



# HeartfeltCinema – SQL Project



Developed by: Akshat Patel



Project Type: SQL Database Project



Year: 2025



## Project Overview

HeartfeltCinema is a SQL-based relational database designed to manage a romantic movie review and rating platform. This project stores data related to movies, genres, directors, actors, users, ratings, and reviews, offering efficient querying, analytics, and automation using advanced SQL features.



## Tech Stack

- Database: MySQL
- Language: SQL
- Tools: MySQL Workbench / phpMyAdmin / Command Line (any interface)



## Database Schema Includes:







Database Schema 📁 Core Tables & Relationships Each table is interconnected to maintain data integrity and optimize data retrieval:

- **Genres (genre\_id)** – Categorizes movies (e.g., Romantic Fantasy, Love Triangle).
- **Directors (director\_id)** – Stores information about film directors.
- **Actors (actor\_id)** – Contains details of cast members.
- **Movies (movie\_id)** – Core movie details with relationships to genres & directors. 🎬 Each movie belongs to one genre (genre\_id → FK). 🎭 Each movie has one director (director\_id → FK).
- **Cast(movie\_id,actor\_id)** – Connects actors to their roles in movies.
- **Users(user\_id)** – Stores information about Platform users with email and username.
- **Ratings(rating\_id)** – Allows users to rate movies (0-10).
- **Reviews(review\_id)** – Stores user-submitted text reviews.

- `Favorites(user_id,movie_id)` – Tracks favorite movies for each user.

## Key Features

- Normalized schema with foreign key constraints.
- Meaningful Sample data insertion for real-world testing.
- Advanced SQL objects:
  -  Views (**TopRatedRomance**) – Quickly retrieve top-rated romantic movies.
  -  Triggers (auto-fill `rating_date` and `review_date`) – Auto-fill missing review/rating dates.
  -  Stored Procedures (**AddFavorite**) – Simplify user interactions.
  -  Indexes for performance ) – Enhance query performance.

## Index Optimization

- Indexes speed up common queries and database searches:
  - `idx_movies_genre` – Accelerates searches by movie genre.
  - `idx_users_email` – Improves lookup efficiency by user email.

## Analytical queries to find:

- Top-rated movies
- Average ratings by genre
- Most loved directors
- User engagement (favorites, reviews)

## Sample Query

```
-- Top-rated romantic movies ---  
  
SELECT M.title, AVG(R.rating) AS avg_rating  
FROM Movies M  
JOIN Ratings R ON M.movie_id = R.movie_id  
GROUP BY M.title  
ORDER BY avg_rating DESC  
LIMIT 10;
```

```
--- Most loved directors ---
```

```
SELECT D.name, COUNT(DISTINCT R.movie_id) AS movie_count
FROM Directors D
JOIN Movies M ON D.director_id = M.director_id
JOIN Ratings R ON M.movie_id = R.movie_id
GROUP BY D.name
ORDER BY movie_count DESC
LIMIT 5;
```

## Stored Procedure Usage

The `AddFavorite(uid, mid)` stored procedure helps users add movies to their favorites list effortlessly.

### Execution Example

CALL AddFavorite(1, 3); -- Adds movie with ID 3 as a favorite for user ID 1

Execution Example:

sql

CALL AddFavorite(1, 3); -- Adds movie with ID 3 as a favorite for user ID 1

### SQL Triggers Trigger to Auto-Fill rating\_date if NULL

Sql

DELIMITER \$\$

CREATE TRIGGER set\_rating\_date BEFORE INSERT ON Ratings  
FOR EACH ROW

```
BEGIN
IF NEW.rating_date IS NULL THEN
SET NEW.rating_date = CURDATE();
END IF;
END $$
```

DELIMITER ;

Trigger to Auto-Fill review\_date if NULL

sql DELIMITER \$\$

CREATE TRIGGER set\_review\_date BEFORE INSERT ON Reviews  
FOR EACH ROW

```
BEGIN  
IF NEW.review_date IS NULL THEN  
SET NEW.review_date = CURDATE();  
END IF;  
END $$
```

DELIMITER ;

## Conclusion

---

HeartfeltCinema's database efficiently manages movie details, ratings, and user engagement using optimized SQL techniques. With views, triggers, stored procedures, and indexes, the project ensures seamless data processing and enhances analytics for a robust movie-review platform.