 on Interview Questions on Statistics**

1 TBC

#### **Session 3 on Interview Questions on Statistics**

1. TBD

#### **Session 4 on Interview Questions on Statistics**

1. TBD

**Project Based** 

#### **Session on Project Based Interview Questions**

1 TRD

Machine Learning

#### **Session 1 on ML Interview Questions**

TBC

#### **Session 2 on ML Interview Questions**

1. TBD

#### **Session 3 on ML Interview Questions**

1. TBD

#### **Session 4 on ML Interview Questions**

1. TBD

SQL

#### **Session 1 on SQL Interview Questions**

1. TBD

#### **Session 2 on SQL Interview Questions**

1. TBD

Python

#### **Session 1 on Python Interview Questions**

1. TBD

### MLOPs Revisited (By Nitish Sir)

#### 1. Session 1 MLOps Revisited - Introduction to MLOps

- a. What is MLOPs
- b. Problems in Old Methods of ML Project
  - i. Cricket Score Forcast Project Explanation
  - ii. The Data Problem
  - iii. The code problem
  - iv. The versioning problem
  - v. Automation
  - vi. The Experimentation Problem
  - vii. The Deployment Problem
  - viii. The Drift problem
  - ix. The Infrastructure Problem
  - x. The Collaboration Problem
  - xi. The Legal Problem
- c. Aspects of MLOPs

#### 2. Session 2 on MLOps Revisited - MLOps Tools Stack

- a. Plan and Recap of Core Aspects
- b. Benefits of MLOPs
- c. Challenges in MLOPs
- d. Prerequisites of MLOPs
- e. MLOPs Tool Stack
  - i. End to End MLOps Platforms AWS Sagemaker, Azure ML ..
  - ii. Data Management Tools
    - 1. Data Ingestion Kafka
    - 2. Data Transformation Apache Spark
    - 3. Data Storage

#### 3. Session 3 on MLOps Revisited - MLOps Tools Stack Part 2

- a. Continuing With Data Management Tools
  - i. Data Pipeline Integration (Airflow)
  - ii. Data Validation
  - iii. Data Versioning DVC
  - iv. Data Annotation
- b. Data Observability
- c. Data Security
- d. Data Governance
- e. Metadata Store
- f. Feature Store

#### 4. Session 4 on MLOps Revisited - MLOps Tools Stack Part 3

- a. Recap
- b. Code Management
- c. Model Building

- d. AutoML
- e. Hyperparameter Tuning
- f. Model Explainability
- g. Experiment Tracking
- h. Model Registry

#### 5. Session 5 on MLOps Revisited - DevOps Fundamentals

- a. Revisiting MLOPs
- b. What are Virtual Machines
- c. Containerization
- d. Deploying a container
- e. Container Orchestration

#### 6. Session 6 on MLOps Revisited - DevOps Contd.

- a. Recap
- b. Monolithic Architecture
- c. Microservices
- d. Kubernetes
- e. Container Orchestration Services

#### 7. Session 7 on MLOps Revisited - MLOps Tool Stack - CI/CD

- a. Continuous Integration GitHub Action
  - i. Steps executed during the CI workflow
  - ii. YAML File Explanation
- b. Continuous Deployment
  - i. Continuous Deployment Workflow
  - ii. Sample Workflow yaml
- c. Continuous Deployment vs Continuous Delivery
- d. Model Serving

#### 8. Session 8 on MLOps Revisited - MLOps Tool Stack - Cloud Infrastructure

- a. Cloud Platform AWS vs GCP vs Azure
- b. Provisionina
  - i. Provision Resources
    - 1. Example Terraform Script
  - ii. Configure Environments
    - 1. Example Bash Script
  - iii. Deploy Services
  - iv. Set Up Networking
  - v. Implement Security Measures
- c. Load Balancers
  - i. What, Why and How
  - ii. Load Balancing Algorithms
- d. Auto Scaling

#### 9. Session 9 on MLOps Revisited - ML Pipelines using DVC

- a. How to Build an ML Pipeline Tweet Emotion project
- b. Working of DVC dvc yaml file
- c. Pipeline from scratch

- i. Data ingestion
- ii. Data Preprocessing
- iii. Feature Engineering
- iv. Model Building
- v. Model Evaluation

#### 10. Session 10 on MLOps Revisited - Improving ML Pipelines

- a. Creating Params yaml
- b. Improving Using
  - i. Function
  - ii. Type Hinting
  - iii. Exception Handling
  - iv. Logging

#### 11. Session 11 on MLOps Revisited - Version Control

- a. Steps For Starting a ML Project with MLOPs
- b. Code Versioning Git
- c. Data Versioning
  - i. Why Data Versioning?
  - ii. Why Not Git for Data Versioning

#### 12. Session 12 on MLOps Revisited - Data Versioning using DVC

- a. DVC Working
- b. Step-by-Step Process for Data Versioning
  - i. Data Ingestion Project eCommerce

#### 13. Session 13 on MLOPs Revisited - Pipeline x Data Versioning x AWS S3

- a. DVC Pipeline Data Versioning
  - i. Emotion Detection Project (Cont.)
  - ii. DVC Repro
- b. DVC with AWS S3 storage
  - i. Step by step setup

# 14. Session 14 (Part 1) on MLOps Revisited - Experiment Tracking using DVC (without Pipeline)

- a. Journey Till Now
- b. Need of experiment Tracking
- c. What is Experiment Tracking
  - i. Benefits
  - ii. Tools for Exp. Tracking
- d. DVC Experiment Tracking Demo (Without Pipeline)

# 15. Session 14 (Part 2) on MLOps Revisited - Experiment Tracking using DVC (with Pipeline)

- a. DVC Exp. Tracking Demo with Pipeline
  - i. Step by Step Process

- b. DVC repro vs DVC exp run
- 16. Session 15 on MLOps Revisited Introduction to MLflow
  - a. Recap
  - b. Limitation of DVC
  - c. MLFlow
    - i. Introduction to MLflow
    - ii. MLFlow demo
    - iii. What can MLflow track
    - iv. MLflow tracking Server
- 17. Session 16 (Part 1) on MLOps Revisited MLOps Remote Tracking using Dagshub
  - a. Recap
  - b. Plan of Attack for MLFlow Tracking Remote Server
  - c. Dagsub
    - i. Introduction
    - ii. Demo
- 18. Session 16 (Part 2) on MLOps Revisited MLflow Remote Tracking using AWS
  - a. AWS Setup for MLflow
    - i. Create IAM User
    - ii. Create S3 bucket
    - iii. Create EC2 instance
  - b. Steps to start MLFlow server
  - c. Working Demo of MLFlow on AWS
- 19. Session 17 (Part 1) on MLOps Revisited Autologging in MLflow
  - a. TBD
- 20. Session 17 (Part 2) on MLOps Revisited Hyperparameter Tuning in MLflow
  - a TBC
- 21. Session 18 on MLOps Revisited Model Registry
  - a. TBD
- 22. Session 19 on MLOps Revisited Mini Project
  - a. IBD
- 23. Session 20 on MLOps Revisited Model Serving
  - a. TBD
- 24. Session 21 on MLOps Revisited Fundamentals of Cl
  - a. TBD

Note: The schedule is tentative and topics can be added/removed from it in the future.